...a E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound ...re cure for kidney complaints.

Pretty Women.

...ies who would retain freshness and vi... Try "Wells' Health Renewer."

...-Fever. One and one-half bottles of ...Cream Balm entirely cured me of Hay-... of ten years' standing. Have had no ...of it for two years.—Albert A. Pirry, ...boro, N. Y. Price 50 cents.

...-Fever. I was severely afflicted with ...ever for 25 years. I tried Ely's Cream ...and the effect was marvellous. It is a ...t cure.—Wm. T. Carr, Presbyterian Pas... Elizabeth, N. J. Price 50 cents.

Caution to Dairymen.

...for Wells, Richardson & Co's Im... Butter Color, and take no other. ...re of all imitations, and of all other oil ...for every other one is liable to become ...l and spoil the butter into which it is put. ...cannot get, it write to us at Burlington, ...know where and how to get it without ...expense. Thousands of tests have been ...and they always prove it the best.

Regulars.

...of the strongest proofs of the value of ...y-Wort as a remedy for all disorders of ...idneys, Liver and Bowels, is the fact that ...sed and prescribed by "regular" physi... Philip C. Ballou, M. D., of Mo...kon, ...ays: "Take it all in all, it is the most ...eful remedy I have ever used."

Do it Yourself. With Diamond ...any lady can get as good results as the ...ractional dyer. Every dye warranted true ...ame and sample. 10c. at druggists, ..., Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

"Rough on Itch."

...ough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ...orm, tetter, salt rheum, chilblains.

The Use of Brackets.

...little trickey Puck! ...autic toys so funnily bestuck; ...as the singing bird that wings the air, ...oline, Carboline restores the hair.)

Life Preserver.

...ou are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' ...h Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

...ers for advertising, ... paper, ...

A Great Problem.

...Take all the Kidney and Liver ...Medicines,
...Take all the *Blood* purifiers,
...Take all the *Rheumatic* remedies,
...Take all the *Dyspepsia* and indigestion ...cures,
...Take all the *Ague*, Fever, and Billious ...specifics,
...Take all the *Brain* and Nerve force ...restorers,
...Take all the *Great* health restorers.
...*n short*, take all the best qualities of ...ese, and the ...*best*
...*Qualities* of all the best medicines in the ...d, and you will find that ...*Hop*
...*Bitters* have the best curative qualities ...owers of all ...*concentrated*
...n them, and that they will cure when any ...of these, singly or ...*combined*
...Fail. A thorough trial will give positive ...of this.

Hardened Liver.

...ve years ago I broke down with kidney ...iver complaint and rheumatism. ...ince then I have been unable to be about ...l. My liver became hard like wood; my ...s were puffed up and filled with water. ...l the best physicians agreed that nothing ...ld cure me. I resolved to try Hop Bitters; ...ve used seven bottles; the hardness has ...one from my liver, the swelling from my ...s, and it has *worked a miracle* in my ... otherwise I would have been now in my ...e. J. W. Morey, Buffalo, October 1,

Poverty and Suffering.

...was dragged down with debt, poverty ...suffering for years, caused by a sick ...ly and large bills for doctoring. ...was completely discouraged, until one ...ago, by the advice of my pastor, I com...ced using Hop Bitters, and in one month ...were all well, and none of us have seen a ...day since, and I want to say to all poor ...you can keep your families well a year ...Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's ...will cost. I know it."—A Working-...

None genuine without a bunch of ...n Hops on the white label. Shun all the ...poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in ...r name.

...ND PAINS

...EPARED with the utmost skill from IMPOR...ED GINGER, CHOICE AROMATICS and ...purest and best of MEDICINAL FRENCH ...NDY, from the world-renowned vintners, ...s. OTARD, DUPUY & CO., COGNAC; ren...it vastly superior to all other "stingers," all ...hich are made with common alcohol, largely ...gnated with poisonous fusel oil and strengthened ...cayenne pepper.

...SCINGER

...A BEVERAGE, with hot or cold water, ...sweetened, or hot or cold milk, or added to ...ater, lemonade, effervescent draughts and min...waters, it forms a refreshing and invigorating ...ge, unequalled in simplicity and purity by ...omic medicine, while free from alcohol or re... Avoid mercenary dealers, who for a few ...extra profit try to force upon you their own or ...s when you call for SANFORD'S GINGER. ...by wholesale and retail druggists, grocers, ...everywhere.

...er Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

..Lydia E. Pinkham's..
VEGETABLE COMPOUND
...is a positive cure for...
All those painful Complaints
and Weaknesses so common
...to our best...
FEMALE POPULATION.
Price $1 in liquid, pill or lozenge form.
purposes to solicit for the legitimate healing of ...es and the relief of pain, most that it does all ...ims to do, thousands of ladies can gladly testify. ...will cure entirely all Growing Troubles, Inflamma... and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and ...quent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted ...the Change of Life. ...removes Faintness, Flatulency, destroys all craving ...timulants, and relieves Weakness of the Stomach, ...ves Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, ...ral Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indi...on. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, ...backache, is always permanently cured by its use. ...d stamp to Lynn, Mass., for pamphlet. Letters of ...ry confidentially answered. Enclose stamp for reply.

...st Potato Digging
THE MONARCH POTATO DIGGER
Saves its cost yearly. FIVE TIMES OVER. to every farmer. Guaranteed to Dig Six Hundred Bushels a Day!
...T ON Days' ...rial.
Agents Wanted.
Write postal card for FREE elegantly ...rated Catalogue, in Six Brilliant Colors, ...cost us $300 to publish. 206 State St., ...arch Manufacturing Co., CHICAGO, ILL.

DEAL DIRECT
Ladies, Save Money and Still Have the Finest & Best Silver ...ry article made of Tortoise Shell—can be made ...resolished, and brought into New and Modern ...s at about half the cost of purchasing the new. ...them to the
...K. POTTER TORTOISE SHELL WORKS, PROVIDENCE, R. I.
...R REFERENCE—Any Providence party. Mention this paper. Advertisement 4.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY
GOOD NEWS TO LADIES!
Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Band Moss Rose Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Rosebud Toilet Set. For full particulars address THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., ...O. Box 289. 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York.

...ENTS WANTED for the LIVES of ...AINE & LOGAN, CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS. ...Col. by T. W. Knox. In 1 Vol. by Hon. A. Rannom ...rfield). Authentic, Impartial, Complete, the best and ...est. The leading Campaign books of 1884. Outsell all ...10 to 1. 17th thousand in press. Each vol. octavo ...$1.50. 50 percent to Agents. Outfit Free. Freights ...Agents earn $10 to $20 a day. Now is the time to ...money fast. Send for Extra Terms, at once, to ...FORD PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn.

YOU ARE A LIAR
Lying Agents can't SELL and hell the truth about Jewelry. Put your ...on paper and sign if you dare. U. S. STANDARD
$60.5 TON WAGON SCALES.
Beam Box, Tare Beam, Freight Paid. Free Price List. Every Scale ...address FORTS OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

...TENTS! Thos. P. Simpson, Washington, D.C. No pay asked for patent ...obtained. Write for INVENTOR'S GUIDE.

...RGATIVE PILLS
NEW LIFE AND RICH BLOOD.
...LIVER and BOWEL Complaints, MALARIA, ...DSE. For Female Complaints these Pills ...Fit. Dr. T. W. Palmer, Manchester, Ct. ...Wist, Iowa, Sold everywhere, or sent by ...T. W. TOWNSEND & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Weymouth Gazette,

BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. XVIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1884. NO. 20

The Weymouth Gazette,
PUBLISHED BY
C. G. EASTERBROOK,
EVERY FRIDAY, AT WEYMOUTH, MASS

TERMS:
Two Dollars a Year, in advance.
Single Copies, Five Cents.
Orders for all kinds of Printing will receive prompt attention, and be neatly and correctly executed.

BUSINESS CARDS.

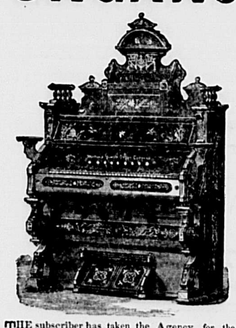
R. V. Merchant
Begs leave to inform the citizens of Weymouth and vicinity that he is now prepared to make up
CLOTHING,
IN THE
LATEST STYLES,
And from the best Foreign and Domestic Goods.
His long experience in cutting
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
enables him to warrant a
PERFECT FIT
in all cases.
Prices as Low as the Lowest

WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK
President, HENRY A. NASH.
Treasurer, CHAS. T. CRANE.
Board of Investment:
HENRY A. NASH, ELIAS RICHARDS,
GILBERT NASH, EDWIN PRATT,
ANDREW J. BATES.
Bank hours from 1 to 5 o'clock P. M. on every business day, and from 7 to 9 o'clock on MONDAY EVENINGS.
Deposits placed on interest on the first Mondays of January, April, July and October.
OFFICE,
Commercial St., Weymouth Landing.

HENRY H. ROBBINS
GROWER AND DEALER IN
Fruit and Ornamental Trees,
SHRUBS, VINES, ROSES, &c. AT THE 'LOCUST HILL NURSERIES.'
High Street. So. Abington
J. F. TAYLOR, - AGENT,
Lovell's Corner, - - East Weymouth

Mrs. Dr. TUCK,
Office, 48 Boylston St., - Boston.
Hygenic Treatment,
At South Weymouth, Mass.

MASON & HAMLIN
ORGANS



THE subscriber has taken the Agency for the above Organ, and will, in connection with his former stock, keep a good assortment in stock,
FOR SALE or TO LET
at Bottom Prices.
Organs let on the Instalment Plan of ten quarterly payments, which will amount to the full price of the Instrument, which, when paid, will entitle the person thus paying to a bill of sale of the Organ.
All payments to be made one quarter in advance, and considered as rents till the full amount is paid.
GEO. S. BAKER,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

HAY and STRAW!
Bundle Hay and Straw
FOR SALE BY
JOS. LOUD & CO.,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

J. AUSTIN DEANE,
DEALER IN
COAL, FLOUR,
GRAIN, HAY,
FERTILIZERS, &c
SOUTH WEYMOUTH DEPOT.

PAPER HANGINGS.
Great Bargains.
A large stock of the LATEST STYLES of Paper Hangings, Borders, Dados, Picture Mouldings, etc., retailing for one-third less than any other store in Boston.
T. F. SWAN,
No. 12 Cornhill. Boston.

THE
Adams & Westlake
Wire Gauze,
Non-Explosive,
OIL STOVES
Are the Standard for
CONVENIENCE,
RELIABILITY,
NEATNESS,
ECONOMY,
Wire-Gauze Wick Pockets, on the principal of the safety Lamp, make this Stove absolutely non-explosive, it being impossible for flame to communicate with the oil or gas.
FOR SALE BY
S. W. PRATT
DEALER IN
Stoves, Furnaces and Ranges,
WEYMOUTH.

P. H. GAVIN,
Plumber,
Sanitary Part of the Business a Specialty.
98 HANCOCK ST., QUINCY.
Every variety of Plumbing work done at Lowest Prices. All orders from Weymouth and adjoining towns will receive prompt attention. Address all orders to P. O. Box 75, Quincy, Mass. 39 1y

W. T. BURRELL,
Painter and Glazier.
Paper Hanging a Specialty.
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Putty, Glue, etc., Constantly on hand.
Washington Cor. Broad St.,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.
Residence on Broad Street.

NEW STOCK
OF
PAINTERS SUPPLIES.
We have now in stock a general assortment of PAINT STOCK, consisting of
White Lead and Oil; Colors, Ground and Dry; Spirits, Japan, Red Lead; Glass, Putty, Varnish, Paint and Varnish Brushes; Shellac, Dry or Cut.
Also, 25 Colors and Shades of Mixed Paints, Ready for Use.
GEO. S. BAKER,
WEYMOUTH

Dr. F. J. Bonney
DENTIST,
Faxon's Block, Chestnut St.,
QUINCY, MASS.
will be at
SOUTH WEYMOUTH Every Thursday.

J. G. WORSTER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES
AND PROVISIONS,
Washington Square, - WEYMOUTH.

COAL,
WOOD AND HAY,
—AT—
Wharf, East Braintree.
LYKENS VALLEY FRANKLIN COAL,
DIAMOND RED ASH " "
BORDA " " "
NORTH FRANKLIN RED ASH " "
CAMERON SHAMOKIN " " "
WHITE ASH FURNACE COAL,
" " EGG "
" " NUT "
" " STOVE "
Coal delivered at fair rates of Cartage.
HARD AND PINE WOOD, whole or sawed, and BUNDLE HAY,
For Sale at Lowest Cash Rates.
All orders promptly attended to. P. O. Address Weymouth, or East Braintree.
J. F. Sheppard & Sons.

Mrs. T. C. MELLEN,
FLORIST,
FRONT ST., WEYMOUTH.
To all wishing good Plants of all the leading varieties, for Lawns and Gardens, I now offer as
Fine a Collection as can be found
CONSISTING OF
Verbenas, Coleus, Geraniums,
ALSO,
Choice Cut Flowers, Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, &c.
Orders by mail or telegraph filled at short notice.
PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
P. O. Box 144. Weymouth, Mass.

C. S. WILLIAMS,
Stock Broker.
U. S. SECURITIES, STOCKS & BONDS
BOUGHT and sold on commission, in Boston, New York and San Francisco. Money advanced on Stocks and Bonds purchased by us.
7 EXCHANGE PLACE, BOSTON.

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST. WILSON'S LIGHTNING SEWER!
Two to ten stitches a minute. The only absolutely Reversible Sewing Machine in the world. Sent on trial. Warranted 5 years. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Circular. Agents Wanted. THE WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., Chicago or New York.

The Newsboy.

Want any paper, Mister?
Wish you'd buy 'em of me—
Ten years old, an' a fam'ly,
An' bizness dull, you see.
Fact, Boss! There's Tom, an' Tibby,
An' Dad, an' Mam, an' Mam's cat,
None on 'em earnin' money—
Wat do you think of that?

Couldn't Dad work? Why yes, Boss,
He's working for gov'ment now—
They give him his board for nothin'—
All along of a drunken row.
An' Mam? Well, she's in the poorhouse—
Been there a year or so;
So I'm takin' care of the others,
Doin' as well as I know.

Oughtn't to live so? Why, Mister,
What's a feller to do?
Some nights, when I'm tired and hungry,
Seems as if each on 'em knew—
They'll all three cuddle around me,
Till I get cheery, and say:
Well, p'raps I'll have sisters an' brothers,
An' money an' clothes, too, some day.

But if I do get rich, Boss,
(An' a lecturin' chap one night
Said newsboys could be Presidents
If only they acted right);
So, if I was President, Mister,
The very first I'd do,
I'd buy poor Tom an' Tibby
A dinner—an' Mam's cat, too!

None o' your scraps an' leavin's,
But a good square meal for all three;
If you think I'd skimp my friends, Boss,
That shows you don't know me.
So 'ere's your papers—come, take one,
Gimme a lift if you can—
For now you've heard my story,
You see I'm a fam'ly man!

—*E. T. Corbett.*

ALL FOR LOVE.

THE STORY OF JAMES SAMUELS' LIFE

One of those stories, so prolific in the West—romantic in the extreme, full of love, jealousy, attempted murder and a happy finale—has just been made public in Denver, Col. The hero, William Samuels, is one of the wealthiest men in the state, and it is from his lips that the story comes, corroborated by his wife and brother James. Four years ago the two brothers lived in the beautiful Chester Valley, Pennsylvania. Herbert Samuels, the father, was a well-to-do farmer, owning a splendid tract of land, where he dwelt with his wife and two boys. When the latter were old enough he sent them to school and then to college. During their absence a brother of the father died and he took into his family the dead man's child Hattie. When the two brothers returned from college, aged about twenty-three and twenty-five respectively, they found their cousin, a beautiful girl of twenty years, installed in the house. Of the brothers James, the elder, had light hair and eyes and was of quiet and even demeanor, rarely, if ever, known to be angry, and being a general favorite not only at home but throughout the entire community. In marked contrast was the character and disposition of William, the younger brother, who, of a dark, almost swarthy complexion, with hair and eyes as black as coal, was fiery and quick to anger, and although naturally well meaning had had numerous encounters, both while attending school and since his graduation.

Since the time, three years ago, when James and William finally returned from college and found their lovely cousin domiciled at their home, they had both been violently in love with her and both had made every manifestation of the feeling, but so far the cunning witch had avoided showing the slightest preference for either, treating them as brothers rather than lovers. This state of affairs rankled as a thorn in the breast of the hot headed William, whose feelings of bitterness and jealousy toward his brother grew until they amounted to almost positive hatred. Time and again he sought quarrels, but James' more even temper prevented anything of a serious character until one bright afternoon in July, when, upon the return of the elder brother and Hattie from a ride, the younger, who watched with a ferocious, dangerous glare in his eyes as his brother assisted his cousin to alight, then followed him to the barn where he was unharnessing the horses and attacked him with the vilest abuse, using epithets so strong that he was at last compelled to reply in the same spirit.

Words were followed by blows, when William, blinded by passion, seized a heavy wagon spoke and dealt his brother a stunning blow, felling him to the earth, as the blood gushed from a ghastly wound in the head. At once realizing the terrible thing that he had done, and believing that he had killed his brother, a complete revulsion of feeling came over him, and, casting a last hurried look at the prostrate form and the white upturned face, he fled. After several days of continuous travel he arrived at an obscure mining camp in Colorado, hoping that, buried in the wild fastnesses of the Rocky Mountains he could shut out from his vision the ever present horrible sight of the face of the brother slain by his hand. Entering upon the pursuit of a miner he sought by a feverish industry and the hardest kind of hard work to forget his one horror, but in the dark recesses of the drift in which he was working, in the gloomy corners of the cabin in which he slept, everywhere and always it haunted him. In the meantime, after a few months, fortune with her usual fickleness rewarded his labor, which had been performed without any particular thought or hope of result, and the open drift, which had become a tunnel of some proportions, struck a rich lead of marvellous proportions and containing immense wealth.

At once the almost unknown camp became famous, and his name all unconsciously to him became almost as a household word in all mining communities as associated with one of the largest strikes of the year. Fame of this kind travels far, and even after a time reached the quiet farm in Chester Valley where he had spent his happy childhood days and afterward wrecked his manhood. One day, while in the cage ascending from the bottom of one of his deepest shafts, a shadow cast over the top caused him to suddenly look up, and the face he saw caused a thrill of horror to pass through him, his hands relaxed his grasp of the rope and he had a narrow escape from falling to the bottom. Arriving at the top more dead than alive, he gave one hasty, frightened glance around him, saw the face again and swooned away. The owner of the face, a tall and handsome man, evidently a stranger in the camp, sprang forward and caught his falling body in time to prevent it from being dashed to pieces in the bottom of the shaft, at the same time ejaculating, "Oh, William!" The miner was taken to his cabin, and, after the application of restoratives, slowly revived. "Where is it?" he asked, at which the stranger slowly advanced and said softly, "Brother, don't you know me?" With a still half frightened look in his wandering eyes the miner gazed again at the face which had so startled him, and gradually realizing the fact that it was real, living flesh and blood, again relapsed into a swoon. For days he raved in the paroxysms of a fever, living the hideous chapter of his life over again, until at last the fever exhausted itself by its very force, and the sick man sank into a deep slumber.

At last the invalid awoke, weak and helpless as a child, but in his right mind. Instantly the cause of his illness was by his side, and taking his hand tenderly in his own said, "William, my poor brother!" It was James Samuels, the brother who was supposed to have been dead, but who was here alive and well and in the full enjoyment of manhood. "Is it a miracle?" ejaculated William, as soon as he could speak. "It is no miracle, but a sad mistake under which you have labored and from which you have undoubtedly suffered much. When you get stronger I will tell you all." The next day, William having so far recovered as to be able to sit up, his brother sat by him and said, "Notwithstanding my injury, which was not nearly so serious as you imagined, I regained consciousness shortly afterward, and our father, who entered the barn at that moment assisted me to the house. The news was broken to your mother and Hattie as gently as possible and I really think their sympathies were with you more than with me. The matter was kept as quiet as possible in the neighborhood and I soon recovered from the injury, and everything went along as usual save that you were grieved for and lamented by all. Notwithstanding all the inquiries which we had quietly set on foot to discover your whereabouts we utterly failed to discover any trace, and mourned you almost as one dead. About two weeks ago I picked up an old newspaper and saw your name for the first time connected with the story of your big mining strike. It was at once resolved that I should come to you. I started that very night, and I am here."

"But Hattie?" asked William, with a wistful look from his eyes.

"She is well, and would be happy were it not for worrying about your fate."

"She and you got married, of course?" There was pain in the very tones in which this was asked.

"No, indeed. After you left she confided to me her secret—that after all she loved you and always meant to marry you." A dazed look came over William's face, and gasping, "It cannot be," he very nearly relapsed into another swoon, the joy of the announcement being almost too much for him in his weakened state. At last, after having been assured again and again by his brother of the glad truth, he exclaimed, "Oh, let us go home at once." Arrangements were made at once to start, and with a new life in his veins the invalid recovered his strength so rapidly that they left the camp on the second day after, and reached home inside of a week. Of the meeting and its joys words could not give an accurate description. A quiet wedding followed within one short month, after which the miner returned with his bride to Colorado, furnished her a magnificent home in Denver, and is now not only one of the wealthiest but one of the most honored residents of the Queen City.—*New York Telegram.*

Facial Freaks.

We have it on the authority of Dr. Karl Muller that in his boyhood he knew a man who, Janus-like, had two totally different faces, one side laughing, and the other crying. "Naturally," he says, "I dreaded this strange double-face, with its one side smooth, plump, comely, like a girl's cheek; while the other was all scarred by the smallpox. This side of the face denoted churlishness, and while the other bore a smile, this boded mischief."

The same authority is also responsible for the following story: "I was once sitting in a cool underground saloon at Leipsic, while without people were ready to die from the heat, when a new guest entered and took a seat opposite to me. The sweat rolled in great drops down his face, and he was kept busy with his handkerchief, until at last he found relief in the exclamation, 'Fearfully hot!' I watched him attentively as he called for a cool drink, for I expected every moment he would fall from his chair in a fit of apoplexy. The man must have noticed that I was observing him, for he turned toward me suddenly, saying: 'I am a curious sort of person, am I not?' 'Why?' I asked. 'Because I perspire only on my right side,' he responded. And so it was. His right cheek and the right half of his forehead were as hot as fire, while the left side of his face bore not a trace of perspiration. I had never seen the like, and in my astonishment was about to enter into conversation with him regarding this physiological phenomenon, when his neighbor on the left broke in with the remark: 'Then we are opposites and counterparts of each other, for I perspire only on the left side.' This, too, was the fact. So the pair took seats opposite each other, and shook hands like two men who had just found each his other half.—*Current.*

City vs. Country.

Put down in a judicial frame of mind, says an Exchange, the relative advantages of town and country, and strike a balance; your ledger page will read something like this: In the country, nature: in the city, human nature. In the country, quiet; in the city, activity. In the country, vegetation; in the city, emulation. In the country, leisure, but no advantages; in the city, advantages, but no leisure. In the country, danger of rusting out; in the city, certainty of wearing out. In the country, life sometimes wearisomely slow; in the city, life painfully fast. In the country you make friends, in the city acquaintances; in the country you know all but a few neighbors, in the city jostle against innumerable strangers; in the country you live in undress, in the city you are always on dress parade; in the country you rest, in the city you work; the country is God's Sabbath, the city man's week-day. The country is God-made, the city man-made; in the country are birds, in the city orchestras; in the country flowers, in the city dresses; in the country sunsets, in the city art collections; in the country stars, in the city gas-lights; strike your balance.

The English folk are wiser than the Americans; they live in the country and go to town; Americans live in town and go to the country. The rush of the age is townward. Rural life is at a discount. "Country cousins" are a pretty jest. "Countrified" is a term of reproach. Town and city populations are on the increase; rural homes on the decrease; and with them home-life. For homes are expensive luxuries in town; hotels, restaurants, boarding houses, flats, tenements, afford poor substitutes. We raise no protest against the tendency knowing it will be useless. We assure our country readers that they are better off than their envied city cousins. The country is the place to live in. The country makes men; the city uses them up.

The Grass Tree.

Down in Australia, that great island where the Creator seems to have planted the seed of many of His wonders to be found in the vegetable kingdom, grows a tree that is little heard of by the outside world, but which is of inestimable value to the native, who depends more upon the productions of nature for existence and happiness than upon the creations of art and science. It is the grass tree. It is of small growth, being hardly more than a shrub. At the top are tufts of foliage resembling palms, from the center of which a long slender spike shoots out, covered with flowers of varied and beautiful hues. The base of the leaves of this tree furnishes the native with food, it being very palatable when roasted. The sap of the tree is a balsamic exudation, which when exposed to the air becomes hard and dry. This is one of nature's best tonics for dysentery, diarrhœa and other intestinal maladies; it is also used by the natives for healing wounds, which it does very quickly; and when it is mixed with alluvial soil, it forms a very tenacious cement, which is used for caulking canoes.—*Health and Home.*

Paper Doors.

"Feel the weight of that door," said a New York builder to a *Sun* reporter, who was looking at an unfinished apartment house up town. The reporter prepared to lift what seemed to be a polished mahogany door, but it proved too light for any wood. "It is made of paper," said the builder, "and, while it costs about the same as wood, is much better, because there is no shrinking, swelling, cracking, or warping. It is composed of two thick paper boards, stamped and moulded into panels and glued together with glue and potash, and then rolled through heavy rollers. It is first covered with a waterproof coating and then with a fireproof coating, and is painted and varnished and hung in the ordinary way. Few persons can detect that they are not made of wood, particularly when used as sliding doors."

WHY THE EARTH QUAKES.

What a Scientist Says Upon the Subject.

Forces Pent Up Under Us That Would Smash Us if Loose.

Prof. George H. Merriman of Rutgers College, New Brunswick, N. J., has made the crust of the earth a study, and has written on the subject. He says:

"While facts enough regarding the extent of the earthquake of Sunday have not come to hand to enable me to speak on the direction of the earthwave or its peculiar features as compared with other earthquakes, yet something may be added to the latest convictions of students of science on the nature of the earth below the point any man can penetrate that may lead us to guess intelligently at the cause of earthquakes.

"You know the long received theory of the nature of the interior of the earth was that it is a molten mass, and that we move around on a crust enveloping the earth and caused by the cooling off of this mass on the outside. It is undoubtedly true that about thirty miles below the earth's surface the temperature is so high that everything is in a melted condition. We know this, because we have learned that every fifty feet we penetrate into the earth there is an increase of temperature of about 1°, and at a distance of thirty miles the heat is so great that any substance we know of would melt. Perhaps the melted mass is in the form of a liquid. That would be certain but for the immense pressure on it. The pressure is estimated at 10,000 tons on a square foot. Of course scientific men cannot experiment with matter at a high temperature with a pressure of 10,000 tons to a square foot, so we can only guess what may be its condition. In talking about this melted mass thirty miles under us the term water substance is used by geologists.

"How great is the distance through this water substance we do not know, but it is certain that its density increases more and more, gradually, until the interior of the earth is solid, probably, from the inconceivable pressure 1,000, 2,000, or 3,000 miles from the surface. Sir William Thompson has demonstrated that the earth must have a core much denser than the land and water we live on. He points out the fact that if a shell only thirty miles thick surrounded a molten liquid mass extending from one side of the earth through the center to the other side, then the moon, through the law of gravitation, would displace the liquid or gas in the interior of the earth to such an extent that the earth's crust would bulge out in the direction of the moon, making a tide in the solid crust of the earth, as certainly as the skin of an orange bulges out when you squeeze the fruit between the palms of your hands. And this would be evident to us because the ocean tides would be almost, if not quite, imperceptible to us. To withstand the attraction of the moon, the earth, Sir William says, must be as rigid as steel.

"So we have the theory that the crust of the earth floats on and imposes an immense weight on a water substance, which is inconceivably hot. Now, as to the way an earthquake may be caused. Suppose moisture trickled gradually, year after year, through this crust into the heated mass. In our atmosphere steam would be produced. Thirty miles below us the pressure is so great that it is not likely that steam could be generated. One thing, though; the pressure exerted in every direction, would be increased. Some effect must be produced down there, and it is easy to see that if one place in the earth's crust is weaker than another near the region where the water trickled in, then 'the weakest place must stan' the strain.' It is not unreasonable to suppose that this pressure below might be so great that the earth's covering was shifted a little to adapt itself to the pressure from below. This shifting of the crust is, in fact, the earthquake.

"I believe this theory has the greater reason on its side, because earthquakes are almost always in the region of volcanoes, and volcanoes are almost always in or near the ocean.

"Another theory of earthquakes is that as the earth is very gradually cooling off the crust is thickening on the under side, and cracks or fissures on the under side of the crust many miles deep may occur in consequence of the enormous pressure, so that the water substance rushes into a new position with a force that would knock a continent out of shape if it took place on the earth's surface. That motion would be sufficient to produce a vibration thirty miles distant.

"Whatever the cause of the recent earthquake," added Prof. Merriman, "I think the earth in the region where it took place has either settled into a new position or is forced back into an old position from which it was pushed by former earthquakes."—*New York Sun.*

A Few Facts About Cannibalism.

The frightful story of the extremities to which the Greely party were reduced in the desolate regions of the North Pole has caused considerable discussion of the subject of cannibalism. Many eminent archæologists assert that without any doubt the primitive ancestors of all races of men were cannibals, and it has taken a considerable time and very potent arguments to induce the Fiji Islanders to dispense with their favorite dish of human flesh. King Thakambau, who was feted by the Queen and the aristocracy of England a few years ago, was an inveterate cannibal until a short time before his visit to Europe and invented many refined methods of cruelty toward his unhappy prisoners, while they were yet alive, in order that his gastronomical tastes should be gratified. Nowadays the missionaries take great pride in introducing one of their dusky converts with the explanation—"He was formerly a cannibal," as if it were a mark of distinction. It is said that the severest test to which the missionary's pupil can be subjected is to induce him to take the pledge against cannibalism, and, like reformed topers, the islanders have to be watched closely lest they backslide into their horrid orgies. The light of Christianity spreading over the earth has gradually dispelled all the abominable practices of barbarism, and now we hear only of cannibalism in cases of the direst extremity, such as the unfortunate Greely party was subjected to.—*New York Telegram.*

CLIPPINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

There are over 1,500 Smiths employed by the government, 400 of whom are John Smiths. There are over 800 each Jones and Johnsons.

A horse which trots a mile in 2:10 goes at the rate of 27 9-13 miles per hour—nearly the speed of a railroad train.

The first circus in the United States showed at Newburyport, Mass., May 3, 1812. The managers were Italians, Cayetano & Co. Purdy Brown was the next, 1825.

There are only five genuine signatures of Shakespeare known to be in existence. One is in the London Library, the other in the British Museum, one attached to his will at Doctor's Commons, and two in possession of private collectors.

It is said that the Eastern prophet Mohammed was so fond of his favorite cat that, when he fell asleep on his robe one day, he cut off the sleeve rather than disturb the slumber of the cat, and it is said that to this day, almost every Mohammedan in those Eastern countries has a cat in his house which he loves and makes to share all his comforts.

During the tenth century persons accused of robbery were put to trial by a piece of barley bread, on which mass had been said, and if they could not swallow it they were declared guilty. Sometimes a slice of cheese was added to the bread. The bread was to be made of unleavened barley, and the cheese made of ewes' milk in the month of May.

Some of the favorite dishes in Elizabeth's time were curious enough. Seagulls were eaten. There were pickled goose with cloves and ginger, soused turkey boiled in white wine and vinegar and soaked for a month, and pear puddings, containing no pears, but made of cold fowl or turkey chopped up with flour, currants and eggs, and then fashioned into the form of pears and baked. The stalks of tulips cooked like peas, omelettes of mallow stalks, hartshorn jelly, pippins preserved in jelly, apple syrup and quince cheese were also among the delicacies of the age.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

A higher duty is won by kindness than can be secured by fear.

It is more honorable to acknowledge our faults than to boast of our merits.

There is no knife that cuts so sharply, and with such poisoned blade, as treachery.

No great characters are formed in this world without suffering and self-denial.

Rest satisfied with doing well, and leave others to talk of you as they please.

Do not lose courage by considering your own imperfections, but instantly set about remedying them.

Virtue will catch as well as vice by contact; and the public stock of honesty, manly principle will daily accumulate.

A cucumber is bitter: throw it away. There are briers in the road turn aside from them. This is enough: Do not add, and why were such things made in the world?

He that sympathizes in all the happiness of others enjoys the safest happiness; and he that is warned by the folly of others has attained the soundest wisdom.

Happiness dotes on her work, and is prodigal to her favorite. As one drop of water hath an attraction for another, so do felicities run into felicities.

The hours we pass with happy prospects in view are more pleasing than those crowned with fruition. In the first instance, we cook the dish to our own appetite; in the latter, nature cooks it for us.

The head truly enlightened will presently have a wonderful influence in purifying the heart, and the heart really affected with goodness will conduce to the directing of the head.

THE SAMARIA OF TO-DAY.

How the Famous City Looks at the Present day.

The Prophecies Launched Against it and How They Were Fulfilled.

A letter from Jerusalem to the New Orleans *Times-Democrat* says: The modern village is very insignificant. Josephus says that it received its name of Sebastia from Herod, in honor of Augustus. The city has been sacked and plundered time without number. Upon its extreme summit Ahab had the famous ivory palace, and the acropolis constituted the capital of the ten tribes until they were carried captives into Assyria. The modern remains, which are the finest I have seen in the Holy Land outside of Jerusalem, only date back nominally to the time of Herod, of course; but it is doubtless true that Herod employed much of the material of former ages in creating his splendid structures; in which even the *debris* represents a pre-Herodian antiquity. Against the city for its idolatry Micah and Hosea launched forth the invectives of prophecy: "I will make Samaria as a heap of the field and as plantings of a vineyard; and I will pour down the stones thereof into the valley, and I will discover the foundations thereof." "Samaria shall become desolate, for she hath rebelled against her God; they shall fall by the sword, their infants shall be dashed to pieces," etc. There have been numerous literal fulfilments of these predictions. Looking down into the valley as we rode around the hill, we frequently discovered broken columns and building rubbish.

We rode completely around the hill, a circuit of about two miles, tracing the remains of Herod's magnificent colonnade.

There were evidently four rows of columns clear around the hill, supporting a porch above. The porch has vanished, but a great many of the massive columns are still standing. Other pillars are broken in two, lie prostrate, or are utilized in the construction of stone walls. We counted nearly 100, and Mr. Floyd says that the great majority have either been destroyed by the natives or carted away to Europe to occupy niches in museums. The level place at the extreme top of the hill was adorned by sixteen very large columns. It was doubtless in the general enclosure that the great temple of Baal stood which was utterly destroyed by Jehu after he had received the heads of Ahab's seventy sons in baskets at the gate of Jezreel, and mercilessly slaughtered all the priests of Baal, as recorded in the tenth chapter of the second Kings.

It was very near Samaria that Elisha dwelt when the horses and chariot of Naaman, the Damascene leper, halted before the door of his humble home. Now, as then, leprosy holds carnival in Damascus, and is regarded as incurable, as it was by the king of Israel when he rent his clothes under the impression that the audacious Naaman was a tool of Benhadad's to pick a quarrel with him. Grasping, penurious Gehazi was made to inherit the leprosy of the Syrian captain, which "should cleave unto his seed forever." Perhaps some of the modern Nablous lepers are the inheritors of this fearful legacy of Gehazi. My impression is that it was dreadfully stupid of Naaman to put confidence in the word of a native like Gehazi.

What terrible agony there must have been in Samaria during that memorable siege of the indefatigable Benhadad. After having traveled through the orient it does not seem at all incredible to me that the people resorted to dove's dung for food, until it actually became a costly luxury. (II Kings, vi, 25).

Not only did Elijah and Elisha work wonders in Samaria, but even the apostles wrought miracles and preached there. The revival which was started by Philip, who far eclipsed the witcheries exercised by Simon the Sorcerer, induced the apostles who had remained behind in Jerusalem to reinforce him by sending Peter and John thither. Then was the Holy Ghost given, which Simon sought to buy with money (the first impulse of an oriental when he thinks there is no chance of getting a thing as a free gift). We were shown the ruins of an interesting cathedral, known as the Church of St. John, in which, it is claimed, the beloved disciple met his death. These ruins are architecturally interesting.

A Chinese nut or fruit called Li-Che is becoming popular. It is the size of a walnut, and has skin about as thick as writing paper. Within is the fruit, which resembles a fine raisin flavor and consistency, and which contains in turn a small oval seed. They cost three cents per pound in Hong Kong, twenty cents in San Francisco, and forty cents in New York.

A story comes from India that a monster snake

The Weymouth Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 5, 1884.

The Weymouth Fair.

It will be seen by the announcement of the Weymouth Agricultural and Industrial Society, on the next page, that the programme of entertainment to be offered during the three days of the coming annual fair, which is to be held on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 25th, 26th and 27th inst., is one of the most varied, brilliant and interesting in the annals of the society, and president Raymond, with associate officers and committees in charge, have shown a spirit of determination and vigor in the preparation of this elaborate "order of exercises" which must inevitably result in producing the largest attendance ever witnessed on the grounds. The military prize drill on the first day will be a novel attraction, and the generous prizes offered will bring many competing companies into line, making a brilliant display. The Dog Circus and Educated Goat exhibition, to be given each day, by Prof. Burton's trained animals, will be highly interesting, especially to the boys and girls, and the firemen will all want to be there to witness the trial of hook and ladder trucks, for which the several companies are now actively drilling. Foot races and base ball games are thickly sandwiched in, and with the horse trots will afford abundant entertainment each day for lovers of these sports, and the entire programme is so unique and varied in character that the tastes of all will be fully met. The exhibition in the hall will undoubtedly be the most gorgeous that has ever been presented by the society, the season having been peculiarly favorable for an abundant growth of fruits, flowers and vegetables, enabling our farmers and gardeners to load the tables with richest specimens of their products. All may rest assured that the ladies will not lack in zeal in supplying their departments with articles of beauty and utility, and the exhibition building will, as usual, be the object of feminine attraction.

We would speak, in closing, of the exhibition of draft horses to be made on the grounds Thursday, for which unusual preparation has been made, and liberal premiums offered. This will be one of the prominent attractions of the exhibition, and teamers will find it to be a contest well worthy of their attendance

Registration.

The board of Registers of Weymouth are busily engaged in the work of copying names from the old list for the new register, all names which do not tally with the assessors lists, being submitted to the Register of the ward where the person resides, for revision. The Registers have decided that they are pursuing a course in conformity with the intent of the statute, and in this connection it may be stated that eminent lawyers have recently given their opinion to the effect that "Section 16 expressly provides that the voting list of the last annual election may be used by the registrars".

Temperance.

Rev. Mr. Davis, of Boston, gave a temperance address in the Union church last Sunday evening, a good number being present. He gave a clear view of the physiological effects of alcohol, which was not a food or tonic, nor a producer of heat or allayer of thirst, but a poison acting on the system in a degree similar to strychnine. He called upon churches to banish wine from the communion table, householders to cease from using it in cooking, and everybody to war against it and thus save mankind from its evil effects. He condemned bitters and tonics, which were largely alcohol, even the preparations of ginger coming under this category. The ballot should be used in an effort to stop dram selling and dram drinking.

The W. C. T. U. of East Weymouth have secured the service of the eloquent champion of temperance reform, and president of the National W. T. C. U., Miss Frances Willard, and she is announced to give a temperance lecture in the Cong'l church next Sunday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, to which all are invited, and it is hoped that the friends of temperance at the Landing and in North and South Weymouth, will endeavor to be present and aid in giving the distinguished lecturer a welcome commensurate with her merits. A collection will be taken to aid the W. C. T. U. in defraying the expenses. Miss Willard is so well known throughout the country for her devotion to the cause and her eloquent advocacy of its principles, that the public will eagerly embrace this opportunity to listen to her soul-stirring appeal.

Law and Order.

The formation of a Law and Order League was the subject of a meeting held at the Union church last Monday evening, in response to announcement made from the pulpits on Sunday about twenty-five persons being present. Mr. S. W. Gutterson called the meeting to order, and F. W. Lewis, Esq. was chosen as chairman and J. J. Loud, Sec'y. A constitution was adopted, and Mr. S. F. Jenkins was chosen President of the League and C. T. Crane Sec'y. The objects of the League are to aid in prosecutions for violation of the Statutes and maintenance of public peace. The meeting was adjourned to this evening, at same place.

Billiard Licensing.

At the hearing before the Selectmen last Monday, on petitions for licensing billiard and pool tables, several remonstrants were present, and the discussion was quite lengthy, the remonstrants claiming that it would be an injury to the young men of the town, as there were accompaniments of drinking and gambling in connection with such resorts.

The petitioners claimed that the tables afforded a pleasant pastime and were needed.

An argument against licensing was that only 22 voted in favor of licensing to 17 against, and it was not an expression of the sentiment of the citizens. Such action as this should come before an annual meeting.

Written remonstrances were handed in by Elias Richards, and Wilmot Cleverly, quite a number of signatures being attached.

Masonic.

The annual meeting of Delta Lodge F. & A. M. was held in Masonic hall last Tuesday evening, when the reports of the Treasurer, Secretary and Trustees were submitted, and the officers elected for the ensuing year.

An honest Boy.

We take pleasure in recording, as a shining example to rascals who abound in every community, the honesty of the driver of one of A. L. Hobart's passenger teams, a lad named Peter Hayes. A lady from the west rode to the residence of Mr. Wm. Dalton a few days ago, and after entering the house found she had lost a roll of bank bills, but on enquiring of young Hayes the next day if he had found money in the carriage he promptly pulled it out and restored it to the owner, stating that she would have obtained it before if he had known who owned the money. The lad was liberally rewarded for his honesty.

Musical.

The music of the Weymouth Band, as given at Cottage City on the occasion of the annual illumination on Saturday last, was worthy of the spontaneous applause it received. The solos of Mr. W. M. Tirrell and Mr. A. Powers, and the cornet duet of Messrs. Waldo Bates and Elmer Pratt, were especially fine, and won for them the applause of their hearers. The several selections of the Band were finely rendered and won for them a general commendation, as well as being highly satisfactory to the residents and committee of arrangements of Cottage City.

Birthday Gathering.

Mr. George Manuel, of E. Weymouth celebrated his 60th birthday on Thursday, the 21st ult., his neighbors and friends giving him a very pleasant surprise and presenting him with an elegant easy chair. At 7 o'clock all were invited by the hostess to the dining-room, where the tables were in waiting with all the delicacies of the season, and after supper the company returned to the parlor, where vocal and instrumental music was furnished, including two selections on the cornet by Fannie E. Young, only 9 years of age, of Lovell's Corner, which were well rendered. The company returned home at a seasonable hour, feeling that the evening had been well spent.

Weymouth Water Matters.

The Water Commissioners signed on Tuesday last the contract with A. H. McNeal, of Burlington, N. J., who is to furnish the cast iron pipe and special castings for our water works, and a vessel is now loading a cargo of the pipe at Philadelphia, which should arrive here about the 15th inst. This cargo of pipe will be used in the main from the pond to the pumping station and thence to the town house. The contract covers about $130,000.

The New Road.

The residents of East Weymouth are quite unanimously in favor of the construction of a new road across the meadow, from Hill street to the station and a petition having been numerously signed and presented to the Selectmen, the board will give a hearing at the railroad station in East Weymouth on Thursday, Sept. 11th. The subject of a road across the tract has been talked up for a long time, and it is believed the matter will be brought to a decision soon.

Suggestion.

The Highway Surveyor in ward 1 has done extensive work this year on King Oak hill, also on Green street, near Samuel Thompson's, and now can he not spend a day on Neck street, in the circle just off of North street. The water stands in the roadway in three places, which will freeze up this winter and make ice. Neck street is travelled more and more every year, and such places should be repaired. Q.

Grand Occasion.

A grand event of the season was the large gathering at Aunt Nabby's Grove on Wednesday of last week, including residents of Commercial and Fort Hill street. The day was pleasantly passed with dancing, sailing, vocal and instrumental music, also a select reading by Verona H. Young, which proved that she stands second to none as a reader. The gratitude and thanks of the company is also due to Messrs. Staples, Burbank and McFawn, for furnishing a bountiful repast of clam chowder and a genuine Rhode Island clambake, the ladies furnishing pastry.

Services will be resumed in the Universalist church next Sunday morning, the pastor, Rev. Mr. Eaton, officiating.

Concert.

The concert given in the Pilgrim vestry Sunday evening by the Sabbath school was a very pleasing as well as interesting entertainment. The room was well filled and the best attention given. At the back of the stage was erected a wall of flowers with a gate in the centre, over which stood an arch with the inscription "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not." The flowers were rich and beautiful, and none but artistic hands could have arranged them so tastefully. A hanging basket of choice flowers over the stage was very fine, and the piano was also appropriately decorated with vases filled with a rich profusion of brilliant flowers. The exercises commenced with a piece entitled, "Suffer little children to come unto me," by seven little girls, the piece being interspersed with singing back of the scene, and also reading of selections of scripture by the superintendant. This piece closed by the children passing off the stage through the gate, representing their entrance into heaven. Next came a quartet by A. J. Sidelinger, T. B. Seabury, Georgia Shaw, Minnie Walker; selection by little girls, "How little children are to worship God;" duet; recitation by Estella Phillips; recitation by Master Alva Bicknell; solo by Miss Anna Clark, finely rendered; recitation, "As the years pass by," by Miss Josie Kimball; duet by four ladies; declamation by Master Clarence Newton; recitation by Miss Sadie White, also by Miss Bertha Benson; declamation by Miss Cora Beard; readings by Miss Dora Burgess and by the talented elocutionist, Miss Hattie Dyer. The superintendent expressed his regret for the absence of Master Willie Dasha, who was confined at home by sickness. Willie is an active scholar and a fine speaker. A duet "Good tidings from over Jordan," was well rendered. Rev. Mr. Leland was invited to speak, his remarks being mostly to the children, and were very interesting, especially to the children. Eloquent remarks were also made by the superintendent. A collection was taken up for the benefit of the Sunday school library. The superintendent then took the opportunity to thank all those who had assisted in any way in the arduous work of producing so pleasing and interesting an entertainment. The benediction was by Rev. Mr. Leland. Miss Anna Newton and Miss N. H. Torrey presided at the piano. N. M.

Miss Annie M. Thompson, of North Weymouth, has resigned her situation as school teacher and will for the present be connected with a boarding school at Northampton, Mass.

Briefs.

Mrs. Bates, of Neponset, was present in the Baptist choir last Sunday, by invitation of the leader, Mr. E. W. Arnold, and gave the solo in fine manner, "Come unto me."

The fireworks exhibition of Prof. Hunt, at Nantasket last Saturday evening, was witnessed by thousands of people, and the unanimous expression of pleasure were a just tribute to the most elegant display ever given there. The advent of a shower caused a little hurry in firing the pieces, but the day, aquatic and set pieces exhibited showed that the Prof. is master of his art.

Wade's Ocean View House, at Nantasket, is a very popular resort, and the meals furnished there are low in price and excellent in quality, as well as abundant in quantity. Mr. Wade was formerly a resident of Weymouth, and is well known to many of our residents. He has one of the cosiest places on the shore, and being near the steamer pier and depot, large numbers are attracted to his house.

Read the new card of Louis W. Nash in another column. "A penny saved is a penny earned".

The drum at the Weymouth Post-office has been removed, and a list of letters remaining there is posted.

There were three square knock-downs in Lincoln square last Sunday evening, and the residents in that vicinity are hoping that the Law and Order League will soon be in position to stop these exhibitions of pugilism.

The next meeting of the Norfolk Club will be held at Young's Hotel, Saturday, September 6, at 1.30 p. m., with dinner at 2 p.m. Gov. Robinson, Hon. Geo. F. Hoar, and Hon. Theodore C. Bates have accepted invitations to be present.

Mr. W. K. Baker has gone to Maine to start his hay press, and make a visit to his old home.

Baker & Sons took a party to Forest Hills Cemetery last Wednesday, in the Northern Light.

The 16th Light Battery had their annual meeting and dinner at the U. S. Hotel last week, 25 comrades being in attendance, among them several who had not been seen by their fellow comrades for many years.

The Republican town committee convene tomorrow evening, to arrange the plans for campaign work.

Reynolds Post will soon take possession of the former Masonic hall, over Loud & Lovell's store, for their meetings.

The annual reunion of the W. A. and I. Society occurs on the grounds next Wednesday evening, for which good talent for the entertainment has been secured.

The annual benefit ball to our blind resident, Wm. Fogarty, occurs at the Town Hall on Friday evening, Sept. 26. Dunbar's Band, of Boston, has been secured for the event.

Mr. Frank Hathaway, formerly a teacher in the Tufts school, made a brief visit to Weymouth Thursday week.

The new departure at the store of Louis W. Nash, in offering a discount of 5 per cent. for cash on all purchases, is bringing lots of custom to the old stand.

Flowers for the Boston Hospitals may be sent next Wednesday night to Mrs. E. F. Holmes, Stetson street.

A meeting of the Village Cemetery Association will be held next Monday evening, to consider a proposed exchange of land, in order to straighten the lines.

The result of the O'Halloran and Daily 100 yards race was the defeat of the latter.

Every available craft in our river has been used the past week by parties engaged in fishing for tinkers.

Mr. Cyrus Loud has cut and presented to the East Weymouth Democratic Club two poles each 50 feet in length, which will be set at Jackson square for the purpose of throwing to the breeze a Cleveland and Hendricks flag.

Mr. John Donahoe, of Braintree, a member of the Rangers ball club, broke his thumb while playing on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Thompson have gone to New Hampshire for a few weeks visit.

Mr. Morris Clary reports a large proportion of diseased potatoes in his field, 22 rotten tubers being found in one hill. Similar cases are numerous in this section.

Mr. George E. Porter and family have returned from Hough's Neck, and Rev. Mr. Crossley and wife are visiting at their residence.

A bag of the best flour can be bought at Louis W. Nash's for 95 cents, with 5 per cent. off for cash.

Mr. Edgar C. Porter was chosen as one of the Secretaries of the Republican State convention in Boston.

The work of removing the ledge on Summer street has been commenced, under direction of the Selectmen.

Hardscrabble H. & L. Co. have voted to enter for the truck contest at the fair of the W. A. & I. Society.

The stone wall in front of insurance agent Jordan's estate, on Washington street, is nearly completed, and makes a decided improvement to the place.

The republican and democratic State conventions have made the nominations for state officers, Gov. Robinson being renominated, together with the rest of the present officials, and the democrats having chosen Hon. Wm. Endicott as their standard bearer.

The National Game.

Owing to press of matter we are unable to give details of the ball games, and summarize with the statement that the Rangers played the Murrays, of So. Boston Wednesday, score 11 to 6, the Rangers being victors.

The Rangers also played last Saturday with the Mechanics, of Hyde Park, score 9 to 2, for the Mechanics.

There will be a meeting of the Rangers B. B. Association at Dexter Hall, this evening, at which all the members are urged to be present.

The nines of Edwin Clapp's and A. H. Sterling & Co's factories played a very interesting game on Saturday last, score 11 to 4, for Sterling's.

The score of the game of ball of the Newhall & Hall and the Steamer nines, last Saturday, was 24 to 10, in favor of the former. Both clubs sat down to a clam chowder in the evening, at engine hall.

The ball games for tomorrow are the Steamer Co. vs. Sterlings, and Newhall & Hall vs. J. W. Hart & Co. The play will be on ground corner of Front and Federal streets.

The Live Oaks of Brockton will play the Rangers at East Weymouth, Saturday.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

Mrs. Hattie Jackson, of Jersey City, is visiting friends in East Weymouth.

Merchant's ice cream parlors closed on Saturday for the season.

The house of Wm. Rice has been newly shingled.

The Masonic hall, now completed, is a great ornament to this village.

The talk of this village is base ball, not "politics."

Mr. Fred Reed has just completed another mammoth hennery, 50x20 feet.

Orphans Hope Lodge, F. & A. M., held their first regular meeting at their new hall, on Wednesday evening last.

Owing to the shower of Sunday last, the temperance meeting to be held at Jackson square was postponed.

Elder W. H. Crockett will preside at the day and evening services at Zion's Hill chapel, next Sunday.

Mr. M. C. Dizer and family will return from Nantasket, where they have been summering, the first of the week.

The democrats of Ward 2 have secured the Odd Fellows banquet hall for headquarters during the campaign.

Delphi Council No. 12 will hold a regular meeting at their hall, tomorrow evening, at 7.30 o'clock.

Mr. Willie Newcomb and family are sojourning at Scituate Harbor for a few weeks.

Michael Daly fell through a bulkhead opening in a house cellar last Sunday evening, and cut his head severely. Dr. Fraser was called to attend him.

Mr. Abiah G. Orcutt and wife, who have been spending the summer at Mechanics Falls, Me., returned home on Tuesday last.

John Fennell Jr. and W. O'Connor commenced their second term at Boston College last Monday. Richard Lynch commenced his first term.

The Weymouth Iron Co. has purchased of parties in Hanover a pair of oxen weighing 3100 lbs. Business was resumed at the works last Monday.

Mr. R. V. Merchant and wife started Tuesday for a pleasure trip through the west, intending to be absent a month or more.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at their room next Tuesday afternoon, at 2-12 o'clock. All interested in the coming fair are invited to be present.

A Prohibitory caucus will be held at Reform Club hall tomorrow evening, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the conventions.

Miss Angie P. Cain, of Providence, R. I., is at home, visiting her parents, and on her return to that city intends opening a dressmaking establishment.

The "Berry-Pickers" are requested to meet at the M. E. church vestry on Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, for rehearsal. The operetta will be presented to the public about Oct. 1st.

Messrs. Ford & Phillips have largely increased the stock of furniture at their store in Gardner's block, and are gaining an increased trade all along the So. Shore. Call and examine their goods.

Mr. George McFawn, a young man of this place, whose health is impaired, started on Wednesday last for the west, expecting to remain in Michigan for a month or six weeks, to recuperate.

The many friends of Miss Minnie Hayes will be pleased to learn of her recovery from a recent dangerous illness so that she is able to return to this village.

Miss Mildred P. Key, who resided in Weymouth for several years and removed to Gardner recently, died at the residence of Mr. Alfred Wyman in that place, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who have been the guests of Mr. Petty, of this place, returned to their home last Saturday, having formed a very favorable impression of our town and its inhabitants.

Dan Nash and troupe, who performed at Dexter hall last season, will appear at Weymouth town hall the 15th inst., at Braintree the 16th, and Hingham the following evening.

Mr. B. F. Clapp has retired from the leadership of the Weymouth Band, and he states that he has formed a connection with Gilmore's Band, of New York.

Letters remain in this office for Mrs. James Stetson, Mrs. Austin Whiting, Capt. Edgar A. Jordan, Mr. Elijah W. Beals, Mr. Wm. Butts, J. R. Baker, S. P. Gould (2), Mr. John Daley, William Dawes (postals).

A communion service will be held at the Cong'l church next Sunday afternoon. The hour of evening service on Sunday has been changed from 7.30 to 7 o'clock, and week evenings from 7.45 to 7.30.

Obituary.

Again our community is called upon to mourn the loss of a citizen highly respected by all. We refer to the death of Mr. Samuel A. Writhington, who died on Monday, aged 67 years 5 months and 12 days, after an illness of two years with consumption. Mr. Writhington was a native of Wareham, and had been up to the time of his sickness employed by the Weymouth Iron company for forty-three years. He was always spoken of as an honest and upright man; was a strong temperance advocate, and his many excellent traits of character will cause him to be sadly missed. The funeral was held at his home on Wednesday afternoon, and in addition to a large number of sympathizing friends, Mechanics Temple of Honor, of which he was a member, attended in a body, also a large delegation from the Iron company, whose works were shut down for the afternoon, in respect to the deceased. Rev. Mr. Carroll officiated, and singing was furnished by a quartette from the choir of the M. E. church. Mr. Writhingham leaves a wife, two boys and one daughter, who will receive all the help and attention from the T. of H. that lies in their power. They have been very attentive to the deceased brother during his sickness, providing watchers nightly and helping him in many ways, which goes to show that the order is one of the best in existence.

Many are the comments we have heard regarding the playing of the Weymouth Band at Cottage city last Saturday, and the reputation this band has obtained since its re-organization is remarkable. We are told by an eminent musician that there is a decided improvement in their playing over that of last year, and with their new leader, Mr. Waldo F. Bates, who has been recently secured, they feel confident in giving entire satisfaction to any society or organization that may require their services.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

The Haroldine.

The launching of the large four masted schooner Haroldine at Keen's shipyard some months ago, was an event of much interest to a large concourse of spectators, but judging from an article concerning the schooner, published in the Boston Post of Aug. 28, the builder has met with difficulty in securing his pay for the work.

The Post says: "The large four masted schooner Haroldine, built by Porter Keen of North Weymouth, and launched several months ago, was libeled on Wednesday in the United States District Court, by Thomas Drysdale et al, against Claudius Farnesworth and Charles H. Gould, owners of the schooner. This libel was placed on the vessel for sails, rigging, anchors and chains, and all gear above decks, the hull having been settled for.

The Haroldine has had an eventful career. Capt. George S. Hussey, who was the first promoter of the scheme of building this mammoth schooner, interested several of his friends in the undertaking. They came forward with sufficient money to start the vessel, and were prevailed upon from time to time, to add a little more in order to complete the schooner. Some of the stockholders were a little loath to pay out so much money, and the builder finished and launched her himself, holding, of course, the vessel as security; and it was not until last Tuesday that Mr. Keen, the builder, received his pay, and then not until he had deducted ten per cent. from his bill.

The schooner is chartered to go to Portland, Me., and load lumber for a South America American port for a good sum; but unless the owners make an early settlement, she will not be in time to meet her charter, and thus place another bill against the schooner."

A benefactor.

Capt. Ed. White went down the river early Tuesday morning, to try his luck at catching mackerel, the river seeming to be alive with them. In a short time the captain took on board three hundred good sized mackerel, and arriving home loaded up a wheelbarrow and started out on a charity mission, delivering his load to families where they would be the most acceptable, each family receiving from five to ten, until his morning's catch was disposed of. We can say we never had better fish on our table, and the Captain has the hearty thanks of all those who were so generously remembered.

We learn that the Pilgrim Society of Old Spain propose to extend a call to Rev. Mr. Leland, now of Amherst, to become their pastor. He has occupied the pulpit three Sabbaths, and gave good satisfaction.

The poles for the telephone line are being set, through Norton to Pearl, from there to Sea and Athens streets, to J. R. Orcutt's.

Mr. John Kelley has disposed of his fine estate on Commercial street to Mr. Churchill, of the firm of Churchill & Watson, of Boston, and has removed to the city, taking up his residence with his family, at Hotel Osborne. Mr. Kelley has much improved the place during his occupation of it, and we regret to lose so worthy a resident.

New Stable.

Mr. Jonathan Record owns and lives in a fine residence on Bridge street, opposite Athens street, and his homestead with its beautiful surroundings, is one of the pleasantest places in this village. The improvement which he has added to his place this summer will enhance the value as well as add largely to the general appearance, he having erected in the rear of his house in place of a contracted peaked top barn, an elegant, commodious stable, 28x33, high posted, with all the necessary improvement, having several nice stalls, with a plenty of carriage and floor room. We would say here that Mr. Record has a good reputation as an experienced horse trainer and horse doctor and has ample accommodations for all who might need his services.

The annual fair of the Old North Society will be held next Wednesday evening. Entertainment in the church at 7.45 o'clock. Sale of articles before and after the entertainment in the chapel.

Mr. F. C. Pratt, our fashionable tonsorial artist, on North street, is doing a rushing business, his patrons having increased far beyond his expectations, and he has added to his business a choice stock of cigars and tobacco. His location is good, his rooms are light, pleasant and airy, and fitted up very tastefully, the walls being beautifully decorated with pictures, mottoes, etc., making his place gorgeous and attractive.

Perfect surprise.

Miss Jennie B. Walker, daughter of C. H. Walker Esq., was very agreeably surprised last Tuesday evening by a company of some 25 of her young associates, the occasion being Jennie's 18th birthday. A little time was passed in pleasant congratulations, and the program for the evening was a jovial good time, consisting of excellent singing and playing on the organ by Miss Clara Walker, Miss Dora Burgess and others. At the proper time the party were called to order, when Miss Dora Burgess stepped forward and in behalf of those present presented Miss Jennie with several tokens of the high esteem in which she is held by them, accompanied by a brief speech, which was responded to by the happy recipient in very appropriate and touching manner. The presents were a beautiful gold chain from father and mother; gold locket from Miss Edith Chubbuck; large and elegant album, bound in red plush, from her friends; a nice white fan from her sister Clara; glass goblets, from Mrs. M. Harrigan. The party were now invited into the dining hall, where the tables were found spread in rich profusion with everything palatable and a lively discussion of the edibles ensued. This part of the entertainment being over the party returned to the parlors, when more singing and playing on the organ was indulged in, and about twelve o'clock the party retired to their several homes, having enjoyed one of the happiest times in their lives.

Boss Potato.

Mr. Nathan Ford has raised the boss potato for this year. He dug one in his garden this week that weighed 2 1-2 pounds, an Early Rose. Who can unearth a bigger one.

A big catch.

Monday and Tuesday of the present week are days long to be remembered by the good people of Quincy Point and Old Spain. Some one on Monday morning discovered that the Monatiquot river, from Quincy Point bridge to the islands down the river, was alive with mackerel, and in a very short time a hundred people, old and young, thronged the bridge and steamboat wharf and the slatting of fish was a sight to behold. Fish peddlers were out in every direction, while others were giving them away. A ten year old girl caught 110 Tuesday, and took the cake.

Mrs. Walter F. Cushing left home Wednesday morning for Vermont, where she will spend a few weeks with her friends.

Smart old lady.

Mrs. Chas. Thurbur, 65 years old, of the Pine Point house, went out in a dory below Quincy Point bridge last Tuesday and caught over 100 mackerel. She says she is able to do it again.

There was a fleet of thirty-nine boats between the point bridge and Hunt's hill at one time Tuesday, besides several hundreds of people on the bridge and wharves, catching mackerel, and there was much excitement. N. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

Services were resumed at the Universalist church last Sunday. Next Sunday the pastor will preach a sermon which he earnestly solicits every member and friend of the society, as far as suitable and practicable, to come and hear. To all such his subject will be specially pleasant, appropriate and important.

In consequence of the discontinuance of the school on Union street at the opening of the new school year, a feeling of indignation and dissatisfaction has been aroused among a large number of the citizens and resident in that locality, that will rest content only with the bringing back of the former school arrangements. It is only natural that the change should meet with opposition as for more than a dozen years the people at the upper end of Union St. have enjoyed the privileges of a school near at hand and now strongly object to its discontinuance. A petition was drawn up and signed by nearly every resident on Union street, asking the school committee to re-establish the school, feeling that they should not be obliged to send their little children a long distance to the village, and although these children were expected to report at the different grades in the Bates and Howe schools on Monday, only one reported from that locality. The average attendance last term at the school was about thirty, and Mr. Cook the local member of the school committee from Ward 5, claims that half of these could be as well accommodated by coming down to the village, while by closing up the school house, one less teacher is necessary and a saving of $300 would be made in the interest of the tax payers. It is also claimed that by bringing the schools to a central point as far as possible the scholars could be better graded and better educational advantages secured with less expense to the town. This system of centralization is meeting with much favor among prominent educators at the present time. But we know how the people of South Weymouth would feel if their high school were taken away and one central high school established in some other part of the town, and we do not blame the parents and citizens of Union street for protesting against the shutting up of a school house, which they secured years ago after much difficulty, although the committee may be sincere and honest in their opinions. We do not think there is any loud call for a curtailment of school appropriations; the only thing the citizens demand is that the money shall be spent wisely and economically, as they have ever manifested a desire in town meetings to provide liberally for the education of their children. It is now proposed to convey the scholars both in pleasant and stormy weather, but we are of the opinion that it would be wiser and more satisfactory to allow the school to be kept at the old place.

It is a noticeable fact that the lawns in front of the Union church and the adjoining parsonage have presented a very fine appearance this summer, owing mainly to the laborious exertions of the pastor of the church, Rev. Mr. Bolster, who drives a lawn mower over the grounds once a week in fulfilment of a contract made with one of his parishioners when the machine was furnished. Copious rains and sunshine have encouraged the grass, and the area seems larger than at the beginning of the season, but still the sturdy man toils on, beautifying the lawn, often meditating "that things are seldom what they seem," especially in the estimate of a season's work with a lawn mower upon a large church green.

The regular monthly meeting of the executive committee of the improvement association occurs at the residence of Dr. Tower this evening and there will be several important matters to be presented, besides which there will be enough to interest all who may attend.

A considerable number of Italians are engaged at the pond, digging the ground where the gate house is to be placed and making preparations to lay the pipe at the water's edge. These men sleep in shanties and generally board themselves; in consequence contractors secure their services at a lower rate than ordinary labor, but from observation we should say that it would be cheaper to hire them by the job than by the day, as they require frequent intervals of rest. It is expected that work will be pushed as rapidly as possible up to cold weather.

It will be noticed that Clark and Foster advertise their fall opening in another column. The young and enterprising members of this new firm have disposed of a large part of their old stock and have filled their store with a large line of new and attractive goods, consisting of clothing in all grades and styles, besides trunks, umbrellas and other useful articles. They also invite the attention of patrons to the desirable stock of gents furnishing goods which will be placed upon their counters for the first time this week. Everybody is sure to receive polite attention and we are confident that new life and an increasing trade will be the result at this well known business stand.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Downs are boarding for the present at "Hotel Weymouth," on account of the ill health of Mrs. E. J. French with whom they boarded last spring and who at present remains in Dorchester on a visit. The Hotel Weymouth is growing quite popular under the management of Mr. Bagley and is very well patronized.

Miss Minnie Van Der Kar, of New York is visiting her cousin, Miss Alice Raymond of this village.

There has been comparatively little sickness in the community this summer, although from the surplus of wet weather we might expect the opposite. The doctors are of course happy and so are the people.

The Wednesday Night club had its first meeting of the season this week, but as the members had not been notified there was not a large attendance, and it will take one more meeting to get the club into the usual good working order.

The concert to be given by Stetson's Weymouth Band in Columbian square next Tuesday evening will no doubt draw a large crowd. It is hoped that the weather may be favorable as on previous concert nights they have played at a disadvantage. There is every reason to believe that this will be the best concert of the season.

Mr. Michael Moran, an old resident of Union street died on last Saturday evening of consumption. The deceased was about seventy years of age and a long procession followed his body to the grave on Tuesday.

The South High school starts out this year with fifty one scholars, a larger number than in formed years. Eighteen new pupils enter upon the first year's course, and the graduating class is composed of eight members, four of whom are boys. The year is thus commenced under auspicious circumstances, and with the popular principal, Mr. N. S. French, together with Miss Hattie Torrey as assistant, the best results are insured.

In the Bates school building on Central street there are 128 pupils under the efficient management of Mr. E. R. Downs, who is assisted in the different grades by Miss L. L. Whitman and Mrs. E. J. Smith.

Apples and pears are plenty here this summer and no one need go without his full share of good fruit. The large quantities of windfall that lie on the ground for want of someone to take them away would suggest that some systematic measures might be adopted to give the poor people of Boston a chance to try this wholesome fruit, something to which they are almost strangers. Those who have sent barrels and boxes of apples and pears to the city for free distribution have been well repaid by the rare treat afforded the urchins, who seldom get a taste of anything but unripe fruit. HENRY.

If you buy $5.00 worth of goods at the "Brookside" before Dec. 24, 1884, your chances are that you may be presented with the $50.00 Sewing Machine which is on exhibition in the window. Our goods are the bottom prices for cash.

Boys' Base Ball Shoes, 85 cts., at the "Brookside."

Bicycle Shoes at the "Brookside."

We sell Ladies Sample Shoes, in all styles, for $2.50, at the "Brookside."

A Great Discovery.

This is daily bringing joy to the homes of thousands by saving many of their dear ones from an early grave. Truly Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Loss of Voice, Hay Fever, Tickling in the Throat, Pain in side and chest, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs, a positive cure. Guaranteed. Trial bottles free at David J. Pierce's Drug Store. Large size, $1.00.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla will cure your Catarrh, and do away with that sickening odor of the breath.

New Advertisements.

"A Penny Saved IS A Penny Earned."

GROCERIES

Cash Buyers, ATTENTION!

On and after Sept. 1st, 1884, I shall sell Groceries on

A NEW PLAN!

Times are hard, and everybody wants to get all they can for their money. I have a full line of everything found in

A First Class Grocery Store,

and I propose to sell them as

Low as the Lowest,

give everybody their money's worth, and give a

Liberal Discount For Cash.

On all goods bought I will give a

Discount of 5 per ct.

That is, for every $1.00 worth of Groceries that you buy, you GET BACK FIVE CENTS IN CASH.

We deliver free of charge all flour sold by the barrel. Our motto is,

"One Price to All."

LOUIS W. NASH,

OLD STAND OF E. G. TIRRELL.

Cor. Broad and Washington Sts,

Lincoln Square, Weymouth.

THE OLD EMPORIUM OF CHAS. H. BARNES,

512 WASHINGTON STREET.

Carpets AND Furniture.

SEE THE BARGAINS.

An Embossed Plush Parlor Suit, in one color or a variety of colors for $65, $6.50 down and $5 per month.

Other Plush Parlor Suits, different styles, $45 upwards.

Parlor Suits in Haircloth or Raw Silk, Heavy Walnut Frames, $45 upwards; $4.50 down and $4 per month.

Black Walnut Marble Top Chamber Sets, extra heavy and well seasoned, complete with bevel plate and latest trimmings, $70. These sets would be a great bargain at $100. Terms, $7 down and $5.50 per month.

Ash Chamber Sets, latest styles, from $25 to $40, $4 down and $4 per month.

Painted or Enamel Chamber Sets, well made, from $18 upwards. Terms, $3 down and $3 per month.

A great variety of Mahoganized Chamber Sets, latest styles, from $30 upwards. Easy terms for payment.

SEE THESE OFFERS.

Ash Chamber Set, All Wool Carpet, Spring bed and Mattress, $5 down and $5 a month.

Walnut Chamber Set, Tapestry Carpet, Spring Bed and Mattress for $8 down and $8 per month.

A Hot Closet Range and all the Ware, $21, $4 down and $3 per month.

Come to the old emporium of

CHAS. H. BARNES,

512 Washington St., Boston.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, SS. PROBATE COURT

TO the Heirs at Law, Next of Kin, and all other persons interested in the Estate of ASA WHITMAN, late of Weymouth, in said county, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Quincy L. Reed, of said Weymouth, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him the executor therein named, and that he may be exempt from giving a surety or sureties on his bond pursuant to said will and statute.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham, in said county of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this third day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

20 22 JONATHAN COBB, Register

WANTED.

FOREMAN to take charge of the bottoming department in a country factory, starting Oct. 1st., with mostly new hands and manufacturing men's work. Address

20 21 "F", Box 235, Boston.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

At Reduced Prices.

BEST MINNESOTA HAXALL,	$7.50 per bbl.	94c per bag
SECOND GRADE,	7.00 " "	90c " "
BEST WHITE WHEAT PATENT,	6.75 " "	85c " "
CHOICE PASTRY,	6.00 " "	75c " "

CULTIVATED BLACKBERRIES, FRESH EVERY DAY.

ALSO,

PEACHES, MELONS VEGETABLES.

HUNT & CO.,

64 Front Street, Weymouth Landing.

GEO. A. NOYES

WITH WALBRIDGE Bros.

23 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS.

LARGE —AND— COMPLETE New Stock —OF— FURNITURE!

PARLOR, CHAMBER LIBRARY, DINING ROOM, KITCHEN AND GENERAL LINE OF Housekeeping Goods!

CARPETS!

WILTONS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, WOOL AND CHEAPER GRADES.

OIL CLOTHS & STRAW MATTINGS.

Fall Opening!

Men's, Youth's & Boys' Clothing

NEW STOCK NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED TO EVERYBODY. GOODS AS REPRESENTED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

We have a bargain for a

FALL OVERCOAT FOR $10.00,

which we guarantee to be made of good wool and to hold its color.

LATEST STYLES IN HATS, ALL PRICES.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF NECK TIES JUST RECEIVED. GENUINE SHAW KNIT STOCKING FOR 20 CENTS, RUBBER COATS AND HATS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, STATIONERY, &c. &c.

CLARK & FOSTER,

Columbian Square. South Weymouth.

E. ROWLAND,

CARRIAGE & SIGN PAINTER,

Also, Burnish Gilding on Glass, and Ornamental Painting of all descriptions,

13 Broad St., E. WEYMOUTH.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

BEST OF ENGLISH VARNISH USED.

BARGAINS THIS WEEK,

—IN—

LACE COLLARS AND TOWELS,

—AT—

J. W. BARTLETT'S,

Sea Street, - - NORTH WEYMOUTH.

C. L. RICE & CO.

FURNITURE. { A large assortment for CHAMBERS, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS and KITCHEN; LOUNGES and PARLOR FUR. of our own manufacture.

BEDDING. { MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, FEATHERS, COMFORTERS and WOOLLEN BLANKETS.

CARPETING. { Bargains in closing out lots—to make room for the coming Spring Stock.

CROCKERY. { Two white and several decorated patterns, from which we can sell Dinner Sets.

CURTAINS AND FIXTURES. { Several best makes of SPRING FIXTURES.

CURTAINS and FIXTURES fitted to order.

CUTLERY.—Knives and Forks, Carvers, &c.

WALL PAPERS.—Closing out lots very cheap, to make room for Spring stock.

FURNITURE MOVING.—Plenty of Mats, and goods carefully handled.

FURNITURE REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING.

UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT.—ROBES and CASKETS constantly on hand. Every branch of this business promptly attended to.

BRANCH STORE AT SO. WEYMOUTH.

A good assortment of many kinds of Goods can be found here.

C. L. RICE & CO.

ROCKLAND, Jan. 10th, 1884.

WEYMOUTH CLOAK PARLORS.

Great Bargains IN LADIES' JERSEYS!

—AT—

ONLY $1.00!!

A large variety of WRAPPERS, SACQUES, SKIRTS AND SEERSUCKER SUITS,

always on hand.

MEASURES taken TO ORDER, no extra charge.

MRS. F. E. HOBART,

NEAR DEPOT. OPPOSITE STAR BAKERY.

NEW FURNITURE STORE

THE subscribers would inform the people of WEYMOUTH AND VICINITY, that they have opened a STORE in

Gardner's Block, Jackson Sq., EAST WEYMOUTH,

where may be found a full line of

Household Furniture,

CHAMBER SETTS, MATTRESSES, SPRING BEDS, CHAIRS, LOUNGES, TABLES, MIRRORS, &c.,

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

They have also connected with their Store a

REPAIR SHOP,

where they will do all kinds of repairing, Upholstering, and Cabinet Work in the neatest manner. Also, Window Screens and Doors.

All work called for and delivered at short notice. Having had long experience we feel confident in assuring our patrons satisfactory work at the lowest possible prices.

Call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

FORD & PHILLIPS.

OUR!
Prices.
.50 per bbl. 94c per bag
7.00 " " 90c " "
5.75 " " 85c " "
5.00 " " 75c " "
CD
RIES,
Y DAY.
ELONS
LES.
CO.,
outh Landing.
WITH
DGE Bros.
shington St.,
OSTON,
ASS.
hing!
s' Clothing
INSPECTION.
YBODY. GOODS AS
EFUNDED.
OR $10.00,
to hold its color.
, ALL PRICES.
NECK TIES JUST RE-
KING FOR 20 CENTS,
KS, UMBRELLAS,
C.
OSTER,
uth Weymouth.
AND,
PAINTER,
Glass, and Orna-
Descriptions,
EYMOUTH.
ve satisfaction.
RNISH USED.
AINS
EET,
L AND
TINGS.
D TOWELS,
LETT'S,
H WEYMOUTH
E & CO.
ERS, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS and
FUL of our own manufacture.
, COMFORTERS and WOOLLEN BLAN-
to make room for the coming Spring
ed patterns, from which we can sell
S. [Several best makes of SPRING
FIXTURES.
oom for Spring stock.
efully handled.
D UPHOLSTERING.
CASKETS constantly on hand. Every
WEYMOUTH.
and here.
ICE & CO.
NEW
RNITURE STORE
subscribers would inform the people of
EYMOUTH AND VICINITY, that they
ened a STORE in
dner's Block, Jackson Sq.,
EAST WEYMOUTH,
ere may be found a full line of
usehold Furniture.
AMBER SETTS,
MATTRESSES,
SPRING BEDS,
CHAIRS,
LOUNGES,
BLES, MIRRORS, &c.,
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
y have also connected with their Store a
REPAIR SHOP,
they will do all kinds of repairing, Upholstering and Cabinet Work in the neatest manner. Window Screens and Doors
work called for and delivered at short notice.
ing had long experience we feel confident in
ng our patrons **satisfactory work** the **lowest possible prices.**
and get our price before purchasing else
FORD & PHILLIPS,
11 3m GNS

E. A. BIGELOW,

DEALER IN

COAL, WOOD, Grain, Flour.

HAY, STRAW, LIME, CEMENT, BRICK, HAIR AND SAND.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT.

Office and Yard, Wharf & East Streets,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

DROP BOX AT THE POST OFFICE.

Office open from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH

SAVINGS BANK.

President, JOSIAH REED.
Vice President, LORING TIRRELL.
Treasurer, JOSEPH DYER.

JOSIAH REED, P. H. TIRRELL, ORAN WHITE, A. E. VINING

BOARD OF INVESTMENT.

JOSIAH REED, P. H. TIRRELL, ORAN WHITE, LORING TIRRELL, JOSEPH DYER.

(Open from 9 to 10 A. M. and 1 1-2 to 5 P. M.)

Joseph I. Bates,

AUCTIONEER

— AND —

Commission Merchant.

Liberal advances on Consignments.

Weymouth Landing, - Mass

DENTISTRY.

ICES OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH

AS MANUFACTURED BY

A. G. NYE,

WEYMOUTH LANDING.

On Gold,	$40.00
On Platinum (Continuous Gum Work),	30.00
On Silver,	15.00
On Choplastic (Metallic),	15.00
On Celluloid,	10.00
On Rubber,	10.00

SAMUEL CURTIS,

Coffin Warehouse,

AND

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

Weymouth Landing.

COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Furnished at Shortest Notice.

THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING BODIES.

Auction Sales attended to as usual.

NOBLE MORSE,

AUCTIONEER

Will give particular attention to the sale of Real Estate and personal property.

Post Office Address, NORTH WEYMOUTH, MASS.

R. F. RAYMOND,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN

AND

MUSICAL COMPOSITION.

(Sixteen years experience.)

Terms, $15 for a Course of 20 Lessons.

No. 1 Water Street, East Weymouth

Oct1y

G. H. ROTH,

OPTICIAN,

47 WEST STREET, BOSTON.

See what a leading Boston paper says of him:—All those who are afflicted with imperfect vision from whatever causes or any nature, will find in Mr. G. H. Roth, 47 West Street, an optician of a thoroughly reliable character, gifted with practical ability to aid those who may consult him. The high interesting features on the eye and its diseases and defects, Mr. Roth has given before large and appreciative audiences in and out of Boston, give evidence of a thorough knowledge of his profession.—*Boston Transcript.*

G. F. DAYMON

HAS REMOVED TO

Spear's Block,

BROAD ST.,

E. Weymouth

where he would be pleased to attend to former patron

FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS

Made to Order

LIBRARY CASES, SIDEBOARDS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, RECLINING CHAIRS, etc.,

IN ALL THE

LATEST STYLES.

REUPHOLSTERING

Done in the neatest manner.

PICTURES FRAMED

in all the varied styles.

DRAPERY.

Special attention paid to all its branches.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.

TOWN OF WEYMOUTH.

Board of Health.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE Board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 26 of the General Statutes will be strictly enforced:

SEC. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of a contagious disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

SEC. 48. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is infected with a contagious disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the secretary of Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY,
HENRY A. NASH,
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JAC B. BAKER,
Board of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1883.

MEETINGS OF THE Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor.

THE Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the Town House EVERY MONDAY (except the third during the municipal year, from the five o'clock P. M. On the third Monday of each month they will meet at the Almshouse at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY,
HENRY A. NASH,
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
Selectmen of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1883.

30 DAYS TRIAL

DR. DYE'S

(BEFORE.) (AFTER.)

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSE and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

THE WEEK

In the United States and the Old World.

SAMUEL ROBERTS' CRIME.

A Defalcation Amounting to About $100,000.

Later developments in the defalcation of Samuel Roberts, paymaster of the Red Ash Coal Company and treasurer of the Memorial Church, Wilkesbarre, Pa., render it certain that the amount stolen will reach $100,000. The defalcation was discovered by Mr. Parrish. He noticed that the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Company was mining coal at less cost than he, and he instituted an investigation. On looking for his old pay rolls, they were missing. This turned suspicion toward Mr. Roberts, and he remembered that the latter had been very lavish in the use of money for some time, which he said had been left him by his father. A detective learned that while his son had been living here in luxury, the elder Roberts had been working in a brewery for $1.50 a day, and had died without leaving a cent. On learning this Mr. Parrish charged Mr. Roberts with peculation. The latter, totally surprised at the suddenness of the charge, burst into tears, and confessed. In addition to his peculations he had hypothecated bonds in Easton and Boston. He was receiving a salary of $10,000 a year. He spent the money in his household and in church work. His mansion on Franklin street was probably the most sumptuously furnished in the city, the bric-a-brac alone being worth $10 000. When Charles Parrish built a summer house on the mountain, Mr. Roberts followed with a more expensive one, and furnished it at a cost of $8000. His house was always full of guests, whom he entertained royally. He paid nearly the whole of the $16,000 needed to enlarge the Presbyterian Memorial Church, and subscribed princely sums for all church work. The deed of assignment of his real estate to Charles Parrish has been filed in the recorder's office. The consideration was $1, while the market value of the property is not less than $50,000. In addition to this, he has also made over to Mr. Parrish his interest in the Red Ash Coal Company, 100 shares of stock of the First National Bank and some stock in the Iowa Barb Wire Company and Pittston Engine and Machine Company, and a quantity of cash, the total value of the property transferred being $80 000. Mr. Parrish returned him $200 to pay his immediate expenses. Roberts is reported to be seriously ill, and his wife is also prostrated. There are rumors afloat that Roberts was also a defaulter many years ago while in the employ of the Kelso Iron Company, at Catasauqua. He was certainly discharged from there without warning, and without apparent cause. The community was naturally greatly shocked by the disclosure of this vast peculation on the part of one who had been thought one of its most upright and honored citizens. Much commiseration is felt for the family, but little for the man who has defrauded the confiding friend and patron who had raised him from poverty to affluence, and who trusted him most implicitly.

LIMA RAIDED.

The Rebel Caceres Makes a Bold Dash Into the City.

In Limat, he other day, there was a storm of bullets for over six hours. Caceres entered the city with a rabble, who yelled and fired in the greatest disorder. The night before, all the government troops were withdrawn into the cuartel and the palace, and the entry of Caceres, although not unexpected, was somewhat of a surprise. His men captured the cuartel and the churches of Mercedes and San Augustin, from which they kept up a fusillade. They also attacked Guadacupe station. About 150 persons were killed in Mercedes and Rodegonzo streets, and near the palace square, where the fire was hottest. Finally the government troops made a sortie and drove out the mob. Caceres was accompanied by about 90 horsemen. They appeared to have been travelling all night, and were not in condition to fight with troops well fed and fresh from their beds. Three hundred prisoners were taken. Caceres escaped. The German proprietor of a cigar store was killed while looking from a balcony. All the telegraph wires were cut for miles out of the city, and no trains ran. All was quiet the next morning in Lima. Dead men and horses were being carted in the streets, and blood cleaned up. The fight in the San Augustin Church proceeded with closed doors.

TO RELIEVE GEN. GORDON.

Canadian Voyageurs to Be Enlisted to Go Up the Nile.

The governor-general has been ordered by the Canadian government to secure the services of 600 Canadian river voyageurs to go up the Nile with the expedition for the relief of Gen. Gordon at Khartoum. They are to take flat-bottomed boats up the Nile, and take portages around the rapids. It is intended to take 300 men from the Ottawa district, and the remainder from the Quebec and St. Maurice regions. Applications are already pouring in. Indians will be eligible. The governor-general has written to the militia department asking for the names of some militia officers whose services can be obtained to take charge of the voyageur contingent. Preference will be given to officers who served under Gen. Wolseley in the Red River expedition. Some French-Canadian officers will also be taken, as it is expected that the majority of the voyageurs will be French-Canadians.

SHORT OF CORN.

Chihuahua's Impending Danger—Looking to Uncle Sam.

Senor Romero, the Mexican minister in Washington, has received an official communication from the Governor of Chihuahua, in which the latter says that, owing to protracted drought in Chihuahua, the supply of seed corn is running short, and its price daily becoming higher; that corn being the principal food of the poorer classes in Chihuahua, the government is desirous of avoiding a scarcity in the supply of this grain, and has accordingly requested that Senor Romero advertise in the newspapers of the United States the fact of the failure of the corn crop. He also requests Senor Romero to notify exporters of corn in this country, who may wish to export it for seed to Chihuahua, to address the government of that state, giving the price quality and quantity of the corn they wish to export.

TROUBLE IN TEXAS.

One Hundred Men, Headed by Gov. Ector Wolf, to Cut Down the Fences.

Two companies of fifty men each left Denison recently for the purpose of cutting fences. They were headed by Gov. Ector Wolf. It seems that the cattle men failed to keep their promises and did not remove the wire fences. They held out with the expectation that Birris, who has large cattle interests, would be elected governor and would do something to rescind the order, but in this hope they were disappointed. Burris was defeated. Serious trouble is now anticipated, as it is believed the cattle men will resist the militia.

Our Navy's Loss.

The United States steamer Tallapoosa collided with the collier James S. Lowell of Baltimore off Martha's Vineyard about 11.30 o'clock the other night, and sank in five minutes. The scene of the accident was off Squash Meadow shoals. The colliding vessel was loaded with 1200 tons of coal. The crew of the Tallapoosa, consisting of 160 officers and men, escaped from the sinking man-of-war to the schooner, with the exception of Surgeon Black and a colored servant named Foster, who went down with the steamer. The collier immediately set sail for Wood's Holl, but was overtaken by the steamer Gate City of the Boston & Savannah Steamship Company, and the crew of the sunken man-of-war transferred to her decks. The officers and men were landed at Wood's Holl. There the United States steamer Fish Hawk was lying, and the crew embarked on board of her and immediately started for the scene of the wreck. The Tallapoosa was sailing from Boston for Newport, where she was to receive Secretary Chandler and party.

Boston Versus New York.

Boston's prosperity has received a serious check, as shown by the assessors' returns this year, while the New York assessment rolls show a remarkably prosperous state of affairs. The Boston valuations are as follows: Total real estate, $438,139,700, a gain of $9,811,800; total personal, 194,517,800, a loss of $9,596,500. Total, real and personal, $632,618,000, a net gain of $215,000. New York, on the contrary, shows an increase of $61,676,140 in the assessed value of real and personal property as compared with last year. This is nearly one-half greater than the increase shown last year over the figures of 1882 and indicates a remarkable growth in the metropolis during the last twelve months.

The President in Danger.

During the progress of the recent exhibition at the Newport, R. I., torpedo station, great consternation was caused by the premature explosion of a torpedo. The regular service gun cotton torpedoes of 32 pounds, equal to 150 pounds of gunpowder, were being used, and while the President was talking of the Chinese war and about politics a terrific explosion occurred. The battery had exploded of itself, without any action on the part of Lieut. Totten, who was in charge of it. It was a narrow escape for the presidential party.

Took a Tumble.

Emperor William, while riding in Babelsberg Park, Berlin, lately met with an accident. His horse stumbled over a wire fence and threw him into a field on the other side, doing little injury, however, except to his muscles, which were crushed and slightly sprained. He was able to ride back to the castle.

The Coal Trade.

The production has been very heavy for the past month, and the rate of 300,000 tons per week for the rest of the year, the total output would be 38,000,000 tons, indicating that there should be at least two weeks suspension besides the week already ordered to keep the supply down to the demand of the trade.

THE ORIENTAL WAR.

Foo-Chow's Forts Silenced, and the City Partly Burned.

LONDON, Aug. 28, 1884. A dispatch from Shanghai says: "The Mingan forts below Foo-Chow were finally silenced Tuesday evening. To-day a heavy cannonade has been kept up between the French fleet and the Kimpai forts, which are situated at the northern mouth of the Min river."

A dispatch to the *Times*, which left Foo-Chow at 2 p. m. to-day, says: "The Kimpai forts have been destroyed." All the defences along the Min river are gone. The Chinese troops fled. The French fleet can bon ard, but the occupation of the mainland is impossible."

Admiral Courbet's official report up to this evening is as follows:

MIN RIVER, 5.30 P. M., Aug. 28, 1884.—The principal batteries on the Kimpai channel have been destroyed, and we hope to destroy all the other forts this evening. The line of torpedoes barring the entrance to the river is being fished up, and the explosives are being secured. The gunboats are able to leave the river by another channel. The Aspic has been dispatched to signal the telegraph cable.

The London *Times'* Foo-Chow dispatch, dated 8 o'clock to-night, says: "Since the French descended the river, the Chinese have looted and set fire to the foreigners' quarter of the city. Much dissatisfaction is expressed at the action of the French in bombarding the city without landing the troops for the protection of foreigners. It is reported that Germany has protested against this action. The Chinese complain that English pilots guided the French fleet during the engagements, thus committing a breach of neutrality laws."

The following is Admiral Courbet's report of his operations on the Min river up to last evening:

MIN RIVER, 6 p. m., Wednesday, Aug. 27, 1884.

Our operations against the Mingan forts have been successfully concluded. All the Chinese batteries have been destroyed. We have shattered all their cannon with gun cotton. The attack on Kimpai will be made today.

Admiral Courbet has been ordered to occupy Hai-Nan after taking Kee-Lung.

THE SOUDAN CAMPAIGN.

Gen. Wolseley's Plans—The Relief Expedition to Be Increased.

Gen. Lord Wolseley, the newly appointed commander-in-chief of the British forces in Egypt, proposes to reach Dongola with the Gordon relief by Nov. 7. He declares his confidence that he will be able to accomplish the programme without difficulty. There are only six cataracts to pass, whereas in the Red river expedition in 1870, he was compelled to drag his boats overland at 46 different places. The government is expediting the departure of reinforcements for Egypt. The staff at Woolwich has been increased, and additional hands engaged to put the transports in readiness as rapidly as possible. Orders have been sent to Plymouth to hasten the fitting out of the transport Ponsh. It has been decided to increase the expedition for the relief for Gen. Gordon to 7000 men. Seven hundred Royal Scots will be despatched from the West Indies. The rest of the troops will go from Gibraltar, Malta and Cyprus. Four hundred more river boats have been ordered.

Gen. Stephenson, disapproving of the plan of the Nile expedition, asks that he be relieved from the command.

Gen. Wolseley has appointed Gen. Earle to the position of second in command of the Gordon relief expedition.

DEMOCRATIC MILLIONAIRE.

The Founder of Seventeen Newspapers Who Desires to Dethrone Tyrants.

Andrew Carnegie, who has established seventeen Liberal newspapers in England and now in Pennsylvania, said recently in reference to the attack made on him by the St. James *Gazette*: "I deny that the people of Great Britain are satisfied with the present system of government. I believe that if a vote by ballot were taken throughout Great Britain and Ireland, a majority would be in favor of electing a chief magistrate after the death of Queen Victoria. The St. James *Gazette* is quite right in saying I would desire, if I could, both the crown and House of Lords, just as I would destroy, if I could, every vestige of privilege throughout the world. If I could only give to every workingman in Great Britain equality in political privilege with any king, prince, duke or lord, I would be willing to go far and spend much. In the meantime I console myself with Burns' lines: 'It's coming yet for a that.'" Mr. Carnegie said he considers Ireland's rebellion against English rule justifiable, but thinks the Irish are mistaken in holding the English people responsible. The House of Lords, he says, is to blame.

MAN AND MONEY READY.

Engineer Melville to Attempt to Solve the Polar Problem.

The New York Yacht Club, of which James G. Bennett, Jay Gould and Cyrus Field, Jr., are members, entertained the officers of the Greeley relief expedition at dinner a few days ago. Chief Engineer Melville made a long speech, in which he set forth the feasibility of an open Arctic sea, and that, too, without loss of life. He stated his willingness to take command of such an expedition, and that a moderate sum would be sufficient to cover all the expenses. Young Mr. Field, in answer, said that he was convinced of the truth of the theory advanced by Chief Engineer Melville, and that he was willing once for all the question of an open Arctic sea, and that, too, without loss of life. He stated his willingness to take command of such an expedition, and that a moderate sum would be sufficient to cover all the expenses. Young Mr. Field, in answer, said that he was convinced of the truth of the theory advanced by Chief Engineer Melville, and that he was willing to advance half of the sum required to meet the expenses of the expedition, provided the other members of the club present should agree to put their names down for the remainder. This they at once agreed to, the money was subscribed on the spot, and there is said to be no doubt that an Arctic expedition under Melville's command will sail from an American port in the fall of 1885. Engineer Melville will obtain leave of absence from the navy without pay for two years for this purpose.

VICTORIA'S HEALTH,

Knowledge of Her Precarious Condition Leads to a Report of Sudden Death.

London was startled recently by a wild rumor that Queen Victoria had suddenly died. All the vast machinery of the press was promptly put in motion to ascertain the facts. Marlboro' House, Buckingham Palace, the Home Office and the residence of Sir William Gull, the court physician, were besieged by reporters sent to gather every obtainable scrap of information, and telegrams were sent flying in every direction. A few inquiries, however, showed that the rumor was only a hoax. Still, it must be remembered that the Queen's health is precarious, and that her long continued illness of melancholy are regarded by the medical profession as indicating a condition of her system which may at any time become so critical as to be fatal. These considerations lend the report not improbable, and explain the ease with which the papers were duped.

LOUISIANA SCHOOL BONDS.

A Package of $21,000 Captured During the War Returned to the State.

A few days ago the treasurer of the United States forwarded to the governor of the state of Louisiana a package of $21,000 of the free school bonds of the state, which had been captured at Baton Rouge in 1865 by Lieut. Gen. Sheridan, and which have been in the custody of the government ever since. It was only recently established to the satisfaction of the treasury officials that they rightfully belonged to the state. The, formed only a part of city, state and southern railroad bonds of the value of nearly $3,000,000, capture at the same time, and of which a majority valued at over $2,000,000 were subsequently restored to the state.

An August Cyclone.

A dispatch from Winnipeg, Man., gives details of a storm of cyclonic character which had just prevailed thoroughout the province doing incalculable damage to various towns and villages, and injuring crops to a considerable extent. At Minnipeg, the docks of the Hudson Bay stores were wrecked and the surrounding buildings injured. The rain poured down on the stock, doing much damage. A street car with a number of occupants was blown from the track, and a frame house and a stable occupied by horses were blown away. The house was carried 20 feet, and the stable was blown into the Assiniboine river. No less than fifty buildings in the city were damaged by the storm. The accounts of damage in other portions of Manitoba show that the cyclone left a well-defined path of destruction along its course.

Diseased Western Cattle.

At Elmhurst, Ill., Mr. Boyd's herd of Jerseys was found to contain eleven cows suffering from pleuro pneumonia, and were killed by the state authorities. The condemnation is the first of the kind in the West. The animals were valued at between $200 and $1000 each. Examiners are pushing investigations in Ohio and Missouri also.

Scan Your Dollars.

Mr. McIlrath, chief of the New England secret service, reports that a dangerous counterfeit silver dollar has made its appearance in different parts of New England. It is very skillfully executed, has good ring and appearance, but can easily be detected by weighing, as it is 91 grains light of than the required standard. Also it is too thick to pass a tester.

Alleged Insurance Frauds.

Mr. Davies, vice-president of the Globe Mutual Benefit Society of New York, was arrested recently on the charge of having, while an agent of the Prudential Life Insurance Company of America, collected commissions on policies issued to what are claimed to be fictitious persons.

Trouble in British Columbia.

Advices from British Columbia state that several encounters have taken place on the mainland between Indians and Chinamen. A few days since a Chinaman was murdered by Indians near Lillooet, his throat being cut from ear to ear.

YOUNG YET.

A Colored Methodist Bishop on the Future of His Race.

Bishop H. M. Turner, D. D., LL. D., of the M. E. Church, now in Louisville, Ky., is the first colored man on whom the degrees of D. D. and LL. D. were ever conferred. He is a self-made man, one who has acquired a fine education by overcoming the most stupendous difficulties, and is a genial, whole-souled gentleman, a thorough scholar and an able orator. He was recently asked: "What do you think is to be the future destiny of the negro in this country?"

"I am very sorry you ask me that question, for I take quite a different view of it from the leading men of my race. Many of them believe we will finally mix up with the whites and bleach out and lose our race and color, and thus be swallowed up in the great American population. I have no words that can express my contempt for such leaders. Such nonsense not only degrades the race, but charges God with folly. No, sir! I have been for years to pray by the unfinishable arrangement of heaven. Black men will stride the earth till the world ends regardless of these theories, and in the near future the greatest will tremble beneath the blood of their great ones. There is a mighty future for the negro race, bear in mind. He is only a boy yet; it will require centuries to advance him to maturity, and millenniums to bring him to dotage. His name will yet shine upon the scroll of fame like the face of Jupiter on the midnight heaven. But here is what my people do not like to hear. That distinction will not be reached in this country. No, never! never! Such is not the programme of the Almighty. It is only to be obtained on the continent of Africa, and from there go out to the ends of the earth. Therefore the colored race must return to Africa, carry the education and the Christianity and the other virtues, civilities and graces he has imbibed from you whites, and there demonstrate his greatness. It may take years and generations to bring it about, but it will come as sure as darkness will come this evening or light in the morning. Slavery was not a divine institution, but was a providential institution. It possibly took just such an ordeal as that to Christianize and enlighten the negro race, and place them in a condition to progress in all the phases of an enlightened civilization. God saw that they could be missionized more successfully by his being put there than by waiting the tardy motion of the corrupt church of that day and ecclesiastical dispensation."

"Do you think the colored people will favor a return to Africa in any considerable numbers?"

"Well, yes. It will be some time yet, however, for they already hate the memories of their past present. Still there is a great change over that which existed some years ago. The wonderful discoveries of African wealth which are being brought to notice, and the people live longer there than anywhere on the globe, and the great nations and kingdoms are being found with an excellent civilization, and that she offers everything desirable to the negro, will soon begin to attract the attention of our progressive young men, and there will be quite a movement in that direction. Also our churches have begun to wake up to a sense of their responsibility. I am now in the collecting agent of a fund to educate and train teachers and preachers for Africa, and occasionally I get a little money for the object. True, the whites give me more than the colored do for that object. I have gathered up enough to place a few students in college for that purpose, and hope to increase the number soon. God's raising up friends for Africa in all parts of the globe is a marvellous event, and it means something. I think it means the speedy redemption of that continent and the restoration of her scattered children to her bosom."

THE BALLOON QUESTION.

Distinguished Authorities on Captain Renard's Recent Experiments.

English aeronauts have been greatly interested by the report of M. Herve Mangon to the Paris Academy of Sciences of the success of Capt. Renard's self-propelling balloon, which M. Mangon said had been tried at Meudon with the most satisfactory results. Every one admits that if the Renard apparatus can do what is claimed for it the problem of aerial navigation is well nigh solved. The officers of the Aeronautic Society of Great Britain have sent a request to M. Mangon for drawings and detailed descriptions of Capt. Renard's invention, and the Balloon Society of Great Britain is to hold a special meeting to consider the subject. Many balloonists are full of hope that the new invention may prove to be what has been looked for since the days of the Mongolfiers, but Mr. Coxwell, the veteran aeronaut, whose ascensions have charmed more than one generation of pleasure-seekers at the Crystal Palace, is very contemptuous in his remarks about the French wonder. He pooh-poohs the alleged steering of the balloon against the wind and says that he would as soon expect a cat to fly as for a balloon, such as Captain Renard's, to beat against the wind. He says that the balloon may possibly have done all that is claimed by M. Mangon, but if so it was done by a "fluke," and that no real test has been made of its steering power. Mr. Coxwell is of opinion that the problem of navigating the air is as far from solution as ever, and declares that it never will be solved until some genius invents a motor which shall combine great power with a degree of weightiness beyond anything now known to mechanical or electrical science.

BATHED IN BLOOD.

A Quadruple Tragedy Among Hungarian Railroad Laborers.

Among the laborers whose daily toil has been building the Ridgeway & Clearfield Railroad near Dubois, Pa., were Stephen Luke and John Scovitch, Hungarians. These men, with their wives and children, lived in a shanty of hemlock logs near Falls Creek station. Near their cabin is a hut occupied by negro laborers. At 3 in the morning one of the negroes heard a feeble knocking at the door. A little Hungarian child stood outside in great distress and stammered something, and pointed toward Scovitch's cabin. The negroes went over to their white neighbors and the door was ajar. On the floor in one corner lay Scovitch, covered with blood from hideous gashes in the head. He did not speak or move. Near him lay his wife, her black hair obtained with her own blood, which had gathered in a pool beneath her. She was also unconscious. In the centre of the room sy Stephen Lake's wife, also shockingly beaten about the head. It was found that the skulls of all three were fractured. Luke himself was severely injured about the head, and was unable to give any account of the tragedy. In the midst of it lay a pole axe, such as is used by miners, clotted with blood and human hair. The children were uninjured, but the room had been ransacked and $400 taken from Luke. Scovitch had $800 concealed in his rude bed, and this has not been found. Other Hungarians are suspected of the murders.

A HOT CHASE.

A Thief Arrested in Worcester, Mass., After a Lively Run.

A man, supposed by the police to be a professional pickpocket, is under arrest at Worcester, awaiting identification. He boarded an afternoon train as the passengers were getting off, and attempted to rob Frank D. Lincoln of Brimfield. Lincoln resisted him, and the fellow ran. Lincoln following. After a hot chase through the station, Lincoln caught the thief by the watch chain, which parted, leaving a portion of it in his possession. The pickpocket then ran through Shrewsbury street, followed by the policemen and a crowd, and was finally cornered and arrested in Pond's block, where he was taking a seven-course lunch with the "crops." He gave his name as James Morgan, and said he was a machinist belonging in Worcester, but it is known that he does not reside in that city. He is about 45 years old, apparently very intelligent and self-possessed, and had $351 in his possession. He is about 5 feet 6 inches in height, of light complexion and hair, and weighs about 155 pounds. Boston police were summoned to aid in the identification, but they were unable to place him. There were found upon his person numerous newspaper slips containing notices of the departure of families in various parts of New England for the seaside, and the detectives concur in the belief that he belongs to a gang of thieves and housebreakers.

CANADIAN PROTECTION.

Shipment of American Cattle by Way of the Dominion Refused.

It now appears that the Dominion government has determined to prevent, as far as it lies in its power, United States cattle being thrown in competition with Canadian cattle in the English markets, by refusing to transport Wyoming cattle through Canada for shipment to England, for which privilege application has been made. Premier Sir John Macdonald says that the Wyoming scheme should be opposed in toto as prejudicial to Canadian interests. He argues that the demand in Great Britain is limited, and that it would never do to assist, by the action of the Canadian government, stock raisers of the United States to come in competition with the farmers of the Dominion. This point of objection is raised as paramount to all others. Then, again, he says that if disease were to break out in England among Wyoming cattle the British government would insist upon Canadian cattle being slaughtered on landing. Further, he holds that by giving Wyoming cattle transit across the Dominion territory the danger of Canadian stock taking infection would be greatly increased. In view of the leader of the government holding this opinion, there is little probability of the permission asked for being granted.

Anglo-Russian Relations.

A St. Petersburg journal, in reviewing the strained relations between England and Germany, cordially acknowledges England's recognition of the rights of Russia to reap the fruit of her sacrifices in Central Asia. England, the paper says, is enjoying a similar right in Egypt. Nothing has been done by Russia to humiliate England for the benefit of Germany. The humiliation of England would disturb the balance of power in Europe.

Guinea Tranquillized.

The natives of Portuguese Guinea, who have been in a state of rebellion, have submitted, and the country is tranquil.

ROUNDING UP CATTLE.

Separating the Vast Herds on the Western Plains.

An Annual Operation of Great Importance to the Cattle Owners.

The Omaha (Neb.) *Herald* says of the cattle business: The busy times are confined to the round-up seasons, of which there are nominally two, although the first, which begins about May 20 and continues until June 1 and the second commencing some three weeks later, and continuing well into August, are so nearly together that they might well be called one season. At these round-ups, certain designated men, accompanied by a foreman or captain, start from some given point and travel over all the ranges in their district. They take with them wagons containing supplies sufficient for their probable stay, and the brands of every owner in the district. As the work is very severe upon the horses, especially in "cutting out" from the herd, each man has from six to eight horses, riding one, herding the others, and driving them along with the wagons. In active work a horse should be changed every three or four hours, and the rider, when he feels that his animal is exhausted, rides up to the herd, lassoes another, and quickly changing the saddle, sets his tired horse free. At the round-up all the cattle in the district are gathered together in one herd and driven to the rendezvous near the center of the district. The work of identification and branding themselves then begins. The ownership of the calves is ascertained from the brand of the mother, and a similar brand is placed upon the offspring.

It happens, however, that in numerous instances the calves become separated from their mothers, and it is a matter of impossibility to ascertain their owners. These estrays are called "mavericks," and become the joint property of the association of the round-up district in which they are found. These mavericks are, by a rule of the Colorado association, sold to the highest bidders among their members at the end of the season, and the proceeds paid in the general fund provided for the maintenance of the organization. The receipts thus realized frequently amount to the handsome sum of from $5000 to $5000 per year in each district. At the second later round-up the same branding process is carried out, and the additional feature of "gathering beef" is added. This consists in selecting such cattle as are in desirable condition for shipment, and may include all of the different brands. An inventory is made of the cattle so selected and a copy forwarded to the different inspectors and agents along the line of route the cattle will be driven or carried to market, as well as to the parties to whom they are consigned. When the cattle are gathered and the branding of the calves completed, the work of separating the herds begins, and the difficult task of placing the cattle of each brand in separate herds is accomplished. These are then driven to their proper ranges by the herders.

The round-up party, which is in considerable numbers, is generally accompanied by a man or men from each surrounding district and from the adjacent states and territories, who are furnished with all the brands of their districts or states, and who are present for the purpose of identifying any cattle which may have strayed from the ranges of other districts. Owing to the seeming facility with which this class of property might be stolen, the greatest precautions are taken, of course, to prevent cattle stealing, and to this end the police and inspection service is rendered as nearly perfect as possible. There are employed in Colorado alone upward of thirty stock inspectors or detectives, who are constantly traveling over the state, examining hides in butchering establishments, and inspecting brands, especially at shipping points. Their operations, however, are not confined to this state alone, but extend to all points whence cattle are shipped. Some are stationed at Kansas City, Omaha, Pacific Junction on the Burlington and Missouri, and other points on the routes to market. These men exercise the right to examine all manifests and compare them with the brands of the cattle shipped, and also with lists which they have with them.

If they discover in the shipment different brands from those on the manifests, they cause the arrest of the shipper, if they believe the animals stolen; otherwise they demand and receive payment for the strange brands, and turn over the amounts so received to the proper owners, so that with an honest enforcement of this rule cattle stealing is next to impossible.

The Nettle.

Put few people who, in wandering through the fields, notice the nettle and associate it with anything beneficial to mankind. It stings, they think, and is to be feared. Nevertheless, the nettle is not of immaterial importance in the vegetable kingdom, a fact that is recognized more by the hardy yeomanry among the Grampian hills than by we Americans. There are a few who will admit that it is a very palatable dish when served boiled as greens, and surpasses the juicy plantain leaf, asparagus or beet top, but these are not numerous. There is an anecdote connected with the nettle used in this respect, which is pretty good.

The mother of a family in which there was a boy of weak intellect heard that the nettle made delicious greens and she wished to try them, but was afraid she had been incorrectly informed. She wasn't able to rid herself of the impression that they were poisonous. She finally, to satisfy her curiosity, concluded to boil some of them and give them to the foolish son, and if he lived she would then feel safe in cooking them for the rest of the family. She tried the experiment and was well satisfied with the result. The roots of the plant when boiled with alum afford a yellow dye and the leaves give a beautiful and permanent green.

In Scotland the plant is considered one of the best fat-producing foods that can be fed to swine, and in Sweden it is cultivated for fodder for domestic animals.

New York streets are overrun by artistic musicians playing all sorts of instruments for small change.

Spoken After Sorrow.

I know something sweeter than the chime
Of fairy bells that run
Down mellow winds, oh, fairer than the time
You sing about, in happy, broken rhyme,
Of butterflies and sun.

But oh, as many fabled leagues away
As the To-morrow, when the east breaks gray,
Is this which flies, somewhere most will shed
Tears,
Between the sunset and the dawn's last star,
And known as Yesterday.

I know of something better, dearest too
Than this first rose you hold,
All sweet with June, and dainty with the dew
The summer's golden promise breathing
through
Its white leaves' tender fold;

Oh, fairer, when the late winds, gathering slow
Behind the night, shall, moaning sad and low
Across the world, make all its music dumb.
Oh, dearer than the earliest rose to come,
Will be the last to go.

I know of something sadder than this nest
Of broken eggs you bring,
With such sweet trouble stirring at your breast
For love undone: the mother bird's unrest,
That yesterday could sing.

My little child, too grieved to want my kiss,
Do I forget the sweetness they will miss
Who built the home? My heart with your
makes moan;
But oh, that nest from which the birds have
flown,
Is sadder far than this.

—*Julia C. Mann, in Harper's Magazine.*

HUMOROUS.

Good figures—A dancing master.

Has an optician an eye to business?

A deep laid scheme—an ocean cable.

A coachman is the saddest of all men for his life is full of "whoa."

Latin is a "dead language"—when an inexperienced drug clerk fools with it.

Sometimes when a man falls down he is said to have slipped up. Such are the inconsistencies of our language.

Professor Proctor says the earth is still in her youth. That explains why she goes around so much and is out so late of nights.

"Holdup" is the name of a new Arizona postoffice. It is scarcely necessary to add that road agents look after the males out there.

Some one says that the most direct way to some men's pocketbooks is through their stomachs. The doctors evidently discovered this some time ago.

"Which side should a person sleep on?" asks a correspondent. Well, if she hasn't locked the door you might as well sleep on the inside.

Life is like a harness. There are traces of cares, lines of trouble, bits as good fortune, breache of good manners, bridled tongues, and everybody has a tug to pull through.

An American lady married to an Italian prince a year ago has already left him. Some American girls are too proud to travel around with a tambourine all day.

It is said that Bartholdi's Statue of Liberty was modelled after his mother. It will be noticed, by examining the pictures of the statue that Mrs. Bartholdi used to hold the shingle in her left hand.

DIFFER FROM MAN—"Five thousand molecules can sit comfortably on the point of a pin." Herein the molecules differ materially from man. The latter couldn't sit "comfortably" on the point of a pin, to save his life.

"You ought to put a sign over that hatchway," said a policeman to a storekeeper, "or some one may tumble into it." "All right," replied the merchant; and he tied one of his "Fall Opening" placards to the railing.

A cyclone in Kansas carried away a bank building, but as the cashier had departed in an opposite direction the day before, it wasn't thought worth while to hunt after the bank.

The soprano wanted the tenor turned out of the choir because, after hearing her run up and down the scale six or seven times in one breath, he remarked that she was very successful as a wind-lass.

"My child," said Rattler to his youngest, "I always eats the crusts of my bread."

"I know it, papa," lisped the incorrigible, "I'm saving mine for you, too."

Baby has been forbidden to ask for dessert. The other day they forgot to serve him, and as baby is very obedient he remained silent, although much affected. "Josephine," said the father, "pass me a plate." "Won't you have mine, papa?" cried the baby, "it is very clean."

"I don't like these shoes," said a lady customer, "because the soles are too thick." "Is that the only objection?" blandly asked the shopkeeper. Yes," was the reply. "Then, madam, if you take the shoes, I can assure you that that objection will gradually wear way."

Marked Trout.

It is the custom of some of our fish commissioners to attach metal tags to liberated salmon, that when captured again, the growth of the fish may be noted. We once knew an angler who was in the habit of putting his mark on trout; but he did not use a metal tag. It was a rule with him to retain no trout that weighed less than one-half pound. When he landed one of less weight, he would carefully take it off the hook, mark it by biting off the upper portion of its tail fin, and throw it back into the water to grow. Sometimes he would catch these fish again after they had attained the proper size to find a place in his basket; and it was often a source of pleasure to him to receive a letter of thanks from some fellow-angler who had chanced to take one of the marked big fellows. On day this biter of trouts' tails was driving along some eighteen miles from home, when he came to a bridge over a stream, and in passing saw

Weymouth Gazette,
AND BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. XVIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1884. NO. 21

The Weymouth Gazette,
PUBLISHED BY
G. G. EASTERBROOK,
EVERY FRIDAY, AT WEYMOUTH, MASS.

TERMS:
Two Dollars a Year, in advance.
Single Copies, Five Cents.

Orders for all kinds of Printing will receive prompt attention, and be neatly and correctly executed.

BUSINESS CARDS.

R. V. Merchant
Begs leave to inform the citizens of Weymouth and vicinity that he is now prepared to make up
CLOTHING,
IN THE
LATEST STYLES,
And from the best Foreign and Domestic Goods.
His long experience in cutting
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
enables him to warrant a
PERFECT FIT
in all cases.
Prices as Low as the Lowest

WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK
President, HENRY A. NASH.
Treasurer, CHAS. T. CRANE.
Board of Investment:
HENRY A. NASH, ELIAS RICHARDS, GILBERT NASH, EDWIN PRATT, ANDREW J. BATES.
Bank hours from 1 to 5 o'clock P. M. on every business day, and from 7 to 9 o'clock on MONDAY EVENINGS.
Deposits placed on interest on the first Mondays of January, April, July and October.
OFFICE, Commercial St., Weymouth Landing.

HENRY H. ROBBINS
GROWER AND DEALER IN
Fruit and Ornamental Trees,
SHRUBS, VINES, ROSES, &c. AT THE
'LOCUST HILL NURSERIES.'
High Street. So. Abington.

J. F. TAYLOR, - AGENT,
Lovell's Corner, - - East Weymouth

Mrs. Dr. TUCK,
Office, 48 Boylston St., - Boston.
Hygenic Treatment,
~~At South Weymouth, Mass.~~

MASON & HAMLIN
ORGANS

THE subscriber has taken the Agency for the above Organ, and will, in connection with his former stock, keep a good assortment in stock,
FOR SALE or TO LET
at Bottom Prices.
Organs let on the Installment Plan of ten quarterly payments, which will amount to the full price of the Instrument, which, when paid, will entitle the person thus paying to a bill of sale of the Organ.
All payments to to be made one quarter in advance, and considered as rents till the full amount is paid.
GEO. S. BAKER,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

HAY and STRAW!
Bundle Hay and Straw
FOR SALE BY
JOS. LOUD & CO.,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

J. AUSTIN DEANE,
DEALER IN
COAL, FLOUR,
GRAIN, HAY,
FERTILIZERS, &c
SOUTH WEYMOUTH DEPOT.

PAPER HANGINGS.
Great Bargains.
A large stock of the LATEST STYLES of Paper Hangings, Borders, Dadoes, Picture Mouldings, etc., retailing for one-third less than any other store in Boston.
T. F. SWAN,
No. 12 Cornhill. Boston.

THE
Adams & Westlake
Wire Gauze,
Non-Explosive,
OIL STOVES
Are the Standard for
CONVENIENCE,
RELIABILITY,
NEATNESS,
ECONOMY,
Wire-Gauze Wick Pockets, on the principal of the safety Lamp, make this Stove absolutely non-explosive, it being impossible for flame to communicate with the oil or gas.
FOR SALE BY
S. W. PRATT
DEALER IN
Stoves, Furnaces and Ranges.
WEYMOUTH.

P. H. GAVIN,
Plumber,
Sanitary Part of the Business a Specialty.
98 HANCOCK ST., QUINCY.
Every variety of Plumbing work done at Lowest Prices. All orders from Weymouth and adjoining towns will receive prompt attention. Address all orders to P. O. Box 75, Quincy, Mass. 39 ly

W. T. BURRELL,
Painter and Glazier.
Paper Hanging a Specialty.
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Putty, Glue, etc., Constantly on hand.
Washington Cor. Broad St.,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.
Residence on Broad Street.

NEW STOCK
OF
PAINTERS SUPPLIES.
We have now in stock a general assortment of PAINT STOCK, consisting of
White Lead and Oil; Colors, Ground and Dry; Spirits, Japan, Red Lead; Glass, Putty, Varnish, Paint and Varnish Brushes; Shellac, Dry or Cut.
Also, 25 Colors and Shades of Mixed Paints, Ready for Use.
GEO. S. BAKER,
WEYMOUTH.

Dr. F. J. Bonney
DENTIST,
Faxon's Block, Chestnut St.,
QUINCY, MASS.
will be at
SOUTH WEYMOUTH Every Thursday.

J. G. WORSTER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES
AND PROVISIONS,
Washington Square, - WEYMOUTH.

COAL,
WOOD AND HAY,
AT
Wharf, East Braintree.
LYKENS VALLEY FRANKLIN COAL,
DIAMOND RED ASH "
BORDA " "
NORTH FRANKLIN RED ASH "
CAMERON SHAMOKIN " "
WHITE ASH FURNACE COAL,
" " EGG "
" " NUT "
" " STOVE "
Coal delivered at fair rates of Cartage.
HARD AND PINE WOOD, whole or sawed, and BUNDLE HAY.
For Sale at Lowest Cash Rates.
All orders promptly attended to. P.O. Address Weymouth, or East Braintree.
J. F. Sheppard & Sons.

Mrs. T. C. MELLEN,
FLORIST,
FRONT ST., WEYMOUTH.
TO all wishing good Plants of all the leading varieties, for Lawns and Gardens, I now offer as
Fine a Collection as can be found
CONSISTING OF
Verbenas, Coleus, Geraniums,
ALSO,
Choice Cut Flowers, Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, &c.
Orders by mail or telegraph filled at short notice.
PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
P. O. Box 144. Weymouth, Mass.

C. S. WILLIAMS,
Stock Broker.
U. S. SECURITIES, STOCKS & BONDS
BOUGHT and sold on commission, in Boston, New York and San Francisco. Money advanced on Stocks and Bonds purchased by us.
7 EXCHANGE PLACE,
BOSTON.

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST. WILSON'S LIGHTNING SEWER!
Two thousand stitches a minute. The only absolutely first-class Sewing Machine in the world. Sent on trial. Warranted 5 years. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Circular. Agents Wanted. THE WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., Chicago or New York.

The Appointed Part.

By thine own soul's law learn to live,
And if men thwart thee take no heed,
And if men hate thee have no care;
Sing thou a song and do thy deed.
Hope thou thy hope and pray thy prayer,
And claim no crown they will not give,
Nor bays they grudge thee for thy hair.

Keep thou thy soul-sworn steadfast oath
And to thy heart be true thy heart;
What thy soul teaches learn to know,
And play out thine appointed part;
And thou shalt reap as thou shalt sow;
Nor helped nor hindered in thy growth,
To thy full stature thou shalt grow.

Fix on the future's goal thy face,
Nor let thy feet be lured to stray
Now hither, but be swift to run,
And nowhere tarry by the way,
Until at last the end is won,
And thou may'st look back from thy place
And see thy long day's journey done.

CYNTHIA'S MISTAKE.

"It's such a lonesome place here," said Cynthia Copley, dolefully.

"Good creation!" retorted Uncle Phineas (for shortness known as "Fin"), "what did you expect? I told you, didn't I, that it was out on the shores of Lake Umbagog, without a house for two miles around?"

"Oh, yes, I know," said Cynthia, with a little shudder, "but I didn't know about the bald eagles screaming, and the horrid mooses with their big horns, and the lap-lap of the water on the shore! I declare, sometimes it seems as if I should go mad in this horrible solitude!"

"You'll get used to it arter awhile," said Uncle Fin, who was cleaning his gun-barrel with a piece of one of his old shirts. "I did!"

"But you aren't a woman, Uncle Fin."

"I declare to goodness, I never thought of that!" said the old man, with a chuckle. "It is pretty rough on a woman to have nobody to talk to—now, isn't it? Wal, if you'll get into the boat arter supper, I'll take you over to see Indian Oscelita. It's only three miles round the point, and she'll show you how to stuff birds, and do fancy-work with their quills, and play on the mandolin, and all that sort of thing. She's a right smart gal, Oscelita is, and pretty in the bargain. She's Pilot John's darter, and her mother was the handsomest Indian woman hereabout."

"Thank you!" said Miss Cynthia, drawing herself up, "but I am not yet reduced so low as to seek the association of an Indian squaw."

"Oh, go along!" said good-natured Uncle Fin. "Ossy ain't that. Her mother was as white as most white women, and her father is a fine-lookin' old chap yet. He was a Maine lumberman, till he took to runnin' the little steamer through the lakes. I just wish you could see the pretty little cabin they live in, all covered with morning-glories."

"I have no desire to see it," said Cynthia, pursing up her thin lips.

"Ossy is comin' round here some day to visit you, she says," hazarded Uncle Fin.

"She may as well save herself the trouble," observed Miss Copley.

"Oh-h-h!" said Uncle Fin, with a prolonged whistle. "You're too genteel to scrape spoons with Indian Oscelita, eh? Well, I do declare there ain't no findin' out the ways of women!"

And he laughed at intervals all the evening, and chuckled between whiles, to the intense discomfiture of his niece.

Miss Cynthia Copley had been the village dressmaker at Weldon Falls, in the state of Rhode Island, until a newer and more genteel interpreter of the fashions crowded her out.

There were eleven of them in the household nest, and when Cynthia came home, with a racking cough and nothing to do, it made a little awkwardness.

But just then arrived Uncle Fin, brown, beaming and uproariously good-natured.

"Eleven, eh?" he said to his care-worn brother. "Just the right number; not one too many. And if Cynthia's delicate, just send her out to spend a summer with me on the shores of Lake Umbagog. That'll set her right, if anything will. Why, bless your heart, man, there's health in every whiff of the pine-woods, and red cheeks in every gale that comes across the water! I live there alone, like Robinson Crusoe; but it ain't a bad place, and Cynthy'll be as welcome as flowers in May."

So Cynthia Copley packed her wardrobe of frills, flounces, jerseys and other feminine appurtenances, with a set of croquet and an outfit of lawn-tennis, some shelving boards and botanical cases, and the last new novels, and came to Lake Umbagog.

"Of course there are plenty of tourists there, she thought, exultantly, to herself, dreaming vague visions of returning home with a hat trimmed with orange-blossoms, and an Apollo-visaged young man in her train.

But, alas, she had been a month at Pine Point, and not a soul had come near the place, except two or three leather-faced old hunters, a crooked beldam, gathering herbs and simples and two showmen, in search of a fine specimen moose for their collection.

Was it any wonder that the demon homesickness took possession of her heart?

Uncle Fin, on his part, had not been entirely without the pangs of disappointment. Cynthia was not much company for him after all. She could not cook half so well as he could; she mended his stockings so bunglingly that they hurt his feet; and she forgot to make his bed every other day on an average.

"Ah, well!" he consoled himself; "I s'pose all women are alike. Indian Oscelita ain't cut arter that pattern, though. I'm level sure of that!"

Oscelita Dean came one day, on her father's steamer, to the little dock, with an offering of freshly-gathered blueberries, radiantly-spotted birds' eggs, and a fan of eagle plumes made by her own hands.

"Ah, thanks!" said Cynthia, tossing her head. "I don't care for birds' egg collections. We've plenty of blueberries here. What do you ask for the eagle fan?"

Oscelita colored a little.

"I meant it for a present," said she. "Will you accept it?"

"I couldnt think of such a thing,' said Cynthia, primly. "I never receive presents."

"Then I shall leave it for Mr. Copley," said Oscelita, smiling, as she hung it over the old hunter's big chair. "He will like it, I know."

Cynthia looked quickly around. Was it possible that Oscelita was manœuvring to entrap Uncle Fin for a husband? He would be quite fool enough to fall into the trap.

"You can do as you please about that," said she, knitting with all her might.

"Your are very lonely here," said Oscelita, in her soft, flute-like voice.

"It's the dismalest place I ever came across in my life," said Cynthia, pettishly.

"It doesn't seem so to me," said Oscelita. "In my eyes it is *home*."

"Tastes differ," said Cynthia, with a well-emphasized sniff.

But, as she sat there, she could see that Oscelita was tall and slender, with a complexion of the richest olive; dark, liquid eyes, and hair like jet silk. And, all in a second, she felt how elderly, and sallow, and plain she herself was!

But *she* was Doctor Copley's daughter, and Oscelita, after all, was nothing but the waif and stray of these wildernesses.

"I have been wishing to come and see you this long time," said Oscelita in her low, mild tone.

"Much obliged, I am sure," said Cynthia. "But I have resources within myself which preclude loneliness."

"Is there nothing I can do for you?" persisted Oscelita, thinking of the little boat wherewith she was wont to row out, in the pink sunrise, after water-lillies; of the hidden wood-nooks; the lovely little brooks, whither no one could conduct the stranger but herself.

"Thank you!" once more retorted Cynthia. "I don't know of anything—unless, indeed, you could come and scrub a half day for me every week. I should be willing to pay a half a dollar, if—"

Indian Oscelita rose quietly up.

"I think you are mistaken," said she. "I am not—a menial. Good-by, Miss Copley."

And Cynthia watched her unfasten the boat and glide away on the sparkling floor of the lake, with slow, graceful strokes.

"I don't think she will come again," said Cynthia, hugging herself. "The idea of an Indian girl expecting to be noticed by me!"

It was about this time that Captain Sydford came to the Point, fishing—one of the real, live tourists for whom Miss Cynthia's soul had so longed—and hired a room in Uncle Fin Copley's cabin.

And now began the real course of life. Miss Cynthia took her guitar, screwed up its strings, and practiced so desperately that not a bald eagle remained within ear-shot of the Point. She persecuted Uncle Fin into grubbing up stumps innumerable, and leveling down the ground for a tennis course; and she unpacked the nets and balls. She placed her water-colored sketches around in the most conspicuous places, and *posed* at sunset, with her easel and brushes, just where Captain Sydford would be most likely to see her when he alighted from the boat at supper time.

"She's a queer old customer," said the captain to himself. "If she *will* perch herself in those exposed spots, some high wind will blow her into the lake some day."

"A nephew of Sir Simon Sydford, of Ottawa?" said Cynthia, almost in a scream. "Good gracious me, Uncle Fin, why didn't you say so before?"

"Didn't think of it," said Uncle Fin. "Bless your heart, we get all sorts of folks this a-way. Lord Dufferin himself came down here and stayed all night at Peter Piffin's, the guide's hut. And we had a bank burglar at Eagle Bay for a week."

And straightway Miss Cynthia Copley laid the foundations for an air-castle whose pinnacles rose to the very clouds. She cooked the daintiest dishes in her *repertoire*—she played the guitar of moonlight nights, and talked general literature to poor Captain Sydford, until he fell asleep more than once, with his chair tipped back against the side of the little porch and snored audibly.

"I think it is making some impression upon him," she mused. "He looked at me twice yesterday just as if he were going to say something. If he would only propose definitely, all would be well!"

And that very evening, Captain Algernon Sydford broke the spell of silence, spurred on thereto by Miss Copley's broad hints.

"I suppose you'll think me a giddy young creature, captain," giggled she, "but—"

"I assure you that I don't think anything of the sort," said Captain Sydford, with emphasis.

"But one can't help one's thoughts," went on Cynthia, "and I have been wondering *so* much why you never married!"

"Oh, that's all going to be set right now," said the captain.

"Gracious me!" fluttered Miss Cynthia."

"I mean to take a wife back with me to Ottawa," went on Captain Sydford, with unaccustomed frankness. "To tell the truth, Miss Copley, I have lost my heart in this pine wilderness."

"Do you really mean it?" murmured Miss Copley, with a little gasp.

"Of course I mean it," said Captain Sydford, with his face fairly radiant.

"Then there can be no harm in confessing that—that I've loved you from the very first moment that I set eyes on you," gurgled Miss Cynthia, throwing herself in Captain Sydford's arms, in as close an imitation as possible of a tragic actress whom she had once seen in Boston. "Oh, dearest Algernon, I am s-s-*so* happy!"

But Captain Sydford rose up with exceeding promptness and deposited her carefully on the calico-draped lounge, as if she were a brown-paper parcel.

"My dear Miss Copley," said he, "you are entirely mistaken. It isn't you I mean at all. I am engaged to Miss Oscelita Dean. We are to be married to-morrow. I think she will be too happy to have you witness the ceremony, if you care to come."

But Miss Cynthia had run, sobbing and shrieking, out of the room.

She went back to the state of Rhode Island the next week, and by a strange combination of circumstances, she traveled on the same train which carried Mr. and Mrs. Captain Sydford to Boston; the captain exultantly happy, Oscelita sweet and shy as a wild-flower.

And ever after she spoke of Lake Umbagog as a wilderness, and its inhabitants as half-civilized aborigines. While throughout all the vicinity of Weldon Falls there reigns a general impression that Miss Cynthia Copley has met with a disappointment.—*Helen Forrest Graves.*

Thorns Held Sacred.

In Ulster, Ireland, the thorns are sacred; no plough approaches within some feet of them, and even to touch their branches is unlucky. Innumerable are the tales of fool-hardy persons who, after many warnings, insisted on breaking off leaves or boughs from such trees, and who were punished by losing the guilty hand, or by its being so torn by the thorns as to be crippled for life. Sometimes a man alone at work in the fields would hear his own name distinctly called, and, looking up, would see all the little folk in green dancing on a hillside or playing among trees, and whilst he gazed they would all vanish again. They are in popular legends the very embodiment of caprice and fitful zeal for good or evil. For no apparent cause, some man or woman is suddenly singled out for every sort of favor; the ashes on the hearths are changed by night to glittering gold, the empty cans are filled with well-water by the *toil* of the tiny friends, the housework is done, and the barrel kept full of meal; and then on a sudden they forsake the favorite of a fortnight, and pelt him with petty woes till he is half wild, or, maybe, dry up the supply of milk, lame his horses, or blight his child. Their love of children, and their longing to carry them away, have suggested many touching ballads, and they are supposed to be willing to give any good gift to a household in return for leave to rock the cradle.

In Olden Times.

In the year 800 what was the state of Europe? The Goths, the Vandals, the Franks, the Huns, the Normans, the Turks, and other barbarian hordes, had invaded and overthrown the Roman Empire, and had established various kingdoms upon its ruins. Reading, writing and ciphering were separate and distinct trades. The masses, the nobility, the poor and the rich, were wholly unacquainted with the mysteries of the alphabet and the pen. A few men, known as clerks, who generally belonged to the priesthood, monopolized them as a special class of artists. They taught their business only to the seminarists, apprentices, and beyond themselves and their few pupils, no one knew how to read or write, nor was it expected of the generality any more than it would be nowadays, that everybody should be a shoemaker or a lawyer. Kings did not even know how to sign their names, so that when they wanted to subscribe to a written contract, law or treaty, which some clerk had drawn up for them, they would smear the right hand with ink, and slap it down upon the parchment, saying "Witness my hand." At a later date some genious devised the substitute of the seal, which was impressed instead of the hand. Every gentleman had a seal with a peculiar device thereon. Hence the sacramental words now in use, "Witness my hand and seal," affixed to modern deeds, serve at least the purpose of reminding us of the ignorance of the middle ages.

A CRANK ON THE THRONE.

Eccentricities of the King of Bavaria.

Hiding From His Subjects and Indulging in Queer Antics.

Multifarious are the anecdotes—fables, some of them, I really believe—told of the king. He is a misogynist, a hater of court ceremonials, yet withal a man who stands upon his dignity; a passionate lover of mountain scenery, and a great stickler for the anatomy of Bavaria. He will not have it Prussianized at any price. His favorite seat is a hunting-lodge up in the mountains. It is said that he sleeps in a large, lofty room, with the ceiling painted to represent the firmament, and a practicable moon shedding a mellow light from one quarter of the artificial heavens. The perspective is managed so as to give the illusion of spaciousness, and through the distant trees cut out on the canvas, as he reclines may be heard the plash of falling waters. Their lullaby hushes him to sleep. Sometimes his majesty rises in the night, has a black steed saddled, and dashes off at whirlwind speed up and down the hill roads—which are well kept for that reason—like a phantom horseman pursued by some relentless decree of the supernatural powers. The finest stud in Bavaria is to be found in his stables, but the cattle are cast soon and often; they are thoroughly worn out and broken down after a very few years in the royal service. He plays practical jokes on his retinue sometimes. It is related of him that a minister arrived in hot haste once to crave an audience on important business of state. The king was out hunting the chamois, but by some chance the minister succeeded in catching the party. Ludwig preceded him to a gamekeeper's hut, where he sometimes used to lunch, and went in, telling him to attend him. The minister waited one hour, two hours, and at last, losing patience, and fearing that his royal master had been attacked by some sudden illness, forced in the door. No king was there. He had made his exit by a window at the back, and was away on the high hills in pursuit of the game. In the capital his majesty often commands an opera—generally one by Wagner, for whom he has as strange a predilection as a predecessor on the throne had for Lola Montez, and this opera is produced in the middle of the day. The theater is darkened, and no one is admitted to the auditorium but himself. If he is pleased he sends the prima donna, not a bracelet nor a ring, but a bouquet of flowers plucked by his own hands. He once had "Lohengrin" enacted on the Starnberger See, the borders of the Lake having been illuminated at his expense. When the war with France broke out he was displeased, but dared not attempt to stem the tide of universal German feeling. However, he declined to go to the front, and withdrew himself to his beloved solitudes while the stirring events which led to the building of the German empire were thrilling the world with excitement. At the close of the duel of Titans, the crown prince of Germany came to Munich to pass the victorious Bavarians in gala review. The king fled again to the mountains. He knew the popular commander would receive an enthusiastic greeting, and he did not choose to play second fiddle in his own capital to any domestic foreigner. He takes a deep interest in the "Passion Play," and when Josef Meyer was drafted into a fighting contingent, he gave strict orders that he should be detained at Munich and employed as a clerk in the war office. The village of the Mystery lost its own share in that conflict which brought mourning to so many humble firesides in the fatherland, and of the actual performers two or three who had speaking parts in 1870 were killed in the field or succumbed to their wounds.—*Tinsley's Magazine.*

An Idaho Mining Camp.

Murrayville, writes a correspondent of the New York *Times*, has one main street, from which, at intervals, are offshoots in the shape of side streets. It is about 75 feet wide, and is full of stumps of the trees cut to make room for the town site. On either side of this main street, for perhaps an eighth of a mile, are ranged the stores. They are of every conceivable kind and shape. There are a few log houses, more tents and tent houses, but one-story frame buildings abound. A tent house is half log or frame house and half tent; it is simply a shell of logs or boards with a canvas roof. This kind of building is very plentiful in the West, and particularly popular in new towns. The canvas is not made specially for the houses; it is an ordinary tent adapted to the purpose. Their size is often considerable. I have seen them 90 by 30 feet, but the average are from 60 by 20 to 40 by 20. They are plentiful because they are cheap, lumber being an expensive article in a new country, but they are more comfortable than a tent. Anything covered with canvas is damp in rainy weather, and insufferably hot when the sun pours down upon it; besides light canvas is not waterproof, and here eight-ounce or bucking is used almost exclusively.

There is no seasoned lumber in the town, and promises not to be for some time owing to the limited capacity of the sawmills of the gulch. Everything has been built of green material, and for a long time lumber was worked into houses the same day it was sawed. It sells now at $35 per 1,000 feet Two weeks ago it was at $60 per 1,000 feet, and before any sawmills were put in it was at one time as high as $300 per 1,000 feet. At that time every plank was whipsawed, the amount made was small, and the demand was very great. Many thousands of feet were sold at $300, $275, $250 per 1,000 feet, and most of it was sold before it was cut.

Co-operation in England.

It will probably surprise most people to be told that in England co-operation has made such headway as to induce a cautious journal like *The London Spectator* to predict "that long before the century is out the whole of our working class will be in association, and will have the staple trades of the country in their hands or under their control." Yet the statistics of the movement seem to show that such a prediction is not idle exaggeration. At present there are over 1,200 societies of working-folks, numbering 600,000 members. Almost all of them are heads of families, and they therefore represent two millions and a half of people, or one-twelfth of the whole population of the kingdom. These societies possess a capital of $15,000,000, and make a net profit of $10,000,000 yearly. Besides this they have a Wholesale Society, now in its twentieth year, which on a capital of $200,000 does a business of upward of $15,000,000, with a net profit of $160,000. This concern has branches and depots in Scotland, Ireland, this city, France and Denmark, and owns three large steamers which ply between England and the Continent on the company's business. And the constitution of this already great Union pledges it to "the promotion of the practice of truthfulness, justice and economy in production and exchange—(1) by the abolition of all false dealing, either direct or indirect; (2) by conciliating the conflicting interests of the capitalist, the worker, and the purchaser, through an equitable division among them of the fund commonly known as profits; (3) by preventing the waste of labor now caused by unregulated competition." No society is admitted to the Union unless it agrees to accept these principles as its guiding rules of business.

There is thus established a system which promises in good time to solve the most difficult economic problems of the age, and to find a common standing ground for Capital and Labor.—*New York Tribune.*

A Long Pneumatic Tube.

A company is getting ready to build a pneumatic tube for carrying letters and small packages from Chicago to New York. The idea at first seems impracticable, but on examination it turns out to be feasible. Two tubes are to be made of brass, which will run side by side, although it is said one tube will be tried at first. A powerful engine with an exhaust-wheel is to be stationed at one end. It is said that if the tube is properly made and planted no air will escape. The right of way it is believed can be secured for nothing, or at a nominal expense, and the main cost will be the tube and the engines and stations. A letter, a sample of grain, or package of any kind which is to be sent, is inclosed in a leather ball. A ball presents the least friction as a rolling object, and the leather is to be stiff and heavy. A continuous current of air is passing through the tube constantly. With one pipe the plan is to reverse the engine every hour—the first hour forcing air into it at the Chicago end and sending packages to New York, the next hour exhausting the air at Chicago and drawing the packages as quickly back. The men who have it in charge do not say how long it will take to send a package this way, but claim to be able to do it in less than a minute. Stations will be established at the important cities on the route. It is expected to pay a large profit, and to do the business of the telegraph companies, express companies, and the mail. They say the scheme of sending crude petroleum by a pipe for long distances, as is now done, was laughed at at first and that this one is more practicable, if possible, and not nearly so costly, as the pipes are to be small and can go around curves and over hills as well as on a level.—*New York Graphic.*

The Oldest Tree.

The oldest tree in the world, so far as known, is the Bo tree of the sacred city of Amarapura. It was planted, according to tradition, B. C. 288, and is therefore now 2170 years old. Sir James Emerson Tennet gives reason for believing that the tree is really of this wonderful age, and refers to historic documents in which it is mentioned at different dates, as A. D. 182, A. D. 223, and so on to the present day. "To it," says Sir James, "kings have dedicated their dominions, in testimony of belief that it is a branch of the identical fig-tree under which Buddha reclined at Urumelya when he underwent his apotheosis. Its leaves are carried away on streamers by pilgrims, but it is deemed too sacred to touch with a knife, and hence they are only gathered when they fall. The King oak in Windsor Forest is said to be 1000 years old.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

"Captain Joe," the local chief of the Washoe Indians, says that there is a squaw living in the outskirts of Carson, Nevada, who is nearly one hundred and fifty years old. Her grandson, at the age of thirty, was one of General Fremont's guides when he crossed the plains.

"Sometimes our misfortunes are blessings in disguise;" as, for instance, the last flood which inundated Cincinnati so cleansed the city that it has been unusually healthful ever since. Most cities would be benefitted by a mild dose of the same medicine.

A professional gambler, says an Eastern paper, who has just returned from a Western tour reports that gambling is dying out in the West, few houses being open and the stakes so small that they are hardly worth playing for. Even on the Mississippi boats gambling is strictly prohibited. New Orleans, with its licensed tables, appears to be the gambler's only refuge. Possibly the traveler did not pause a night or two in Chicago.

A local paper of Dakota is responsible for the following: A Dakota farmer in 1881 planted a single grain of spring wheat and from it grew twenty-two stalks, each bearing a ful head of wheat, yielding in all 860 grains of wheat; 760 of these were planted the next year, producing one-fifth of a bushel of splendid wheat. This was planted last spring, yielding seventeen bushels, making 1,020 pounds of wheat from one grain in three years.

The revision of the Old Testament, which it was hoped, would be out this year, will probably not make its appearance before early in 1885. The eighty-fifth and last session of the English revision committee has been held, but months must intervene before the complete work can be given to the public. Nothing is positively known of any changes made in the old version, the revisers on both sides of the Atlantic having kept their pledge of secrecy.

Benjamin Franklin left $5,000 to Boston to be loaned in small sums to young married mechanics under 25 who had served an apprenticeship, had good character, and could give bonds for the repayment of the money in annual installments. The changed condition of mechanics, the decay of the apprentice system, and other causes have made the bequest of no value to those for whom it was intended under the rules Franklin laid down. The fund now amounts to more than $290,000, and is increasing at the rate of $10,000 a year.

A wonderful farm is that known as Baldwin's Santa Anita ranch, in Los Angeles county, California. It comprises 1,200 acres in grapes, 16,000 orange and lemon trees, 2,000 pomegranates, 3,000 English walnut trees, 2,000 almond trees, 2,500 peach trees, 4,000 pear trees, 2,000 apricot trees, 1,000 fig trees, and subsistence is furnished for 25,000 head of sheep, 2,000 cows and pigs and several hundred horses and mules, and this year before harvest could be seen 17,000 acres of golden grain.

A correspondent of the *Illustrated London News* says that the best soldiers in the world are not Englishmen, as an Englishman would naturally think, but Montenegrins and the men of Herzegovina. These mountaineers "are of stalwart proportions, heroic courage and marvelous military aptitude. They are without rivals anywhere in the world." Next, he says, come the Turks—"the private soldiers; brave, patient, hospitable, enduring," they "come second among the warriors of the world." After the Turks "undoubtedly come the English," though he admits he has not seen the German army in the field.

A curious claim pending in the pension office at Washington, belonging to the war of 1812, is one presented by the widow of Anthony Coslo, *alias* Anthony Castle. It cites that Anthony Castle, who died in 1870 at Ann Arbor, Mich., joined the British forces in Canada, that he deserted in 1814, crossed on the ice to the American side of the river and entered the United States service. After serving here six months he was retaken by the British at a point six miles below Niagara Falls, court-martialed and sentenced to death. His sentence was, however, commuted to 800 lashes, from the result of which he never recovered, and for which a pension was granted him. This pension his widow asks to have increased.

Recreation in Shanghai.

Shanghai is full of men of great activity, even if the settlement is somewhat dull. They have mainly to rely upon themselves for amusement, so that it is nothing strange that one finds all sorts of amateurs out there, and clever amateurs they are as a rule. They have an amateur dramatic club, which gives five or six plays, in the winter time, in a very commodious theater. The scene painters are men in business who go in for the fun of the thing, and do some very fine work. I have seen the Chief Judge of the British Supreme Court playing the flute in the orchestra.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

The Printer and the Press.

Here's to the honest type,
Whose busy brain and hand
Presents in most attractive form
The news of every land;
The treasures of intelligence
Are all at his command.

Here's all success unto the press,
Commissioned to proclaim
The triumphs of inventive art,
The meed of well-earned fame;
Unmask the face of knavery,
And brighten honor's name.

To write, to speak, without reserve,
Let all the right possess;
Confusion to the tyrant clown
Who would that right suppress,
And everlasting honor to
The Printer and the Press.

—*C. F. Green.*

HUMOROUS.

Members of a boating club should always be true to its scullers.

The man who remains out till twenty-four o'clock can be said to be having a high old time.

It is no use telling the individual with a harsh voice that soaking it in oil might make it easier.

Professor Proctor says the earth is still in her youth. That explains why she goes around so much and is out so late at nights.

"La! me!" said the old lady, "times do change. They now wear kids on their hands. When I was a child they wore out their hands on the kids."

"So you called that well water?" remarked the stranger, spurting the offending liquid from his mouth. "Great Scot! how must it have tasted when it was ill?"

"I think I will go to Ohio to live," said a maiden of uncertain age. "What for?" "Because there is one factory there that makes 50,000 matches every day," she replied, with a sigh.

One young man said to another: "It is a long way from this world to the next." "Oh never mind, my dear fellow," said the other; "you'll have it all down hill."

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

He who lives for himself, lives but for a little thing.

Silence is the wit of fools and one of the virtues of the wise.

Every man's ability may be strengthened or increased by culture.

There is nothing that so lifts up the heart and soul of man as the consciousness of a duty well performed.

A man need only to correct himself with the same rigor he reprehends others, and excuse others with the same indulgence that he shows to himself.

One of the greatest duties of parents is to help their children mark out an aim in life. The mistake many fathers and mothers make is in being too arbitrary in this matter.

Life is made up, not of great sacrifices or duties, but of little things, in which smiles and kindnesses and small obligations, given habitually, are what win and preserve the heart and secure comfort.

To grow old is quite natural; being natural it is beautiful; and if we grumble at it, we miss the lesson and lose all the beauty.

To succeed one must sometimes be very bold and sometimes very prudent.

The Canals of Amsterdam.

The canals are an unmitigated nuisance. They may be all very well in the winter, if the frost be hard enough to freeze them, but as soon as the weather begins to grow warm they give an odor like that which the Scriptures tells us emitted by the deeds of the wicked. They cut the city in all directions, and are of course only to be crossed at regular intervals by the aid of bridges; so that the pedestrian wanting to get from one side of the street to the other is liable to be sent 200 yards out of his way before he can do so. At night, in a dark street, they are to be approached warily, for a false step or a stumble against the stone pillars to which the boats and barges are moored would be apt to send one head foremost into the water. But the quaint craft that ply their sluggish waters have a character and interest of their own, and the mingling of town life with the life of the river is curious enough in the streets where the canals are found.—*Tinsley's Magazine.*

Emotions and Health.

Physicians make a mistake if they treat their patients with material remedies alone. There is a psychological element of cure. By agreeable emotions nervous currents are liberated, which stimulate the blood, brain and viscera. The emotions of persons are more important to health than most physicians suppose. Agreeable emotions are curative in their influence upon invalids, while disagreeable emotions often produce disease in persons of good health. A dyspeptic under the influence of depressing emotions cannot at his own table eat an ounce of food without subsequent distress; but at the table of a friend, under agreeable circumstances, he can eat a hearty meal without discomfort.—*Health and Home.*

In Philadelphia all the gutters are flushed daily by turning the water on from the fire plugs at a certain hour.

The Weymouth Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 12, 1884.

The Coming Fair.

The indications for the approaching fair of the Weymouth A. & I. Society are very favorable for a large attendance, the announcement of the lengthy list of attractions to be presented exciting an unusual degree of interest in the adjacent towns as well as at home. It is expected that the military display on the first day will be quite brilliant, and as Major Pierce, of Weymouth, who is one of the judges for the prize drill, has a large acquaintance in military circles, we are confident that he will do good service in bringing out a large delegation of troops for the prize drill contest. The hook and ladder companies are full of enthusiasm for their exhibition, which promises to be a most exciting and interesting feature of the second day's programme. The races each day will show some close trotting, as the large prizes offered will be an extra inducement for owners of fast nags to enter their horses for the principal races In the announcement on the next page it will be seen that Mr. Joshua Wilkins, of Braintree, owner of the famous stallion Arbiter, offers a premium of $25 for the best colt of get of Arbiter. Especial attention is called to the exhibition of draft horses, which is to be one of the best features of the fair this season, the increased premiums being an inducement for teamers to take part in the trial.

The several contests in the "national game" will interest every lover of this sport and will be well worth witnessing, while the Dog Circus of Prof. Burton is said to be equal to anything of this character ever presented to the public, and is a wonderful display of canine intelligence. The game of lacrosse, the foot races and tug-of-war, the exhibitions of stock on the grounds and products of the farm and garden, fancy articles, etc., in the hall, aid in making up a most extensive and attractive array of entertainment, sufficient to induce everybody to attend the fair and make the twentieth annual exhibition of the society the most notable event in its history.

New Road.

A hearing was given at the railroad station in East Weymouth, yesterday afternoon, by the board of Selectmen, to the petitioners for a new road across the meadow, from Commercial street, opposite Hill, to Station street, near the depot. Joseph Totman, Esq., whose name headed the petition, stated that the road was highly necessary, and that the time had come when the residents in that section were unanimously in favor of a road across the tract, as 600 or more people were compelled to travel a long and circuitous route to the station, and this short route would give them a much needed accommodation. The proposed route is a compromise between two other routes which have been advocated, one of which was killed by a vote of the town. There are but two land owners on the route, the Weymouth Iron Co. and John P. Lovell, and as there appeared to be no opposition to the road, the Selectmen will locate a route at a slight angle with Hill street, thence continuing in a straight line to a point near the freight house on Station street, and present it for action at a future town meeting.

Arrested.

F. Wilbar Torrey, who hired a team of Mr. David Thayer, of South Braintree, on the evening of July 11th, with the statement that he was going to So. Hingham after a trunk, was arrested by State Detective Thomas on Monday last, and has been tried at the Superior court now in session at Dedham, the charge being that on the above named evening he hired the team and afterwards traded it off for another with Wm. Burrell, of South Weymouth, and then proceeding to South Duxbury he sold the horse to Mr. Lewis H. Cushing for $35. The wagon he got at Burrell's and the harness, etc., were left with Cushing, Torrey stating at the time he would call for them. The property has been recovered and returned to the owner. Torrey, after leaving this locality, enlisted and was stationed at New York, where he was arrested, as stated. This is not the only charge against Torrey, he having some years since entered the stable of Mr. Daniel Pratt at night, taking a horse and carriage, which were afterward found at Scituate. Through friends the matter was never prosecuted. He was sentenced to two years in the House of Correction.

Deaths.

Mr. Nathan Bates, a prominent member of the M. E. church and a highly respected citizen, died suddenly yesterday noon, at the residence of his granddaughter, Mrs. A. H. Leonard, aged 84 years. He had just finished his dinner, and was sitting in his chair at the table, when without a moment's warning to those about him he expired. Mr. Bates was the last one of thirteen children of Alpheus and Elizabeth Bates, who formerly lived on Middle street. In 1832 he became a member of the Methodist church and has always been an active christian worker. The funeral occurs tomorrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence on Commercial street.

Hardly had the sad news of Mr. Bates' death been announced when the community was pained at the intelligence of the death of Mr. John B. Drew, which occurred about 3 o'clock. Mr. Drew was 59 years and 4 months of age. He was a native of Durham, N. H. and in December, 1864, he removed from Braintree and commenced the express business between East Weymouth and Boston, and by close attention succeeded in establishing a prosperous trade.—He was a Sir K't of South Shore Commandery, and a member of Orphans Hope Lodge, F. & A. M., Crescent Lodge, I. O. O. F., and the Expressman's League, of Boston. The funeral takes place Monday next, at 1.30 P. M., from his late residence on Commercial street.

Tufts Library.

The total number of books in the Tufts Library is 7918, the bulletin for Sept. 1, showing additions of about 200 books of sterling merit, together with periodicals and public documents.

If you buy $5.00 worth of goods at the "Brookside" before Dec. 24, 1884, your chances are that you may be presented with the $50.00 Sewing Machine which is on exhibition in the window. Our goods are the bottom prices for cash.

Boys' Base Ball Shoes, 85 cts., at the "Brookside."

The following resolutions on the death of Mr. Sam'l A. Writhington were unanimously adopted by Mechanics Temple of Honor at its last regular meeting, Sept. 4, 1884.

It has pleased the allwise disposer of events in his Infinite Wisdom to remove one of the oldest Pillars of our Temple, Bro. Samuel A. Wrightington, to that Temple not made with hands eternal in the heavens, therefore be it

Resolved, That in this solemn event, we recognize the hand of an Infinite Father who is too wise to err and too good to be unkind.

Resolved, That we will ever cherish the memory of our departed Brother and strive to emulate his many virtues.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with his afflicted family, and commend them for consolation to that word which was *his* guide in life and his support and comfort in his sickness and death.

Resolved, That as an expression of our respect to his memory that our Charter be draped and the usual badge of mourning be worn for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these Resolutions be spread upon our records, and another be offered for publication in the Weymouth Gazette and News, and that a copy be sent to the family of our deceased Brother. Respectfully submitted,

DAVID TUCKER.
WILMOT CLEVERLY.
WALDO TURNER.

Base Ball.

The result of the base ball game between Newhall & Hall and J. W. Hart & Co's nines, played last Saturday, is as follows.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Newhall & Hall	0	5	1	2	1	0	4	3		—16
J. W. H. & Co.	3	2	3	0	1	5	1	0	0	—15

This game being the second between these two clubs was closely contested throughout, the first having been won by the Newhall & Hall's. Each club had a man injured in the latter part of the game, Corridon and J. Griffin being "knocked out" and their places filled by D. Hart and J. White. The game was finally won by the effective pitching of H. Griffin for the Newhall & Hall's, with one inning to spare. The umpire was Wm. Carey, who gave satisfaction to both nines.

The five hundred admirers of base ball who were present at the game between the Rangers and Live Oaks on Saturday last, found the visiting club to be inferior to the home club in batting, catching and pitching, and the L. O. was defeated by a score of 17 to 5.

Political.

At the Prohibitory caucus held at Reform Club Hall, last Saturday evening, Mr. Wilmot Cleverly, chairman, and Mr. Nathan Pratt, secretary, the following delegates were chosen to the state convention which was held at Boston last Wednesday: Wilmot Cleverly, Joshua Vinal, G. W. Dyer, E. E. Chapman, M. Collyer, F. H. Cowing, Nathan Pratt, Rev. F. P. Chapin, Geo. Buttrick, J. W. Pierce, Daniel Mallett, Rev. F. D. Sargent. A committee of three was chosen, consisting of Messrs. Buttrick, Cleverly, and Vinal, to consider the matter of calling a senatorial convention at early date. The initiatory steps were taken towards forming a St. John and Daniel club.

The Democrats of Ward 2 met at Odd Fellows banquet hall last Monday evening and formed a Cleveland and Hendricks club, the officers chosen being as follows:

President, James L. Lincoln.

Vice Presidents, Z. L. Bicknell, Sam'l Healey, Martin Burrell, James O'Donovan, M. Sheehy, S. C. Denton, G. W. Baker, J. R. Totman, E. C. Raymond, George Manuel, Waldo French, C. G. Jones, Oliver Burrell, G. W. Tirrell, J. V. Powers, James Doran, John Monks, A. E. Tirrell, C. H. Matherson, J. A. Roarty, Dr. J. C. Fraser, Thos. A. Boyle, Thos. Orr, Francis H. Cushing, Felix Lavelle.

Finance Committee, Oliver Burrell, D. M. Easton, John Monks, J. L. Lincoln, Calvin Raymond, Rob't McIntosh, M. McGrath, William Connell, Thomas Monks.

Recording Secretaries, John A. Connell, C. G. Jones, G. A. McGowan.

Treasurer, Robert McIntosh.

Corresponding Sec'y, D. M. Easton.

Janitor, Robert Lincoln.

The hall, which has been secured for the campaign, will be open every weekday evening, and the daily papers and campaign documents for reference, will be found there. Voters of all parties are welcomed.

Reunion.

The annual reunion of the Weymouth Agricultural and Industrial Society was held at their hall last Wednesday evening, the attendance being large, and the entertainment being of a very pleasing character, Misses Torrey, Fannie W. Sprague and Nellie T. Nolan, and Mrs. Eva Baker furnishing brilliant vocal music, Stetson's Weymouth Band also aiding in the programme. A company of sable vocalists was introduced by the President, and filled their humorous part to the great amusement of the audience. A collation of cake, pastry, ice cream and coffee, was provided, after which dancing was in order.

Sidewalk Impediment.

The sidewalk not being wide enough for a young man from a neighboring village, last Sunday evening, ladies being unable to pass him without stepping into the gutter, officer Loud took him to the lockup, and Judge Humphrey fined him $1 and costs next morning. A new departure is to be made henceforth in respect to persons who cut too wide a swath on the walks, and all such are to be trotted into the lockup at once.

Notice.

Dan Nash's Guide Company, who were received with such marked manifestations of public approbation in this place last spring, will give one of their unique and highly pleasing entertainments at Weymouth town hall, Monday evening next, at Loring hall, Hingham, Tuesday evening, and at Braintree town hall Wednesday evening. The panorama of Ireland exhibited is very artistic and truthful, and is alone worth the price of admission, while the inimitable character sketches of Dan and troupe give a life and attraction to the entertainment which always draws a crowd.

Meeting.

At the meeting of the Village Cemetery Association held on Monday evening, S. W. Gutterson, Moderator, and W. P. Sanborn, Secretary, it was voted to exchange land so as to straighten the line between Mr. John N. Our's and the village cemetery, as proposed by the directors of the association; also voted to set aside the narrow strip of land on the southern driveway of the cemetery, for beautifying the grounds as proposed by the ladies.

Boys' Cadet Caps, only 50 cents at Louis W. Nash's store.

Temperance Notes.

Last Saturday notices were circulated through the Landing, announcing that Prof. Gardner, a noted temperance advocate, would deliver an address on the subject of temperance in the Baptist church on Sunday evening, and at the appointed time a large audience gathered to listen to his address, which occupied an hour or more in delivery.—Prof. Gardner has some 400 letters from the most noted clergymen of different denominations, endorsing his labors in behalf of the cause.

At the union service at the Cong'l church on Sunday evening last the auditorium was packed with people, assembled to listen to the temperance lecture delivered by Miss Francis A. Willard, the distinguished temperance advocate and President of the National W. C. T. U. Mr. A. M. Raymond presided at the organ, and the choir rendered appropriate singing for the occasion. Rev. Mr. DePew read the 60th Psalm, followed with an invocation by Rev. Mr. Carroll. The speaker proved herself to be exceptionally interesting, with a thorough knowledge of the temperance question, having travelled throughout the country, visiting every state and territory in the Union, which gives her decided advantage over other lecturers in presenting her arguments. Nothing sensational was uttered, but on the contrary the lecture comprised all that was sensible, scientific, and christian, and met the approval of her hearers.

The platform in front of the pulpit was decorated with beautiful floral offerings, furnished in behalf of the W. C. T. U., by several public spirited residents of East Weymouth, the gifts and givers being as follows:

Cross and crescent, Mrs. M. E. Hawes; cross, Dr. Greeley; pillow, Mrs. Jacob F. Dizer; baskets of flowers, Mrs. Asa B. Pratt, Mrs. James Dunbar, Mrs. C. H. Pratt, Millard Baker; bouquets, Mrs. Enos Raymond, Mrs. A. Denbroeder.

The contribution taken at the close of the lecture, to defray the expenses, yielded nearly $30, and this sum was increased by a collection for the same purpose at the afternoon service in the M. E. church.

Briefs.

There will be but one Sunday train over the South Shore route next Sunday.

Mackerel catching was the Sunday service of a large number of residents last Sabbath, the river swarming with boats and the town being redolent with the odor of fried mackerel.

The name of the lady who sang so acceptably at the Baptist church Sunday week, was Mrs. Thomas Child, of Neponset, and not Bates, as we were informed.

Flower Pots and Garden Trowels for sale at VAUGHAN'S.

The Hardscrabble H. & L. Company are devoting considerable time to practising, and the boys say they expect to take first prize at the contest at Weymouth fair.

Many of our residents attended the Marshfield fair yesterday.

The Law and Order League is gaining in membership.

A hog pen said to smell quite badly by persons in the square, needs attending to by the board of health.

Miss Sarah A. White, our popular milliner of this village, returned from four week's vacation at Osterville and Cottage city to day, will be open Monday next for business.

For Shelf Paper and Stationery call at VAUGHAN'S.

The final game of ball between Newhall & Hall's and Sterling & Co's nines occurs to-morrow afternoon, at 3-30 o'clock on the vacant lot corner of Front and Federal streets.

Rev. Mr. Wells, a former rector of Trinity parish, will preach at that church on Sunday morning, at 10-30 o'clock.

The Weymouth Band will give an open air concert at South Weymouth next Wednesday evening.

See card of Miss Ellen E. Adlington, soliciting scholars for private school.

Samuel Curtis has just completed the painting of his house, which looks nicely.

Messrs. J. B. Rhines & Co. have received three cargoes of lumber this week.

A party of Front street gentlemen went down the river yesterday in Capt. Whitmarsh's fine yacht "Nettie."

The following cases from Weymouth have been disposed of at the Superior Court now in session at Dedham:—

Dorick White, for keeping a liquor nuisance, fined $50 and costs, and paid; Edward Fraher, 2nd, of East Weymouth, for a like offense, convicted and will be sentenced on Monday.

Flowers for the Boston Hospitals may be sent next Wednesday evening to Miss S. H. Richards, Washington Sq.

"To live is Christ; to die is gain," will be the subject of Rev. Mr. Eaton's sermon in the Universalist Church next Sunday morning.

Mr. W. P. Sanborn has the honor of raising at his residence, the first Blaine & Logan flag in ward 3.

The friends of Blaine and Logan will meet next Monday evening to form a club and battalion for the campaign. See notice in our columns.

Mr. John O. Remington, accompanied by his wife and daughter, left Hingham on Sunday afternoon for a sojourn of a few days at New York.

The last graduating class of the North High school will by invitation of Mr. P. H. Blanchard, make a visit tomorrow to his cottage at Green Harbor, Marshfield. They will be conveyed in Baker & Son's Northern Light.

Mr. Freeman Whitmarsh, while fishing in an open boat on Wednesday last, was overcome by the heat and was unable to be about the following day.

A letter dated S. L. Ranch, Pumpkin creek, Nebraska, August 21st, was recently received from Mr. C. H. Loud, son of Mr. Cyrus Loud, which states that the writer had just returned to his ranch, after five months absence, with 2000 head of cattle. Mr. Loud enjoys excellent health and further states that within a year's time he expects to have in charge all told, 5000 head of cattle. If possible, he will come east this winter to visit his parents.

PAINE is continually adding New Styles to his immense stock of fine furniture, Dining Room Tables and Chairs, New Styles in Chamber and Parlor Suites have just been added, also a number of New Styles in Book Cases are now being finished. Everything made and finished by him is warranted to be as represented and to give pefect satisfaction or money returned. One entrance is on Canal Street, No 48, opposite Maine Depot.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

The Eureka H. & L. Company have voted to obtain new uniforms.

Harry Ryder has taken a position at Totman's news stand.

The W. C. T. U. meeting occurs on Tuesday afternoon at 2.30, at the room.

A full account of the new skating rink will appear in our next issue.

The factory of R. G. Haskell was shut down last Monday, the inspirator of the boiler giving out.

M. F. Baker's grocery team was accidentally capsized but no damage of any account was done.

The cars on the Nantasket Beach R. R. discontinue running on the 15th inst.

Miss Abbie Rogers has returned from the mountains, and will resume her duties as teacher of music.

A lamp in the house of Mr. James O'Donovan exploded on Saturday evening last, doing but little damage.

Mr. E. B. Gay, Foreman of Steamer Co. No. 2, has tendered his resignation, to the regret of the entire company.

Misses Addie Pillsbury and Emma Lane are spending a few weeks in Wolfboro, N. H.

The Old Colony R. R. will place new steps on all the passenger cars, furnishing four steps instead of three.

Mr. G. W. Bailey started for a trip to Turner, Me., Monday, expecting to be absent about one month.

C. F. Stetson has the nobbiest lot of children's school shoes ever sold in the town. Call and see them, at the Boston Boot and Shoe Store.

The Cong'l choir will meet for rehearsal in the vestry Saturday evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock, and it is hoped every member will be present.

Miss Lulu French, clerk at Stetson's boot and shoe store, has returned from the mountains, where she has passed her vacation.

Mr. M. E. Hawes started on a trip Monday with a full line of boot and shoe samples of J. R. Totman's manufacture.

A cow owned by R. Pratt wandered on to the railroad track, and would not move until she was driven off by the fireman of a train.

Stephen Cain, Jr., of East Weymouth and John Field, of the Landing, are serving as jurors in the Superior Court at Dedham.

A party of Abington friends paid a surprise visit to Mrs. Merinda Blanchard last Monday, and presented her with a nice dress pattern.

The Eureka company are practicing every evening with their truck, as they will enter for the hook and ladder prize contest at the Weymouth fair and also at the Hingham muster.

Mr. Eben Tirrell, while sailing in a boat near Peddick's island yesterday forenoon, was capsized, but was soon rescued by Messrs. Thomas and Joseph Kennedy, who were rewarded by Mr. T.

Attention is called to the card in today's issue, of Mr. John Gorman, who has hired rooms in the basement of Peakes' building to carry on the boot and shoe repairing business.

Mr. M. F. Baker has on exhibition at his store something that has seldom, if ever, been witnessed before, a stump of cabbage with five distinct heads thereon.

Rev. William A. DePew and family, who have been sojourning at Cottage City for a time, have returned to their home at this place, considerably benefited by their stay there.

The finishers and treeers at M. C. Dizer & Co's factory met on the grounds of the Rangers Wednesday afternoon, for a friendly contest at the national game, and the finishers won by a score of 23 to 16.

Owing to the illness of Mr. Rob't F. Raymond last Sunday, Mr. Alpheus Bates officiated at the organ in the Congregational church in the morning, Mrs. Geo. Stoddard in the afternoon, and Mr. A. M. Raymond in the evening.

The telephone extension to North and South Weymouth is nearly completed, and the residents there should improve the opportunity to obtain this ready and valuable means of communication by putting instruments into their shops and dwellings.

The Weymouth Clothing Store has been fully stocked with fresh goods for fall and winter trade, and everybody in want of good garments at the lowest prices, will find "the Weymouth Clothing Store is the place to buy". Read the announcement on the next page.

The Rangers Base Ball Club play "Our Boys" of Rockland, at the picnic of the Lasters Protective Union of Rockland, tomorrow afternoon, at the Weymouth Fair Grounds, for a purse of $30. On Wednesday next they play the Hingham Club at the grounds on Lake street, East Weymouth.

Miss Susie Cushing was very happily surprised at her home last Friday evening by a party of friends from Nantasket and Rockland, who enjoyed themselves till the early morning in many ways, dancing being the principal amusement, Fearing's Orchestra furnishing music. Supper was served at 12 o'clock and was one of Mrs. Cushing's best.

A fish vender from abroad while making his rounds at this place on Friday last became intoxicated, and while in that condition the ice about the fish melted, and before night they smelled so badly that it was found necessary to throw them away. The wheel of his wagon was also broken and being hauled to one side of the road, about 12 o'clock at night some boys run it down a steep enbankment into the stream, damaging it to the extent of $10.

Officer Peare was notified at 1 o'clock Sunday morning that a man was lying on the ground near the Ranger base ball grounds, with his throat cut from ear to ear, and he hastily started for that locality, but no signs of a fracas was visible. It is thought that the party was removed by friends to some house near by, and in looking up the matter it was discovered that a fight had occurred, one of the participants being knocked against a barbed wire fence, lacerating the flesh under the chin quite badly, and being badly intoxicated he was thought to be dead.

A surprise party was given to Mr. and Mrs. Vogell recently, on their 15th wedding anniversary, and the friends, some 30 in number, presented them with a handsome easy rocking chair, a small parlor table, a nice cake basket and a spoon holder. The evening was passed pleasantly, and after partaking of a collation furnished by the ladies, the company departed, wishing them many more pleasant years of wedded life.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

The school committee at their meeting last week decided to re-establish the mixed school on Union street, the discontinuance of which at the beginning of the present school year met with such out-spoken dissatisfaction. Miss Stella Tirrell, who has had considerable experience as a former teacher in the town, was selected to take charge of the school, and at the usual hour last Monday morning the sound of the familiar bell called the pupils to their tasks at the old school house, which in the future they will prize more highly because of the commendable efforts made by their parents to keep it in existence.

At the regular meeting of the Wednesday Night Club next Wednesday evening the question for discussion will be,—Can the national government practically be sustained by direct taxation only?" to be opened by Alfred E. Richardson. The board of government for the ensuing term is as follows,—president, D. S. Murray; vice pres., Louis A. Cook; secretary, J. G. Hutchins; treasurer, S. S. Spear. The revision of the by-laws of the club was completed at the last meeting and a committee was appointed to inquire the cost of printing the same in a convenient form.

Capt. C. W. Hastings, adjutant of Post 58 G. A. R., has received a letter from Philadelphia inviting the members of Reynolds Post to participate in the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the Reynolds statue in that city on the 18th of September. As the Weymouth post was named after the gallant general whose name and deeds this monument commemorates, considerable interest has been manifested in the occasion from its inception, but as the trip to Philadelphia was postponed on account of the incompletion of the statue it will not be possible for so many to attend as undoubtedly would have under the original circumstances. An elaborate programme has been arranged for "Grand Army Day" the 18th and the day will be of unusual interest to every soldier and other visitor who visits Philadelphia on that occasion.

At the close of a very warm day the executive committee of the improvement association met at the residence of Dr. Tower on last Friday evening to take a review of what had been done during the past few months for the improvement of the village, and to discuss future plans for work. Eleven members were present and the usual lively interest was manifest from all. Mr. Lewis Paine, the efficient and faithful treasurer of the association, reported the encouraging fact that sixty new names had been added to the membership list during the past two months, which raises the total membership to one hundred and thirty. This large addition shows that our association is not losing ground, but is being slowly but quietly established as a large and beneficial organization, working in an unselfish way for the beauty of our village. Mr. Paine is to be commended for the interest manifestated in his earnest efforts to strengthen numerically and financially this widespread association. After all dues are collected there will remain a balance in the treasury of $212.36, while $278.08 has been expended during the spring and summer in tree planting and improvement of public greens. The clock in the church tower has been put in good running order at the expense of the association since the last meeting, for which work a bill of $5.23 was approved. The tree committee were instructed to confer with the telephone managers and endeavor to provide against any damage to the trees from the wires. A committee was appointed to revise the constitution and by-laws after which it is desired to have them printed and furnished to members. As soon as possible a meeting of the association will be called and some interesting subject presented for general discussion.

Mrs. Alfred Tirrell desires to return thanks to the members of Stetson's Weymouth Band, who kindly volunteered their services on the occasion of the late party gotten up in the interests of Highland cemetery. Their valuable musical entertainment was furnished without solicitation on the part of Mrs. Tirrell, and which was all the more appreciated as she had been disappointed in music previously invited.

Stetson's Weymouth Band was favored with a clear and beautiful moonlight evening for their last out door concert in Columbian Square on Tuesday evening. Mr. C. L. Stetson, the leader, was back in his accustomed place, and the list was still further strengthened by the presence of Mr. A. P. Derby, the popular clarinet soloist, who had returned from a successful engagement at Oak Island. A large concourse of people had assembled about the brilliantly lighted bandstand when the hour for the opening number arrived. Throughout the entire length of the programme a marked improvement over former efforts was noticeable, the result of frequent practice and good leadership. The concert lasted over two hours and at its close the general expression among the crowd of listeners was highly complimentary to our favorite band and no exageration is necessary to claim that this was by far the best concert yet given in Columbian Square. Our band has afforded the people here much enjoyment since its organization and in every way possible it deserves support and encouragement. It is bound to live and prosper for many years to come.

Postmaster N. F. Vining reports the following unclaimed letters remaining in the South Weymouth post office Sept. 1,—Henry Dunham, Chas. S. Haskell, Chas. Ripley, W. A. Ritch, E. Simmons, Horace S. Smith, Walter L. Stoddard, Mrs. C. F. Bacon. Postal cards,—Spencer Johnson, Miss Nellie Alger, Miss Ella Bates, Miss Mary Keefe, Mrs. Mary F. Keith, Mrs. Lydia Johnson.

It is a very noticeable fact that the telephone poles through the village are very crooked while those through the woods are comparatively straight, but we are assured by the managers that all the poles will assume a perpendicular position when the electric current is started.

Our railroad station is receiving a new coat of paint and we expect that by next summer at least the natural surrounding will be improved.

Unfortunately we are no longer favored with a late train at night from Boston, the Tuesday and Friday trains being discontinued this week, and that without even substituting our customary 11.10 p. m. train on Wednesdays. It would seem no more than right that a train should leave South Weymouth for Boston at 6.30 p. m. daily, and leave Boston at 11 p. m. A man coming out from Boston to do a day's work in the village now has to leave his work at about four o'clock, as the last train for the city leaves at 4.30 p. m.

A much needed coat of gravel is being placed on the sidewalk from the post office to the lower corner, and being mostly rotten stone it will tread solidly and be a great improvement. Surveyor Wright is a hard worker and is doing lots of work.

Mrs. Alvin Reed is having her house and stable painted in a very showy and artistic manner. The color of the houses lately painted in the village is a marked contract with that formerly in favor and on the whole is a decided improvement.

HENRY.

Bicycle Shoes at the "Brookside."

We sell Ladies Sample Shoes, in all styles, for $2.50, at the "Brookside."

For all scrofulous disorders, for syphilitic and mercurial diseases, the best remedy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

NORTH WEYMOUTH

Novel Chicken Raising.

We were invited a few days ago by Messrs. Lester and Winthrop Pratt to pay a visit to their extensive hennery, and see the novel method of hatching chickens, which entirely robs the hen of her legitimate business. They have several incubators, which they use in hatching chickens, and in one of these had been placed 79 eggs, from which 59 chickens were hatched. They were twelve hours old when we saw them, bright and lively. The eggs are put into an apartment where the heat is steadily kept at 104. Hens are thus only wanted to lay the eggs, while the market can be supplied with choice chickens. The above gentlemen are getting to be quite experienced in their business, and intend to enlarge their hennery and be prepared to do business another year on a much larger scale.

A new organ has been put into the Athens school, was purchased by the proceeds of the late fair held in the Pilgrim vestry for that purpose.

Anniversary.

A reunion of old associates of Boston, together with several invited guests from Weymouth and Quincy, met at Pine Point House Sunday afternoon and enjoyed a good clam bake. It has been customary with this association to make one of their number at each reunion a nice present, and this year Mr. George Bennett, of the Old North, was the happy recipient.

N. M.

Law and Order League.

The adjourned meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Law and Order League was held in the vestry of the Union church last Friday evening, and was called to order by the president.—A letter was read from Mr. C. T. Crane, declining the position of secretary, and Samuel W. Reed was chosen secretary pro tem. The meeting then proceeded to complete its organization, and the nominating committee reported the list of officers, which now stands as follows:

President, Salmon F. Jenkins.

Secretary, Amos W. Blanchard.

Treasurer, Simeon W. Gutterson.

Executive Committee, Alverdo Mason, Elias Richards, Rev. S. J. Axtell, Geo. S. Baker, Rev. L. H. Frary, Sam'l W. Reed, Gilbert Nash, T. C. Mellen, Orace W. Allen.

At the next meeting of the League action will be taken upon the report of the executive committee recommending that ladies be admitted to membership, also upon the recommendation that the League take measures to raise the sum of $50.

The form of organization of the W. & B. League is as follows:

I. This organization shall be called the Weymouth and Braintree Law and Order League.

II. Its purpose shall be to enforce the laws bearing on the sale of intoxicating liquors, and other laws intended to protect the interests of the community.

III. The officers shall be a president, a secretary, and treasurer. The president shall preside at the meetings of the League. The secretary shall keep its records. The treasurer shall receive, hold, and (at the direction of the Executive Committee,) disburse its monies. The Executive Committee shall carry out the work of the League, subject to the League's direction.

IV. Any citizen desiring to endorse, or to assist in, the carrying out of the end proposed by the League, may become a member by presenting his name to be signed to this Form of Organization.

V. In entering on its work the League makes this Declaration of Principles:

1. The League, as a League, will seek no religious, no political, and no temperance end other than the enforcement of the laws. Standing on this platform only, it requests the co-operation of all good citizens.

2. In attaining its end, the League pledges itself to strictly honorable and legal measures.

VI. This League will rely for financial support upon the voluntary subscriptions of its friends.

Weymouth Historical Society.

The September meeting of this society was held on Wednesday evening, the 3d inst., at the Tufts Library rooms, and as is usually the case after the summer vacation, the first meeting was thinly attended, the exercises however, were of an interesting character, not so much because of their formal nature, for very often the matters of most interest are subject only to conversational consideration.

After the usual routine business had been transacted, the recording secretary read from his manuscript, sketches of the various ministers who had, from the earliest English settlement of the town, been connected with the First church and Parish. These have been prepared for the "sketch of Weymouth," which is about to be published under the direction of the committee appointed by the town to have in charge the matter of local history.

It will be remembered that the original sketch of this town, prepared for and published in the history of Norfolk county, was the work of the recording secretary of this society, and is the foundation of the proposed volume. To this it is designed to add largely in the way of notes, appendexes and index, very much original matter from town, county and state records and documents, with the idea that the material may be placed in a position of easy reference.

This will make a volume of two to three hundred octavo pages and will contain in a brief form the principal known facts connected with the history of the town. It is proposed also to add at least two new chapters, one of which shall contain the sketches of the ministers of the First church before referred to and the other sketches of the physicians who have lived in the town, as far as they can be obtained. This is in preparation by a prominent member of the fraternity now resident and practising among us.

The object of this publication, as has been previously stated in the Gazette, is to put before the citizens in convenient form a summary of the information already collected bearing upon the subject, and also to indicate what may yet be accomplished with the cooperation of the people whose aid it is hoped, in this manner, to receive; also to obtain for it a more general circulation than that afforded by the county History.

The following donations were reported:

From Rev. Anson Titus, "Village Improvement," "Village Improvement in Charlton." 2 small pamphlets.

From the Wyoming Historical and Geological Society, "Index and contents to its Proceedings and Collections."

From the Library Company, Philadelphia "Bulletin for July 1884."

From the translator, Wilkes-Barre Pa., "The Manuscripts of the Earl of Ashburnham," by Leopold Delisle. Translated from the French, by Harrison Wright.

From the Department of State, Washington, D. C., "United States Consular Reports, Nos. 41, 41 1-2 May and June 1884.

From Samuel B. Duryea, Esq., Brooklyn N. Y., "Copy of the Boston Gazette, of 29 March 1773."

From George Sheldon Esq., Greenfield, Mass., "Gazette and Courier, (Greenfield, Mass.,) of 18 Aug. 1884 containing an account of the dedication of the monument commemorating the death of Mrs. Eunice Williams, killed by the Indians in their attack upon Deerfield, 1 March 1704. Also the address of Rev. Dr. Moore upon that occasion.

From E. W. Hunt Esq., "New England Primer Boston 1776." Reprint.

From Wm. A. Courtney Esq., mayor of Charleston, S. C., "Charleston, S. C., Centennial 1670, 1783, 1883." Bound volume, illustrated.

From F. W. Lewis, Esq., Holbrook Town Report for 1883. Quincy Town Report for 1883.

Excited Thousands.

All over the land are going into ecstasy over Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their unlooked for recovery by the timely use of this great life saving remedy, causes them to go nearly wild in its praise. It is guaranteed to positively cure Severe Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, or any affection of the throat and lungs. Trial bottles free at D. J. Pierce's Drug store. Large size, $1.00.

New Advertisements.

"A Penny Saved IS A Penny Earned."

GROCERIES

Cash Buyers, ATTENTION!

On and after Sept. 1st, 1884, I shall sell Groceries on

A NEW PLAN!

☞Times are hard, and everybody wants to get all they can for their money. I have a full line of everything found in

A First Class Grocery Store,

and I propose to sell them as

Low as the Lowest, give everybody their money's worth, and give a Liberal Discount For Cash.

On all goods bought I will give a

Discount of 5 per ct.

That is, for every $1.00 worth of Groceries that you buy, you GET BACK FIVE CENTS IN CASH.

We deliver free of charge all flour sold by the barrel. Our motto is,

"One Price to All."

LOUIS W. NASH,

OLD STAND OF E. G. TIRRELL.
Cor. Broad and Washington Sts,
Lincoln Square, Weymouth.
8tf

School!

I propose to open a School for little ones at my residence on Franklin Street, Sept. 15th.
ELLEN E. ADLINGTON.

LOST.

In Weymouth or East Braintree, Quincy Steam Laundry List Book, the finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at
1t RAND'S STORE, Weymouth.

GREAT SALE OF Carpets AND Furniture.

CHAS. H. BARNES,

512 WASHINGTON STREET.

BARGAINS IN CARPETS.

All-Wool, worth 70c., for 60c.
Ex. Super, worth 90c., for 75c.
Three-ply, worth $1, for 90c.
Tapestry, worth 90c., for 75c.
Tapestry, worth $1, for 85c.
Brussels, worth $1 25, for $1.15.
Velvets, worth $1.50 for $1.25.

Our Carpet Department contain full lines of entirely new and desirable goods at popular prices.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.

An Embossed Plush Parlor Suit, in one color or a variety of colors, for $65; $6.50 down and $5 per month.

Other Plush Parlor Suits, different styles, $45 upward.

Parlor Suits in Hair Cloth or Raw Silk, heavy walnut frames, $45 upward; $4.50 down and $4 per month.

Black Walnut Marble Top Chamber Sets, extra heavy and well seasoned, complete with bevel plate and latest trimmings, $70. These sets would be a great bargain at $100. Terms, $7 down and $5.50 per month.

Ash Chamber Sets, latest styles, from $25 to $40; $4 down and $4 per month.

Painted or Enamel Chamber Sets, well made, from $18 upward. Terms, $3 down and $3 per month.

CHAS. H. BARNES,
512 Washington St., Boston.

WATER BONDS OF THE Town of Weymouth

PROPOSALS will be received until WEDNESDAY, October 1st, 1884, at noon, for any part or the whole of $300 000 30-year 4 per cent. Bonds, to be issued by the Town of Weymouth, under the provisions of chapter 174 of the Acts of the General Court, approved April 6, 1881, and accepted by the town March 24, 1884.

The Bonds will be $1000 each, coupon or registered, as desired, payable, principal and interest, semi-annually May and November, at the Bank of the Republic, Boston, and will be ready for delivery about November 1st.

The right is reserved by the Treasurer to reject any and all bids.

The assessed valuation of the town is nearly $6,000,000, and the net debt at the present time less than $2000.

Address proposals to
ORAN WHITE, Treasurer,
Care FOGG BROS. & CO., Bankers, Boston, Mass.
Weymouth, Sept. 10, 1884.

VOTERS, ATTENTION

THE VOTERS OF WARD 3 who are in favor of the election of

BLAINE AND LOGAN,

are invited to meet at

CLAPP'S HALL,

MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 15, '84,

at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of forming a Campaign Club and Battalion.

Per Order COMMITTEE OF WARD 3.
Weymouth, Sept. 12, 1884.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

At Reduced Prices.

BEST MINNESOTA HAXALL,	$7.50 per bbl.	94c per bag	
SECOND GRADE,	7.00 " "	90c " "	
BEST WHITE WHEAT PATENT,	6.75 " "	85c " "	
CHOICE PASTRY,	6.00 " "	75c " "	

CULTIVATED BLACKBERRIES, FRESH EVERY DAY, ALSO, PEACHES, MELONS VEGETABLES.

HUNT & CO.,
64 Front Street, Weymouth Landing.

GEO. A. NOYES WITH WALBRIDGE Bros.
23 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS.

LARGE —AND— COMPLETE New Stock —OF— FURNITURE!

PARLOR, CHAMBER LIBRARY, DINING ROOM, KITCHEN AND GENERAL LINE OF Housekeeping Goods!

CARPETS!
WILTONS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, WOOL AND CHEAPER GRADES.
OIL CLOTHS & STRAW MATTINGS.

Fall Opening!

Men's, Youth's & Boys' Clothing

NEW STOCK NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED TO EVERYBODY. GOODS AS REPRESENTED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

We have a bargain for a

FALL OVERCOAT FOR $10.00,

which we guarantee to be made of good wool and to hold its color.

LATEST STYLES IN HATS, ALL PRICES.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF NECK TIES JUST RECEIVED, GENUINE SHAW KNIT STOCKING FOR 20 CENTS, RUBBER COATS AND HATS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, STATIONERY, &c. &c.

CLARK & FOSTER,
Columbian Square, South Weymouth.

E. ROWLAND,
CARRIAGE & SIGN PAINTER,
Also, Burnish Gilding on Glass, and Ornamental Painting of all descriptions,
13 Broad St., E. WEYMOUTH.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.
BEST OF ENGLISH VARNISH USED.

☞ BARGAINS THIS WEEK,
—IN—
LACE COLLARS AND TOWELS,
—AT—
J. W. BARTLETT'S,
Sea Street, - - NORTH WEYMOUTH.

C. L. RICE & CO.

FURNITURE. A large assortment for CHAMBERS, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS and KITCHEN; LOUNGES and PARLOR FUR. of our own manufacture.
BEDDING. MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, FEATHERS, COMFORTERS and WOOLLEN BLANKETS.
CARPETING. Bargains in closing out lots—to make room for the coming Spring Stock.
CROCKERY. Two white and several decorated patterns, from which we can sell Dinner Sets.
CURTAINS AND FIXTURES. Several best makes of SPRING FIXTURES.
CURTAINS and FIXTURES fitted to order.
CUTLERY.—Knives and Forks, Carvers, &c.
WALL PAPERS.—Closing out lots very cheap, to make room for Spring stock.
FURNITURE MOVING.—Plenty of Mats, and goods carefully handled
FURNITURE REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING.
☞ UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT.—ROBES and CASKETS constantly on hand. Every branch of this business promptly attended to.
BRANCH STORE AT SO. WEYMOUTH.
☞ A good assortment of many kinds of Goods can be found here.

C. L. RICE & CO.

ROCKLAND, Jan. 10th, 1884.

WEYMOUTH CLOAK PARLORS.

Great Bargains IN LADIES' JERSEYS!
—AT—
ONLY $1.00!!

A large variety of WRAPPERS, SACQUES, SKIRTS AND SEERSUCKER SUITS, always on hand.

☞MEASURES taken TO ORDER, no extra charge.

MRS. F. E. HOBART,
NEAR DEPOT. OPPOSITE STAR BAKERY

NEW FURNITURE STORE

THE subscribers would inform the people of WEYMOUTH AND VICINITY, that they have opened a STORE in

Gardner's Block, Jackson Sq.,
EAST WEYMOUTH,

where may be found a full line of

Household Furniture,
CHAMBER SETTS,
MATTRESSES,
SPRING BEDS,
CHAIRS,
LOUNGES
TABLES, MIRRORS, &c.,
AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES

They have also connected with their Store a

REPAIR SHOP,

where they will do all kinds of repairing, Upholstering, and Cabinet Work in the neatest manner. Also, Window Screens and Doors.

All work called for and delivered at short notice. Having had long experience we feel confident in assuring our patrons satisfactory work at the lowest possible prices. Call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

FORD & PHILLIPS.
11 3m GNS

OUR!
Prices.
.50 per bbl. 94c per bag
.00 " " 90c " "
.75 " " 85c " "
.00 " " 75c " "

ED
RIES,
DAY.

ELONS
LES.

CO.
uth Landing.

VITH
DGE Bros.
hington St.,
OSTON,
MASS.

AND
TINGS.

ning!
s' Clothing
INSPECTION.
YBODY. GOODS AS
FUNDED.
OR $10.00,
o hold its color.
ALL PRICES.
ECK TIES JUST RE-
ING FOR 20 CENTS,
KS, UMBRELLAS,

STER,
th Weymouth.

AND,
PAINTER,
lass, and Orna-
escriptions,
EYMOUTH.
e satisfaction.
RNISH USED.

AINS
EK,
TOWELS,
LETT'S,
WEYMOUTH.

& CO.
S, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS and
N FUR. of our own manufacture.
OMFORTERS and WOOLLEN BLAN-
ake room for the coming Spring
patterns, from which we can sell
Several best makes of SPRING FIXTURES.
for Spring stock.
UPHOLSTERING.
ASKETS constantly on hand. Every
EYMOUTH.
here.
CE & CO.

NEW
NITURE STORE
bscribers would inform the people of
MOUTH AND VICINITY, that they
d a STORE in
er's Block, Jackson Sq.,
ST WEYMOUTH,
be found a full line of
sehold Furniture,
BER SETTS,
ATTRESSES,
SPRING BEDS,
CHAIRS,
LOUNGES
ES, MIRRORS, &c.,
E VERY LOWEST PRICES
ve also connected with their Store a
REPAIR SHOP,
y will do all kinds of repairing, Uphol-
and Cabinet Work in the neatest manner.
ndow Screens and Doors.
s called for and delivered at short notice.
nd long experience we feel confident in
ur patrons satisfactory work
lowest possible prices.
get our prices before purchasing else-
ORD & PHILLIPS.
11 3m GNS

Dinner Bells. Lamp Hooks, Spring Hinges, Sash Fasteners, Door Rollers, Door Pulls, Sash Cord, Hooks & Staples, Sash Weights. Sheet Lead. Marble Slabs, Sash Springs, Carriage Bolts, Burrs & Washers, Lag Screws, Wall Brackets, Clothes Wringers, Paint Brushes. Mixed Paints. Pocket Cutlery, Pl'd Table Ware, Horse Nails, Horse Hooks, Lamp Tubes, Chimney Tubes, Wall Wheels, Tackle Blocks, Curry Combs, Steel Rakes, Hay Jacks, Horse Brushes, Bird Cages, Clothes Lines, Table Cutlery.

Locks, Latches, Knobs, Hinges, Screws, Bolts, Catches, Keys, Brackets, Pulleys, Chains, Traps, Hammers, Crowbars, Hay Tools, Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Forks, Curtain Fixtures, Fish Tackle, Axes, Planes, Levels, Pumps, Hatchets.

G. S. BAKER, WEYMOUTH.

Call Bells, Dog Collars, Scissors, Plyers, Sad Irons, Files, Tacks, Glue, Faucets, Drills, Wedges, Lead Pipe, Zinc, Rope, Whips, Saws, Nails, Rivets, Emery, Blind Fix., Shot, Cartridges, Sinks, Glass, Putty, Wrenches, Sand Paper.

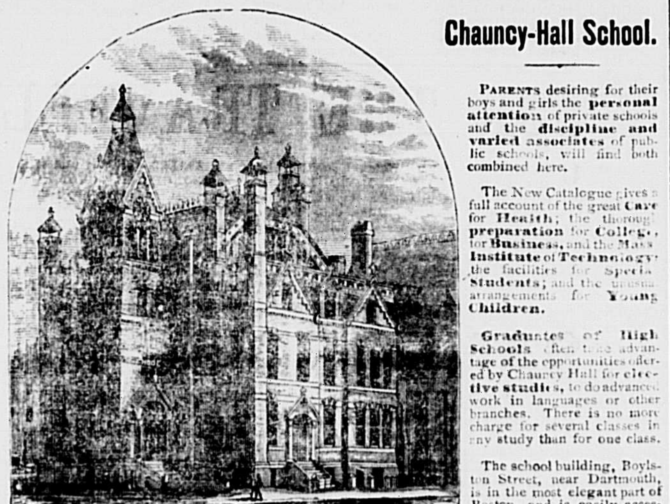
1884. WEYMOUTH, 1884

1884. 1884.
NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES OF
PAPER HANGINGS.
I WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS OF WEYMOUTH AND NEIGHBORING TOWNS THAT I HAVE ON HAND AS GOOD AN ASSORTMENT OF
PAPER AND FRIEZE
AS YOU WILL FIND IN THE CITY OF BOSTON. BUYING DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS, I CAN SELL
10 PER CT. LESS THAN BOSTON PRICES.
EMBOSSED PAPERS, 50, 55 and 60 cts. GILT PAPERS, 35, 40 and 45 cts. CHEAP PAPERS, 10 and 12 1-2 cts. CHEAP PAPERS HUNG FOR 15c.
MARTIN BURRELL,
17 Commercial St., EAST WEYMOUTH.

WEYMOUTH
CLOTHING STORE
Broad Street, East Weymouth.
HAVING SELECTED OUR STOCK OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
we are now ready to show to the public a full line of
Men's, Youth's, Boys' & Children's
CLOTHING!
such as cannot be found in any Clothing Store outside of the city of Boston.—Especially do we call the attention of the public to our line of

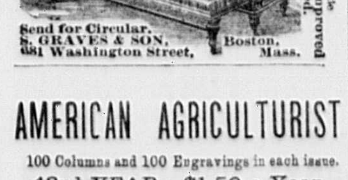
Men's & Youth's Diagonal Suits, prices ranging from $15 to $25. Also to our line of Boys and Children's Suits.
Boys Suits, $4 to $10.
Children's Suits, $2.50 to $6.50. Men's, Youth's, Boys and Children's PANTS.
Men's & Youth's Pants, $1 to 6.50.
Boys & Child's Pants, 50c. to 2.50.

Also, a full line of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, NECKWEAR, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, BAGS, Horse Blankets, Robes, &c., and everything else found in a FIRST CLASS CLOTHING STORE.
☞ Please call and examine our goods, which we shall be very happy to show, and satisfy yourself that
The Weymouth Clothing Store is the place to buy.
☞ Also may be found at our BRANCH STORE AT COHASSET a FULL LINE of MEN'S, YOUTH'S, BOYS and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING and GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. 22 35

Chauncy-Hall School.

PARENTS desiring for their boys and girls the **personal attention** of private schools and the **discipline and varied associates** of public schools, will find both combined here.
The New Catalogue gives a full account of the great **Care for Health**; the thorough **preparation** for **College**, for **Business**, and the Mass **Institute of Technology**; the facilities for **Special Students**; and the unusual arrangements for **Young Children**.
Graduates of **High Schools** often take advantage of the opportunities offered by Chauncy Hall for **elective studies**, to do advanced work in languages or other branches. There is no more charge for several classes in any study than for one class.
The school building, Boylston Street, near Dartmouth, is in the most elegant part of Boston, and is easily accessible. Horse cars pass the door.
[ESTABLISHED IN 1828.]
259 BOYLSTON STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
(Opposite the Art Museum) 1721

NO PREPARATION IN AMERICA EXCELS
THURSTON'S
OLD CONTINENTAL BITTERS
—AND—
BLOOD PURIFIER,
FOR BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, HUMORS OF THE BLOOD AND DISEASES OF THE SKIN.
PRICE 50 CENTS.
MRS. THURSTON'S WORM SYRUP,
For Pin Worms and Stomach Worms.
Thurston's Canadian Family Balsam,
A SIMPLE, SURE AND SAFE REMEDY. IT CURES CROUP IN A FEW MINUTES.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

AGENTS WANTED! Quick!! To sell the LIFE OF OUR NEXT PRESIDENT and Vice Pres't, with *History of our Nation's Rulers Rise and Decline of Parties.* Voters VADE MECUM. **BLAINE** 650 pages, steel portraits, 32 full page illustrations. Our **and Logan** book is **OR** *without an equal* in point of reliability and real value, and it sells where cheaper books are refused. Our **CLEVELAND and Hendricks** will be equally strong in all points. The campaign just opening will be a hot one. Voters want *facts; strike quick!* Be *first* in the field. Send 50c. for either outfit, or 90c. for both, AT ONCE. Rely on a reliable house. Have been established 16 years, have extensive manufactory. We guarantee the best books for the money.
14 16 HUBBARD BROS., 10 Federal St., Boston.



AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST
100 Columns and 100 Engravings in each issue.
43rd YEAR. $1.50 a Year.
Send three 2c. stamps for Sample Copy (English or German) of the **Oldest and Best Agricultural Journal in the world.**
Orange Judd Co. David Judd, Pres.
751 Broadway, New York. 1tf

THUNDER BOLTS!
LIGHTNING!
AND FIRE!
WE ARE AGENTS FOR
INSURANCE COMPANIES,
That have paid losses caused by above
DANGERS
FOR OVER 100 YEARS,
AND STILL
Insure Against Them.
A.S.JORDAN&CO.
Insurance Agency,
WEYMOUTH AND BRAINTREE.
WEYMOUTH OFFICE,
Washington Street near the corner Richmond St.
Boston Office, No. 60 State Street.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Newcomb,
Of State St., Springfield, Mass. What they Say in Favor of a Real Honest Thing—Their Word as Good as Gold.
Mrs. Newcomb is the wife of one of the employees in the United States Armory, Springfield, Mass. She says: "I have used Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY for Indigestion and Billiousness. My husband has also used it. We keep it in the house as a family medicine, and consider it the best ever made for the purpose recommended."
Dr. Kennedy is daily in receipt of letters from patients expressing similar sentiments as these expressed by Mrs. Newcomb, of State street. These letters are spontaneous and put in all varieties of phraseology, but invariably putting forth one thing—the value of Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY for many forms of disease. It may be just the thing you have been looking for. Is your Liver disordered? Have you Derangement of the Kidneys or Bladder associated with Constipation of the Bowels? If so, you want Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY. Dr. Kennedy practices Medicine and Surgery in all their branches. Write and state your case. "Favorite Remedy" is fast becoming a trusted household friend in all cases of Female Weakness and diseases of the blood. One dollar a bottle. Your druggist has it.

BRAINTREE.
On Friday last about 12 o'clock, an alarm of fire was given which proved to be the house of S. G. Buker, on Liberty street, caused by an overheated stove. The house was entirely consumed and not insured. This seems quite a hardship as this was their home and provided a shelter for them. Mr. B. has always been a hard working man, brought up a large family and on account of poor health has been unable to do any work for several years. It is hoped that those more highly favored will assist their less fortunate neighbor.

Mrs. E. F. Stetson and daughter started on Monday morning for North Conway, N. Hampshire.

Mr. S. G. Buker has moved into the house on Bowditch street owned by N. L. White Esq.

Mrs. C. W. Hussy arrived home from her summer vacation on Tuesday.

The tax collector is taking his annual rounds among the tax payers.

The new Methodist Episcopal church at South Braintree is to be dedicated on Sunday Oct. 12. Bishop Foster is to conduct the services.

The heat on Wednesday was so intense that the men employed upon the highway postponed work at noon.

A call has been issued for a caucus of the People's Party, to be held at the Town Hall, on Saturday evening, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the State Convention.

It is rumored that a young lady whose home is not a thousand miles from East Braintree was, while on a visit to a friend in a neighboring town, invited out to ride. She accepted and either on account of having a spirited horse or becoming engrossed with each other's company, or some other cause, was run away with and detained so long that all plans were disarranged and a much desired ride upon the steamer Empire State, was postponed to some future time.

Between 10 and 11 o'clock on Wednesday evening, Mr. A. D. Grant's attention was called to something unusual about his premises by the actions of his dog. Armed with a double barreled shot gun he sallied out to ascertain the cause. He found a man there with a bundle of shoes, the string having broken he was endeavoring to gather them up. The man claimed the goods as his own. Mr. G. doubting his word asked him to acompany him to Mr. Shaw's, thinking that they might have been stolen from his shop. He assented and started to go but soon started to run. Mr. G. checked him, showed him the gun, told him it was loaded and warned him that if he tried to run away he should shoot him. Paying no attention he at once started at a brisk pace. Mr. G. was as good as his word and fired both barrels of his gun. Dropping his shoes he continued on eluding his pursuers but by blood stains left behind it was evident he had been hit. The next day it was ascertained that the thief was Wm. T. Hope formerly employed as brakeman on the O. C. R. R., later by the N. Y. & N. E. R. R. in the same capacity. It seems that while the Plymouth freight train stood at Braintree station and the hands were busy shifting cars he stole a case of shoes consigned to A. J. Cammezer, New York, hid a portion of them in some bushes on Grant's land and was conveying a portion home when intercepted. He was arrested last evening by State Detective Thomas and officer Furneld of Quincy and lodged in a cell at Quincy police station. One of the shots fired by Mr. Grant took effect in Hope's left hand shattering it considerably.

G. A. R. Anniversary.
Last Friday evening Edwin Humphrey Post 104, G. A. R. celebrated its fifteenth anniversary. The members of the Post in full numbers met at their headquarters at 6 o'clock and escorted by the Hingham Brass band proceeded to Broad bridge where they met delegations from the following Posts. Reynolds, 58 of Weymouth, Henry L. Bryant 98 of Cohasset, E. Willard Robinson 112 of South Scituate, George W. Perry 31 of Scituate, David A. Russell 78 of South Abington, Hartsuff 74 of Rockland, Joseph E. Wilder 83 of Hanover, and McPherson 73 of Abington. The visitors numbered about five hundred, and as the procession marched up Main street to Agricultural hall, the veterans made a fine and soldierly appearance. Immediately on arrival at the hall the creature comforts of the men were provided for and an abundant collation was partaken of. Among the guests present were department commander J. D. Billings, Junior Vice Commander Richard F. Tobin, Chief mustering officer, George H. Bonney, Aids, W. L. Gage, David Dunbar, E. T. Harwell, John S. Beale and B. S. Atwood; General W. W. Blackman, Col. B. S. Lovell, J. O. Burdett, representative to the legislature, Ebed L. Ripley, President of the Agricultural society and a host of other notables. The Hingham Philharmonic Orchestra and the Grand Army quartet furnished music in the upper hall and several fine addresses were made. Post 104 starts on its sixteenth year under very gratifying auspices.

Political.
The Prohibitionist Convention in Boston Wednesday nominated Hon. Julius M. Seelye, of Amherst, for Governor, and Henry H. Faxon, Esq., of Quincy, for Lieut. Governor; Secretary of the Commonwealth, George Kempton, of Sharon; Treasurer and Receiver General, C. B. Knight, of Worcester; Attorney General, Samuel M. Fairfield, of Malden; Auditor, Wm. W. Sherman, of Lowell. Presidential Electors, Rev. A. A. Miner, of Boston, Hon. R. C. Pitman, of Newton; 2d Dist., Thomas J. Lothrop, of Taunton. The Senatorial District Committee for Norfolk 1st Nathan Pratt, of Weymouth, 2d, Alfred Clark, of Franklin; 1st Plymouth, John H. Young, Scituate, 2d Edwin Sawtell, of Brockton. G. M. Buttrick, of Weymouth, is one of the State Central Committee. 586 delegates were present.—The resolutions adopted by the convention express a lack of confidence in the two leading parties in forwarding temperance principles, making a prohibitory party a necessity for temperance work.

CRULLERS.—One pint sour milk, two eggs, two cups sugar, a pinch of salt, no butter, no lard, and enough prepared flour to make a soft dough. Fry in good lard till they are light prown. Prepare the flour by sifting into it Horsford's Bread Preparation, one package to each 25 pounds.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve
The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by David J. Pierce.

For billious fevers and malarial disorders, use Ayer's Ague Cure. Taken according to directions, its success is guaranteed.

THE TWENTIETH
ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OF THE
WEYMOUTH Agricultural and Industrial Society!
WILL BE HELD ON THEIR GROUNDS AT
SOUTH WEYMOUTH,
THURSDAY,
FRIDAY &
SATURDAY,
Sept. 25,26,27,1884.

PROGRAMME
OF
Entertainment.
FIRST DAY.
10 A. M.
GRAND
Military PRIZE DRILL,
open to all Massachusetts Companies of Regularly Enlisted Men.
$325.00
to be awarded as Premiums.
JUDGES FOR PRIZE DRILL.
Col. JAMES H. RICE, U. S. A., Allston, Mass.
Major E. C. PIERCE, 13th Mass. Infantry, Weymouth, Mass.
Capt. CHAS. S. BOWERS, 32d Mass. Inf'y, Boston.

10 A. M.—Class 1, Brood Mares, with specimens of stock exhibited to halter.
10 15 A. M.—Class 2, Colts and Fillies one year old and under two, exhibited to halter.
10 30 A. M.—Class 3, Colts and Fillies two years old and under three, exhibited to halter.
10 45 A. M.—Class 4, Colts and Fillies three years old and under four, exhibited in harness. Speed to be considered.
11 00 A. M.—Class 7, DRAUGHT HORSES.
☞ The Committee have made extensive arrangements for this Class, a good number of Premiums being offered, and the exhibition will be one of the most interesting of the Fair.
COMMITTEE.—S. S. Spear, Thomas Bicknell, Granville Thompson.

1 P. M.
PROF. J. H. BURTON'S
WONDERFUL
DOG CIRCUS
AND
Educated Goat Jennie.
THE BEST TRAINED DOGS
in existence—comprising Greyhounds, French and German Poodles, Spaniels, Black and Tans, Esquimaux and Setters.
TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES
WILL BE GIVEN EACH DAY.
DON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM.

2 P. M.—Class 9, FARMERS' RACE.
2.30 P. M.—Class 13,
2.40 RACE.
3 P. M.—BASE BALL GAME.
BRAINTREES, of Braintree, vs. RANGERS, of E. Weymouth,
For a Purse of $50.

SECOND DAY.
10 A. M.—Class 5, Exhibition of Stallions for general use.
10.15 A. M.—Class 17. An extra Premium of $25 given by Joshua Wilkins for the best colt, the get of Arbiter, regardless of age.
10.30 A. M.
TRIAL OF
HOOK & LADDER TRUCKS.
Open to all Trucks in Town.
Each Company to leave Truck 300 yards from the Grand Stand; to start from Grand Stand and return with Truck; Splice Ladders and send man to roof of Grand Stand.
Prizes, $25 to 1st; $20 to 2d; $15 to 3d; $10 to 4th.
11 A. M.—Class 6, FAMILY HORSES.
1.30 P. M.—FOOT RACE, 1-4 MILE,—Open to Boys under 14 years of age. Prizes, 1st $2, 2d $1.
2 P. M.—Class 11, MEMBERS' RACE.
2 P. M.
150 Yards Dash, Handicap.
$10 to 1st, $5 to 2d. CONDITIONS OF THE 150 YARDS DASH HANDICAP.—An entrance fee of $1. Contestants to be properly clothed from shoulders to the knee. The race will be arranged by the committee, and each person to keep the place he draws until he reaches the line, or be declared a foul. To start by a pistol shot. For particulars address A. RAYMOND, SOUTH WEYMOUTH, MASS.
2 30 P. M.—Class 14,
2.50 RACE.
3.30 P.M.—Grand Base Ball Match.
BRAINTREES, of Braintree, vs. MURRAY CLUB, of Boston.
PURSE OF $50.

THIRD DAY.
10 A. M.—Class 8, Walking Horses.
10.15 A. M.—GAME OF LACROSSE, by Weymouth Teams.
10.30 A. M.—Class 12, Gentlemen's Driving Horses in Harness; for horses that have no record better than three minutes.
1 P. M.—GRAND CAVALCADE.
2 P. M.—Class 10, Running Horses.
2.30 P. M.
150 Yds. Dash, Handicap,
Prize $10. Dress same as described above.
3 P. M.—Class 15, Gentlemen's Driving Horses in Harness; for horses that have no record better than 2.23. Purse $400.
3.30 P. M.—BASE BALL MATCH.
HOLBROOKS, of Holbrook, vs. RANGERS, of E. Weymouth.
PURSE $50.
4 P. M.—TUG-OF-WAR, between Teams from Rockland and North Abington. CONDITIONS OF PULLING IN THE TUG OF WAR.—To pull on the ground. In teams of six persons. A space of rope 10 feet in length between the contestants. To pull two minutes, all disputes to be settled by the referee.

MUSIC.
Stetson's Weymouth Band
will be in attendance on Thursday.
The Weymouth Band, Friday.
SATURDAY.
TWO FULL BANDS.

Admission to Park, - 30 Cents.
Children under 12, 15 Cents.
Hall Exhibition FREE.
Carriages, 25 Cents.
Members' Season Tickets, 65 Cents.
Contributors' Season Tickets, 65 Cents.

EXCURSION TICKETS
Will be sold at the various Stations of the Old Colony Railroad at reduced rates, with Coupon admitting to the Park.
Alva Raymond, President; Geo. W. Bates, Treasurer; William Dyer, Secretary; L. B. Tirrell, Sup't of Grounds; S. S. Spear, Sup't of Hall; Quincy L. Reed, Sup't of Stock; William B. Hersey, Sup't of Tent Ground, South Weymouth.
Track Committee—William Burrell, D. W. Barrows, J. N. Wilde, C. W. Torrey, Granville Thompson.
Chief Marshal, Asa B. Pratt.

KING'S EVIL
Was the name formerly given to Scrofula because of a superstition that it could be cured by a king's touch. The world is wiser now, and knows that
SCROFULA
can only be cured by a thorough purification of the blood. If this is neglected, the disease perpetuates its taint through generation after generation. Among its earlier symptomatic developments are **Eczema, Cutaneous Eruptions, Tumors, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas, Purulent Ulcers, Nervous and Physical Collapse,** etc. If allowed to continue, **Rheumatism, Scrofulous Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Diseases, Tubercular Consumption,** and various other dangerous or fatal maladies, are produced by it.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Is the only powerful and always reliable blood-purifying medicine. It is so effectual an alterative that it eradicates from the system **Hereditary Scrofula,** and the kindred poisons of contagious diseases and mercury. At the same time it enriches and vitalizes the blood, restoring healthful action to the vital organs and rejuvenating the entire system. This great
Regenerative Medicine
Is composed of the genuine *Honduras Sarsaparilla,* with *Yellow Dock, Stillingia,* the *Iodides of Potassium* and *Iron,* and other ingredients of great potency, carefully and scientifically compounded. Its formula is generally known to the medical profession, and the best physicians constantly prescribe AYER'S SARSAPARILLA as an
Absolute Cure
For all diseases caused by the vitiation of the blood. It is concentrated to the highest practicable degree, far beyond any other preparation for which like effects are claimed, and is therefore the cheapest, as well as the best blood purifying medicine, in the world.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
[Analytical Chemists.]
Sold by all Druggists: price $1; six bottles for $5.

LOVELL'S CORNER.
Mrs. Whitman's sister is here on a visit.

Rev. F. D. Sargent will lecture for the benefit of the church Friday evening the 12th. Subject, "War Memories." Admission 15 cents.

Several of our young men are attending Comer's Commercial college this term.

Mr. Dexter Pratt showed us a sample of choice apples grown in his orchard the other day, the snow apple.

The number of intoxicated men seen on our streets from time to time call loudly for more active measures to break up the places in town where liquor is being sold in defiance of law.

Trigonometrical Problem.
At 8 hours 39 minutes a. m., apparent time, measured the length of the shadow of a church steeple and found it to reach 198 feet from the centre of the base of steeple. The ground at the end of the shadow was 3 feet below the level of the bottom of the steeple. The latitude of the church is 42 degrees 10 minutes, 30 seconds North, and the Sun's declination at that time was 6 degrees 11 minutes 48 seconds north. Required the height of the steeple.
So. Weymouth Sep. 6, '84. L. G.

Not a particle of quinine nor any mineral substance is contained in Ayer's Ague Cure—but it does the business. Warranted.

Marriages and Deaths.
DIED.
In East Weymouth, Sept. 11, suddenly, Mr. Nathan Bates, aged 84 years.
Sept. 11, Mr. John B. Drew, aged 59 years, 4 months.

BY F. D. OSGOOD & SON,
838 Washington Street, Boston.
Auction Sale!
OF
FARM, FURNITURE, CARPETS, AND FARM TOOLS, ETC.
Best 25 acre Farm in Cohasset, known as the McCORMICK FARM, Corner of NORTH MAIN STREET AND FOREST AVENUE, 2 minutes from King Street Station, on O. C. R. R., about 20 miles from Boston.
Wednesday, Sept. 17, at 10 o'clock.
Consisting of Farming Tools, Hay Wagon, Tip Cart, Cow, Horses, Carriages, Harness, 8 Tons best Hay, Furniture and Carpets of 15 rooms, Singer Sewing Machine, &c.
In ten years the present owner has expended $18,000 in improving House and Stable, in Gravel Walks, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Stone Walls, &c.
The House has 15 rooms, in fine condition, best water, Cemented Cellars, Furnace, &c. A piazza 8 ft. wide and 120 ft. long extends around the main house, entirely covered by trained vines; all windows have large glass, blinds and wire screens. The Stable has 5 stalls, plenty Hay, Carriage room, &c.
The land has a frontage of 2100 ft., nearly all enclosed by a face wall 2 1-2 ft. thick; one of the finest Peach and Pear Orchards, Apples, Currants, &c. There are some 12 different pastures, nearly all enclosed by stone wall. It is only 1 mile from Cohasset, 3 from Hingham; and is an elegant residence for any one wishing a genteel home near the sea.
Also, the entire Furniture, which was new 2 months ago, consisting of Parlor Sets, 6 Walnut Chamber and other Sets, Rattan and Easy Chairs, Extension and other Tables, Magee Range, Tapestry, Wool and other Carpets, Mirrors, Rugs, Clocks, Lounges, Mattresses, Wire Spring Bedsteads, Refrigerators, Plough and other Farm Tools, &c., &c.
☞ Cars leave O. C. Depot, Boston, 7.35 & 8.33; stop at King St. Station, Cohasset. 2 minutes walk from the farm.
$500 will be required on farm at time of sale. Terms liberal on balance.
All personal property to be sold for cash to be removed at once. Property on inspection any day before sale.
Particulars on the premises or of the Auctioneers.
SALE POSITIVE, RAIN OR SHINE.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK, SS. Probate Court.
TO the Heirs-at-Law, Next-of-Kin, and all other Persons interested in the estate of LEAH R. LOVELL, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased. Greeting:
Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Elias Richards, who prays that letters of administration with the will annexed may be issued to him.
You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy, in said County of Norfolk, on the second Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.
And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.
Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.
21 23 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
IN INSOLVENCY. Messengers Notice.
NORFOLK, ss. Weymouth, Sept. 11, 1884.
NOTICE is hereby given that Hon. GEORGE WHITE, Judge of the Court of Insolvency, in and for the County of Norfolk, has issued a warrant against the estate of GEORGE W. WHITTEN, of Weymouth, in said County, an Insolvent Debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said Debtor, to him or for his use, and transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said Debtor to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
GEORGE W. WHITE,
21 23 Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Horsford's
SELF-RAISING
Bread Preparation.
—IS AS—
CHEAP AS IT IS **GOOD.**
It costs less than One Cent for each quart of Flour.
Ordinary Baking Powders in cans cost nearly Two Cents for each quart of Flour.

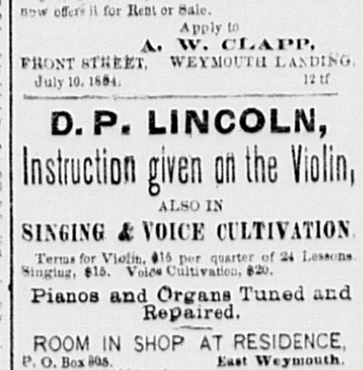
TOWN HALL, WEYMOUTH,
One Night Only, Sept, 15, 1884.
DAN NASH'S
NEW AND ORIGINAL
HIBERNICON IRISH COMEDY
And Specialty Company.
75 SPLENDID TABLEAUX 75
Showing with admirable fidelity to nature the wondrous landscape beauties in the four provinces of the most beautiful island in the world—ULSTER, LEINSTER, MUNSTER and CONNAUGHT.
Doors open at 7. To commence at 8 P. M.
Admission, 25 & 35c.
Tickets for sale at the usual places.
Cushing's Coaches run to and from East Weymouth and the Hall. Teams will also run from North and South Weymouth and the Landing.

DENTISTRY.
DR. A. G. NYE
CONTINUES TO FURNISH SETS OF TEETH FOR $10 PER SET.

WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK.
NOTICE.
CHANGE IN BANK HOURS.
ON and after March 1st, 1884, the Bank hours will be from 1 to 5 o'clock P. M. on every business day, and from 7 to 9 o'clock on MONDAY EVENINGS.
44 CHAS. T. CRANE, Treas.

F. C. PRATT,
HAIR DRESSER,
FIRST CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
L. Torrey's Building, North St.
NORTH WEYMOUTH.
A choice assortment of CIGARS, TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, EXTRACTS, etc., constantly on hand.

DENTISTRY!
MAYO'S COMPOUND
VEGETABLE ANÆSTHETIC.
A Safe and Pleasant Substitute for Gas and Ether.
Discovered by Dr. U. K. Mayo, of Boston, April, 1883. Subsequently administered by him in nearly two thousand cases; producing PERFECT SLUMBER. No ill effects have followed its use in any case, it acting rather as a vegetable tonic, controlling the patient one-fourth longer than gas.
Having used it extensively in our practice it is with great confidence we introduce this to the public of South Weymouth and vicinity.
Office at Residence; open evenings and on Tuesdays all day.
Thoroughly reliable dental work at moderate prices.
E. B. HOWE,
[Of Donham & Howe, Rockland, Mass.]
Main St., South Weymouth. 18 3m



Send for our new illustrated campaign circular before ordering Flags, Torches, or Uniforms.
G. W. SIMMONS & CO.,
17 21 32 to 44 North St., BOSTON, Mass.

REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE OR TO LET.
The Subscriber having purchased the
DOWSE ESTATE,
Adjoining his, and put the same in perfect repair, now offers it for Rent or Sale.
Apply to
A. W. CLAPP,
FRONT STREET, WEYMOUTH LANDING.
July 10, 1884. 12 tf

D. P. LINCOLN,
Instruction given on the Violin,
ALSO IN
SINGING & VOICE CULTIVATION.
Terms for Violin, $15 per quarter of 24 Lessons. Singing, $15. Voice Cultivation, $20.
Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired.
ROOM IN SHOP AT RESIDENCE,
P. O. Box 808. East Weymouth.
GN&81v42

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK SS. Probate Court.
TO all persons interested in the estate of FRANCIS M. ADLINGTON, late of Weymouth, in said county, deceased. Greeting.
Whereas, Ellen E. Adlington, the Administratrix of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first account of her administration upon the estate of said deceased:
You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.
And said Accountant is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette, a newspaper printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.
Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.
22 24 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

MRS. H. BURNESS,
WILL BE PREPARED TO DO
DRESSMAKING
At Main St., South Weymouth,
AS USUAL, FROM SEPT. 1st.
18 22

WANTED.
FOREMAN to take charge of the bottoming department in a country factory, starting Oct. 1st, with mostly new hands and manufacturing men's work. Address
20 21 "F", Box 235, Boston.

WEYMOUTH
DRUG STORE.
SMITH'S
ELIXIR
Calisaya Bark,
An Agreeable Tonic.
SMITH'S
SYRUP
HYPOPHOSPHITES,
For Consumptives.
OUR EXTRACT
Jamaica Ginger
IS NOT EXCELLED.
SUPERIOR IN STRENGTH AND QUALITY.
BENJ. F. SMITH, Ph. G.

FOR SALE.
Homestead of the late Wilson Tirrell consisting of a large two story House, Barn, Carriage House and two Henerys, with 4 acres of good mowing land, bounded on the south by Reed's Pond. Also, adjoining, 25 acres of Woodland and Pasturage. The whole for sale on easy terms, by
WILSON TIRRELL.

TO LET,
On Quincy Avenue, East Braintree, the house lately occupied by Mr. Denfeld.
Apply to
13 tf CHAS. T. CRANE.

DRAFTS
ON IRELAND,
£1 AND UPWARD,
FOR SALE AT
UNION NATIONAL BANK OF WEYMOUTH.

LOUIS A. COOK,
Agent for
QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.,
DORCHESTER MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.,
ABINGTON MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.
and the SUN FIRE OFFICE, of London.
FOR SALE.
Also a PEW in the Second Congregational Church
TO LET.
A PLEASANT TENEMENT on Main Street; rent $9 per month. Also, a STORE in the most desirable location in South Weymouth.
17tf South Weymouth.

QUINCY MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Cash Fund, April 1, 1884, $467,337.24
Amount at Risk, $26,830,523.00
Dividends Paid on every Expiring Policy; 50 per cent. on 5 years, 30 per cent. on 3 years and 20 per cent. on all others.
Israel W. Munroe, President and Treasurer.
Chas. A. Howland, Secretary.
AGENTS:
ELIAS RICHARDS, Weymouth
E. S. BEALS, North Weymouth
Z. L. BICKNELL, East Weymouth
LOUIS A. COOK, South Weymouth

BOSTON.
Largest and most Successful in the World
THE COURSE OF STUDY is thorough, complete and practical. Pupils are fitted for the duties and work of every day life.
THE FACULTY embraces a list of twenty teachers and assistants, elected with special reference to proficiency in each department.
THE STUDENTS are young people of both sexes full of *diligence* and *zeal*.
THE DISCIPLINE is of the highest order and inculcates valuable business lessons.
THE PATRONAGE is the largest of any Commercial School in the world.
THE REPUTATION of this school for *originality* and *leadership* and as the Standard Institution of its kind is generally acknowledged.
THE SCHOOL BUILDING is centrally located and purposely constructed.
SITUATIONS in Business Houses furnished its pupils completes the varied inducements to attend this school.
PROSPECTUS containing full particulars post free to intending patrons. Opens Sept. 1st. Address
H. E. HIBBARD, 608 Washington St. Boston.

THAYER ACADEMY.
EIGHTH YEAR BEGINS SEPTEMBER 17.
Examination for Admission, Sept. 16.
Address
J. B. SEWALL, Head Master,
6 10 22 SOUTH BRAINTREE, MASS

SPECIAL TREATMENT
For Nervous Disorders,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Diseases peculiar to Women. Pain relieved and disease cured in many cases without the use of medicine. Consultations free, by mail or otherwise. Endorsed both in this Country and abroad. C. S. HARDY, M. D., 75 Chester Sq., Boston (few doors from Tremont st.).

GEORGE L. WENTWORTH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Evening Office at Residence, Main Street, SOUTH WEYMOUTH.
Boston Office, 209 Washington St., Room A
52 tf

THE EAST WEYMOUTH
SAVINGS BANK.
President, DAVID TUCKER
VICE-PRESIDENTS.
Z. L. Bicknell, Joseph Totman.
Treasurer, Joseph A. Cushing
BOARD OF INVESTMENT.
JOSEPH TOTMAN, Z. L. BICKNELL, NATHAN CANTERBURY, N. D. CANTERBURY, CHAS. H. PRATT, HENRY F. BICKNELL, JOHN P. BURRELL, JOSEPH A. CUSHING.
BANK OPEN
Monday, Wednesday and Saturdays,
From 2 to 5 p. m.

1840. CCC 1884.
COMER'S
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
666 Washington Street,
BOSTON.
This institution has a reputation for Thoroughness and Practicality second to none. Its graduates are always in demand in Business. The course is elective, and embraces every branch of study required in mercantile life. Separate department for ladies. Students received at any time. Those intending to attend school, should examine the advantages offered here, before going elsewhere.
☞ The 44th Annual Catalogue will be mailed free upon application. GN 15 24

HAVE YOU SEEN
AT
GRANVILLE
THOMPSON'S
THE NEW
$8, $10, $12
WATCHES.
NO. 12
WASHINGTON STREET.

Notice to the Public
Any one wanting
CHILDREN'S SCHOOL SHOES
should call at the
BOSTON
BOOT & SHOE
STORE,
where you will find the
Best and Only
SCHOOL SHOE
that is made, and they are warranted to wear out
Without Ripping.
I WILL STAND
BACK OF IT.
C. F. STETSON,
BOSTON BOOT & SHOE STORE,
EAST WEYMOUTH.

STAR
BAKERY.
THE undersigned informs the citizens of WEYMOUTH AND VICINITY that he has opened the STAR BAKERY formerly occupied by Mr. A. L. Hobart, where there can always be found
BREAD, ROLLS, CAKE, PASTRY, CRACKERS
and all other goods usually kept in a first class Bakery.
HOT BROWN BREAD AND BEANS for sale Saturday nights and Sunday mornings till 9 o'clock.
Our specialty is WEDDING CAKE which we can furnish to our customers at lower prices than it can be purchased for in Boston.
A superior article of Jellies and Jams, also, Fresh Yeast for sale.
Teams run through Braintree, Weymouth and East Weymouth daily.
WALTER A. CLARK,
12 3m Formerly foreman Star Bakery.

FOR SALE!
A NEW COVERED WAGON,
MADE to order by Charles Ahlf, and in first class order. The wagon has leather trimmings and is built of the best material throughout. The reason for selling is that the wagon is too large for owner's use. Apply to
12 tf L. O. CROCKER, East Braintree

FORD & McCORMICK,
FUNERAL
UNDERTAKERS
—AND—
COFFIN WAREHOUSE,
WASHINGTON SQ.,
Weymouth Landing.
COFFINS, CASKETS, ROBES, &c., constantly on hand, and furnished on the most favorable terms.
We have an elegant HEARSE of Brownell's manufacture, a new HACK, and Carriages of any number desired will also be furnished.
The PATENT FREEZER is used in preserving bodies without coming in contact with the ice.
Orders attended to in the most faithful manner, on application to either of the subscribers.
JOHN FORD. T. J. McCORMICK.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK, SS. PROBATE COURT
TO the Heirs at Law, Next of Kin, and all other persons interested in the Estate of ASA WHITMAN, late of Weymouth, in said county, deceased. Greeting:
Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Quincy L. Reed, of said Weymouth, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him the executor therein named, and that he may be exempt from giving a surety or sureties on his bond pursuant to said will and statute.
You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham, in said county of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.
And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.
Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this third day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.
20 22 JONATHAN COBB, Register

NOTICE.
ALL persons are hereby forbidden to trust any member of my family on my account, as I shall pay no bills of their contracting. JAMES COOKE.
Weymouth, Oct. 10, 1883. N 18 21

FOR SALE
A FIRST CLASS MILLINERY BUSINESS. Centrally located and near the depot. This is a rare chance for the right person.
Apply to
MISS M. E. TILDEN,
It South Street, Hingham.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK SS. Probate Court.
TO all persons interested in the Estate of JACOB LOUD, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased. Greeting:
Whereas, John J. Loud and Sarah M. Loud the Executors of the will of said deceased, have presented for allowance the first account of their administration upon the estate of said deceased:
You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.
And said Accountants are ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette, a newspaper printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least before said Court.
Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eleventh day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.
21 23 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

Old Colony Railroad.
Sept. 8, 1884.
TRAINS LEAVE BOSTON FOR
New York, via Fall River Line, 6.00 PM; Return, via Fall River Line, 5.30 PM.
Newport, 8.00, 11.40 AM, 3.35, 6.00 (boat), PM. Return, 7.45, 10.20 AM; 2.55, 4.30 PM.
Fall River via Taunton, 8.00, 11.40 AM; 3.35, 4.45, 6.00 PM; via Bridgewater, 8.30 AM; 4.35 PM. Return via Taunton, 5.20c, 6.45, 8.15, 10.56 AM; 3.35 PM; via Bridgewater, 6.25 AM; 5.05 PM.
Brockton, 7.50, 8.30, 10.05, AM; 12.45, 2.15, 3.15, 4.10, 4.35, 5.20, 6.07, 8.15, 11.10 PM. Return, 5.34, 6.38, 8.03, 9.20, 9.53 AM; 12.43, 2.10, 3.20, 4.42, 6.25, 6.28, 9.41 PM.
Plymouth via Abington, 7.50 AM; 2.30, 5.10 PM; via Duxbury, 7.35 AM; 3.50, PM. Return, via Abington, 6.35, 9.15, 11.40 AM; 3.30 PM; via Duxbury, 7.30 AM; 4.25 PM.
East Bridgewater, 7.50, 11.00 AM; 2.30, 5.10 PM. Return, 7.02, 9.46 AM; 3.47, PM.
South Abington, 7.50, 11 AM; 2.30, 3.35, 5.10, 6.25 PM. Return, 6.15, 7.19, 8.18, 9.58 AM; 12.20, 4.12, PM.
South Weymouth, 7.50, 11.00 AM; 2.30, 3.35, 5.10, 6.25, PM. Return, 6.30, 7.38, 8.32, 10.14 AM; 12.38, 4.33, PM.
South Duxbury, 7.35 AM; 3.50, 5.20 PM. Return, 6.45, 7.45 AM; 4.43 PM.
Marshfield, 7.35, 8.33, 11.40 AM; 3.50, 5.20, 6.25 PM. Return, 6.05, 7.00, 7.56, AM; 12.15, 2.25, 4.56 PM.
Scituate and North Scituate, 7.35, 8.33, 11.40 AM; 3.50, 5.20, 6.25 PM. Return, Scituate, 6.29, 7.22, 8.13 AM; 12.29, 2.50, 5.26 PM.
Cohasset and Hingham, 7.35, 8.33, 11.40 AM; 2.30, 3.50, 5.20, 5.30, 6.25 PM. Return, Cohasset, 6.45, 7.39, 8.25, 9.58 AM; 12.54, 3.04, 4.05, 5.40, 9.30 PM. Return, Hingham, 6.58, 7.52, 8.36, 10.11 AM; 1.06, 3.18, 4.20, 6.03, 9.50 PM.
East Weymouth and Weymouth, 7.35, 8.33, 11.40 AM; 2.30, 3.50, 5.30, 6.25 PM. Return, East Weymouth, 7.08, 8.00, 10.20 AM; 1.14, 3.29, 4.32, 6.11, 9.58 PM. Return, Weymouth 7.18, 8.09, 10.29 AM; 1.24, 3.38, 4.41, 6.19, 10.08 PM.
South Braintree, 6.45, 7.50, 8.00, 10.05, 11, 11.40 AM; 12 M; 12.45, 1.15, 1.50, 2.15, 2.30, 3.15, 3.35, 4.15, 4.35, 4.48, 5.10, 5.20, 5.32, 6.07, 6.12, 6.25, 7.10, 8.15, 10.00, 11.10, 11.15 PM.—Return, 5.58, 6.38, 7.12, 7.22, 7.31, 7.48, 8.27, 9.09, 9.48, 10.26, 10.34, AM; 12.36, 12.47, 1.04, 1.26, 2.33, 3.41, 4.44, 5.06, 5.18, 5.31, 6.43, 6.59, 7.10, 8.44, 10.02, 10.21 PM.
Quincy, 6.45, 7.35, 7.50, 8.00, 8.33, 10.05, 11.00 AM; 12 M; 1.15, 1.50, 2.30, 3.15, 4.15, 4.48, 5.10, 5.32, 6.07, 6.12, 6.25, 7.10, 8.15, 10.00, 11.10, 11.15 PM. Return, 6.09, 6.48, 7.23, 7.36, 7.42, 7.57, 8.02, 8.22, 8.37, 9.19, 9.59, 10.45 AM; 12.57, 1.38, 2.44, 3.53, 4.56, 5.15, 5.41, 6.32, 6.51, 7.07, 7.20, 8.54, 10.12, 10.33 PM.
Cottage City, 12.45 PM.
Nantucket, 12.45 PM.
SUNDAY TRAINS.
Fall River, via Bridgewater, 5.45 PM; via Taunton, 7.00 PM. Return, via Taunton,) 5.20c AM; (via Bridgewater) 7.22 AM.
South Braintree and Way Stations, 8.30 AM 12.45, 5.00, 10.00 PM. Return (South Braintree) 9.13, 9.30 AM; 1.45, 6.00, 10.50 PM.
Plymouth, via South Shore, 9.15 AM.
c or on arrival of boat from New York; e Tuesdays and Fridays only.
J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.

TO LET.
A Nice Tenement of 9 rooms, on Walnut Avenue; also Store Room in Foye's Block, Washington St., suitable Dressmaker, or Fancy Goods.
Apply to
8tf WM. H. CLAPP.

NOTICE.

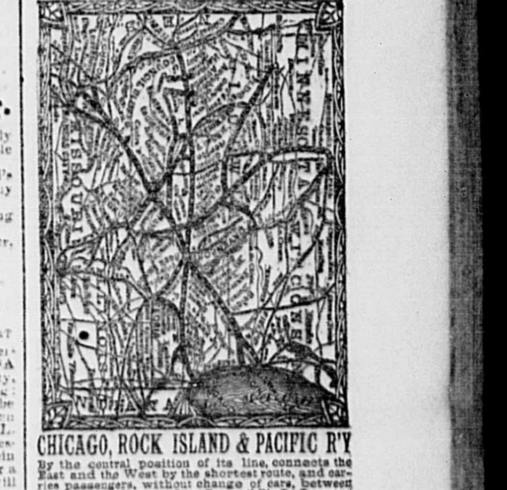
IN addition to my Horse Shoeing business I have secured the services of a first-class CARRIAGE SMITH, and am now prepared to do all kinds of
Carriage Ironing and Repairing
in the best manner and at reasonable prices.
Thanking the public for past patronage I am yours respectfully,
J. H. WALLACE,
PRACTICAL HORSE SHOER,
Washington Square, Weymouth, Mass.
SHOP IN REAR OF J. G. WORSTER'S STORE.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK, SS. Probate Court.
TO the Next-of-Kin, Creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of ELVIRA CRANDALL, late of Weymouth, in said County, married woman, deceased, intestate:
Whereas, application has been made to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased, to Loveli D. Crandall, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk,
You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against granting the same.
And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least before said Court.
Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.
21 23 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

FIRE INSURANCE.
The undersigned, Agent for the following Insurance Cos., with Assets of more than $23,000,000, is prepared to insure to any amount, on REAL or PERSONAL PROPERTY, in WEYMOUTH or vicinity. Having had many years experience
IN FIRE INSURANCE,
and thankful for past favors, solicits a continuance of the same.

Quincy Mutual,	of Quincy
Dorchester,	of Boston
Merchants & Farmers,	Worcester
Abington,	of Abington
Home Ins. Co.,	of New York
German American,	of New York
Ins. Co. of North America,	Phila
American Ins. Co.,	of Philadelphia
Shoe & Leather Ins. Co.,	Boston
Phœnix Ins. Co.,	Brooklyn
Northern Assurance Co.,	of England
No. British & Mercantile,	of England
Lancashire Ins. Co.,	Manchester, Eng
Phœnix " "	Hartford

ELIAS RICHARDS.
Weymouth, April 7, 1881.

A MAN
WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y
By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous
"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."
A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.
All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.
Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.
Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.
For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE
At your nearest Ticket Office, or address
R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r, E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't,
CHICAGO.

JAMES PYLE'S
O.K.
PEARLINE
THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR
WASHING AND BLEACHING
IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER.
SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No family, rich or poor should be without it.
Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and always bears the above symbol, and name of
JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

E. A. BIGELOW,
—DEALER IN—
COAL,
WOOD,
Grain, Flour,
HAY, STRAW, LIME, CEMENT, BRICK, HAIR AND SAND.
WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT.
Office and Yard, Wharf & East Streets,
EAST WEYMOUTH.
ORDER BOX AT THE POST OFFICE.
Office open from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH
SAVINGS BANK.
President, JOSIAH REED
Vice President, ORAN WHITE
Treasurer, A. E. VINING
BOARD OF INVESTMENT.
JOSIAH REED, P. H. TIRRELL
ORAN WHITE, LORING TIRRELL
JOSEPH DYER.
(Open from 8 to 12 A. M. and 2 1-2 to 5 P. M.)
tf

Joseph I. Bates,
AUCTIONEER
—AND—
Commission Merchant.
Liberal advances on Consignments.
Weymouth Landing, - Mass

DENTISTRY.
PRICES OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH, AS MANUFACTURED BY
A. G. NYE,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.
On Gold, $40.00
On Platinum (Continuous Gum Work), 30.00
On Silver, 15.00
On Choplastic (Metallic), 10.00
On Celluloid 10.00
On Rubber. 10.00

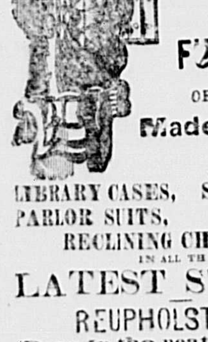
SAMUEL CURTIS,
Coffin Warehouse,
—AND—
FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,
Weymouth Landing.
COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Furnished at Shortest Notice.
THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING BODIES.
Auction Sales attended to as usual.

NOBLE MORSE,
AUCTIONEER
Will give particular attention to the sale of Real Estate and personal property.
Post Office Address, NORTH WEYMOUTH, MASS

R. F. RAYMOND,
TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN
—AND—
MUSICAL COMPOSITION.
(Sixteen years experience.)
Terms, $15 for a Course of 20 Lessons.
No. 1 Water Street, East Weymouth
Oly

G. H. ROTH.
OPTICIAN,
47 WEST STREET, BOSTON.
See what a leading Boston paper says of him:—All those who are afflicted with imperfect vision, from whatever cause or of any nature, will find in Mr. G. H. Roth, 47 West Street, an optician of rare practical knowledge, always ready to give substantial advice to all who may consult him. The highly interesting lectures on the eye and its diseases which Mr. Roth has given before large and appreciative audiences in and out of Boston, give evidence of his thorough knowledge of his profession.—*Boston Transcript.* 52 1y

C. F. DAYMON
HAS REMOVED TO
Spear's Block
BROAD ST.,
E. Weymouth,
where he would be pleased to attend to former patrons



FURNITURE
OF ALL KINDS
Made to Order.
LIBRARY CASES, SIDEBOARDS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, RECLINING CHAIRS, etc.,
IN ALL THE
LATEST STYLES.
REUPHOLSTERING
Done in the neatest manner.
PICTURES FRAMED
in all the varied styles.
DRAPERY.
Special attention paid to all its branches.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.

TOWN OF WEYMOUTH.

Board of Health.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE Board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 28 of the General Statutes, will be strictly enforced:

SEC. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of ...... any ...... disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the ...... Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

SEC. 48. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is infected with ...... any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the ...... Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, HENRY A. NASH, GEORGE A. CUSHING, WILLIAM NASH, JACOB BAKER, } Board of Health of Weymouth
Weymouth, March, 1883.

MEETINGS OF THE

Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor.

THE Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the Town House EVERY MONDAY (except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock P. M. On the third Monday of each month they will meet at the Almshouse at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY, HENRY A. NASH, GEORGE A. CUSHING, WILLIAM NASH, JACOB BAKER, } Selectmen of Weymouth.
Weymouth, March, 1883.

30 DAYS' TRIAL
DR. DYE'S

(BEFORE.) (AFTER.)
ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address
VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

THE WEEK

In the United States and the Old World.

FRANCE AND CHINA.

Both Nations Apparently Undecided as to What Course to Pursue.

From London: A *Times* dispatch from Pekin says: The imperial edicts and diplomatic circulars recently issued by the Tsung-Li-Yomen indicate a spirit of defiance as the result of the Foo Chow disaster. Placards posted in the streets proclaim war with France, but enjoin the people, under severe penalties, not to molest citizens of other nations.

Advices from Chinese state that three Chinese armies are marching to invade Tonquin, one from each of the three southern provinces of China. The army of Kwang-Si numbers 25,000 men, that from Yun-Nan 20,000, and that from Kwang-Tung, likewise 20,000. The Yun-Nan army will join the Black Flags at Lao-Kai on the Tonquin frontier. There are said to be 10,000 Black Flags at that point. These combined forces will march down the Red River and attack Hung-Hoa. The Kwang-Si army will march into Tonquin by way of Cao-Binh, and in connection with a portion of the Canton army, now at Lang-Son, will attack Bac-Ninh. Six thousand French hold Nai-Noi, Hung-Hoa, Sontay and Bac-Ninh.

From Paris: The report that China had formally declared war against France is without foundation. Minister Ferry has gone to St. Denis for a week's holiday, which implies that further immediate complication with China is not likely to occur. Admiral Courbet has left the island of Matson and is believed to have gone to Hainan. Five hundred French troops have been ordered from Cochin China to Kelong.

There is much uncertainty in Paris as to the future tactics of Admiral Courbet. Whether he contemplates an attack on Canton is yet unknown, and his movements are shrouded in the deepest obscurity. It is rumored that the French Government, emboldened by the present state of public feeling, is preparing some grand movement which will still further inflame the enthusiasm of the French nation. China still hesitates to declare war. It is said that the representatives of both Russia and Germany have informed the Government at Pekin that a declaration of war on her part would be fatal to her interests if she is seeking to enlist the sympathy of other European powers on her side.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Arrest of a Wealthy Farmer of Monticello, Ill., and Two Others.

An unusual sensation has been caused at Monticello by the arrest of Solomon Spencer, a wealthy farmer of that county, and Thomas Keever and wife, who live six miles east of the town, on an indictment for the murder of Alva Spencer, a brother of the first named, who died at the house of Keever, who was then a tenant on Spencer's place, two years ago last spring. Spencer's death occurred suddenly, after the attending physician had left him as convalescent, and a growing suspicion of foul play resulted in the present investigation. The body was exhumed two weeks ago, and found to be in a perfect state of preservation. The stomach was analyzed, and the presence of arsenic discovered in quantities sufficient to have caused death. Spencer was unmarried, and left considerable property at his death. Sol Spencer, one of the accused, has applied for a writ of habeas corpus.

DYING WITH LOCKJAW.

A Young Man Nearing Death Under Peculiar Circumstances.

Columbus Bailey, a bright, handsome and promising boy of 17, lies dying at his home, No. 207 M street, under peculiarly painful circumstances, says the Washington *Post.* Bailey, who was employed at Mueller's candy manufactory, recently dispersed a crowd of boisterous negro boys. Afterward one of them named Wood sprang from a place of concealment and struck Bailey on the forehead with a brick, knocking him senseless. Dr. J. F. Hartigan attended him, and removed two pieces of bone and also two pieces of brick from his skull which had been fractured. The brain itself was found not to be very seriously injured, and the wound began healing nicely. Later symptoms of trismus were discovered on one side of his throat, which afterwards extended to the other side, completing the development of a case commonly known as lockjaw. His jaws have remained locked since that time, and his physicians regard his case as almost hopeless.

A HEAP OF PEOPLE.

Fall of an Amphitheatre at a Nebraska Sham Battle.

At the G. A. R. reunion, at Fremont, 20,000 people had assembled at the parade grounds south of the camp to witness the sham battle which was to be the most exciting and interesting part of the whole week's programme. A large amphitheatre had been constructed to accommodate the throng, but, before it had been thoroughly filled up, it went down with a terrible crash, throwing the 2000 people who were in the seats into a heterogeneous mass on the ground below. Assistance was promptly given by the surgeon-general, the wounded being first extricated from the timbers of the structure and removed to convenient portions of the camp. It was found that more than fifty persons had been hurt, their wounds varying from sprained ankles and wrists to fractured limbs and serious internal injuries. The best care possible was being given to the wounded. The sham battle was postponed until next day on account of the accident.

HE WOULD TRY IT.

Having Seen Train Wreckers Work W. A. Briggs Follows Their Example.

Detective McElhany, of the Fitchburg railroad, arrested at Ayer, Mass., recently, a colored man calling himself W. F. Briggs, who claims to belong in Harsville, Va., and to have been connected with Buffalo Bill's Wild West show, which he claims he left at Lowell. He was detained on suspicion of being the man who lately attempted to wreck the passenger train at Greenville. Briggs finally confessed to having placed a hand car on the track and throwing a switch, which sent the train on a high bank. Had Engineer Henry not kept a sharp lookout, the engine and two cars would have gone over the embankment. Briggs said that he had seen train wreckers work, and thought he would try it. As the offence was committed over the line his hearing will take place in New Hampshire.

Long Fight Over a Telegram.

A rescript has been sent down in the case of Charles H. Clement, of Salem, Mass., vs Western Union Telegraph Company. The plaintiff commenced a suit to recover damages for the non-receipt of a despatch sent in 1880. The defence claimed that their contract was that they should not be liable for more than the cost of transmission, unless such messages were repeated. This one was not. The case was tried in September, 1882, and a verdict for plaintiff rendered in the sum of $13.61. To this both parties excepted, and the verdict was set aside, and the case by consent of parties was taken before the court where judgment was rendered for 25 cents and interest. To this the plaintiff excepted and the exceptions went up. The rescript sustains the verdict for 25 cents and interest from May, 1880, to date. In March, 1881, the defendant tendered the amount of damage and now gets cost from that time.

Importation of Rags.

The New York and Boston rag committees have been heard by Acting Secretary Coon and Surg. Gen. Hamilton of the marine hospital service of the treasury. The rag men asked that the cargoes of rags which were on their way to this country when the recent order excluding rags was issued might be allowed to come in. No formal decision was announced, but it was understood that if the rag committees would make formal application through the regular official there were chances that their request would be granted. The rag committees said they would present their request in that way.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Record.

The commissioner of pensions is preparing for reference an official record of all living soldiers and sailors engaged in the late war. He is now sending out circulars requesting information as to the name, the branch of the service, the late rank, company, regiment, vessel and squadron; the town, county and state where born; the date of discharge from the service and the present residence. This information, if accurately furnished, will facilitate the disposition of claims for pensions to a great extent.

The Time to Travel.

Scalpers say that the prices of tickets to all important points West are getting constantly lower. Tickets from New York to Buffalo have been selling at $5 over the Ontario and Western Railroad, and at $6 on other roads. It is thought that if the war continues, they will sell as low as $2. Tickets to St. Louis sold at $14, and to Chicago at $12.50, over the Grand Trunk, the West Shore, and the Ontario and Western. Special rates to Washington were made at $6. Return tickets were much lower in proportion.

An Auditor Forger.

Alfred H. Hahn one of the auditors of Northampton county, Pa., has gone away to avoid being arrested on the charge of forging notes to the amount of nearly $10,000. Two of the notes were held by the Easton bank for $700 each and one of them by the county treasurer for $1200. Each note bears the note of Hahn's father-in-law as the endorser.

By Balloon.

A new method of finding a husband has been tried by a young lady of Albany, N. Y. She sent up a toy balloon, to which she attached a card bearing her name and the further inscription: "If any good-looking young bachelor or widower finds this, will he please return it." After a week's absence the balloon was found by a young farmer, who returned it with his compliments and photograph.

OYSTERS IN JERSEY.

A Verdict that Made a Sensation Among Owners of Oyster Beds.

For years past, in the oyster-planting waters of New Jersey, the unwritten law has been that oyster grounds which had been staked off belonged to the person laying off the grounds until he chose to abandon them. This has been the case particularly in the North and South Shrewsbury rivers. A case which has just been tried in Monmouth county threatens to overthrow the existing state of affairs. Chas. Allen, a wealthy oyster planter of Middletown, has had a tract of twenty acres of the North Shrewsbury river bottom staked out, and this land he held unmolested for years, although parts of it were not planted. Some time ago Joseph Allen, an oysterman and clammer of Oceanic, went on this staked out ground and worked over parts of it. Charles Allen sued Joseph Allen for trespass.

The case came up for trial at Red Bank and Charles Allen proved that Joseph Allen had been raking over his oyster ground. On this evidence he asked the jury to impose the penalty. Charles H. Ivins, a young lawyer of Red Bank, had charge of the case for the defence, and his argument was new to the courts, although oyster cases have been numerous in that State. He asserted that as the ground was not planted with oysters at the time, it could not be held that Joseph Allen had committed a trespass. He also said that all the river beds in the State belonged to the State, and that if the mere staking out of the river bed gave a man a proprietory right, one man could stake out the entire river and claim it.

"No one man," said Mr. Ivins, "has a right to stake off the river bed, and, by virtue of having staked it off, say to the public 'This land is mine.' It is the oysters which he plants on the staked-off ground that protects the oyster planter in his occupancy of the ground. When a man stakes off the river bottom and does not plant oysters on it, that land belongs to the community, just the same as if the land were not staked off."

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty. This verdict threatens to revolutionize the oyster industry of the State. There are large tracts of good oyster ground held by planters which are not used, and if such land can be seized upon and planted by any individual, it will give many oystermen an opportunity to embark in business for themselves.

ALLEGED FRAUD.

An Attempt to Set Aside a Deed Conveying $100,000 to a Convent.

A suit has been entered in the circuit court at St. Louis which will attract a great deal of attention, particularly in Catholic circles. The style of the suit is "S. Auguste Chouteau and Ida R. Taylor Chouteau, his wife, against the Visitation Convent Corporation, Robert McNichols, trustee, and others." The history of the case is briefly as follows:

Miss Louisa K. Taylor, sister of Mrs. Chouteau, and daughter of the late Geo. R. Taylor, a wealthy and well-known citizen of St. Louis, was educated under the influence of the order of St. Francis de Sales, and some two years ago announced her determination to become a nun, and, although her wishes were opposed by her family, did enter the Convent of Visitation. Prior to this, however, she voluntarily conveyed her property, estimated to be worth $100,000, to her sister Ida, then unmarried, under a written agreement that she expected to take vows with the order of St. Francis de Sales, but should she not do so on entering and afterward sever her connection with the order, the property was to be restored to her. Some months ago Miss Taylor left the convent, announced, it is said, that she had withdrawn from the order, and asked for the restoration of her property. Her sister, suspecting the sincerity of her act, demurred to giving back the property, and Miss Taylor brought a suit to recover it. Mrs. Chouteau, not desiring to enter into litigation, reconveyed the property, and a short time afterward Miss Taylor transferred it all to Robert McNichols, as trustee, for the use of the Convent of Visitation. A few weeks later Miss Taylor re-entered the convent and took the black veil.

The plaintiffs in their petition allege fraud and collusion against the officials of the convent, charging them with using undue influence with Miss Taylor, and entering into a scheme to obtain the property, and they seek to set aside the deed by which it was reconveyed, and also the deed under which it was transferred to McNichols.

RUSSIAN PETROLEUM.

Germany Bringing Oil in Tanks from the Caucasus.

The first train of German car tanks containing Russian petroleum has arrived at Graudenz on the Russian frontier. It is considered that this new method of transportation makes Russian petroleum 25 cents cheaper per 50 kilos than American petroleum in the Berlin market. At Evdtkvehnen, the proprietors of the Caucasian petroleum springs have bought 10 acres situated immediately on the railway, erecting great establishments. Two hundred car tanks, of 60 barrels capacity, are already in use transporting petroleum to Germany. Americans at Frankfort consider this significant of the chancellor's policy to render Germany absolutely independent of all American products, following as it does so closely upon his attack upon American pork and canned meats.

LAKE SCHOONER CAPSIZED.

Terrible Suffering of the Crew -- Three Days Adrift.

The crew of the schooner W. W. Brigham has been picked up in mid-lake by the schooner Walter Smith, and landed at Muskegon, Mich. The unfortunate men tell a terrible story of their experience. The Brigham started from Muskegon, for Chicago, loaded with lumber. When she reached mid-lake, a violent storm arose and the schooner nearly swamped. The men stood at the pumps nearly all night during which the storm increased. About 10 o'clock next morning the Brigham capsized, turning completely bottom up. The men clambered on to the floating timber, and, with the aid of a piece of rope, made a temporary raft. Every sea swept over them, and their sufferings from hunger and fatigue cannot be told. After three days and nights of this suffering, they were picked up as stated.

Government Telegraph Rates.

The paymaster-general has fixed the rates to be paid for government telegraphing as follows: For day messages, if not exceeding 20 words, exclusive of the date, 20 cents for all distances within 1000 miles, with an additional charge of 5 cents for every additional 250 miles or fraction thereof, but for no distance is the rate to exceed 50 cents. For night messages, if not exceeding 20 words, exclusive of date, 15 cents for all distances below 2000 miles, and for greater distances 25 cents. For both day and night messages, an addition of one-fifth the rate is to be made for every five words or fraction thereof in excess of 20 words. For signal service weather reports, the rate shall not exceed 3 cents per word over each circuit. It is provided that in no case shall the government be charged higher rates than the public pay for the same service. The reduction in rates thus made is the greatest ever made in any one year or series of years.

The Chinese Merchant Fleet Sold.

The Chinese merchant fleet, just sold to the Messrs. Russell, consisted of twenty-six steamers, aggregating 23,544 tonnage. The company was started twelve years ago, and was under the patronage of Li Hung Chang, who obtained loans from the Government, to whom the company was indebted two millions taels (3,000,000). The business was mainly India and China ventures to London and San Francisco, but it proved a failure. The managers engaged in speculations outside of their proper business to the disadvantage of the company. The long time during which these practices were in operation led to serious financial difficulties, and the unfortunate condition of China served to increase the troubles. The sale of the merchant fleet has ended one of the most important steps in the industrial progress of the Chinese Empire.

Census Reports.

Vol. 8 of the United States census reports will be ready for issue in a few days. It comprises four reports—Petroff's report on Alaska, Elliott on the seal islands of Alaska, and a fine monograph on the newspaper and publishing interests of the United States. The volume makes a quarto of 1000 pages, profusely illustrated. The issue of this work will be followed almost immediately by the ninth volume, containing reports on the quarries and building stones of the United States (with illustrations of the various native stones), on the productions of petroleum (the first report on this subject ever prepared) and on the production of coke.

Almost a Fatal Experiment.

An exhibition of a torpedo boat of novel construction nearly proved fatal to one of the parties engaged in New York. The boat was constructed recently under the superintendence of Prof. Tuck, of San Francisco, its inventor. It is intended to move either way under water and fasten and explode torpedoes on war vessels. When the boat was being tried an experienced diver, clad in his armor, stood in the well-hole to direct the movements of the vessel. After the boat had gone a little distance, it was seen that something was wrong and she was hoisted to the surface. It was found that the diver had fainted in the well-hole, and was nearly asphyxiated.

Gone With $25,000.

Samuel Lowden, a New York builder, is said by his creditors to have run away with a large amount of money belonging to them. His departure from this city took place Aug. 21, when he told the manager of his business that he was going on a fishing excursion. Before going away he collected or drew from the banks, according to their statements, more than $25,000, so that he is well provided for any journey he may have decided to make. Lowden was engaged in extensive building operations.

With His Own Gun.

George Holland of Evergreen, Montcalm county, Mich., has been killed by melon thieves. He heard them in his garden and, taking his shotgun, chased them out. He shot at one of the thieves and missed him, whereupon the intruder turned and, wresting the gun from Holland, struck him over the head, killing him instantly.

SECRETARY FOLGER.

He Passes Away Suddenly at Home in Geneva.

Sketches of His Life and Public Services in the U. S. Government.

Secretary Folger died at his home in Geneva, N. Y., in the afternoon of September 4. His death was so sudden that there was not time to summon his children, and neither of them was here. The only persons present were Mrs. Hart, of Auburn, his deceased wife's sister, Drs. Knapp and Law, associates of his family physician, Dr. A. B. Smith, and his colored servant, James.

Secretary Folger was a son of the old Bay State. He came of true New England stock, of a family that settled in Nantucket two centuries ago. He was born in that island town April 16, 1818. When he was 12 years of age his parents removed to New York state and took up their residence at Geneva, which town Mr. Folger for 54 years regarded as his home. He was educated at Hobart College, where he graduated at 18, with the highest honors of his class. After leaving college, he studied law in Canandaigua with Alvah Warden and Mark H. Sibley. Mr. Sibley ranked as one of the leading lawyers in western New York, and under his supervision the young student laid a solid foundation for professional advancement. At 21 he was admitted to the bar of the supreme court at Albany. He practiced first at Lyons and afterward at Geneva, and speedily attained a reputation by his knowledge of the law and eloquence in pleading. At 26 he was appointed by Gov. Bouck a judge of the court of common pleas for Ontario county, but he resigned the position after a year's service to resume the more lucrative practice of his profession. At 33 he was elected county judge of Ontario county, an office which he held for four years. At this time the republican party was beginning to assume an organized form; and, after the close of his term on the bench, Judge Folger took his place as an active politician in the ranks of the new party. He had begun political life as a Silas Wright democrat, and then joined the Free Soil party as one of the original "Barnburners." With his views on the slavery question, he naturally ranged himself under the republican banner. In 1861 Judge Folger was elected to the state Senate on the republican ticket. He was reelected four times and served for eight years. During most of this time he was president, pro tem., of the Senate, and after the first year was recognized as the leader of his party in the Chamber. He was a power in the Republican party in New York before either Mr. Fenton or Mr. Conkling had come to the front. He was a member of the state constitutional convention of 1867, and was a candidate for the presidency of that body, but was defeated by Mr. William Wheeler. He was, however, chosen chairman of the judiciary committee and was acknowledged to be one of the ablest members. During the war, his legislative career was marked by uncompromising loyalty to the Union. In 1868, when the fight between Vanderbilt and Gould agitated the New York Legislature, Judge Folger opposed the efforts of the New York Central road to get control of the Erie road, and was charged by the other side with being in the interest of Jay Gould. But his reputation for integrity was so well established that no suspicion of personal corruption could be attached to it. He was a vigorous opponent of the infamous Tweed ring, and did his best to defeat the tax levies of the ring in the legislature.

In 1869, at the close of his senatorial term, Judge Folger was appointed by President Grant to be assistant United States treasurer at New York. He held the office for a very short time, but gave great satisfaction in it, both to the government and in financial circles. In 1870 he was elected associate justice of the state court of appeals on the re-organization of the court under the new judiciary article adopted in the constitutional convention. In May 1880 the death of Chief Justice Church created a vacancy which Judge Folger was designated by Gov. Cornell to fill pro tempore. At the election in the following fall he was chosen chief justice of the supreme court by a plurality of 45,160, receiving 562,821 votes, against 517,601 for Judge Rapallo, the Democratic candidate. He was elected for the full term of fourteen years. In October, 1881, he was appointed by President Arthur to the secretaryship of the treasury in succession to Secretary Windom. In the following year he ran as the Republican candidate for the governorship of New York, but sustained a defeat at the hands of Gov. Cleveland.

HORSES IN THE AIR.

Some of the Peculiarities of the Recent Tornado in Dakota.

Peculiarities of the recent Dakota tornado are coming in. Twelve miles northeast of Huron a man named Briggs had thirty-two head of cattle killed by being blown into the James river and drowned, or thrown on the ground and crushed. He had six horses killed in the same way. Eleven hundred bushels of threshed oats in his granary were all swept away. His wife is a well-known butter maker for the Huron market. The last three months she and a servant packed all the butter they had made in crocks, and stored it in the cellar, several hundred pounds in all. When they saw the storm coming they went into the cellar and crouched in the northeast corner of it, in the direction from which the tornado was coming. It carried away and destroyed the house, scooped up every crock of butter and carried it away and it cannot be found. The women were unhurt. William Felkey had two horses and a colt in his stable. The stable, horses and colt are yet to be heard from. Myron Kinney had two harnessed horses at his stable. The horses were seen to go up in the air and to come down a long distance away. About two hours afterward they walked back home with all the harness off except the collars.

The Rev. Geo. A. Cressey lives a mile from the business centre of Huron. The tornado that struck near here was in plain sight from his house, a mile distant. He says no wind was stirring outside of the storm belt, and there were no other clouds in the sky. At times two or three tornado clouds were in view. All had a spiral motion, and looked exactly like an ordinary tin funnel. The cloud gradually arose and fell, going southeasterly. While in sight there appeared to be a double funnel, the outer one black, and the inner one white. When the lower end touched the ground everything in its track was destroyed.

IMPRUDENT ROGERS.

He Asked for Too Much, and Will Get More Than He Wanted.

In 1859 John H. Rogers, of Illinois, was appointed Indian agent for Utah and eastern Nebraska. When his accounts were audited at the end of his term, it was found that $14,000 had been expended by him for which no satisfactory vouchers could be produced. He explained that, in the winter of 1862-3, the Indians had been so restless that he had felt constrained to buy large quantities of presents for them from local traders. Upon these representations, $8000 of the $14,000 was allowed. Recently Rogers was so imprudent as to apply for the remaining $6000. The Indian office sent a man to the old agency, who quietly investigated the matter. He found the men whose names were given in the vouchers, but learned that they were never post traders, or traders of any other sort, but always herdsmen and teamsters at the agency. Not only does Rogers lose the $6000 which he wanted, but he will also probably be prosecuted to recover the $8000 which he originally obtained on the fraudulent vouchers.

SITTING BULL ON EXHIBITION.

The Noted Chief to Travel Over the Country Under Contract.

Sitting Bull has reached Bismarck, Dak. from Fort Yates, in company with several gentlemen from St. Paul, who have formed a syndicate to exhibit the chief in the principle cities in the East and in Europe. This enterprise is the result of the old man's jealous desire to add all he can to his earthly possessions. He is very greedy for money. His autograph he sells at $1 each, and has sold hundreds of them. He takes with him about $1000 worth of Sioux curiosities, consisting of war bonnets, axes, scalps, tepees, robes, pony trappings, etc. He will be accompanied by his nephew, One Bull. The Indian department gives its full consent to the journey. There is some prospect that Mulvaney's celebrated painting, "Custer's Last Rally," will be taken with Sitting Bull, as the artist wishes to have it exhibited in Europe. The gentlemen who have set out in this novel business have an abundance of capital and expect great profits.

"Free Grass" in Texas.

Barbed wire makes the local party line in Texas. The fence-cutting people who at first appeared only as marauders have grown into something like a respectable and powerful party opposing fence building by legal means. "Free grass" is their cry. There are great numbers of cattle men who never owned and never rented any land and never expected to, and they insist upon having a free range over the great tract still held by the state. The men who began to fence in land in many cases inclosed public property without a shadow of right, taking to themselves what others believed should be used in common, and hence came beginnings of fence-destroying, which increased until the whole state was in an uproar and the legislature was called together in special session to make laws to stop the outrages. The controversy is still hot, however, and makes the one great question in politics.

Dr. Black's Body.

The headless body of Dr. Black, surgeon of the Tallapoosa, was found floating in Muskeget channel this week by Fred Pease, who was obliged to remain out all night arriving at Edgartown in the morning. The body was identified by the name of the deceased on his underclothing.

Postal Congress Postponed.

Information received at the post-office department announces the postponement until February next of the international postal congress which was to have assembled in October at Lisbon. The postponement was probably made on account of the existence of cholera quarantines in southern Europe.

IN AN OLD SHAFT.

A Startling Discovery Made by California Miners—Riches for Two Men.

Years ago, when Sierra county was first overrun by the gold hunters, scores of mines were located, worked for a time, and then abandoned. The gold discoveries in other parts of the state came so thick and fast that it was then impossible to keep men at work in any lead that did not pay. Hundreds of pioneer miners lost fortunes by their inability to apply themselves to any one task. If fortune seemed to frown on them, news of a strike in some other district immediately filled them with a desire to try their luck there also. In this way many properties since found to be valuable were deserted.

In all mining countries may be found any number of men who believe that their predecessors did not fully understand their business. A deserted mining outfit is to their mind proof not that gold does not exist at that very point, but that the man who tried to find it there years ago did not know how to do it.

A recent discovery about four miles north of Downieville, Cal., has set everybody to talking, and people now expect that every abandoned mine in Sierra county will have an overhauling. James Dacy and Herman Shaffner have long made their home in an old cabin on the mountain side, from which they have gone out on many extended prospecting tours. Confining their attention mainly to the deserted mines, they at length came upon one which impressed them profoundly. Tools were scattered around as though hastily dropped, though rust and mould had gathered thickly upon them. They found that high in a shaft over which it was evident a staging of some sort had once been placed, but only small fragments of it were now visible. A short distance on they found the ruins of a small cabin. The door and door posts still stood, but the roof had fallen in, and two sides of the building had collapsed. The men set about the task of exploring the ruin. As the wood was badly decayed, they found the job tedious, but after two days' work they uncovered an old leather valise containing some clothing and mementos. There was the frame of a daguerreotype, but the glass was broken, and the picture could not be made out. A package of letters was soaked and welded together so tightly that even if the ink had not been faded and obscured by dirt it would have been impossible to have separated them. Later on they found an old pistol, a few knives, some tin dishes, and the remnants of a coat.

It began to dawn upon them that it was no ordinary abandoned mine that they had found. The men who worked there thirty years ago never left it intentionally in that manner. What had become of them and why had they gone off? The prospectors searched the country round for further evidence of the presence of miners, but were unsuccessful.

They resolved to descend the shaft. It took them several days to make their arrangements. They got lanterns and ropes and straps, and finally cast lots to settle which one should make the descent. The choice fell upon Dacey, and he promptly tied the belt about his waist, fastened the ropes to it, and made ready. Shaffner took one turn with the ropes about a tree, and when everything was in order Dacey let himself down easily. It had been agreed that Dacey was to go down but a little way that day to endeavor to locate the depth of the shaft, and determine, if possible, the nature of its contents. When he had decended about sixty feet he signalled Shaffner that he desired to ascend, and the latter made the ropes fast. Dacey then unfastened his belt, and clinging to the ropes with his hands, pulled himself up hand over hand. When he reached the surface and was assisted out of the hole by his partner, he was white as a ghost and almost speechless. He found the shaft not over 100 feet in depth, but there was a human skeleton at the bottom of it. With the aid of his dark lantern he had been able to penetrate the remotest corner of the pit. On one side he discovered a drift, but he did not pause to explore it. The shaft was obstructed by some half-decayed timbers, on which moss had formed, but he saw enough to convince him that gold was to be had for the digging. The two men kept the discovery to themselves. They worked diligently for several days, clearing the shaft, and finally, coming to the bottom, they removed the skeleton and buried it near where the old cabin had stood. Beside the bones they found the remnants of a shotgun, but nothing else. When they began operations in the mining line they were speedily rewarded by several rich finds. The gravel grows richer day by day, and from specimens seen here it is judged that they struck a bonanza.

JERSEY HOTEL BURNED.

Narrow Escape of the Inmates in Their Night Clothes.

The Hotel Newport, half a mile west of the Key East Beach, was recently entirely destroyed by fire at three o'clock in the morning. The house was well filled, there being about 130 guests in it. To the illness of one of the waiter girls of the hotel they owe their fortunate escape from a horrible death. The girl was taken sick while in bed and arose to get some medicine. Happening to glance out of the window of her bedroom, she was startled by seeing flames pouring out of one of the windows of the kitchen, which is an extension on the west side of the hotel. She ran down stairs and called the proprietor of the hotel, who was in his sleeping-room. Mr. Dick ran down stairs half-dressed, and aroused the male help. The flames were then beyond control, and as the nearest fire apparatus was at Asbury Park, over two miles distant, Mr. Dick saw that the hotel was doomed. He ran through the hallways on the four floors, awakening every guest. They ran from the hotel clad only in their night dresses, the men pale with terror, and the women screaming with fright. Mr. Dick and some of the guests succeeded in saving a large quantity of wearing apparel and a number of trunks, belonging to the inmates of the hotel. The fire burned with such rapidity that the entire house was consumed in less than an hour. One of the large cottages belonging to the hotel caught fire half a dozen times, but it was saved through the strenuous efforts of the proprietor and his guests. The hotel was built four or five years ago, and was formerly known as the Vandyke House. It was four stories high, French-roofed and stood on the north shore of Shark River. It was the favorite resort of a large number of well-known New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Jersey City families. It was owned by Mr. Charles Budmeister, a prominent builder of New York city. The loss on the hotel and furniture is estimated at about $40,000. The proprietor was the only person who received any injury. After awakening the guests he remained in the hotel throwing out trunks until his retreat was cut off by the advancing flames, and he jumped from the piazza of the second floor. Just as he landed on the ground a heavy trunk thrown from one of the windows struck him on the side, bruising him badly and crushing his right arm.

ELOPED WITH HER LOVER.

Sad Predicament of a Recently Arrived Couple from Germany.

Annie Pennenriz, a beautiful young girl whose parents were wealthy, was married to John Bloch, a wealthy old man in Berlin, last New Year's day. Twenty minutes after the marriage ceremony she eloped with Herman Shufeld, a young jeweller, to whom she had been engaged, but who incurred her parents' opposition on account of his poverty. They lived together in a small German town until lately, when they learned that her parents and husband had ascertained where they were. They at once started for this country, and arrived at New York on the steamer Elbe. It was learned by their own admission that the couple were not married, and, as the girl will soon become a mother, the commissioners of immigration refused to permit her to land. Shufeld was allowed to come ashore, and did so. He was almost distracted, and says that he will return to Germany with Annie.

A TERRIBLE FIGHT.

Two Hard Characters Attempt to "Clean Out" a Young Farmer.

Taylor Doane and Tom Brown, two hard characters of Oakland, Ill., lately entered the residence of Edward McConkey, a young farmer, with the intention of cleaning him out. During the fight which ensued, a half-witted employe of McConkey named Dean, brained Doane with a piece of scantling. Brown thereupon emptied three chambers of his revolver into Dean, when he was himself felled to the ground by a shower of blows from an iron pike in the hands of McConkey. Dean and Brown are both dying. Doane's death was instantaneous.

Defending the Use of Liquor.

The Swiss federal council has sent a blue book to the assembly, embodying the results of an official inquiry into the liquor traffic, induced by petitions sent up from various cantons for legislation against such traffic. In one clause of its report, headed, "The Advantages of Spirituous Drinks," the council is outspoken in defence of social drinking. Among the extraordinary statements, it says: "The practice of social drinking of spirituous liquors brings a cheerful temper into society, effaces the traces of daily labor, opens the heart to other impressions, and is intimately associated with the development of public life. The public house fosters intellectual ambition, and is a remedy against misanthropy, egotism, vanity, narrowness of ideas and extravagances of imagination." The report has taken the country by surprise.

Dakota Justice.

John Hunt, who forged a draft on the Market Bank of Detroit, Mich., for $9500, and received thereon from the First National Bank of Deadwood, Dak., $6000 and a certificate of deposit for the balance, has just been tried at Deadwood, convicted of forgery in the second degree, and sentenced to ten years hard labor, the full extent of the law, in the territorial prison at Sioux Falls.

The Czar's Precautions.

Five hundred secret police have arrived at Warsaw from St. Petersburg to guard against attacks upon the Czar during his visit. The Czar will remain at Warsaw three days, when he will go to Skernievic. He will then spend a time hunting in the Jomaszof forests.

SOME STRANGE RAILWAYS

Curiosities of Railway Building in Various Places.

Railroads Built Among the Tree Tops, in the Air, and on the Ice.

Reviewing a recent work—"Wonders and Curiosities of the Railway," by W. S. Kennedy—the New York *Sun* says: The average reader, who has not made railway building a special study, will perhaps be astonished to learn that there have been railroads, not only under the ground and in the air, but among the tree tops and on the ice, while the model of even a submarine railway has been exhibited.

It appears that some time ago a locomotive on sled runners was constructed in Scotland, and employed for drawing passengers and freight over the ice between St. Petersburg and Cronstadt. The two driving wheels in the rear were studded with sharp spikes, whereas the front part of the engine rested on a sled which was swivelled, and turned to the right or left by wheels working in connection with an endless screw and a segment rack. From this locomotive, which is said to have run eighteen miles an hour in any direction, the transition is natural to railroads whose ties and track have been laid on the frozen surface of rivers. Mr. Kennedy tells us that in 1879, when the mercury stood twenty degrees below zero, a train of the Northern Pacific Railroad passed over the Missouri River on ice three feet deep. The pressure which the ice resisted may be estimated from the fact that the track was laid on twelve-foot ties, and that the cars carried over a quantity of railroad iron as well, as a number of visitors. About a year after a similar road was built across the river St. Lawrence at Hochelaga. In this instance a rough road bed was first levelled in the ice; then crossbeams were fitted in, and upon these were placed longitudinal beams which were themselves crossed by the ties that held the rails, water being then pumped over the whole structure to freeze it down.

Even more novel is the idea of grading for a railroad through a forest with a crosscut saw, and laying the ties on the stumps. This has actually been done in Sonoma county, California. Here the trees are sawed off and levelled, and the ties are fastened on the stumps, two of which are huge redwoods standing side by side, and sawed off seventy-five feet from the ground. So firm is this support that cars loaded with heavy logs can pass over with perfect security. It is not generally known that in 1839 no less than fifty-two miles of the projected road of the Ohio Railroad Company was laid on wooden piles which were from seven to twenty-eight feet long, and driven ten feet apart in four rows. No train, however, was ever run over this track. Several wooden track railways, on the other hand, are actually operated in the United States and Canada. One of these in the province of Quebec is thirty miles long and is used in the transportation of timber. The rails are of maple, and trains are said to run over them with remarkable smoothness at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. Another wooden track railway more than fifteen miles long has been constructed on the gradings of the abandoned South Carolina Central Railroad in order to carry the products of turpentine distilleries to a market.

Still more curious are what Mr. Kennedy would call the bicycle railways, where the car wheels run on a single rail. One called the "steam caravan" was begun in Syria, between Aleppo and Alexandretta, but apparently never finished. In the case of this experiment the rail was raised on a wall of masonry twenty-eight inches high and seventeen and one-half inches broad. On this one rail were to travel the wheels of the locomotive and the carriages attached, but it was intended to brace the engine and the last car in the train by obliquely placed leather covered wheels, running along the sides of the wall, which wheels were further to serve as brakes. A single rail or bicycle railroad has also been built in the United States, and was in operation at Phœnixville, Pa., in 1875. Since that date a two-wheeled locomotive has been made in Gloucester, N. J., for an elevated railroad in Atlanta, Ga. With these bicycle engines may be compared the railway velocipedes, many of which, we learn, are used on Western railroads. These, which have a wheel on each track, can be propelled by the feet and hands of the rider at the rate of twenty miles an hour.

Among several other curiosities described by Mr. Kennedy in this portion of his book may be mentioned the dynograph cars, of which there are but two in existence. This remarkable piece of mechanism, which was invented for the automatic inspection of tracks, is thus explained: A strip of plain paper about twenty inches wide is fed from a roll into a small machine where it passes under a complex set of overflowing pens, which are connected by rods and springs with the car wheels below. For every fifty feet of track passed over by the dynograph car the paper moves one inch, and on it the automatic machinery makes a complete register of the state of the track, showing the condition of every joint, frog, and grade crossing, and revealing at a glance any inequalities or undulations in the rails. After a railroad has been inspected by this machine, its operator shows the resultant chart to the superintendent, who then instantly perceives just where repairs are needed. Of the only two machines of this kind which have ever been made, one, we learn, is operated in the United States by Prof. P. H. Dudley, the inventor, the other has been sent to Australia.

A Garden Party.

What is a garden party? Do you want to know very much? Yes? Well, will you promise not to tell if we let you know? All right, then we will tell you: A garden party is the old shanghai that gets over the fence and rakes up all the mignonette and other flowers.—*Puck.*

In Philadelphia all the gutters are flushed daily by turning the water on from the fire plugs at a certain hour.

BAFFLED!

One of the Most Unaccountable and Dangerous of Recent Deceits Discovered and Exposed.

There is some mysterious trouble that is attacking nearly everyone in the land with more or less violence. It seems to steal into the body like a thief in the night. Doctors cannot diagnose it. Scientists are puzzled by its symptoms. It is, indeed, a modern mystery. Like those severe and vague maladies that attack horses and prostrate nearly all the animals in the land, this subtle trouble seems to menace mankind. Many of its victims have pains about the chest and sides, and sometimes in the back. They feel dull and sleepy; the mouth has a bad taste, especially in the morning. A strange sticky slime collects about the teeth. The appetite is poor. There is a feeling like a heavy load upon the stomach; sometimes a faint all-gone sensation is felt at the pit of the stomach, which food does not satisfy. The eyes grow sunken, the hands and feet feel clammy at one time and burn intensely at others. After a while a cough sets in, at first dry, but after a few months it is attended with a greyish colored expectoration. The afflicted one feels tired all the while, and sleep does not seem to afford any rest. He becomes nervous, irritable, and gloomy, and has evil forebodings. There is a giddiness, a peculiar whirling sensation in the head when rising up suddenly. The bowels become costive, and then, again, outflux intensely; the skin is dry and hot at times, the blood grows thick and stagnant; the whites of the eyes become tinged with yellow; the urine is scanty and high-colored, depositing a sediment after standing. There is frequently a spitting up of the food, sometimes with a sour taste, and sometimes with a sweetish taste; this is often attended with palpitation of the heart. The vision becomes impaired, with spots before the eyes; there is a feeling of prostration and great weakness. Most of these symptoms are in turn present. It is thought that nearly one-third of our population have this disorder in some of its varied forms, while medical men have almost wholly mistaken its nature. Some have treated it for one complaint; some for another, but nearly all have failed to reach the seat of the disorder. Indeed, many physicians are afflicted with it themselves. The experience of Dr. A. G. Richards, residing at No. 468 Tremont street, Boston, is thus described by himself:

"I had all those peculiar and painful symptoms which I have found afflicting so many of my patients, and which had so often baffled me. I knew all the commonly established remedies would be unavailing for I had tried them often in the past. I therefore determined to strike out in a new path. To my intense satisfaction I found that I was improving. The dull, stupid feeling departed and I began to enjoy life once more. My appetite returned. My sleep was refreshing. The color of my face, which had been a sickly yellow gradually assumed the pink tinge of health. In the course of three weeks I felt like a new man, and know that it was wholly owing to the wonderful efficiency of Warner's Tippecanoe The Best, which was all the medicine I took."

Doctors and scientists often exhaust their skill and the patient dies. They try everything that has been used by, or is known to the profession, and then fail. Even if they save the life it is often after great and prolonged agony. Where all this can be avoided by precaution and care, how insane a thing it is to endure such suffering! With a pure and palatable preparation within reach, to neglect its use is simply inexcusable.

Big Trees of California.

The *Sequoia Gigantea*, commonly known as the "Big Trees," are one of the greatest instances of mammoth growth to be found in the world. With six feet as the accepted standard for the height of a large man, one eight feet tall is exhibited as a giant. How wonderful, then, must a tree seem which is 350 feet high and over 100 feet in circumference at the base, being three times the altitude and ten times the thickness of ordinary trees of a large growth? The first recorded discovery of the *sequoia* giants was made in the spring of 1852, by A. T. Dowd, who was employed to supply wild meat for workmen engaged in constructing the canal of the Union Water company, of Murphy's Camp, Calaveras county. He suddenly came upon the grove while pursuing a wounded bear, and instantly lost all thoughts of his chase in amazement at this wonderful forest growth. His story of what he had seen only evoked shouts of incredulity and derision from his companions, which were turned into exclamations of astonishment when he conducted them to the grove to behold the wonder for themselves. It was not long before lovers of the marvelous began to make pilgrimages to this mammoth grove, sections of its bark were exhibited, the story of their immensity was spread far and wide, and later, when the overland railroad was built, tourists from the East and Europe became frequent visitors to the Calaveras forest.

Covering an area of fifty acres are 103 trees, twenty of them exceeding eighty feet in circumference at the base. One of these, known as the "Mammoth Tree," was felled by boring it off with augers, the task requiring five men's work for twenty-two days. This tree was 302 feet high and 96 in circumference at the base. Upon its stump, which has been made as smooth as a floor, four sets of cotillons have danced at one time, leaving plenty of room for musicians and spectators. Other trees which are still standing are equally enormous. "The Mother of the Forest" is 321 feet high, and measured 90 feet around its base before the bark was removed for exhibition. It is 137 feet from the ground to the first limb. A short distance from this lies the prostrate trunk of the "Father of the Forest," the largest of the group. The circumference at its base is 110 feet, and the first branch is 200 feet distant. It is hollow, and persons can readily pass through it walking erect. It is estimated, by the trunks of trees broken when this giant fell, that its height was 435 feet; as it lies it is eighteen feet in diameter where it is broken off, 300 feet from the root. There are many others, some prostrate and decaying, but the majority still erect and sound to the core, the larger of which have received names generally significant of some peculiarity of the tree itself. Through portions of many of the fallen trees one can ride on horseback a distance of fifty to seventy-five feet. Six miles south is another grove of 1,300 trees, some of them of grander proportions than any found in the grove described, reaching a circumference of 130 feet.—*Portland (Or.) West Shore.*

Yearning for the Unattainable.

One who will recognize me when I am compelled to wear patched breeches; who will take my hand when I am sliding down hill instead of giving me a kick to hasten my descent; who will loan me a dollar without requiring, twenty dollars' worth of security; who will come to see me when I am sick; who will pull off his coat and fight for me when the odds are two to one; who will talk of me behind my back as he talks to my face. Such a friend is wanted by ten thousand human beings throughout this broad earth.—*San Francisco Post.*

The Massachusetts bureau of statistics states that in 1868 the chance of a person being killed on or by steam cars was one in 5,026,281, while in 1882 it had diminished to one in 20,927,034. This is less than the chance of being struck by lightning, and much less than that of being injured by a kerosene lamp explosion.

Bishop Ryle, of Liverpool, is the first bishop of the Church of England, sitting in the house of lords as a spiritual peer, that has appeared in that body with a beard since 1688.

Business Men
Who suffer from dyspepsia, biliousness, headache, constipation, nervous debility, or other affections caused by close application to business and overwork, will find in Hood's Sarsaparilla a medicine which will give positive relief and renewed strength to the body, clearness and quickness to the mind, and steadiness to the nerves.
"I have been afflicted with a bowel complaint for 25 years, and as often as one week in eight was disabled for business. My wife urged me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and from the time I commenced taking it until now I have been free from the complaint, and feel thankful that I have received effectual relief."—JOSEPH FISHER, of Fisher & Colton, Montpelier, Vt.
MR. GEORGE K. RUSSELL, paper manufacturer at Bellows Falls, Vt., says he found Hood's Sarsaparilla the best remedy he ever used for constipation—the business man's most serious affliction—and he would on no account be without it.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all Druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

Apropos of the suicide mania, a Louisville, Ky., gentleman calls attention to the fact that negroes hardly ever take their own lives. Although a great many of them are hard up from the day of their birth to the day of their death, they seldom become melancholy, and it is only among courtesans that suicides occur. Notwithstanding their complaints of hard times, the gimme-a-nickle expression on their countenances and a generally hungry appearance, they hang on to life with the tenacity of a mud turtle. They are not prompted to do so through hope of being struck by political lightning or of a rich relative dying, but hang on simply for the fun they will have. The higher we advance in civilization the less we seem to value our opportunities for fun, and give our mind wholly to serious and mighty matters. As the jovial and convivial elements of our nature die out they are replaced by melancholy and ennui, the tendencies of which are to death.

"What we learn with pleasure we never forget."—Alfred Mercier. The following is a case in point: "I paid out hundreds of dollars without receiving any benefit," says Mrs. Emily Rhoads, of McBrides, Mich. "I had female complaints, especially 'dragging down,' for over six years. Dr. R. V. Pierce's 'Favorite Prescription' did me more good than any medicine I ever took. I advise every sick lady to take it." And so do we. It never disappoints its patrons. Druggists sell it.

Last year the government distributed 3,622,738 packages of seeds, of which 2,912,730 were given to Congressmen. The seed distribution is the most popular of the perquisites of members of Congress. It began in a small way, but now $100,000 are appropriated for the purpose, and 160 women and fifty men are employed by the department of agriculture in putting up the seeds, which are of all sorts, from field-corn and potatoes to the rarest flowers. Peas, beans, corn and potatoes are put up in quart sacks and the flower seeds in tiny envelopes. The list includes over fifty kinds, while of vegetables there are 128 varieties and of flowers 131.

KEELER & Co., the leading Furniture dealers of Boston, issue a special catalogue of Furniture which will be mailed upon application. 83 to 91 Washington street, corner Elm.

Doctor Carlos Faremba, of Mexico, has addressed a circular letter to all representatives of foreign governments now in Washington, advocating the celebration of the discovery of America on its 400th anniversary, October 12, 1892, and the erection of a monument on the spot where the first landing was made.

Stranger than Fiction
are the records of some of the cures of consumption effected by that most wonderful remedy—Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Thousands of grateful men and women, who have been snatched almost from the very jaws of death, can testify that consumption, in its early stages, is no longer incurable. The Discovery has no equal as a pectoral and alterative, and the most obstinate affections of the throat and lungs yield to its power. All druggists.

The American Flag.

The length to width is as three to two; number of stripes thirteen, representing the thirteen original Colonies or States. There are seven red and six white stripes. The field is square, covering seven stripes or four red stripes and three white ones. There should be thirty-eight stars—one for each State. The size and arrangement of stars is a mere matter of taste.

Pile Tumors,
however large, speedily and painlessly cured without knife caustic or salve. Send six cents in stamps for pamphlet, references and reply. World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Color Your Butter.
Farmers that try to sell white butter are all of the opinion that dairying does not pay. If they would use Wells, Richardson & Co.'s Improved Butter Color, and market their butter in perfect condition, they would still get good prices, but it will not pay to make any but the best in color and quality. This color is used by all the leading creameries and dairymen, and is sold by druggists and merchants.

Better Than Diamonds,
and of greater value than fine gold is a great tonic and renovator like Kidney-Wort. It expels all poisonous humors from the blood, tones up the system, and by acting directly on the most important organs of the body stimulates them to healthy action and restores health. It has effected many marvellous cures, and for all Kidney diseases and other kindred troubles it is an invaluable remedy.

Physicians prescribe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Piso's Cure for Consumption does not dry up a cough; it removes the cause.

"Buchu Paiba."
Quick, complete cure, all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Scalding, Irritation, Stone, Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder. $1. Druggists

Curiosities.
On every banner beam bright,
The motto strong for which we fight,
Of all the oils that e'er were seen,
There's none that beats our Carboline.

Why suffer longer from Catarrh, Hay-Fever and cold in the Head? A sure cure is Ely's Cream Balm. It is not a liquid or snuff, and is easily applied. Fifty cents.

I recommend to those suffering with Hay-Fever, Ely's Cream Balm. I have tried nearly all the remedies and give this a decided preference. It gave me immediate relief.—C. T. STEPHENS, Hardware Merchant, Ithaca, N. Y.

"Rough on Corns."
Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns," 15c. Complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions

☞IN THE DIAMOND DYES more coloring is given than in any known Dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors. 10c. at all druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sample Card, 32 colors, and book of directions for 2c. stamp.

"Rough on Rats."
Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Drgts

Young Men! Read This.
THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

Heart Pains.
Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache, Sleeplessness cured by Wells' "Health Renewer."

Another Life Saved.
J. C. Gray of Dadeville, Ala., writes us: "I have been using your Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and I can say, of a truth, it is far superior to any other lung preparation in the world. My mother was confined to her bed four weeks with a cough, and had every attention by a good physician, but he failed to effect a cure; and when I got one bottle of your Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, she began to mend right away. I can say in truth that it was the means of saving her life. I know of five cases that Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam has cured, and my mother is better than she has been for twenty years."

For RATES for advertising in this paper, apply to the publisher NE 37

"I Have Suffered!"
With every disease imaginable for the last three years. Our Druggist, T. J. Anderson, recommending "Hop Bitters" to me, I used two bottles! Am entirely cured, and heartily recommend Hop Bitters to every one. J. D. Walker, Buckner, Mo.

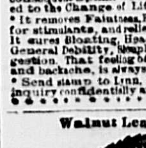
I write this as a Token of the great appreciation I have of your Hop * * * Bitters. I was afflicted With inflammatory rheumatism!!! For nearly Seven years, and no medicine seemed to do me any Good!!! Until I tried two bottles of your Hop Bitters, and to my surprise I am as well to-day as ever I was. I hope "You may have abundant success" "In this great and" Valuable medicine: Anyone! * * wishing to know more about my cure? Can learn by addressing me, E. M. Williams, 1103 16th street, Washington, D. C.

——I consider your Remedy the best remedy in existence For Indigestion, kidney —Complaint "And nervous debility. I have just" Returned "From the south in a fruitless search for health, and find that your Bitters are doing me more Good! Than anything else; A month ago I was extremely "Emaciated!!!" And scarcely able to walk. Now I am Gaining strength! and "Flesh!" And hardly a day passes but what I am * * * * * * * complimented on my improved appearance, and it is all due to Hop Bitters! J. Wickliffe Jackson, —*Wilmington, Del.*

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

FOR THE TRAVELLER.
UNRIPE FRUIT, Impure Water, Unhealthy Climate, Unwholesome Food, Malaria, Epidemic and Contagious Diseases, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Pains, Indigestion, Diarrhœa, Colds, Chills, Simple Fevers, Exhaustion, Nervousness, or loss of Sleep that beset the traveller or household at this season, are nothing to those protected by a timely use of SANFORD'S GINGER, the Delicious Summer Medicine.
PREPARED with the utmost skill from IMPORTED GINGER, CHOICE AROMATICS and the purest and best of MEDICINAL FRENCH BRANDY, from the world-renowned vintages, Messrs. OTARD, DUPUY & CO., COGNAC, SANFORD'S GINGER is vastly superior to all other "Gingers," all of which are made with common alcohol, largely impregnated with poisonous fusil oil and strengthened with cayenne pepper.
SANFORD'S GINGER
AS A BEVERAGE, with hot or cold water, sweetened, or hot or cold milk, or added to ice water, lemonade, effervescent draughts and mineral waters, it forms a refreshing and invigorating beverage, unequalled in simplicity and purity by any tonic medicine, while free from alcoholic reaction. Avoid mercenary dealers, who for a few cents' extra profit try to force upon you their own or others when you call for SANFORD'S GINGER. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists, grocers, etc., everywhere.
Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.
AS A PURE FRUIT STIMULANT, for the aged, mentally and physically exhausted, overworn, or overworked, for delicate females, especially mothers, for those recovering from debilitating diseases, and as a means of reforming those addicted to an excessive use of alcoholic stimulants, it is unequalled in the whole range of medicines. Beware of imitations. SANFORD'S is the finest ginger in the world, and notwithstanding the high cost of its ingredients, is the cheapest family medicine. Sold everywhere.
Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY
For the Cure of Kidney and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the BLOOD. To women who suffer from any of the ills peculiar to their sex it is an unfailing friend. All Druggists. One Dollar a bottle, or address Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.
KIDNEY DISEASE.
"I suffered for fourteen years from Urinary Calculi (Stones in the Kidneys and Bladder), and was completely cured by DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY. PETER LAWLER, Dalton, Mass."
Mr. Chas. O Brown, President of "Old Berkshire Mills," says: "Mr. Lawler has been in our employ nearly twenty years, and we believe he has been cured as stated."



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR All those painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best FEMALE POPULATION. Price $1 in liquid, pill or lozenge form. Its purpose is solely for the legitimate healing of disease and the relief of pain, and that it does all it claims to do, thousands of ladies can gladly testify. It will cure entirely all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life. It removes Faintness, Flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves Weakness of the Stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. Send stamp to Lynn, Mass., for pamphlet. Letters of inquiry confidentially answered. For sale at druggists.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.
WALNUT LEAF HAIR RESTORER
It is entirely different from all others, and as its name indicates is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not affect the health which sulphur, sugar of lead and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. Wholesale Agent, G. C. GOODWIN, Boston, Mass.

CATARRH
ELY'S CREAM BALM

Causes no pain. Gives Relief at Once. Thorough Treatment will Cure. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Apply with Finger. Give it a Trial. 50 cents at Druggists. 60 cents by mail registered. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.
HAY-FEVER

FIREWORKS, UNIFORMS, BUNTING FLAGS, At Bottom Prices. TORCHES. All the best makes. Everything in Campaign Goods at absolute rock bottom prices. HYDE & CO., 50 Chauncy St., Boston.

YOU ARE A LIAR
Lying Agents can't SELL and tell the truth about JONES. Put your file on paper and sign if you dare. U. S. STANDARD
$60.5 TON WAGON SCALES.
Beam Box, Tare Beam. Freight Paid. Free Price List. Every Size. address JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY
GOOD NEWS TO LADIES!
Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Rose Decorated Toilet Set. THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., P. O. Box 289. 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED for the LIVES of BLAINE & LOGAN, CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS
In 1 Vol. by T. W. Knox. In 1 Vol. by Hon. A. Barnes. Authorized, Authentic, Impartial, Complete, the Best and Cheapest. The leading Campaign books of 1884. Outsell all others 10 to 1. Agents earn $10 to $50 a day. Now is the time to make money fast. Send for Extra Terms, at once, to HARTFORD PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

BEAUTIFULLY CONTRASTED COLORS On 40 plain cards 10c. Send for Samples. Agents Wanted. JOS. CUSTER, Jackson, Mich.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, Moles, Warts, Freckles, Moth Patches, Eruptions, Scars, and all Disfigurements and Imperfections of the Face, Hands and Feet, and their treatment, by Dr. John H. Woodbury, 37 N. Pearl St., Albany, N.Y. Send 10c. for book.

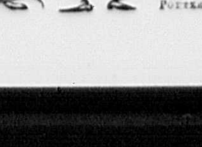
LADIES Send 20 cents in silver for a sample package of the best selling articles ever offered. H. L. Holden, Box 290, Lockport, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Phila. Pa.

FOR Water Wheels and Fire Pumps send to the CLARK MACHINE CO., TURNERS FALLS, MASS.

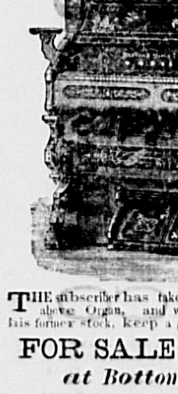
PATENTS! Thos. P. Simpson, Washington, D. C. No pay asked for patent until obtained. Write for INVENTOR'S GUIDE.

VARICOCELE Painless sure cure. Book free. Agency, 160 Fulton St., N. Y.

Death to Rats,


Mice, Roaches, Water-Bugs, Beetles, Ants and all vermin. Rids dwellings and granaries cleared in one night. Safe to have round. No arsenic. Parsons's Exterminator. 15 cts. Weeks & Potter, Boston, Mass.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD!
Positively cure SICK HEADACHE, Biliousness, and all LIVER and BOWEL Complaints, MALARIA, BLOOD POISON, and Skin Diseases (ONE PILL A DOSE). For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Valuable information FREE. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.



Weymouth Gazette,

BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. XVIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1884. NO. 38

The Weymouth Gazette,

PUBLISHED BY

C. C. EASTERBROOK,

EVERY FRIDAY, AT WEYMOUTH, MASS.

TERMS:

Two Dollars a Year, in advance.
Single Copies, Five Cents.

Orders for all kinds of Printing will receive prompt attention, and be neatly and correctly executed.

BUSINESS CARDS.

R. V. Merchant

Begleave to inform the citizens of Weymouth and vicinity that he is now prepared to make up

CLOTHING,

IN THE

LATEST STYLES,

And from the best Foreign and Domestic Goods.

His long experience in cutting

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

enables him to warrant a

PERFECT FIT

in all cases.

Prices as Low as the Lowest

WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

President, HENRY A. NASH.
Treasurer, CHAS. T. CRANE.

Board of Investment:
HENRY A. NASH, ELIAS RICHARDS,
GILBERT NASH, EDWIN PRATT,
ANDREW J. BATES.

Bank hours from 1 to 5 o'clock P. M. on every business day, and from 7 to 9 o'clock on MONDAY EVENINGS.

Deposits placed on interest on the first Mondays of January, April, July and October.

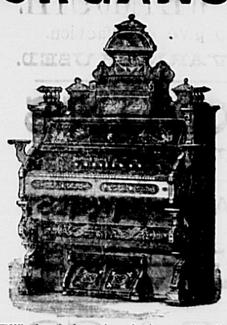
OFFICE,
Commercial St., Weymouth Landing.

HENRY H. ROBBINS
GROWER AND DEALER IN
Fruit and Ornamental Trees,
SHRUBS, VINES, ROSES, &c., AT THE
"LOUDAT HILL NURSERIES."
High Street, So. Abington

J. F. TAYLOR, - - AGENT,
Lovell's Corner, - - East Weymouth

Mrs. Dr. TUCK,
Office, 48 Boylston St., - Boston.
Hygenic Treatment.
AT SOUTH WEYMOUTH, MASS.

MASON & HAMLIN
ORGANS



THE subscriber has taken the Agency for the above Organs, and will, in connection with his former stock, keep a good assortment in stock,

FOR SALE or TO LET
at Bottom Prices.

Organs let on the Installment Plan of ten quarterly payments, which will amount to the full price of the instrument, which, when paid, will entitle the person thus paying to a bill of sale of the Organ.

All payments to be made one quarter in advance and considered as rents till the full amount is paid.

GEO. S. BAKER,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

HAY and STRAW!
Bundle Hay and Straw
FOR SALE BY
JOS. LOUD & CO.,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

J. AUSTIN DEANE,
DEALER IN
COAL, FLOUR,
GRAIN, HAY,
FERTILIZERS, &c
SOUTH WEYMOUTH DEPOT.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Great Bargains.

A large stock of the LATEST STYLES of Paper Hangings, Borders, Dados, Picture Mouldings, etc., retailing for one-third less than my other store in Boston.

T. F. SWAN,
No. 12 Cornhill Boston.

THE
Adams & Westlake
Wire Gauze,
Non-Explosive,
OIL STOVES
Are the Standard for
CONVENIENCE,
RELIABILITY,
NEATNESS,
ECONOMY,
Wire-Gauze Wick Pockets, on the principal of the safety Lamp, make this Stove absolutely non-explosive, it being impossible for flame to communicate with the oil or gas.

FOR SALE BY
S. W. PRATT
DEALER IN
Stoves, Furnaces and Ranges,
WEYMOUTH.

P. H. GAVIN,
Plumber,
Sanitary Part of the Business a Specialty.
98 HANCOCK ST., QUINCY.
Every variety of Plumbing work done at Lowest Prices. All orders from Weymouth and adjoining towns will receive prompt attention. Address all orders to P. O. Box 75, Quincy, Mass. 39 1y

W. T. BURRELL,
Painter and Glazier.
Paper Hanging a Specialty.
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Putty, Glue, etc., Constantly on hand.
Washington Cor. Broad St.,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.
Residence on Broad Street.

NEW STOCK
— OF —
PAINTERS SUPPLIES.
We have now in stock a general assortment of PAINT STOCK, consisting of
White Lead and Oil; Colors, Ground and Dry; Spirits, Japan, Red Lead; Glass, Putty, Varnish, Paint and Varnish Brushes; Shellac, Dry or Cut.
Also, 25 Colors and Shades of Mixed Paints, Ready for Use.
GEO. S. BAKER,
WEYMOUTH.

Dr. F. J. Bonney
DENTIST,
Faxon's Block, Chestnut St.,
QUINCY, MASS.
will be at
SOUTH WEYMOUTH Every Thursday.

J. G. WORSTER & CO.,
— DEALERS IN —
GROCERIES
AND PROVISIONS,
Washington Square, - WEYMOUTH.

COAL,
WOOD AND HAY,
— AT —
Wharf, East Braintree.
LYKENS VALLEY FRANKLIN COAL,
DIAMOND RED ASH " "
BORDA " "
NORTH FRANKLIN RED ASH " "
CAMERON SHAMOKIN " " "
WHITE ASH FURNACE COAL,
" " EGG "
" " NUT "
" " STOVE "
Coal delivered at fair rates of Cartage.
HARD AND PINE WOOD, whole or sawed, and BUNDLE HAY.
For Sale at Lowest Cash Rates.
All orders promptly attended to. P. O. Address Weymouth, or East Braintree.
J. F. Sheppard & Sons.

Mrs. T. C. MELLEN,
FLORIST,
FRONT ST., WEYMOUTH.
TO all wishing good Plants of all the leading varieties, for Lawns and Gardens, I now offer as
Fine a Collection as can be found
CONSISTING OF
Verbenas, Coleus, Geraniums,
ALSO,
Choice Cut Flowers, Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, &c.
Orders by mail or telegraph filled at short notice.
PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
P. O. Box 144. Weymouth, Mass.

C. S. WILLIAMS,
Stock Broker.
U. S. SECURITIES, STOCKS & BONDS
BOUGHT and sold on commission, in Boston, New York and San Francisco. Money advanced on Stocks and Bonds purchased by us.
7 EXCHANGE PLACE, BOSTON.

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST. **WILSON'S LIGHTNING SEWER!**
Two the sand stitches a minute. The only absolutely desirable Sewing Machine in the world. Sent on trial. Warranted 5 years. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Circular. Agents Wanted. THE WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., Chicago or New York.

Happiness.

It is not wealth that brings
Thus happiness to my mind,
For both may be enjoyed when
Or last but for a little span.
Ambition has no power to charm,
When strength and life begin to wane;
The world's applause can never calm
The weary heart in hours of pain.

Expected joys elude our grasp,
And hope grows dim with doubts and fears,
While fevered pulses long to clasp
The vanished forms of brighter years.
Youth like a phantom steals away,
And pleasures follow in its train,
While never more by night or day,
Can we entice them back again.

A well-spent life that none can blame,
A conscience from offences free,
Unscarred by wrong and sin and shame,
Is only true felicity.
A noble heart devoid of self,
That tries to elevate mankind,
And seeks for no reward in pelf,
A perfect happiness may find.

A loving life whose end and aim
Is to do good whate'er betide,
To lessen evil, want, and shame,
And scatter kindness far and wide.
Good deeds and actions pave the way
To make life's cares and sorrows less,
To bring contentment day by day,
And everlasting happiness.

THE LOST DRESS.

A quiet, elderly lady, in a stone-colored merino dress and a black lace cap, had been anxiously peeping out of the window of a pretty house in Milktown, at intervals throughout the dull, cold Winter afternoon of a day not long gone by.

When about 5 o'clock, a young girl, showily clad in terra-cotta red, with an impossible bird, in a cap of impossible fur, was seen making stately progress down the long street, holding in her arms an immense and puffy brown-paper parcel.

Occasionally this young person made an effort to look behind her without turning her head, and when at last she arrived at the doorsteps of the house we have mentioned, she turned coquettishly to see who it was who had been walking behind her for some distance.

Seeing that it was only a hobbledehoy apprentice from the tinman's, with a length of stovepipe under his arm, a black smirch on his nose, and no appreciation of a terra-cotta waistcoat, twenty inches in circumference in his countenance, she turned away in disgust and rung the bell violently, leaning her back against the door, and regarding the apprentice with a scorn which amazed him, and which proceeded from the fact that he was not the fine-looking young man, with mustache, whom she had imagined to be following her.

In an instant more she tumbled into the arms of the elderly lady, who had opened the door with unexpected promptitude, amid the derisive laughter of the youthful tinman.

"Bless me! I hope you haven't hurt yourself?" said the old lady. "And is this really Mrs. Ruffit's dress at last? We'd almost given it up."

"Madame says she couldn't help it," said the girl, rubbing her elbow, which had come into sharp contact with the door. "It's such a busy time;" and delivering the parcel to the old lady, she walked away, with dark views of life in her young bosom, and an uplifted nose that bespoke scorn of all apprentices.

Meanwhile the old lady hurried into the sitting room at the back of the house, and placing the parcel upon a table cried, with a gasp of relief:

"There it is, Rebecca; and you needn't have worried about it all day, at all."

At these words a lady, who was still only middle aged, and who was sitting wrapped in a voluminous double gown in a great armchair near the little Franklin stove, started to her feet, gave a cry of delight, seized the parcel, opened it at one end, and emptied from it a ruby colored silk dress, all flounces, furbelows and cachemire beading, which she instantly proceeded to try on.

The old lady superintended the performance, pronounced the fit perfect, picked out a lingering basting thread and spread the train abroad, while Mrs. Ruffit, who was fat and blonde, and very gushing, constantly repeated:

"You know it's the first time I've appeared in colors for years, and the Dumsdays are so stylish. You know I would wish to appear particularly well. And does it taper in nicely at the waist, Aunt Betsey? And does the train turn when I walk?"

At last even this nervous lady was satisfied, and having looked at her back in two glasses, declared that she must take a nap before she began to dress, and vanished for that purpose.

And Aunt Betsey, having poured a cup of tea from a little brown teapot that simmered constantly on the stove, dropped into the vacated chair with a sigh of relief, for Rebecca, though a good-hearted woman, who had given her aunt an excellent home for years, became at times a trifle wearisome with her affectations, her immense anxiety concerning her middle-aged charms, and her floods of tears about nothing.

Had the dress really not come home, and had Mrs. Ruffit really been obliged to send a regret to the Dumsdays that evening, Aunt Betsy would have had a weary time of it. Now she was free to rest, to read, or knit, or doze as she liked, and though she took up the needles, the warmth of the fire, the comfort of the great chair, and the calm that had fallen after a storm, all induced slumber.

In fact, Aunt Betsy had been fast asleep for more than half an hour, when she started wide awake, to see a spectral form at the window, and to hear spiritual rappings on the panes.

In an instant more the ghost had resolved itself into a poor woman, whose pale face was made ghastly by a black hood, and who, seeing the teapot and Aunt Betsy's amiable face in conjunction, had bethought her to ask for a cup of tea.

Aunt Betsy was kindness itself. She opened the door to the woman and made her sit near the stove and comforted her not only with tea and bread and butter, but with raspberry jam, and finally went to the door again to "speed the parting guest" with amiable words and a silver coin.

"Ah, poor thing!" she said to herself as she went into the cozy sitting room again, "How hard it is for her."

"Hard for whom?" asked Mrs. Ruffit, who had returned to the sitting room well wrapped up in the big dressing gown, which somehow seemed more voluminous than ever. "What's hard for whom, Aunt Betsy?"

"Oh, Rebecca," said the good old lady, "a person has been here begging a cup of tea. Her husband's dead, her son is in Texas, and she's walking twenty miles to try and find a daughter who married a man named Smith, fifteen years ago.

"Oh, yes," said Mrs. Ruffit, who was only sentimentally sympathetic with herself. "I see—the old story! and you gave her all the small change you had in your pocket, and she went away to spend it at the next gin-shop. You are such a soft-hearted goose, auntie. I only hope she didn't steal anything —Good gracious, Aunt Betsy! where is my new dress?"

"You took it upstairs with you, Becky," said Aunt Betsey.

Mrs. Ruffit ran upstairs with more celerity than could have been expected of fair, fat, and five-and-forty, and was heard to open sundry closet doors, to rush about wildly, and to shriek. Then she reappeared in the sitting room.

"It's not up there!" she shrieked, wringing her hands. "Oh, Aunt Betsy, tell me you've put it somewhere! Don't say it's gone.

"I don't see how it can be gone," cried Aunt Betsy, flying wildly up and down, shaking the curtains, looking behind the sofa; even opening the six-inch drawer of a little work-table.

"Oh, Rebecca, I'm sure you took it with you! I'll find it. Didn't you put it in the parlor?"

Away the ladies flew, with queer little squeals and moans.

Every spot in the house was ransacked, even the coal-cellar; but the dress was not found.

At last Mrs. Ruffit fell into the arm chair, fortunately as strong as it was capacious, and sobbed:

"This is what has come of your absurd foolishness for drunken beggars, Aunt Betsy. That woman has stolen my dress."

"She couldn't—she hadn't a thing in her hand," said poor Aunt Betsy.

Then conscience told her she had left the woman alone for five minutes while she took out the jam.

It was all discussed over and over again, and the fact that in Miss Betsy's absence the woman had put the new dress through the window and picked it up when she went out, was fully established.

The police were notified, a description of the woman and dress put into their hands, and a note of regret written to the Dumsdays.

Mrs Ruffit was persuaded to take some tea and toast, and sat bewailing her loss and rocking to and fro.

"A dress that cost me ninety dollars before it was made and twenty-five for the making," sighed Mrs. Ruffit. "I can't afford another like it this winter, and Colonel Cowes was to be at the Dumsdays', and he admires me very much, Aunt Betsy, and it's most annoying. I'd calculated on it two weeks, and you must beg and pray a tipsy tramp to come and take tea with you on purpose to have my dress stolen."

"I didn't beg and pray her. She asked me for a little tea, and she wasn't tipsy," sobbed Aunt Betsy. "Oh, Rebecca Ruffit, how cruel you are!"

"I suppose you expect me to dance for joy," said Mrs. Ruffit. "I must say that's too much to expect; but I might be not only robbed, but murdered, if you could only give all the money you liked to drunken tramps. That's your monomania, Aunt Betsy, and I must say it if you kill me."

Then began a woful quarrel, in which all the reproaches that could be uttered on either side found vent.

The ladies wept and sighed and bemoaned themselves.

They spoke of parting. They shook their heads and rocked to and fro, and the fire went out and the oil burnt low in the lamp. The clock struck ten and still the ladies found new recriminations to utter.

At last 12 o'clock came. The carriages which bore the departing guests home from the Dumsdays' great party were heard to roll past, and Mrs. Ruffit burst into a fresh flood of tears.

"I feel so dreadfully sick, Aunt Betsy," she said; "so heavy in every limb; such a weight somehow. You know excitement is bad for me. Dr. Sweetman says I'm predisposed to heart disease, and I know this is an attack of it. I've all the symptoms. My arms are swollen—look how tight the sleeves of this dressing-gown are—and my goodness, Aunt Betsy! look at the belt! it wont meet! Can't you see how I'm puffing up all over? I'm going to die!"

"Ah, my poor child," cried Aunt Betsy, "you really are! Oh, do let me take your things off, and put you to bed, and send for the doctor. Come upstairs at once."

Mrs. Ruffit assented.

Aunt Betsy helped her upstairs, opened the bed, laid out the white night-gown, and began to help her neice off with the double gown. She slipped the big loops of cord from the big buttons, and began tugging at the sleeve.

The flowered cashmere slowly receded from the left shoulder.

Aunt Betsy paused and gave a scream.

"Rebecca Ruffit!" she cried.

"Oh, what is it, Aunt Betsy?" asked Mrs. Ruffit. "Am I turning black?"

"Look!" cried Aunt Betsy. "Why Rebecca Ruffit, you've put your double-gown on over your new dress. No wonder you felt queer.

"Why, how did I come to do such a thing?" gasped Mrs. Ruffit in amazement. "I must have taken my nap in it, too!"

She peeled off the double gown in double-quick time.

She had nothing to say, except:

"No wonder I felt stuffy!"

There was nobody to blame and nothing to do but to make up with Aunt Betsy who accorded a gracious forgiveness and retired meekly: but up in her own room she indulged herself in a little burst of triumph:

"Tisn't me that's made a fool of myself," she said, ungrammatically, as she tied her night-cap and blew out the candle; "and that's some comfort, anyhow."

Tattooed Samoans.

The natives in the boats exhibited the general characteristics of the Polynesian-Malays. Their faces were clear of tattoo, but from the loins downward over the hips and thighs to the knees, they were very closely tattooed. Unlike Maori tattoo, which follows curved lines, the Samoans puncture the color into the skin in closely dotted mass, with diagonal lines of bare skin embellishing the design, which at a distance looks almost like a pair of dark pants. The instruments used are usually the spines of the shaddock tree or bone driven in with small mallets. The coloring matter is burned candle nut. The women do not tattoo. The process is begun with the men at the age of twenty, and is slow and painful. As among their civilized professional brethren there is a code of honor recognized in the profession devoted to this art, and this code is chiefly applied—so true is human nature in all its aspects to the maintenance of an adequate scale of fees. A tattoo will sometimes stop in the middle of his job, leaving the subject half done, until his pecuniary demands are satisfied, and no professional brother can be tempted to cut in and finish the business. A Samoan is no more able to walk about for the rest of his life half tattooed than an Australasian masher with one whisker, and he is therefore obliged to pay up to the uttermost farthing. Although not so invariably as in Fiji, the Samoan men and women do dye their hair yellow with burned coral, and paint their faces red and black. They also shave the heads of their children, using shark's teeth as razors. Rubbing or pressing noses, as with the Maoris, is the form of national salute. They never eat before ten or twelve o'clock in the morning, but afterwards have no regular meal time—eating almost continuously through the day.—*Melbourne (Australia) Leader.*

John Brown and the Queen.

John Brown, the gillie who stood so high in the favor of Queen Victoria (and whose death was no small relief to many of the royal lady's friends), has no successor. One Francis Clark occupies his post, but is accorded no such confidences nor privileges nor requisites. Brown's rooms at Windsor are permanently shut up, and a brass plate in one of them recites his virtues and dignities. A lady of the court remembered well hearing the honored John, a few months before his death, and while driving with his sovereign, lean over the rumble and coolly ask the Queen to "lend him her parasol," the sun being so hot. His request was at once complied with; the Queen handing up the article as a matter of course.—*Independent.*

The Palmistry Craze.

The traditions of the art of palmistry are brought down to us from old Homer's time, and the French works on the art are based upon these ancient traditions. That the hand in each nationality has distinct characteristics of its own does not seem to alter the application of the rules of the potency of the prophecy. The manicure's art has added so much to the beauty of a well-shaped hand that there will be a charm in the practice of telling fortunes by the palm aside from the value of the revelations of one's fortune, and we may look for its popularity in this country.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

Egg-Destroying Hens.

There is probably nothing more annoying and more difficult to overcome than the habit a great many hens have of eating eggs. What there is no way of curing hens from eating eggs, to prevent them by mechanical means is very easy. A nest with a double bottom, the upper one inclined so as to allow the egg to roll to the lower one, answers very well: but the habit is one that is always acquired, and therefore a lasting one. Hens learn it by being in the presence of broken eggs, but they rarely break eggs themselves until so taught. If the nests are so arranged as to keep the eggs out of their reach they will forget the habit, if fed liberally with meat for a while, but the safest plan is to eat of the heads of such fowls before the habit becomes general with the flock.

New Idea in Bee-Keeping.

A new idea has been started in bee-keeping. It has long been a grievance among farmers that a neighbor should keep a large number of bees without any pasturage of his own and gather honey from crops planted and sown by others. It might not be that any loss or damage was inflicted, but it was a clear case of reaping where one had not scattered, and therefore had a large element of injustice in it. No doubt the unfounded charges against the bees, that they injured the crops and the fruit, especially grapes, were thus originated, and more from prejudice than any real belief. A Mr. Hetherington of Schoharie County, N. Y., is one of the most extensive bee-keepers in the world, and it is said keeps 2,500 swarms, a larger number of which he puts out among farmers to whom he pays a rent for the use of the pasturage, clover, buckwheat, &c., grown upon the farms. This is a new departure which will commend itself to farmers who do not keep bees, as an example which other bee-keepers might follow.—*New York Times.*

Sheep's Horn Horseshoe.

Among the latest novelties in the way of a horseshoe was one recently described in the *Irish Farmers' Gazette.* This shoe is made entirely of sheep's horn, and is said to be particularly adapted to horses employed in towns, and which do not have a steady foot on the pavement. The results of the experiments have proved very satisfactorily, as horses thus shod have been driven at a rapid pace on the pavement without slipping. These horn shoes are a little more expensive than the iron ones in common use, but they are quite durable, light, and flexible. Horn shoes would certainly be more natural than iron ones, but all kinds of shoes might be dispensed with in many instances where they are now used. Horses worked on the farm, and where the ground is not filled with sharp stones, do not need, and, in fact, would work better without shoes, except perhaps a little while in winter when the ground is frozen; but shoeing horses has become such a general practice that few persons ever think of doing otherwise.

Manuring Fruit Trees.

It is only repeating advice to people —some of whom may be very careful in everything else connected with a farm—that, however good it may be, it will be likely to be heeded. How often we have suggested the manuring of the fruit orchards, we can not remember; but probably it has been half a score of times or oftener. Still, the great experience is that this part of the duties of the farmer continues to be largely neglected. On what ground, oftener than pure thoughtlessness, it is thus neglected, we can not imagine, as no crop on the farm will return a greater profit from the application of a fertilizer than this. No crop, by whatever name known, can be successfully cultivated without manure. When an orchard is young and things are raised between the rows of trees, these are already enriched, and the young trees receiving a portion of it, get along very well; but when the trees become so large as to prevent any other crop than grass to be grown among them, they have no dependence; their crops fail in quantity and quality, and the orchard has reached that point when they are supposed to have seen their best days, the proprietors never for a moment remembering that they cannot live well and perform their whole duty without feeding.

The fruit tree is not particular or saucy as to its diet. It does not ask for the richest and most costly provender. Even a dressing of earth or of pure clay is very acceptable—washings from the highways particularly so, and wood ashes, of course. In fact almost everything that is next to valueless for other purposes does very well for the fruit tree. It is true that richer and more expensive fertilizers would do a great deal better, but not to such an extent as to pay for the difference in cost. But whatever the material may be, no farmer who desires his orchard to return him the full measure of its product can afford to neglect it in the manner referred to. Let him do his duty to his trees, and then proclaim that fruit will no longer do in this section if there is any shortening of their crops. Try and see.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

Pulverization of the Soil.

The following experiment made by the editor of the *Live Stock Journal* shows the great importance of the thorough pulverization of the soil: "We once experimented by hauling twenty-four large loads of the best manure upon two acres of clay-loam land, had it well cultivated into the soil, which had been worked in the ordinary way, but was somewhat lumpy. This and the adjoining two acres were to be sown to corn for fodder. Upon the other two acres no manure was put, but it was plowed and cultivated till the soil, four inches deep, was as fine as a garden bed. One and a half bushels of corn were drilled per acre upon each piece—drills sixteen inches apart. When this corn was in blossom and ready to cut, the unmanured two acres stood eighteen inches higher than the manured piece. On selecting two sample rods in different places upon each piece, cutting the green corn and carefully weighing it, the manured piece gave 275 pounds per rod, and the unmanured, but finely pulverized, gave 350 pounds per rod—the manured giving twenty-two tons per acre, and the other twenty-eight tons per acre. The cost of extra working was $2.50 per acre. Could there be any doubt that the extra labor was well paid for?"

Shade Trees on the Farm.

A few well-formed trees along the fence rows, and even scattered here and there in the open fields, add greatly to the appearance and value of a farm. Cattle, sheep and other farm animals suffer greatly from the hot sun when confined in a shadeless pasture in midsummer. They will seek the slight protection from the broiling sun a fence may afford, or stand huddled together for hours, with their heads shaded by each other, in a most unhealthful manner. Animals thus exposed do not give the best returns to their owners, and for this reason, if not for comfort's sake, they should be provided with shade. Some farmers object to trees in the pasture because their shade is too inviting and keeps the live-stock from feeding. Farm animals need not graze all the time, and, with good pasturage, can get all the grass they need in the cool portions of the day, between which they should have refreshing shade for chewing the cud of contentment. Men are not the only creatures that may be sunstruck; cows unduly exposed to heat frequently become sick, quickly falling off in milk, and may require weeks of expensive nursing to bring them back to good health. Trees are an obstruction to the cultivation of a field, and occupy the soil for several feet around them, to the exclusion of grain or other crops, and therefore it is best to plant most of the trees along the line of boundary fences. The tired laborer is thankful for a few minutes of shade and rest, and doubtless will do more work by taking an occasional "breathing spell" under a tree. A tree in midfield may be a chestnut or hickory, and make good returns for the space it occupies in nuts, as well as refreshing shade. In many fields there is a low place with a spring or a small running stream, and is well fitted for a group of trees. In short, any part of a field not suited to cultivation may profitably grow a few trees, thus affording a retreat for the live stock from the mid-day sun and driving storms. If the pasture has no shade trees it will pay to provide a temporary shelter. Four strong posts with forks at the top may support two poles: across these lay smaller poles for rafters. The two may be covered with straw, swale hay, or, if more convenient, brush may be cut and laid upon the skeleton roof.—*American Agriculturist.*

Some Facts About Cameos.

"Cameos are cut in this country, as well as in Europe," said a Chestnut street jeweler. "The finest American work, which of course is not by any means equal to the best foreign work, is done in New York, and a little of it —a very little, by the way— in Philadelphia. That our people should turn out work equal to the best foreign artists is scarcely to be expected, since cameo-cutting was almost unknown here thirty years ago, whereas in Europe some families in Florence, Rome, Paris or Naples have pursued it as a calling for half a dozen generations. Cameos are not as extensively worn as formerly—these fashions come and go—but a great many persons still wear them because they are heirlooms or relics of some departed ancestor. A cameo is where the image on the stone is raised above the surface; where it is cut in the stone it is known as "intaglio." The stones generally used for this purpose are the onyx, sardonyx, bloodstone and agate. The latter is the hardest stone to cut. The onyx consists of several layers and the cameo is obtained by cutting the figure out of the upper layer, when it appears as a raised medallion upon the lower one. It is the easiest stone to work on.

The art of ancient cameo-cutting was entirely lost during the Middle Ages, and only reappeared during the Renaissance. The Romans, in my opinion, excelled the Greeks in this branch of art; but the moderns have never approached the ancients in accuracy of design or finish. Look at this head of Augustus Cæsar, cut on a species of agate harder than any we know anything about. That sort of work could not be done now. It was found in Rome during some excavations made a few years ago near the Capitol, and though not much larger than a quarter of a dollar, is worth $75. The sunken portions of the face, the whites of the eyes, the hollows of the cheeks, are polished. That could not be done by any cameo-cutter alive to-day. It is positive proof that the cameo is an antique. The finest specimens of cameo cutting in the world are the classic figures cut on what is known as the Mantuan vase in the Brunswick Museum. The base is cut out of a single agate and is seven inches high by two and a half in width."—*Philadelphia Times.*

Children as Savages.

About the time when baby begins to put away monkey manners, and to stand on two feet like a man, he begins to show, in a very marked degree, the characteristics of savage tribes. For two or three years of this part of his life the best baby is a little savage. His ideas of property are intensely savage. He may be said to be always more or less "on the grab" (I object to slang as much as any man, but really there is no other way of describing the tendencies exhibited at this stage of baby's career). If he has small brothers or sisters (or both), he is always more or less at war with these neighboring savages. If he is deprived of anything he has come to regard as his property (quite mistakenly, it may well be), or if he sees in the hands of his small kinsfolk any goods or chattels which seem pleasing in his eyes, he has but one way of expressing his wishes; he goes for the possession of the desired object, using his hands for weapons if he has no others handy, but bringing down a stick or brush or book (as the case may be) on the head of his enemy with all the zeal of a Fijian or an Ojibbeway on the war-path. Girl babies are pretty nearly as bad as boy babies in these matters, only the girl savage differs from the boy savage much as savage woman differs from savage man. Of course there are many baby boys and baby girls who show little tendency to savagery, just as there have been many uncultured races of man who have been gentle and innocent. But the quiet babies are always weak and unhealthy. In the struggle for existence they succumb before their more ferocious brothers, just as the quiet and gentle savage tribes perish before their tomahawk-flourishing, spear-throwing, club-wielding neighbors.—*Belgravia.*

The Porter's Memory.

The Chicago *Herald* "Train Talker" alleges to have heard this on a Pullman sleeper:

"It's wonderful what practice will do for a man. Now, I have observed a peculiar thing on sleeping cars, which goes to show how even a common mind may be trained to perform almost incredible feats of memory and precision. On this car there are at least twenty gentlemen. While we are asleep the porter will gather up all our shoes and dump 'em on a pile in the gents' wash room, where he will polish them when he gets time. There will be shoes that look just alike, and many of the same size, but in the morning every man will find his shoes and nobody else's beneath his berth. Now, we all consider ourself superior to that colored porter, but I venture to say none of us could do a thing like that. It's a wonderful example of what training will do for the memory."

Next morning, sure enough, every man's shoes were in their proper place, and the gentleman again called attention to what he considered so remarkable. "Here, porter," he exclaimed, slipping the grinning functionary a dollar note to loosen his tongue, "tell us how you do it?"

"Yes, sah," says the porter; "its jus' as easy when you get 'customed to it. Takes a pow'ful sight o' practice, though."

"That's what I told you," remarked the gentleman to his companion, triumphly.

"Yes, sah, it takes a pow'ful sight o' practice. It wah two hull weeks afo' I could learn to chalk the numbahs of de berfs on de soles of shoes without makin' mistakes. Thank ye, boss."

Some Particulars About Preaching.

The tenth census shows, for instance, that there are in this country 64,698, or in round numbers 65,000 clergymen. Suppose, for the sake of illustration, that each one preaches but two sermons a week, which is, perhaps, rather above than below the average, and we shall have in the course of a single year a total of 6,760,000 sermons. Further, suppose each sermon of only thirty minutes' duration, also perhaps less than the average length, and at the rate of 100 words a minute, each sermon will have about 3,000 words, or twelve book pages each of 250 words, and all the sermons preached every year will give a total of printed matter of 81,120,000 book pages, or 162,220 volumes of 500 pages each, while if an average congregation of fifty listen to one sermon a total of 3,300,000 worshipers is presented at a single service.—*Globe Democrat.*

Charity.

The rich man gave his dole, not ill content
To find his heart still moved by human woes;
The poor man to his neighbor simply lent
The scanty savings he could scarce forego.

The one passed on, and asked to know no more;
The other's wife all night, with pity brave,
The neighbor's dying child was bending o'er,
And never dreaming it was much she gave.

Oh, God forgive us that we dare to ask
Solace of countless gifts and fruitless sighs!
Scorn on the sigh that shuns the unwelcome task,
The dole that lacks the salt of sacrifice.

No gilded palm the crushing weight can lift;
No soothing sigh the maddening woe can cure;
'Tis love that gives its wealth to every gift;
Ill would the poor man fare without the poor.

—*Spectator.*

HUMOROUS.

Wag(o)ner's music—Gee! Whoa! Haw! Get up there!

The signal man on the railroad can never succeed well in his business. His interest in it is always flagging.

Callow youth (before looking-glass, stroking chin)—Sis, I think I must get me a razor. Sister—Do, Bob; a beard raiser.

"It seems to me," moaned Algernon, flying toward the front gate, with the old man close behind him, "that there are more than three feet in a yard."

"Yes," she said, "I always obey my husband; but I reckon I have one thing to say about what his commands shall be."

There are many and various ways of becoming a man of mark; but the easiest and most effectual way is to lean up against some newly-painted railings.

"Oh, don't propose to me here!" exclaimed a young lady whose lover was about to pour out his avowal as they were riding by a cornfield. "The veay corn has ears."

"I understand you've gone into farming," said the dentist to his victim, "How large a farm have you?" "Well, I've had four achers for the past week," was the painful response.

A Milwaukee girl wouldn't marry a red-headed man, her father objected to a dark-haired son-in-law, and her mother disliked a blonde; so she was obliged to compromise on a bald-ed man.

A Journey to the Sun.

As to the distance of ninety-three million miles, a cannon-ball would travel it in about fifteen years. It may help us to remember that at the speed attained by the Limited Express on our railroads a train which had left the sun for the earth when the Mayflower sailed from Delfhaven with the Pilgrim Fathers, and which ran at that rate day and night, would in 1884 still be a journey of some years away from its terrestrial station. The fare, at the customary rates, it may be remarked, would be rather over two million five hundred thousand dollars, so that it is clear that we should need both money and leisure for the journey.

Perhaps the most striking illustration of the sun's distance is given by expressing it in terms of what the physiologists would call velocity of nerve transmission. It has been found that sensation is not absolutely instantaneous, but that it occupies a very minute time in traveling along the nerves; so that if a child puts its finger into the candle, there is a certain almost inconceivably small space of time, say one-hundredth of a second, before he feels the heat. In case, then, a child's arm were long enough to touch the sun, it can be calculated from this known rate of transmission that the infant would have to live to be a man of over a hundred before it knew that its fingers were burned.—*Century.*

The Fleet Wild Mustangs.

While the buffalo have disappeared at a rapid rate, a correspondent says, the same cannot be said of the wild horses, or mustangs, especially in Northwestern Texas, where they are found in bands numbering from thirty to three hundred. It is said that among these horses are to be found the fleetest in America, especially a noted pacer, which would put Occident, Jay-Eye-See and other noted steppers to blush, as no racer has yet been found capable of turning him. Experiments at their capture clearly demonstrate that they not only possess the greatest speed, but extraordinary bottom or staying qualities, for upon many occasions parties have stationed themselves at reasonable distances along the plains and given chase with relays, having in view the capture of some of the more fleet of those noble animals; but such chase has generally terminated in failure. The wild horses of Northwestern Texas are of stock stolen many years since by the Kiowa and Comanche Indians from horsemen in Eastern Texas; hence their fine blood and great speed.

Striking Epitaph.

An Epitaph has been discovered in an Ohio cemetery by Will Carleton, which is very striking in its imagery, and shows a hearty republican disrespect for crowned heads, together with the determination to carry into the grave a protest against exclusive privileges for the aristocracy. It is as follows:

Earls and monarchs of the dead,
Who so long the worms have fed,
I'm coming to your chilly bed:
Edge close, and give me room.

The Weymouth Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 19, 1884.

THE GRAND FAIR.

The officers of the Weymouth Agricultural and Industrial Society have spared no labor or expense to make the twentieth Annual Exhibition of Thursday, Friday, and Saturday next, the very best ever offered to the people. Every hour of each day is crowded full of interest. For those who enjoy horse racing the extra purses offered have secured some of the best horses, some of which have a record of 2-26. The lovers of base ball can find their full satisfaction, as well a local pride in the clubs presented. The perfection and beauty of Military parade will be a source of pleasure to every one, while for charming interest the wonderful exhibition of trained dogs will be unsurpassed, and with Lacrosse and the foot racing and athletic games each day will make one Grand Gala day.

Shall not the Society receive in patronage that substantial appreciation that shall make this fair a financial success? Members of the society, can you not help to this end?

But while we offer unusual attractions upon the grounds let us by no means fail in our efforts to make this fair what it has been in the past, the very first in its hall display, with the abundant blessing which the Lord of the harvest has given to the husbandman.

Every garden can furnish some contribution of fruit, flowers or vegetables. Let all bring something, that our hall may be filled. Let the ladies vie in presenting the beautiful fabrics of their handiwork, as well as the evidences of their domestic skill. A committee consisting of Mr. S. A. Cleverly of North Weymouth, Mr. Henry Loud, East Weymouth, Mr. S. W. Gutterson of Weymouth, Mr. Edward Nolan of ward four, Mr. Charles Hawes of Lovell's Corner, and Mr. Edgar Wright of ward five, will receive and convey to the hall free of expense any contributions offered.

Any person in ward five desiring goods conveyed to the hall will please notify Mr. Wright. Let nothing be omitted in the preparation and the grand result will be an honor to our town.

SECRETARY.

The New Skating Rink.

The erection of a mammoth skating rink at East Weymouth is a pleasing and assured fact, the promoter of the enterprise being Mr. Walter M. Dizer, junior member of the firm of Messrs. M. C. Dizer & Co. It is to be erected at the corner of Madison and Commercial streets, on land leased of Mr. Samuel Healey for a term of ten years. Mr. H. H. Hale has the contract for doing the work, and at time of writing has ten men employed. The dimensions of the building are 143 feet in length by 60 feet in width, with 17 feet posts, the roof to be the common pitch style. The skating surface will be 50x130 feet, and the floor will be one of the best in this section. There will be a seating capacity for six hundred people. The main entrance will be on Commercial street, to be six feet in width; there will be a ladies room 11x11, polo room 8x11, ticket office 7x11, skate room 8x11, janitor's room 6x11, and gents room 11x13. In front of the skating surface a railing will be erected, which will prevent the persons standing at the front of the hall from approaching too near the skaters, this space to be about 50x7 feet. Around the east and west sides two rows of chairs on a platform will be arranged, and at the front there will be a gallery, which can be easily reached by a stairway, near the ladies room at the northwest corner. The building is to be heated by steam and lighted, it is thought, by gas. It will be handsomely painted both on the interior and exterior. Mr. G. W. Baker will have the general management of the rink, to be assisted by an able corps of aids. Nothing has been done as yet regarding the music, but the public can feel assured that nothing but first class will be furnished. It is proposed to have first class concerts once a month, such talent as the Ruggles Street Quartette, Lotus Club, and other clubs of equal standing. The Lovell skate is to be used. This skate is becoming a general favorite with all who use them, as it is light and has nothing about it to get out of order. The rink is not only handy to the depot but also to Mr. Geo. Young's stable, where out-of-town parties can put up their teams and feel assured that the best of care will be taken for them.

We cannot state when the rink will be opened to the public, but it will probably occur towards the middle of October.

Political.

The Republicans of Ward 3 met at Clapp's Hall last Monday evening, to organize a campaign club and battalion, and on motion elected as officers:

President, A. E. Newhall.

Vice President, M. C. Nash, Geo. L. White.

Secretary, A. W. Blanchard.

Treasurer, E. W. Hunt.

Executive committee, D. J. Pierce, (chairman), Louis Thayer, F. O. Sterling, Francis A. Hunt, T. E. Griffin, G. L. White, E. C. Porter, C. G. Easterbrook, H. F. Perry, Wm. A. Bond.

The committee will canvass for members and subscriptions, and will report at an adjourned meeting to be held at the hall this evening.

The largest attended caucus of any political party, so far during this campaign, was held at Town Hall Wednesday evening, a call having been issued by a committee of one hundred voters representing the People's Party. Mr. Fred'k LaForest was chosen chairman; Mr. Owen L. Greelish, Secretary. Town committee chosen with the exception of Ward 1 which will be selected later, as follows: Ward 2, Wm. Tobin, John Fennell; Ward 3, John McDonald, Frederick LaForest; Ward 4, John G. Burrell, B. W. Tirrell; Ward 5, Bradford Chandler, J. Clarence Howe. Delegates chosen to the conventions are

State—Martin Goodman, John F. Dwyer, C. H. Desleauries, S. W. Hunt, T. C. Mellen, Thos. Fitzgerald, John G. Burrell, Daniel Connors, John Long, E. B. Howe. At large—Wm. Tobin, Fred'k LaForrest.

Senatorial—Martin Goodman, J. F. Dwyer, John Fennell, Wm. Litchfield, Thos. Griffin, J. W. Carey, John Blanchard, Wilfred B. Tirrell, Bradford Chandler, J. Clarence Howe.

Congressional—Austin Mulligan, Jas. Hyland, Patrick Whelan, Owen L. Greelish, Michael Riley, G. M. Hawes, John Long, Bradford Chandler.

After the caucus the Town committee met and organized with Mr. Fred'k LaForest as Chairman, and Mr. John McDonald as Secretary.

Funeral Services.

It is seldom that a more general feeling of public sorrow at the death of a fellow citizen and of sympathy with the friends of the departed is manifested than was apparent at the burial service of Mr. John B. Drew, which took place at East Weymouth, on Monday afternoon last. All places of business were closed, and a large number of residents of the village and other parts of the town gathered at the house, where services were conducted by Rev. Mr. De Pew, pastor of the Cong'l church, at 1.30 o'clock. The body of the deceased reposed in an elegant casket, covered with black broadcloth, furnished by Messrs. Rice, who had charge of the undertaking service, and around the casket was grouped beautiful floral emblems, in various designs of crosses, crescent, anchors, pillows and wreaths, the offerings of brethren of South Shore Commandery, K. T., Orphans Hope Lodge, F. & A. M., Crescent Lodge I. O. O. F., the Expressman's League, in all of which organizations he was a worthy and valued member, together with mementoes of family affection, one of the latter being a floral pillow, inscribed "Father."

The service opened with singing of "God is love," by a quartett—Mrs. B. S. Lovell, Miss Mary A. Bates, Messrs. Alpheus Bates and E. G. Gardner, and after reading of Scripture selections by Rev. Mr. DePew, he offered remarks befitting the occasion. A great sorrow, he said, has a great remedy in God's love, in the word of life, in the light it imparts in every time of darkness, and its redemptive, saving power for all who are in trouble. Referring to the departed he said the general estimate of his noble qualities of character was a precious memory to be treasured for the future. He was especially a man of action, of energy, of business tact and ability; one whose sympathies went out to all who were struggling for wider attainments in life, and giving his aid unostentatiously. The real worth of such a life is never realized until it is ended, and all who knew him should be stimulated to emulate his virtues.

After a fervent prayer the quartett sang the beautiful selection, "No tear shall be in heaven," written by John Hutchinson, of the Hutchinson Family, and the benediction was pronounced, when the assemblage took a farewell look at the placid face of the dead, and the procession was formed for the East Weymouth Cemetery, under escort of South Shore Commandery, followed by Orphan's Hope and Crescent Lodges, with a long line of carriages containing relatives and friends of the deceased, the Temple Drum Corps furnishing music. The bearers were John Blanchard, Austin Gardner, Daniel Pratt, of Orphans Hope Lodge; Henry Loud, J. R. Orcutt, E. Rosenfeld, R. A. Hunt of So. Shore Commandery; Amos Raymond, Jos. Totman, Jos. Peakes, of Crescent Lodge. At the grave the burial rites of the Masonic and Odd Fellows orders were both given in impressive manner, appropriate singing being rendered by choirs of each body, and the body was consigned to its resting-place amid the tears of hundreds who had learned to love and esteem the departed.

Miss Ada F. Carmichael, granddaughter of Mr. Enos Raymond, of this town died at her home at South Braintree last Friday, of malignant scarlet fever, at the age of 17 years, 5 months, having been sick only a week. She had just been appointed teacher in one of the schools, and had only taught for a few days previous to her sickness. She was a graduate of the Braintree High School and had also been a pupil at the State Normal School, Bridgewater.

The funeral of Nathan Bates, whose death we noticed in our last issue, took place on Saturday at his late residence. Mr. Bates was a well known resident in the town, having spent his whole life in it, his ancestors also being natives of Weymouth. The first mention of them in the town records is of Edward, who was probably born in England, but who was living in Weymouth in 1639. His son Edward was born Dec. 10, 1655; next in line was John, born Jan'y 16, 1686; then Abraham, born Feb'y 29, 1729; then Alpheus, born March 12, 1759, who married Elizabeth Pratt, they having twelve children, Nathan, who was born Sept. 23, 1799, being the seventh and outliving them all. The house in which he was born is still standing on Middle St., and there he spent the earlier years of his life, working with his father on the farm and also making shoes. Later he worked with his brother Charles, who was engaged in freighting stone in a sloop from Weymouth to Boston; later he had a sloop of his own and for quite a number of years was engaged, except during the winter months, in freighting stone and building retaining walls, wharves and piers in Boston and vicinity. In 1848, at the close of the year, he gave up this business and took charge of the railroad station in East Weymouth, when the South Shore R. R. opened in 1849. After holding this position several years he gave it up, and during the rest of his life worked upon shoes until 1877, when he gave up work.

In earlier life he attended church at the old parish church in North Weymouth; in 1832 he joined the Methodist church in East Weymouth, and was always one of the foremost in active church work. He was a good musician and in his earlier life played a great deal upon the clarinet, for some time being connected with a military band. When the money was raised to buy the first bass viol for use in the church at North Weymouth, it was with the understanding that he should play it, and the subscriptions were conditioned upon the same.

Three years ago he had a paralytic shock, which affected his body for some time, but from which he gradually recovered and for the past two years has been in the best of health. About a week before his decease he began to feel unwell and remarked that of the three boys who went to school with him from Middle St.—Thomas Humphrey, Joshua Holbrook and James Jones, not one of them lived to be eighty-five years old, and he did not think he should. He would have been eighty-five on the twenty-third of September.

His pastor, Rev. Mr. Carroll, officiated at the funeral, and Rev. Mr. Bemis, a former pastor, was also present and gave reminiscences of the deceased bearing witness to the activity and heartiness with which he engaged in church work. The music was sung by a quartette, Mr. D. P. Lincoln tenor, E. G. Gardner bass, Miss Abbie Pratt soprano, and Mrs. Mary Sherman alto, Robert F. Raymond organist. Among the floral offerings one especially noticeable was a floral sloop, with its motto "Bon Voyage," the gift of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Humphrey, of St. Louis, it not only being typical of the past occupation of the deceased but also of the "good voyage" made by the departed, away from the shores of time to the shores of eternity. The official board of the M. E. church gave a floral cross, and other beautiful floral offerings were bestowed by his neighbors and friends. His interment took place at the Fort Hill Cemetery in Hingham.

W. H. S. A.

Arrangements for the annual High School Reunion, which occurs Wednesday eve., Oct. 8, are now well under way and it is hoped to make it a very enjoyable occasion. A great lack of interest in these reunions has been shown for several years past among the earlier members of the High school, so that to the few of the older members of the association who have been present, the occasions have been of little enjoyment in their primary character as *reunions* of old schoolmates. Special efforts will be made this year to interest and draw out these early members of the school, from in and out of town; and the committee earnestly invite the co-operation of all members in this endeavor. The program will be similar to that of preceding years, and details will be announced later.

Briefs.

Mrs. Deborah Cushing Lane, wife of Capt. Peter Lane, died last Saturday, after a lingering illness, aged 71 years, 7 months, 20 days. Funeral services were held at the residence of the family, on Washington street, last Tuesday afternoon, the service being conducted by Rev. Mr. Eaton, and a large number of relatives and friends were present. Mrs. Lane was a native of South Hingham.

The clerks in the Boston post office held a meeting recently for consideration of the subject of petitioning Congress for a classification and equalization of their salary, and our esteemed South Weymouth correspondent, "Henry," was the unanimous choice of the clerks as a delegate to the National Convention of Clerks at Washington.

A box of superb peaches came to hand yesterday, with the compliments of Mr. Joseph Sherman, who in spite of the ravages of frost and thieves has produced quite a crop of the finest fruit that we have ever tasted. As a pomologist, Mr. Sherman is very successful, and his orchard is well worth a visit by fruit growers.

The Braintrees played the Portland club last Tuesday, and were defeated. The passage home by steamer was very rough, a southwest gale blowing, and the sea dashing over the steamer's upper deck.

Flowers for the Boston Hospitals may be sent next Wednesday night to Miss Jane Clapp, Front street.

Judge Johnson, of Waltham, will speak on temperance next Sunday evening, in the Baptist church, in the interest of the Law and Order League.

Post 58, G. A. R. voted not to attend in a body, the dedication of the Gen. Reynolds statue in Philadelphia, yesterday, but was represented by a delegation.

Tomorrow at South Weymouth occurs the game of ball between the Rangers and Braintrees, the winners to receive the entire gate receipts.

The morning express to Boston will hereafter or until further notice stop at East Weymouth, leaving at 8.42 o'clock.

The Democratic town committee met at the Town Hall last evening to transact official work.

The work on the construction of the cofferdam at Great Pond is progressing, a few boulders in the pond requiring to be blasted.

The telephone connection has been made with J. R. Orcutt's store, and the line is now ready for work. Mr. Orcutt has labored zealously to forward the enterprise, and many subscribers are now looked for.

"Rejoice that your names are written in Heaven," will be the subject of Rev. Mr. Eaton's sermon in the Universalist Church next Sunday morning.

Mr. T. B. Groves of Weymouth, Eng. who is now visiting in this country, visited this town recently, and called on Mr. Gilbert Nash. He brought with him a transcript of records of the mother town dating as far back as 1252, with index of names and places, also views in the place. Mr. Groves was one of the compilers of the work, which was published by the city authorites.

Messrs. John P. Nash and David S. Murray have been drawn as Jurors for the Civil Term of the Superior Court, which commences next Tuesday.

Mr. A. B. Raymond was very unfortunate in losing two nice steers last week, one being stolen from the yard at Brighton and one dying with sunstroke at Roxbury, while being driven home. Loss $185.

The damage by frost about town has been quite large.

We learn that the next meeting of Reynolds Post No. 58, G. A. R., will be held at their new quarters over Loud & Lovell's store, East Weymouth.

The clock on the Union church has been repaired and is now in running order.

The first lecture in the Tufts Course of Free Lectures for 1884, is to be given Oct. 10, by Prof. Wm. I. Marshall, on the Yosemite. Rev. E. C. Bolles, of Salem, will lecture Oct. 17, on the World of London.

The Wompatuck H. & L. truck of Braintree is to be repainted and decorated by Mr. Walsh.

A Democratic Club is to be organized next week at the Landing.

Mr. Fred. Cook has built a handsome cypress fence about his residence on Summer street.

The Union Medical and Surgical Association held their monthly meeting at the Sailors' Home, Quincy, yesterday afternoon by invitation of Dr. W. L. Faxon, resident physician at the Home. Dr. F. gave an interesting and instructive essay on "The physician as a public educator." After the essay had been concluded the association was invited to the dining-room, where a sumptuous repast was furnished.

Trott's Laundry Agency is a new enterprise in Weymouth, and as garments are done up in the nobbiest style, ladies and gents should not fail to send their washing to the agency next Tuesday, and give the agency a trial. See card in this paper.

About 50 Knights of Delphi Lodge, No. 15, K. of P. excurted to Fort Point on Saturday last.

A young lad about nine years old, entered the house of Mr. W. F. Burrell recently, through the window, while the family were away, and stole $6 worth of jewelery, a part of which has been recovered.

Mr. Erastus Nash is building an addition to his hennery.

Tomorrow afternoon the Steamer Boys and a nine from Newhall & Hall's will meet at the lot on Front Street for another base ball contest.

One of the male attendants of the North High School was taken ill on Wednesday, and was conveyed home in a carriage.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

One of Mr. A. A. Spear's horses died on Friday last, of colic.

F. Dexter Pratt and W. T. Spilsted intend to start for Florida about Oct. 1.

The barn of Rev. J. E. Millerick has been newly painted.

Rev. Mr. Bolster will exchange with Rev. Mr. DePew on Sunday.

The Democrats have displayed a transparency at the entrance of their headquarters at Jackson Square.

The children will have another temperance meeting at Reform Club hall on Sunday evening at 5.30 o'clock.

The Cong'l choir will meet on Saturday evening, at 7.30, with Mrs. George Stoddard.

There will be a rehearsal of the M. E. Choir this evening instead of tomorrow evening, as is the custom.

Oliver Burrell and men gratuitously set the poles for the Ward 2 Democrat club at Jackson square on Tuesday last.

Messrs. J. F. Dizer and M. F. Baker start today for a pleasure trip through the west, intending to be gone about three weeks.

Mrs. John Dizer met with a fall in going down stairs, a week or more ago, and has been confined to her bed since from its effects.

Robert F. Shaw while unloading grain on Friday last, injured his back and has consequently been laid up the past week.

James Dunbar, employed in Walker, Strong & Carroll's factory, had his foot caught in the rolling machine, receiving a slight injury.

A foot race of 150 yards occurred on Broad street, Tuesday evening between D. Cohen and Ed. Curtin for a purse of $1, the latter winning the prize.

The amount of collection for the expenses of the lecture by Miss Willard, was about $30, which included the collection taken at the M. E. church.

The old house on the Greenough place, East street, has been moved back and the owner, Rev. Mr. Bemis, will erect a new dwelling on the site.

Station Agent. H. F. Bates, is enjoying a vacation of about three weeks, visiting New Hampshire, Maine, and probably New York.

A foot race occurred on Broad street, in front of M. Sheehy & Co.'s factory Monday between Thomas Howley and James Cross, the former winning by 3 yards.

Mr. Joseph Hicks, a former townsman but now a resident of Florida, has received the nomination as Representative by the Democrats of Putnam Co., Florida.

On Wednesday evening an oil lamp exploded at the house of Mr. M. F. Baker, of East Weymouth, while the family were at tea, the carpet and woodwork being considerably damaged.

Messrs. C. H. Pratt 2d and Clarence Orcutt went to Marshfield one day last week, returning with a large number of marsh birds, which they report are plenty.

Mr. John P. Burrell returned from Maine, yesterday, where he paid a visit to the commander of Co. A. 42d Mass. Reg't, Capt. Coburn, whom he has not seen since the war. Capt. C. has a store in Sumner, Me.

Mrs. Alice S. Roberts, wife of Mr. Moses Roberts, has returned from her visit to Allentown, Pa., where she has been visiting for nearly two months. Mrs. R. has considerably improved in health.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at their room next Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. All interested in the coming fair are invited to be present and aid in sewing, etc., for the fair, which will be held next month.

Friends from Scituate and this place met at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Stetson last Friday evening upon the occasion of his birthday. Mr. and Mrs. S. were the recipients of an easy chair and a rocker.

The Old Colony R. R. Co. have set a gang of men to work on the bridge over the private way just east of the depot. Just what is to be done we are unable to state, but from what we learn we should judge that they have got a big job on hand which will take months to finish.

Letters remain in this post office for Mrs. Jane Wood, Mrs. Mary E. Graham Miss Mary F. Loud, Mr. Edward O'Brien (drop), S. M. Salemen Esq., Mr. John Logan, Mr. A. W. Phillips, Mr. Nelson Huckins, Messrs. Burt & Packard. Postals remain for T. Haley Esq. Messrs. Russell & Allen, Mrs. H. C. Porter, Thomas Griffin Esq.

The Cleveland and Hendricks Club of Ward 2 will have a flag raising in Jackson square next Tuesday evening, at 7. There will be music by the Weymouth Band, a display of fireworks and addresses by noted speakers of Boston.—The new flag was made by Mr. Allen Lincoln, of Hingham.

Mr. Robert F. Raymond, the popular instructor in piano and organ playing, has had a large experience in his profession, which combined with his well known musical talent, places him in the front rank of teachers. His card furnishes particulars of terms, etc., and those who desire the services of Mr. Raymond would do well to call on him at an early day.

Last Wednesday evening a crowd gathered in front of Sheehy's factory to witness the handicap race between the boys of the stitching room of that factory. Masters McGrath and Whelan were on the line, Knox having 1-2 foot start and Howley having 10 yards start. McGrath easily defeated his opponents and took first prize.

Mr. G. Washington Nash died on Wednesday morning after an illness of about a month, aged 69 years and 6 months. Funeral services will be held at the M. E. Church, to-morrow at 2 p. m., and will be attended by the Mechanics Temple of Honor and Crescent Lodge, I. O. O. F., in which organizations he was an honored member.

The schr. Ruth T. Carlisle, Capt. McBride, arrived at this port yesterday noon, with the first cargo of pipe for the Weymouth waterworks, comprising about 400 tons.

The C. L. S. C. again.

A public meeting of the above organization will be held in the vestry of the M. E. church on Friday evening, Sept. 26th at 7.30 o'clock. At this meeting will be presented several essays and select readings illustrating some of the circle during the past year. These exercises will be interspersed and enlivened with music, vocal and instrumental. A short address will explain the great Chautauqua work and the course of reading and opportunity will be given for new members to join our local circle. To this the public are invited. The work of the C. L. S. C. is christian in character though entirely unsectarian and is just what our young people who have finished their school education should enter upon. Remember the date, Sept. 26.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

The annual fair of the Weymouth Agricultural society will occupy the attention of the people of this and neighboring villages during the latter half of next week. As a general thing on such days the factories are deserted and nearly everybody is at the fair during some part of the day. The programme of entertainment for each day is unusually elaborate, while all the arrangements are on the most liberal scale ever prepared. The show in the hall will no doubt be highly attractive especially as regards apples and pears, and the liberal premiums offered for the different races insure some of the best and fastest trotting. The monthly meetings, which have been held during the year for the discussion of Agricultural topics, has done much to create an interest in the coming fair, and we predict that it will be one of the most successful in the history of the society if wind and weather only prove favorable. The president of the society has done his best to infuse new life into the society and has been seconded by the directors, and it only rests for the people to give their financial support at this time, and the prosperity of this town organization is insured for many years to come.

Stetson's Weymouth Band decided to give another of their popular out-door concerts in Columbian square on Tuesday evening, and aside from the dusty condition of the atmosphere everything was favorable for the best results. The square was thronged with large crowds of people, on foot and in carriages, and all apparently enjoyed the music presented. The programme given was largely new, and lasted for over two hours, and showed the strength of the various parts to the best advantage.

The ladies connected with the Union church intend to hold a fair at their vestry during the first week in October. The different committees are at work in earnest and when the event takes place there is little doubt of its success socially and financially.

At the request of tenants the owner of the 'Chandler House,' so called, has recently made an effort to stop public travel through the premises by fastening up a notice with the words "Persons having no business here are requested and warned not to pass through." The first night this notice was posted some malicious individual so defaced it that the sentence was made to read indecently, and many persons, as if in derision of so offensive a sign, still continued to trespass. Lately the front bank at this place has been torn up quite badly by cows when driven to pasture, the animals scurrying over it in quest of apples that fell from a tree near by. Of course the cows were not to blame, though the boys who drove them exercised but little vigilance. To prevent this, however, posts were set Monday for a frail wire enclosure just to protect the grassed bank. Monday evening some of these posts were torn up and thrown here and there with the manifest intent to trouble the owner of the estate. Inasmuch as the owner is a lady, and has invested a number of thousand dollars in this property, rescuing it from decay, with no incentive for so doing but that of benefiting the community, there being no great profit in letting houses in So. Weymouth as every house owner here will testify, it is almost incredible that anyone in this place could be so antagonistic to Village Improvement as to embrace every opportunity to pull down and deface. It is believed that a gang of boys is guilty of these annoyances; and if there is not a prevalence of such disorderly acts in and about Independence Square, it must be that Mrs. Torrey has in some unknown manner incurred the displeasure of one who scruples not to commit any of the lesser criminal offenses that she may be annoyed.

The Woman's Temperance Union of Massachusetts will hold their eleventh annual convention at the first M. E. church, Wesley square, near Union square, Somerville, on Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 8 and 9. Sessions at 10 a. m., 2 and 7 p. m. The exercises will consist of reports, addresses, discussions concerning methods of work, and devotional exercises. Each auxiliary union is entitled to two delegates, and these as well as others who attend with them will be provided with entertainment. The organization in this village will be represented by two delegates, and all others interested are earnestly invited to attend the convention.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. of this village intend to have a tent at the fair grounds next week where a good temperance dinner can be procured for a small sum. When the ladies provided a similar place at the fair two years ago it was very popular and a neat sum was netted for the trouble. We hope they will be successful this year as well.

A meeting has been called at Columbian Hall this evening for the purpose of forming a Blaine and Logan club. The campaign promises to be a lively one in this vicinity.

The following was the programme given by Stetson's Weymouth band this week,—

African March,	E. C. Ramsdell;
Andante and Waltz,	H. Lambye;
Popular medley (by request),	Prendiville;
Montezuma March,	Hartmann;
Melody,—Fond Heart,	Lange;
Selection Martha,	Flotow;
Black Brigade, medley,	E. Beyer;
March, new era;	E. C. Ramsdell;
Violets, Waltz,	Waldtenfel;
Terzetto and Finale Attila,	Verdi;
Pythian March,	E. C. Ramsdell.

The band will probably give the last concert of the season one week from next Tuesday evening.

The Wednesday Night club had its second meeting of the season this week when the new officers were inducted into their several positions. Thirteen members were present. Two hours were consumed in a parliamentary discussion over the new bylaws of the club, which as revised were finally adopted at about 10.30 o'clock. The regular question which was assigned for discussion was not reached and in consequence will form the subject for debate at the next regular meeting. Members are not allowed to discuss politics during the session, but before and after the meeting some of the members get very warm over their favorite presidential candidates.

Smith & Howe, tailors on Bromfield St., have issued attractive cards calling the attention of patrons to their new line of fall suitings. Mr. Seth Howe of this firm is one of our most enterprising young men and his friends in So. Weymouth will find him pleasantly situated with a full line of American and imported goods, which he will be pleased to show to customers.

Gen. Butler has a large number of followers in this village, although not the regular nominee of the democratic party, and the leaders of the latter organization have hard work in finding available men to serve on their town committee from Ward 5 during the coming year.

The statement in the paper last week that the Weymouth Band would give a concert here on last Wednesday evening was unauthorized and of course the concert was not given. This band has accepted an invitation to come here however, but the date is not yet fixed.

Afternoon services were resumed at Rev. Mr. Bolster's church on last Sabbath.

Last Saturday night there was quite a heavy frost in several places here although no serious damage was done. HENRY.

Mrs. Albert Bates desires to express her sincere thanks to the members of Post 58, G. A. R. for their services, sympathy, and aid so faithfully rendered during her late husband's sickness and following his death; also to the neighbors and friends, who so generously contributed their kind expressions of sympathy and respect, which will long be held in grateful remembrance.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

A gala day at Bayside.

The Hawes School at So. Boston was instituted in 1823 and continued as a Grammar School until 1860 when it was converted into a Primary School. Last winter Mr. E. B. Spinney and Mr. Benj. E. Corlew conceived the idea of forming an association of the old school boys and after several meetings of a committee, at the residence of the latter, 57 Chester square, Boston, the "Old Hawes School Boys Association" was formed and a reunion was held at the Quincy House March 27, 1884, at which time there were some 125 present, some of whom had not seen one another for 40 years, and a very enjoyable time was had. Tuesday the 9th inst., Mr. Benj. E. Corlew, the manager at Bayside entertained some 20 of the original committee, providing for them the following bill of fare. Clam chowder, Baked blue fish, Cold tongue, Boiled ham, Chicken salad, Relishes, Vegetables, Macaroni with cheese, Apple and berry pie, Cottage pudding, Chilled watermelon, Tea, Coffee, Banana ice cream. The table was set in the cool and spacious dining room, beautifully and profusely decorated with flowers and a very handsome button hole bouquet was beside each plate. At about 3.30 o'clock the party filed in and took seats, Col. Henry W. Wilson, the president of the association, at the head. About an hour was occupied in discussing the merits of the table as set down in the "Menu." Mr. Benj. E. Corlew arose and opened the post prandial exercises and in a very happy and felicitous speech welcomed the 'Old Boys,' and ending by relating an incident, which called up Mr. Horace Smith, who after an able speech congratulated the Boys upon having been lucky enough to receive an invitation from Mr. Corlew to be present, winding up with a motion that a vote of thanks be presented to Mr. Corlew and his good lady for the bountiful and sumptuous dinner that they had partaken of, a better one than which could not be had at any hotel in the country, which was unanimously carried by a standing vote. The speaking was continued by several of the guests until the hour arrived for them to take the barge for home, one and all expressing themselves as highly pleased, never having had a pleasanter or more enjoyable time. Upon starting they gave three rousing cheers for their host and hostess and left singing Auld Lang Syne.

Mr. L. B. Curtis is building another story on to one section of his house. C. H. Chubbuck has the contract.

We sell Ladies Sample Shoes, in all styles, for $2.50, at the "Brookside."

The public should bear in mind the sale of household furniture at auction next Tuesday at 2 o'clock p. m., at the residence of H. F. Cushing, corner of Sea and Pearl streets.

Mr. Francis Cushing has gone to Chelsea Vt., on a visiting and hunting excursion for two weeks.

James Ford has enlarged his cafe by building on a dining room, a bay window and a wide piazza across the front, adding much to the appearance as well as convenience of his place.

A party of 20, consisting of citizens of Brockton, enjoyed a sumptuous clam bake last Sunday, at Pine Point, also a pleasant sail in the clipper yacht Nellie, Capt. Ed. White master. Messrs. Edgar & Reynolds Dry Goods, L. C. House, W. Mosher, and Burt & Packard, manufacturers, were of the party. N. M.

North Weymouth Improvement Assoc'n.

The above named association held the adjourned annual meeting Wednesday evening Sept. 10, and elected the officers for the year as follows.

President, E. S. Beals.

Vice Presidents, J. W. Bartlett and F. A. Bicknell.

Secretary, B. Frank Thomas.

Treasurer, Thomas F. Cleverly.

Executive committee, L. B. Curtis, J. L. Newton, John W. Burr, Peter F. Hagerty, Wilmot Cleverly, J. A. Holbrook, Augustus Beals, T. B. Seabury, Thomas Bicknell, J. H. Torrey, H. J. French, Geo. W. Clark, Dr. W. A. Drake, H. L. Cushing, Ancil Burrell, C. H. Newton, Geo. H. Pratt, L. Torrey, Charles Stevens, Geo. W. Batchelder. The executive committee met Monday evening 15th inst., and made arrangements for commencing their work of improvement by dividing themselves into the following committees:—Committee on trees, J. W. Bartlett, F. A. Bicknell, T. B. Seabury, J. L. Newton, Ancil Burrell. Committee on Parks and Greens, E. S. Beals, Wilmot Cleverly, J. H. Torrey, C. H. Newton, Lemuel Torrey. Sanitary committee, Dr. W. A. Drake, T. F. Cleverly, John W. Burr, H. J. French, Geo. H. Pratt. Committee on street lights, B. F. Thomas, L. B. Curtis, Geo. W. Clark, H. L. Cushing, Charles Stevens. Committee on streets and sidewalks, Peter Hagerty, T. Bicknell, J. A. Holbrook, Augustus Beals, Geo. W. Batchelder. At the close of the meeting the committee were invited to partake of refreshments and ice creams provided by the president. This was an item appreciated by the committee after their arduous labors of planning the work for beautifying the already "Garden of the town," and if they succeed as well in so doing as they did in their attack upon the refreshments the work will be well done. The association now has 84 members and about $250 in the Treasury. Time must now show the improvements.

AUG. BEALS, for Committee.

Boys' Base Ball Shoes, 85 cts., at the "Brookside."

All in the Line of Nature.

There is nothing in the line of magic or mystery about that wonderful and popular medicine, Parker's Tonic. It is simply the best and most scientific combination possible of the essential principles of those vegetable curatives which act powerfully and directly on the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood. But there neither is, nor will be, any successful imitation of. It is all the time curing those who had despaired of ever getting well. For yourself, your wife and children.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is highly concentrated, and the most economical blood purifier that can be used.

If you buy $5.00 worth of goods at the "Brookside" before Dec. 24, 1884, your chances are that you may be presented with the $50.00 Sewing Machine which is on exhibition in the window. Our goods are the bottom prices for cash.

BRAINTREE.

Thayer Academy commenced its fall term on Wednesday of this week.

A bell has been placed at the crossing on Commercial street, to warn the travelling public of the approach of trains.

On Wednesday evening as the 5.20 express train from Boston came through Ea. Braintree, a horse and buggy was passing along Front street, when the horse evidently being a little afraid set back suddenly, and the carriage pressed so hard upon him as to throw him to the ground with a portion of the carriage on top. Two ladies who were in the buggy jumped out, landing upon their feet. Result, a slight scare, but no damage. The horse and carriage were owned by Mr. O. L. Gillette, of Braintree.

Mr. B. J. Loring has built a nice face wall of granite in front of his residence, graded the grounds and sown down to grass, making a great improvement to his place.

On Tuesday as blasting was being done to remove rocks in the new street being built on Prospect Hill, a stone flew, striking a house owned by S. Maloney, shattering one of the blinds and breaking several lights of glass in one of the windows.

At the People's Party Caucus held on Saturday evening, Henry Gardner was elected chairman and Abraham Mead secretary.

Bicycle Shoes at the "Brookside."

Excited Thousands.

All over the land are going into ecstasy over Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their unlooked for recovery by the timely use of this great life saving remedy, causes them to go nearly wild in its praise. It is guaranteed to positively cure Severe Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, or any affection of the throat and lungs. Trial bottles free at D. J. Pierce's Drug store. Large size, $1.00.

New Advertisements.

GENTS FURNISHING!

White Shirts, LAUNDERED & UNLAUNDERED, At Extreme Low Prices.

Col'd Shirts For 50 Cents.

WORKINGMEN'S Heavy Cheviot Shirts For 50 Cents.

A full line of UNDERWEAR, including SHIRTS and DRAWERS, from 50 cts. to $2.50.

The 50 cent Shirts and Drawers are a great bargain, and cannot be beat anywhere.

Stockings of all kinds.—Cotton from 10 to 25c. Woolen from 25 to 50c.

NECKTIES, COLLARS, GLOVES, CUFFS, HDKF'S, &c., in great variety.

Our new assortment of Dry Goods, Ladies Underwear, FLANNELS and other seasonable goods, is now ready for inspection, and we should be pleased to have the public call and SEE THE BARGAINS.

LOUIS W. NASH,
OLD STAND OF E. G. TIRRELL.
Cor. Broad and Washington Sts,
Lincoln Square, Weymouth.
8tf

CHAS. H. BARNES,
512 WASHINGTON STREET.
BOSTON.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, CHAMBER SETS, PARLOR SUITS, EASY CHAIRS, SIDEBOARDS, SECRETARIES, CHEFFONIERS, MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, BEDDING, BLANKETS, COMFORTERS, STOVES, AND RANGES, AT POPULAR PRICES, FOR CASH OR ON EASY PAYMENTS.

CHAS. H. BARNES,
512 Washington St., Boston.

WEYMOUTH Cloak Parlors.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE ENGLISH Walking Jackets, In a Great Variety of Styles.

Also, NEW STYLE WRAPS, For Autumn and Winter wear, NOW OPEN.

LADIES' JERSEYS from $1 to $5.
A Braided Jersey for $2.00, Marked from $3. Also,

A LARGE VARIETY OF WRAPPERS, IN CASHMERES, BROCADES, FLANNELS AND PRINTS.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere—you will find the best goods at wholesale prices—we receive our Garments direct from the manufacturing rooms, hence we can sell them for less than retail prices.

Measures taken to order, no extra charge.

MRS. F. E. HOBART,
NEAR DEPOT. OPPOSITE STAR BAKERY.

FLOUR.

THE VERY BEST HAXALL FLOUR!

$7.35 PER BBL.

92 cents per Bag.

HUNT & CO.,
64 Front Street, Weymouth Landing

GEO. A. MOORE WITH WALBRIDGE Bros.
23 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS.

LARGE —AND— COMPLETE New Stock —OF— FURNITURE!

PARLOR, CHAMBER LIBRARY, DINING ROOM, KITCHEN AND GENERAL LINE OF Housekeeping Goods!

CARPETS! WILTONS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, WOOL AND CHEAPER GRADES.
OIL CLOTHS & STRAW MATTINGS

Fall Opening!
Men's, Youth's & Boys' Clothing
NEW STOCK NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED TO EVERYBODY. GOODS AS REPRESENTED OR MONEY REFUNDED.
We have a bargain for a
FALL OVERCOAT FOR $10.00,
which we guarantee to be made of good wool and to hold its color.
LATEST STYLES IN HATS, ALL PRICES.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF NECK TIES JUST RECEIVED, GENUINE SHAW KNIT STOCKING FOR 20 CENTS, RUBBER COATS AND HATS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, STATIONERY, &c. &c.
CLARK & FOSTER,
Columbian Square, South Weymouth

E. ROWLAND,
CARRIAGE & SIGN PAINTER,
Also, Burnish Gilding on Glass, and Ornamental Painting of all descriptions,
13 Broad St., E. WEYMOUTH.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.
BEST OF ENGLISH VARNISH USED.

BARGAINS THIS WEEK, —IN— LACE COLLARS AND TOWELS, —AT— J. W. BARTLETT'S,
Sea Street, - - NORTH WEYMOUTH

C. L. RICE & CO.
FURNITURE. } A large assortment for CHAMBERS, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS and KITCHEN; LOUNGES and PARLOR FUR. of our own manufacture.
BEDDING. } MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, FEATHERS, COMFORTERS and WOOLLEN BLANKETS.
CARPETING. } Bargains in closing out lots—to make room for the coming Spring Stock.
CROCKERY. } Two white and several decorated patterns, from which we can sell Dinner Sets.
CURTAINS AND FIXTURES. } Several best makes of SPRING FIXTURES.
CURTAINS and FIXTURES fitted to order,
CUTLERY.—Knives and Forks, Carvers, &c.
WALL PAPERS.—Closing out lots very cheap, to make room for Spring stock.
FURNITURE MOVING.—Plenty of Mats, and goods carefully handled
FURNITURE REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING.
UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT.—ROBES and CASKETS constantly on hand. Every branch of this business promptly attended to.
BRANCH STORE AT SO. WEYMOUTH.
A good assortment of many kinds of Goods can be found here.
C. L. RICE & CO.
ROCKLAND, Jan. 10th, 1884.

PIANO, FOR SALE OR TO RENT.
A Second Hand, Square, Hallett & Cumston piano, in good condition, terms reasonable. May be seen at "Bayside," North Weymouth.
Apply to J. L. RODGERS.
22 2t 253 Congress Street, Boston.

TO LET.
A DWELLING HOUSE containing six rooms, situated on Broad Street. Also, two chambers, suitable for light housekeeping.
Apply to J. GOVE, Broad St., Weymouth
22 3t

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of BETSEY B. LINCOLN, late of Cohasset, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

JOSEPH B. LINCOLN, Adm'r.

Cohasset, Sept. 10, 1884. 22 24

TRY TROTT'S LAUNDRY AGENCY,
At residence Washington St., near Lincoln Sq.
Collars & Cuffs, 1 1-2c. Shirts, 10 Cents.
All other articles proportionally low. First class work, satisfaction guaranteed. Send your goods for NEXT TUESDAY and have them returned FRIDAY. Delivered if desired. Compare the list with others.
W. H. TROTT.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage given by Henry Hobart to Caleb Stetson, dated December 15th, 1876, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, Lib. 485, Fol. 254, will be sold at public auction, for breach of conditions of said mortgage, upon the premises hereinafter described, on MONDAY, October 6, 1884, at 9.30 o'clock A. M., all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, to wit:

A certain parcel of land situated in that part of Braintree called East Braintree, and bounded and described as follows, viz.:—southerly on Allen street about eight rods; easterly on land of Thomas Griffin, (or Edward Avery), about ten rods; northerly on land of John Wren about eight rods; and westerly on Hobart street about ten rods,—containing about half an acre of land.

The above described premises are conveyed subject to a mortgage for three hundred dollars to the Braintree Savings Bank; being the same premises conveyed to the grantor by Abram Hobart, less a strip on both streets aforesaid to widen said streets. Conditions made known at the sale.

CHARLES H. WEBB, Assignee of said Mortgage.

22 24

A CARD.

IN behalf of the Weymouth A. & I. Society I return my sincere thanks to Miss Fanny Sprague, Miss Nellie Nolan, Miss Lydia Torrey, Mrs. Eva Baker, Miss Pool, of Rockland, Mr. C. W. Bailey, Mr. A. M. Raymond, Mr. Tilden, Miss Cady, and the three young men from East Weymouth who favored us with minstrel singing and aided in making up one of the best of entertainments the reunion has ever been favored with; also to Stetson's Weymouth Band for their fine selections, and to all committees who so willingly lent their services for the benefit of the reunion, together with the officers for their valuable aid. Rest assured it will always be remembered.

ALVAH RAYMOND, President.

CARD OF THANKS.

THE undersigned wish to extend their heartfelt thanks to the many friends who have by their kind acts during the illness and death of husband and father, shown their sympathy for us in our affliction; and especially to the members of Crescent Lodge, I. O. O. F., who have so faithfully watched and cared for him.

MRS J. B. DREW and Family.

East Weymouth, Sept. 18th, 1884.

R.

BEST

FLOUR!

BBL.

CO.,

uth Landing

WITH

DGE Bros.

hington St.,

BOSTON,

MASS.

AND

TINGS

hing!

s' Clothing

INSPECTION.

YBODY. GOODS AS

REFUNDED.

OR $10.00,

o hold its color.

ALL PRICES.

NECK TIES JUST RE-

ING FOR 20 CENTS,

KS, UMBRELLAS,

OSTER,

th Weymouth

AND,

PAINTER,

lass, and Orna-

escriptions,

EYMOUTH.

e satisfaction.

RNISH USED.

AINS

EK,

D TOWELS,

LETT'S,

H WEYMOUTH

& CO.

ERS, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS and

OR FUR. of our own manufacture.

COMFORTERS and WOOLLEN BLAN-

make room for the coming Spring

patterns, from which we can sell

S. Several best makes of SPRING FIXTURES.

n for Spring stock.

ually handled

UPHOLSTERING.

ASKETS constantly on hand. Every

VEYMOUTH.

s here.

CE & CO.

ORTGAGEE'S SALE.

tue of the power of sale contained in a cer- mortgage given by Henry Hobart to Caleb dated December 15th, 1876, and recorded folk Deeds, Lib. 485, Fol. 254, will be sold auction, for breach of conditions of said upon the premises hereinafter described, DAY, October 6, 1884, at 9.30 o'clock A.M., singular the premises conveyed by said deed, to wit: in parcel of land situated in that part of called East Braintree, and bounded and as follows, viz.:—southerly on Allen out eight rods; easterly on land of Thomas or Edward Avery) about ten rods; north- of John Wren about eight rods; and on Hobart street about ten rods,—contain- half an acre of land. ove described premises are conveyed sub- mortgage for three hundred dollars to the Savings Bank; being the same premises to the grantor by Abram Hobart, less streets aforesaid to widen said streets. ons made known at the sale.

CHARLES H. WEBB,
Assignee of said Mortgage.

A CARD.

alf of the Weymouth A. & I. Society I re- my sincere thanks to Miss Fanny Sprague, lie Nolan, Miss Lydia Torrey, Mrs. Eva Miss Pool, of Rockland, Mr. C. W. Bailey, M. Raymond, Mr. Tilden, Miss Cady, and e young men from East Weymouth who as with minstrel singing and aided in mak- one of the best of entertainments the reunion been favored with; also to Stetson's Wey- and for their fine selections, and to all com- ho so willingly lent their services for the of the reunion, together with the officers for uable aid. Rest assured it will always be ered.

ALVAH RAYMOND, President.

CARD OF THANKS.

undersigned wish to extend their heartfelt nks to the many friends who have by their es during the illness and death of husband er, shown their sympathy for us in our af- and especially to the members of Crescent O. O. F., who have so faithfully watched ed for him.

MRS J. B. DREW and Family.

Weymouth, Sept. 18th, 1884.

Dinner Bells, Lamp Hooks, Spring Hinges, Sash Fasteners, Door Rollers, Door Track, Sash Cord, Hooks & Staples, Sash Weights, Sheet Lead, Marble Slabs, Sash Springs, Carriage Bolts, Burrs & Washers, Lag Screws, Wire Netting, Well Buckets, Clothes Wringers, Paint Brushes, Mixed Paints, Pocket Cutlery, Pad Table Ware, Horse Nails, Lamp Hooks, Chimney Tubes, Well Wheels, Tackle Blocks, Curry Combs, Stove Blacking, Wheel Jacks, Horse Brushes, Bird Cages, Clothes Lines, Table Cutlery

Locks, Latches, Knobs, Hinges, Screws, Bolts, Catches, Keys, Brackets, Pulleys, Chains, Traps, Hammers, Crowbars, Hay Tools, Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Forks, Curtain Fixtures, Fish Tackle, Axes, Planes, Levels, Pumps, Hatchets,

G. S. BAKER WEYMOUTH.

Call Bells, Dog Collars, Scissors, Plyers, Sad Irons, Files, Tacks, Glue, Faucets, Drills, Wedges, Lead Pipe, Zinc, Rope, Whips, Saws, Nails, Rivets, Emery, Blind Fix. Shot, Cartridges, Sinks, Glass, Putty, Wrenches, Sand Paper.

1884. WEYMOUTH, 1884

1884. 1884.

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES OF

PAPER HANGINGS.

I WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS OF WEYMOUTH AND NEIGHBORING TOWNS THAT I HAVE ON HAND AS GOOD AN ASSORTMENT OF

PAPER AND FRIEZE

AS YOU WILL FIND IN THE CITY OF BOSTON. BUYING DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS, I CAN SELL

10 PER CT. LESS THAN BOSTON PRICES.

EMBOSSED PAPERS, 50, 55 and 60 cts. GILT PAPERS, 35, 40 and 45 cts. CHEAP PAPERS, 10 and 12 1-2 cts. CHEAP PAPERS HUNG FOR 15c.

MARTIN BURRELL,

17 Commercial St., EAST WEYMOUTH.

WEYMOUTH

CLOTHING STORE

Broad Street, East Weymouth.

HAVING SELECTED OUR STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

we are now ready to show to the public a full line of

Men's, Youth's, Boys' & Children's

CLOTHING!

such as cannot be found in any Clothing Store outside of the city of Boston.—Especially do we call the attention of the public to our line of

Men's & Youth's Diagonal Suits, prices ranging from $15 to $25. Also to our line of Boys and Children's Suits.

Boys Suits, $4 to $10.

Children's Suits, $2.50 to $6.50. Men's, Youth's, Boys and Children's PANTS.

Men's & Youth's Pants, $1 to 6.50.

Boys & Child's Pants, 50c. to 2.50.

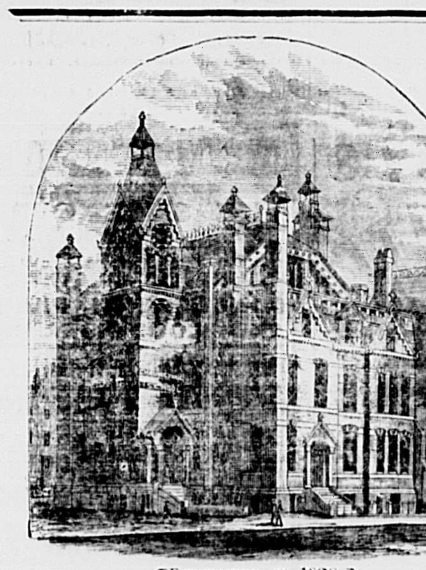
Also, a full line of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, NECKWEAR, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, BAGS, Horse Blankets, Robes, &c., and everything else found in a FIRST CLASS CLOTHING STORE.

☞ Please call and examine our goods, which we shall be very happy to show, and satisfy yourself that

The Weymouth Clothing Store is the place to buy.

☞ Also may be found at our BRANCH STORE AT COHASSET a FULL LINE of MEN'S, YOUTH'S, BOYS and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING and GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. 22 35

Chauncy-Hall School.



[ESTABLISHED IN 1828.]

PARENTS desiring for their boys and girls the **personal attention** of private schools and the **discipline and varied associates** of public schools, will find both combined here.

The New Catalogue gives a full account of the great **Care for Health**; the thorough **preparation** for College, for **Business**, and the **Mass. Institute of Technology**; the facilities for **Special Students**; and the unusual arrangements for **Young Children**.

Graduates of High Schools often take advantage of the opportunities offered by Chauncy Hall for **elective studies**, to do advanced work in languages or other branches. There is no more charge for several classes in any study than for one class.

The school building, Boylston Street, near Dartmouth, is in the most elegant part of Boston, and is easily accessible. Horse cars pass the door.

259 BOYLSTON STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

(Opposite the Art Museum)

1721

NO PREPARATION IN AMERICA EXCELS

THURSTON'S

OLD CONTINENTAL BITTERS

—AND—

BLOOD PURIFIER,

FOR BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, HUMORS OF THE BLOOD AND DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

MRS. THURSTON'S WORM SYRUP,

For Pin Worms and Stomach Worms.

Thurston's Canadian Family Balsam,

A SIMPLE, SURE AND SAFE REMEDY. IT CURES CROUP IN A FEW MINUTES.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

AGENTS WANTED! Quick!! To sell the LIFE OF OUR NEXT PRESIDENT and Vice Pres't, with *History of our Nation's Rulers Rise and Decline of Parties.* Voters VADE MECUM BLAINE and Logan book is OR CLEVELAND and Hendricks 650 pages, steel portraits, 32 full page illustrations. Our *without an equal* in point of reliability and real value, and it sells where cheaper books are refused. Our Cleveland and Hendricks will be equally strong in all points. The campaign just opening will be a hot one. Voters want *facts; strike quick!* Be *first* in the field. Send 50c. for either outfit, or 90c. for both, AT ONCE. Rely on a reliable house. Have been established 16 years, have extensive manufactory. We guarantee the best books for the money.

14 16 HUBBARD BROS., 10 Federal St., Boston.

Send for Circular. S. GRAVES & SON, 481 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST

100 Columns and 100 Engravings in each issue.

43rd YEAR. $1.50 a Year.

Send three 2c. stamps for Sample Copy (English or German) of the Oldest and Best Agricultural Journal in the world.

Orange Judd Co. David Judd, Pres.

751 Broadway, New York 7tf

THUNDER BOLTS!

LIGHTNING!

AND FIRE!

WE ARE AGENTS FOR INSURANCE COMPANIES,

That have paid losses caused by above

DANGERS

FOR OVER 100 YEARS,

AND STILL

Insure Against Them.

A. S. JORDAN & CO.

Insurance Agency,

WEYMOUTH AND BRAINTREE.

WEYMOUTH OFFICE,

Washington Street near the corner Richmond St.

Boston Office, No. 60 State Street.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Newcomb,

Of State St., Springfield, Mass. What they Say in Favor of a Real Honest Thing—Their Word as Good as Gold.

Mrs. Newcomb is the wife of one of the employees in the United States Armory, Springfield, Mass She says: "I have used Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY for Indigestion and Billiousness. My husband has also used it. We keep it in the house as a family medicine, and consider it the best ever made for the purpose recommended."

Dr. Kennedy is daily in receipt of letters from patients expressing similar sentiments as these expressed by Mrs. Newcomb, of State street. These letters are spontaneous and put in all varieties of phraseology, but invariably putting forth one thing—the value of Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY for many forms of disease. It may be just the thing you have been looking for. Is your Liver disordered? Have you Derangement of the Kidneys or Bladder associated with Constipation of the Bowels? If so, you want Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY. Dr. Kennedy practices Medicine and Surgery in all their branches. Write and state your case. "Favorite Remedy" is fast becoming a trusted household friend in all cases of Female Weakness and diseases of the blood. One dollar a bottle. Your druggist has it.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by David J. Pierce.

Base Ball.

The game of base ball at South Weymouth between the Rangers and Our Boys of East Boston was won by the former, in an exceedingly interesting contest. The visitors outplayed the Rangers in the field, but were weak at the bat. The principal features of the game was a fine one-handed catch by Carlton shutting out a run, the base running of Cullen, who in one instance succeeded in stealing from third base to home, and a fine running catch and throw by Lonergan making a neat double play. The short stop playing of Quinlan also deserves special mention as may be seen by the score.

RANGERS.

	A.B.	R.	B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
O'Dowd, c.,	5	1	3	3	3	1	1
Quinlan, s.s.,	5	0	1	2	2	7	0
W. Connell, 1b.,	5	1	1	3	12	0	1
Moran, 2b.,	4	0	1	2	5	1	2
Cullen, p.,	4	1	1	1	1	4	0
Lonergan, l.f.,	4	1	1	1	2	1	0
Donahoe, 3b.,	4	2	0	0	1	1	0
Capliss, c.f.	4	1	2	3	1	0	0
J. Connell, r.f.,	4	0	0	0	0	0	2
Totals,	39	7	10	15	27	15	6

OUR BOYS.

	A.B.	R.	B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Pumphret, l.f.,	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Carlton, c.,	4	1	1	3	13	1	1
Sullivan, r.f.,	4	0	1	1	0	0	0
Smith, c.f.,	4	1	1	1	1	0	1
Hines, 3b.,	4	0	1	1	1	1	0
O'Brien, p.,	3	0	0	0	2	11	1
Cummings, 1b.,	3	0	0	0	5	0	0
English, 2b.,	3	0	0	0	1	3	1
Coughlin, s.s.,	5	0	1	1	3	1	0
Totals,	32	2	5	7	27	17	4

Innings,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Rangers,	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	3	—7
Our Boys,	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2

W. J. McCarthy, Scorer.

The Rangers defeated the Hingham's Wednesday, at the pond pasture by a score of 11 to 6. Towsend's pitching proved very effective after the second inning, but he was miserably supported, with the exception of that given him by McCormick was good. O'Dowd's throwing to second, and the fine works of Caples at the bat and in the field were the features of the game.

The game of base ball last Saturday between the A. H. Sterling & Co. and Newhall and Hall nines attracted a crowd of several hundred to the new ball grounds on Front street. It was the "rubber", and the "best game of the season. The game was won by the Newhall and Hall nine as follows:

Innings,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Newhall & Hall,	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	6	4	—14
Sterling & Co.,	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	3	—11

Time of game, 1 hour, 45 minutes. Umpire, P. Corridon. Scorer, T. Griffin, 2d. Earned runs, N. & H., 5; A. H. S. & Co. 3. Home run, Fitzgerald. Struck out by Griffin, 12; by Coffey, 5. First base on balls, N. & H., 1; A. H. S. & Co., 7. Passed balls, Cronin, 2; Mulligan, 2.

Fair Notes.

The president has presented a complimentary ticket for the Agricultural Fair to 16 townsmen, whose united ages count up to 1331.

The entries for the trots at the fair have closed and the Horse Committee feel quite jubilant over the result. The races are all filled with some of the best horses in the state, and we find in the race open to all, the celebrated horses Onawa, Capitola, Lizzie Perkins, Belle Shackett, etc., who have a record better than 2.24. This committee have labored very hard and they predict some of the best races ever had on the Weymouth track.

We are requested by Mr. Henry Loud and Henry Newton to say to all who have small things, needle work, etc., to send to the fair, that if left at their places of business they will see that they are transported to the hall and brought back in safety.

The reunion which took place last week was not so well attended as in former years, owing in great degree to the weather, which was very threatening in the early part of the evening. 325 were present and enjoyed themselves in listening to a program of the highest order. After a few remarks by the president, who paid a glowing tribute to those officers and members who have been taken away by death and the outlook for the coming fair, etc., he presented a programme consisting of duetts by Miss Nolan, Sprague, Torrey and Pool; song, Miss Torrey; Song, Mrs. Eva Baker; Song, Mr. C. W. Bailey, accompanied by A. M. Raymond, Tilden and Miss Cady, which was pronounced the best ever given in town by home talent. The Band gave some excellent selections, after which ice cream, cake, fruit and coffee, were in abundance. The remaining part of the evening was spent in dancing until 12 o'clock. The charging of an admission was favorably received, and had the weather been pleasant no doubt the hall would have been filled.

Annual Reunion.

The 19th annual Reunion of the 35th Reg't was held at Newburyport, Wednesday last Sept. 17. The comrades about 170 in number were the guests of Co. B of that city and were entertained in princely style; arriving in Newburyport at 10.30 the line was formed under the command of Col. Carruth, and Major Wales and escorted by Co. B, headed by the Cadet Band, marched to the wharf and took boat for a two hours sail on the Merrimac River, going up as far as Salisbury and returning down nearly to the bar, arriving back at the wharf at 1 o'clock, thence proceeding to the Armory of the Cushing Guards where the business meeting was held, adjourning at its close to the Armory of the City Cadets, where a magnificent dinner was spread, to which ample justice was done by all, being followed by reminiscences of War days, by Col. C., Major Wales, Capt. Creesey, Surgeon Munsil, Ben Perley Poore and others. The Regiment accepted a cordial invitation to become the guests of Col. Carruth at its 20th annual gathering, Sept. 17, 1885, at his farm in Andover Mass., he insisting that the only expense to members to be incurred on that occasion shall be simply the fare from Boston. The number of deaths during the year was 7.

THE TWENTIETH

ANNUAL

EXHIBITION

OF THE

WEYMOUTH

Agricultural and Industrial Society!

WILL BE HELD ON THEIR GROUNDS AT

SOUTH WEYMOUTH,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY,

Sept. 25, 26, 27, 1884.

PROGRAMME

OF

Entertainment.

FIRST DAY.

10 A. M.

GRAND

Military

PRIZE DRILL,

open to all Massachusetts Companies of Regularly Enlisted Men.

$325.00

to be awarded as Premiums.

JUDGES FOR PRIZE DRILL.

Col. JAMES H. RICE, U. S. A., Allston, Mass.
Major E. C. PIERCE, 13th Mass. Infantry, Weymouth, Mass.
Capt. CHAS. B. BOWERS, 32d Mass. Infy, Boston.

10 A. M.—Class 1. Brood Mares, with specimens of stock exhibited to halter.

10 15 A. M.—Class 2. Colts and Fillies one year old and under two, exhibited to halter.

10 30 A. M.—Class 3. Colts and Fillies two years old and under three, exhibited to halter.

10.45 A. M.—Class 4. Colts and Fillies three years old and under four, exhibited in harness. Speed to be considered.

11.00 A. M.—Class 7, DRAUGHT HORSES.

☞ The Committee have made extensive arrangements for this Class, a good number of Premiums being offered, and the exhibition will be one of the most interesting of the Fair.

COMMITTEE.—S. S. Spear, Thomas Bicknell, Granville Thompson.

1 P. M.

PROF. J. H. BURTON'S

WONDERFUL

DOG CIRCUS

AND

Educated Goat Jennie.

THE BEST TRAINED DOGS

in existence—comprising Greyhounds, French and German Poodles, Spaniels, Black and Tans, Esquimaux and Setters.

TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES

WILL BE GIVEN EACH DAY.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM.

2 P. M.—Class 9, FARMERS' RACE.

2.30 P. M.—Class 13.

2.40 RACE.

3 P. M.—BASE BALL GAME.

BRAINTREES, of Braintree, vs. RANGERS, of E. Weymouth,

For a Purse of $50.

SECOND DAY.

10 A. M.—Class 5, Exhibition of Stallions for general use.

10.15 A. M.—Class 17. An extra Premium of $25 given by Joshua Wilkins for the best colt, the get of Arbiter, regardless of age.

10.30 A. M.

TRIAL OF

HOOK & LADDER

TRUCKS.

Open to all Trucks in Town.

Each Company to leave Truck 300 yards from the Grand Stand; to start from Grand Stand and return with Truck; Splice Ladders and send man to roof of Grand Stand.

Prizes, $25 to 1st; $20 to 2d; $15 to 3d; $10 to 4th.

11 A. M.—Class 6, FAMILY HORSES.

1.30 P. M.—FOOT RACE, 1-4 MILE,—Open to Boys under 14 years of age. Prizes, 1st $2, 2d $1.

2 P. M.—Class 11, MEMBERS' RACE.

2 P. M.

150 Yards Dash, Handicap.

$10 to 1st, $5 to 2d. CONDITIONS OF THE 150 YARDS DASH HANDICAP.—An entrance fee of $1. Contestants to be properly clothed from shoulders to the knee. The race will be arranged by the committee, and each person to keep the place he draws until he reaches the line, or be declared a foul. To start by a pistol shot. For particulars address A. RAYMOND, SOUTH WEYMOUTH, MASS.

2.30 P. M.—Class 14,

2.50 RACE.

3.30 P. M.—Grand Base Ball Match

BRAINTREES, of Braintree, vs. MURRAY CLUB, of Boston.

PURSE OF $50.

THIRD DAY.

10 A. M.—Class 8, Walking Horses.

10.15 A. M.—GAME OF LACROSSE, by Weymouth Teams.

10.30 A. M.—Class 12, Gentlemen's Driving Horses in Harness; for horses that have no record better than three minutes.

1 P. M.—GRAND CAVALCADE.

2 P. M.—Class 10, Running Horses.

2.30 P. M.

150 Yds. Dash, Handicap,

Prize $10. Dress same as described above.

3 P. M.—Class 15, Gentlemen's Driving Horses in Harness; for horses that have no record better than 2.25. Purse $400.

3.30 P. M.—BASE BALL MATCH

HOLBROOKS, of Holbrook, vs. RANGERS, of E. Weymouth.

PURSE $50.

4 P. M.—TUG-OF-WAR, between Teams from Rockland and North Abington. CONDITIONS OF PULLING IN THE TUG OF WAR.—To pull on the ground in teams of six persons. A space of rope 10 feet in length between the contestants. To pull two minutes, all disputes to be settled by the referee.

MUSIC.

Stetson's Weymouth Band

will be in attendance on Thursday.

The Weymouth Band, Friday.

SATURDAY,

TWO FULL BANDS.

Admission to Park, - 30 Cents.	
Children under 12,	15 Cents.
Hall Exhibition FREE.	
Carriages,	25 Cents.
Members' Season Tickets,	65 Cents.
Contributors' Season Tickets,	65 Cents.

EXCURSION TICKETS

Will be sold at the various Stations of the Old Colony Railroad at reduced rates, with Coupon admitting to the Park.

Alva Raymond, President; Geo. W. Bates, Treasurer; William Dyer, Secretary; L. B. Tirrell, Sup't of Grounds; S. S. Spear, Sup't of Hall; Quincy L. Reed, Sup't of Stock; William B. Hersey, Sup't of Tent Ground, South Weymouth.

Track Committee—William Burrell, D. W. Barrows, J. N. Wilde, C. W. Torrey, Granville Thompson.

Chief Marshal, Asa B. Pratt.

HALL'S

Vegetable Sicilian

HAIR RENEWER

was the first preparation perfectly adapted to cure diseases of the scalp, and the first successful restorer of faded or gray hair to its natural color, growth, and youthful beauty. It has had many imitators, but none have so fully met all the requirements needful for the proper treatment of the hair and scalp. HALL'S HAIR RENEWER has steadily grown in favor, and spread its fame and usefulness to every quarter of the globe. Its unparalleled success can be attributed to but one cause: *the entire fulfilment of its promises.*

The proprietors have often been surprised at the receipt of orders from remote countries, where they had never made an effort for its introduction.

The use for a short time of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER wonderfully improves the personal appearance. It cleanses the scalp from all impurities, cures all humors, fever, and dryness, and thus prevents baldness. It stimulates the weakened glands, and enables them to push forward a new and vigorous growth. The effects of this article are not transient, like those of alcoholic preparations, but remain a long time, which makes its use a matter of economy.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FOR THE

WHISKERS

Will change the beard to a natural brown, or black, as desired. It produces a permanent color that will not wash away. Consisting of a single preparation, it is applied without trouble.

PREPARED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

FOR ALL THE FORMS OF Scrofulous, Mercurial, and Blood Disorders, the best remedy, because the most searching and thorough blood-purifier, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles, $5.

Masters' Club.

Our town was represented by three of its school masters at the organization of the Norfolk Masters' Club at Parker's in Boston on Saturday last. This is an organization designed to include all of the male teachers in Norfolk county, from both public and private schools. Meetings are to be held monthly in Boston at which topics of interest concerning school work will be discussed. It is to be hoped all the Weymouth masters may be found among its members as such organizations tend to increased interest and improved methods of work. South Weymouth is now represented on the board of officers by Mr. E. R. Downs of the Bates school.

Don't Look Like a Wreck.

"When a man is going down hill every body is ready to give him a kick." Yes, that is so. It is sad, but natural. Why, many a man and woman, seeking employment, would have got it if their hair had'nt been so thin and gray. One bottle of Parker's Hair Balsam is then the best investment. It stops falling hair, promotes new growth and restores color. Clean, highly perfumed, not a dye. A great improvement over any similar preparation, and sold at the low price of 50c.

Headaches and biliousness are promptly cured by the use of Ayer's Cathartic, sugar coated Pills.

Marriages and Deaths.

DIED.

In Weymouth, Sept. 13, Mrs. Deborah Cushing, wife of Capt. Peter Lane, aged 71 years, 7 months, 20 days.

In North Weymouth, 16th inst., Delia, wife of Mr. Samuel Cleverly, aged 71 years, 5 months, 18 days.

15th inst., Mr. Charles H. Burgess, aged 65 years, 4 months.

WATER BONDS

OF THE

Town of Weymouth

PROPOSALS will be received until WEDNESDAY, October 1st, 1884, at noon, for any part or the whole of $300,000 30-year 4 per cent. Bonds, to be issued by the Town of Weymouth, under the provisions of chapter 174 of the Acts of the General Court, approved April 6, 1881, and accepted by the town March 24, 1884.

The Bonds will be $1000 each, coupon or registered, as desired, payable, principal and interest, semi-annually May and November, at the Bank of the Republic, Boston, and will be ready for delivery about November 1st.

The right is reserved by the Treasurer to reject any and all bids.

The assessed valuation of the town is nearly $6,000,000, and the net debt at the present time less than $200.

Address proposals to

ORAN WHITE, Treasurer,
Care FOGG BROS. & CO., Bankers, Boston, Mass.

Weymouth, Sept. 10, 1884.

TAXES.

THE Collector of Taxes for the town of Weymouth will be at the Engine House in

Ward 1, Sept. 23, from 10 to 12; Oct. 2, from 9 to 12; Oct. 7, 9 to 2.

Ward 2, Sept. 22, from 9 to 11; Oct. 4, from 9 to 12; Oct. 9, 9 to 3.

Ward 3, Sept. 19, from 1 to 3; Oct. 1, from 9 to 12; Oct. 8, 9 to 3.

Ward 4, Sept. 18, from 1 to 3; Oct. 1, from 2 to 4; Oct. 6, 9 to 3.

Ward 5, Sept. 17, from 1 to 4; Sept. 30, from 1 to 4; Oct. 10, 8 to 4.

At Store of T. G. Poole, Sept. 22, from 1 to 3; Oct. 4, from 1 to 3.

At North Weymouth Depot, Sept. 23, and Oct. 2, from 1 to 3.

At Temple of Honor Hall, Sept. 20 and Oct. 3, from 1 to 3.

At Store of B. F. Shaw & Son, Sept. 20 and Oct. 3, from 9 to 12.

A. O. CRAWFORD, Collector,
No. 8 Central Street, Ward 5.

Weymouth, Sept. 15, 1884.

A Bon Bon Party

WILL BE GIVEN AT THE

QUINCY RINK,

TOMORROW

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 20.

GOOD MUSIC

WILL BE PROVIDED.

FORD & McCORMICK,

FUNERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

COFFIN WAREHOUSE,

WASHINGTON SQ.,

Weymouth Landing.

COFFINS, CASKETS, ROBES, &c., constantly on hand, and furnished on the most favorable terms.

We have an elegant HEARSE of Browell's manufacture, a new HACK, and Carriages of any number desired will also be furnished.

The PATENT FREEZER is used in preserving bodies without coming in contact with the ice.

Orders attended to in the most faithful manner, on application to either of the subscribers.

JOHN FORD. T. J. McCORMICK.

Horsford's SELF-RAISING Bread Preparation.

—IS AS—

CHEAP AS IT IS GOOD.

It costs less than One Cent for each quart of Flour. Ordinary Baking Powders in cans cost nearly Two Cents for each quart of Flour.

WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK.

NOTICE.

CHANGE IN BANK HOURS.

ON and after March 1st, 1884, the Bank hours will be from 1 to 5 o'clock P. M. on every business day, and from 7 to 9 o'clock on MONDAY EVENINGS.

44 CHAS. T. CRANE, Treas.

F. C. PRATT,

HAIR DRESSER,

FIRST CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

L. Torrey's Building, North St.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

A choice assortment of CIGARS, TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, TOILET ARTICLES, EXTRACTS, etc., constantly on hand.

DENTISTRY!

MAYO'S COMPOUND

VEGETABLE ANÆSTHETIC.

A Safe and Pleasant Substitute for Gas and Ether.

Discovered by Dr. U. K. Mayo, of Boston, April, 1883. Subsequently administered by him in nearly two thousand cases; producing PERFECT SLUMBER. No ill effects have followed its use in any case, it acting rather as a vegetable tonic, controlling the patient one-fourth longer than gas.

Having used it extensively in our practice it is with great confidence we introduce this to the public of South Weymouth and vicinity.

Office at Residence; open evenings and on Tuesdays all day.

Thoroughly reliable dental work at moderate prices.

E. B. HOWE,

[Of Donham & Howe, Rockland, Mass.]

Main St., South Weymouth.

18 3m

Send for our new illustrated campaign circular before ordering Flags, Torches, or Uniforms.

G. W. SIMMONS & CO.,

17 21 32 to 44 North St., BOSTON, Mass.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The Subscriber having purchased the

DOWSE ESTATE,

Adjoining his, and put the same in perfect repair, now offers it for Rent or Sale.

Apply to

A. W. CLAPP,

FRONT STREET, WEYMOUTH LANDING.

July 10, 1884. 12 tf

D. P. LINCOLN,

Instruction given on the Violin,

ALSO IN

SINGING & VOICE CULTIVATION.

Terms for Violin, $15 per quarter of 24 Lessons. Singing, $15. Voice Cultivation, $20.

Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired.

ROOM IN SHOP AT RESIDENCE,

P. O. Box 305. East Weymouth.

GN&S1y42

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK SS. Probate Court.

TO all persons interested in the estate of FRANCIS M. ADLINGTON, late of Weymouth, in said county, deceased, Greeting.

Whereas, Ellen E. Adlington, the Administratrix of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first account of her administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said Accountant is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette, a newspaper printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

22 24 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

MRS. H. BURNESS,

WILL BE PREPARED TO DO

DRESSMAKING

At Main St., South Weymouth,

AS USUAL, FROM SEPT. 1st.

18 22

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, SS. Probate Court.

TO the Heirs-at-Law, Next-of-Kin, and all other Persons interested in the estate of LEAH R. LOVELL, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Elias Richards, who prays that letters of administration with the will annexed may be issued to him.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy, in said County of Norfolk, on the second Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this tenth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

21 23 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

IN INSOLVENCY. Messengers Notice.

NORFOLK, ss. Weymouth, Sept. 11, 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that Hon. GEORGE WHITE, Judge of the Court of Insolvency, in and for the County of Norfolk, has issued a warrant against the estate of GEORGE W. WHITTEN, of Weymouth, in said County, an Insolvent Debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said Debtor, to him or for his use, and transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said Debtor to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

GEORGE W. WHITE.

21 23 Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

WEYMOUTH

DRUG STORE.

SMITH'S

ELIXIR

Calisaya Bark,

An Agreeable Tonic.

SMITH'S

SYRUP

HYPOPHOSPHITES,

For Consumptives.

OUR EXTRACT

Jamaica Ginger

IS NOT EXCELLED.

SUPERIOR IN STRENGTH AND QUALITY.

BENJ. F. SMITH, Ph. G.

FOR SALE.

Homestead of the late Wilson Tirrell consisting of a large two story House, Barn, Carriage House and two Henneries, with 4 acres of good mowing land, bounded on the south by Reed's Pond. Also, adjourning, 25 acres of Woodland and Pasturage. The whole for sale on easy terms, by

WILSON TIRRELL.

TO LET,

On Quincy Avenue, East Braintree, the house lately occupied by Mr. Denfeld.

Apply to

13 tf CHAS. T. CRANE.

DRAFTS

ON IRELAND,

£1 AND UPWARD,

FOR SALE AT

UNION NATIONAL BANK

OF WEYMOUTH.

COMER'S

COMMERCIAL

COLLEGE,

666 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

Thorough, Practical and Systematic Business Training. Ablest teachers in New England.

No pains, time or money are spared to make this the *Leading School of the country.* Students may commence at any time, receive *individual instruction*, and progress according to ability and application. Separate department for Ladies. *Graduates aided to employment.* The specialties are Penmanship, Book-keeping, Correspondence, Commercial Law, and Commercial Arithmetic.

A prominent Boston merchant recently said: "I consider that six months at *Comer's* will put a young man fully two years ahead in business."

☞ The 44th Annual Catalogue will be mailed free upon application.

LOUIS A. COOK,

Agent for

QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.,
DORCHESTER MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.,
ABINGTON MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.
and the SUN FIRE OFFICE, of London.

FOR SALE.

Also a PEW in the Second Congregational Church

TO LET.

A PLEASANT TENEMENT on Main Street; rent $9 per month. Also, a STORE in the most desirable location in South Weymouth.

17tf South Weymouth.

QUINCY MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Cash Fund, April 1, 1884,	$467,337.24
Amount at Risk,	$26,830,523.00

Dividends Paid on every Expiring Policy; 50 per cent. on 5 years, 30 per cent. on 3 years and 20 per cent. on all others.

Israel W. Munroe, President and Treasurer.

Chas. A. Howland, Secretary.

AGENTS:

ELIAS RICHARDS,	Weymouth
E. S. BEALS,	North Weymouth
Z. L. BICKNELL,	East Weymouth
LOUIS A. COOK,	South Weymouth

BOSTON.

Largest and most Successful in the World

THE COURSE OF STUDY is thorough, complete and practical. Pupils are fitted for the duties and work of every day life.

THE FACULTY embraces a list of twenty teachers and assistants, elected with special reference to proficiency in each department.

THE STUDENTS are young people of both sexes full of *diligence* and *zeal*.

THE DISCIPLINE is of the highest order and inculcates valuable business lessons.

THE PATRONAGE is the largest of any Commercial School in the world.

THE REPUTATION of this school for *originality* and *leadership* and as the Standard Institution of its kind is generally acknowledged.

THE SCHOOL BUILDING is centrally located and purposely constructed.

SITUATIONS in Business Houses furnished its pupils completes the varied inducements to attend this school.

PROSPECTUS containing full particulars post free to intending patrons. Opens Sept. 1st. Address

H. E. HIBBARD, 608 Washington St. Boston.

THAYER ACADEMY.

EIGHTH YEAR BEGINS SEPTEMBER 17.

Examination for Admission, Sept. 16.

Address

J. B. SEWALL, Head Master,

G 10 22 SOUTH BRAINTREE, MASS

SPECIAL TREATMENT

For Nervous Disorders,

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Diseases peculiar to Women. Pain relieved and disease cured in many cases without the use of medicine. Consultations free, by mail or otherwise. Endorsed both in this Country and abroad. C. S. HARDY, M. D., 75 Chester Sq., Boston (few doors from Tremont st.).

GEORGE L. WENTWORTH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Evening Office at Residence, Main Street, SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

Boston Office, 209 Washington St., Room A

52 tf

THE EAST WEYMOUTH

SAVINGS BANK.

President, DAVID TUCKER

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Z. L. Bicknell, Joseph Totman.

Treasurer, Joseph A. Cushing.

BOARD OF INVESTMENT.

JOSEPH TOTMAN, Z. L. BICKNELL, NATHAN CANTERBURY, N. D. CANTERBURY, CHAS. H. PRATT, HENRY F. BICKNELL, JOHN P. BURRELL, JOSEPH A. CUSHING.

BANK OPEN

Monday, Wednesday and Saturdays,

From 2 to 5 p. m.

HAVE YOU SEEN

AT

GRANVILLE

THOMPSON'S

THE

NEW

$8, $10, $12

WATCHES.

NO. 12

WASHINGTON STREET.

Notice to the Public

Any one wanting

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL SHOES

should call at the

BOSTON

BOOT & SHOE

STORE,

where you will find the

Best and Only

SCHOOL SHOE

that is made, and they are warranted to wear out

Without Ripping.

I WILL STAND

BACK OF IT.

C. F. STETSON,

BOSTON BOOT & SHOE STORE,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

STAR

BAKERY.

THE undersigned informs the citizens of WEYMOUTH AND VICINITY that he has opened the STAR BAKERY formerly occupied by Mr. A. L. Hobart, where there can always be found,

BREAD, ROLLS,

CAKE, PASTRY,

CRACKERS

and all other goods usually kept in a first class Bakery.

HOT BROWN BREAD AND BEANS for sale Saturday nights and Sunday mornings till 9 o'clock.

Our specialty is WEDDING CAKE which we can furnish to our customers at lower prices than it can be purchased for in Boston.

A superior article of Jellies and Jams, also, Fresh Yeast for sale.

Teams run through Braintree, Weymouth and East Weymouth daily.

WALTER A. CLARK,

12 3m Formerly foreman Star Bakery.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. G. NYE

CONTINUES TO FURNISH SETS OF TEETH FOR $10 PER SET.

NEW

FURNITURE STORE

THE subscribers would inform the people of WEYMOUTH AND VICINITY, that they have opened a STORE in

Gardner's Block, Jackson Sq.,

EAST WEYMOUTH,

where may be found a full line of

Household Furniture,

CHAMBER SETTS,
MATTRESSES,
SPRING BEDS,
CHAIRS,
LOUNGES
TABLES, MIRRORS, &c.,

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES

They have also connected with their Store a

REPAIR SHOP,

where they will do all kinds of repairing, Upholstering, and Cabinet Work in the neatest manner. Also, Window Screens and Doors.

All work called for and delivered at short notice. Having had long experience we feel confident in assuring our patrons **satisfactory work at the lowest possible prices.**

Call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

FORD & PHILLIPS.

11 3m GNS

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, SS. PROBATE COURT

TO the Heirs at Law, Next of Kin, and all other persons interested in the Estate of ASA WHITMAN, late of Weymouth, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Quincy L. Reed, of said Weymouth, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him the executor therein named, and that he may be exempt from giving a surety or sureties on his bond pursuant to said will and statute.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham, in said county of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of October next at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this third day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

20 22 JONATHAN COBB, Register

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Court.

TO all persons interested in the Estate of JACOB LOUD, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, John J. Loud and Sarah M. Loud the Executors of the will of said deceased, have presented for allowance the first account of their administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said Accountants are ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette, a newspaper printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eleventh day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

21 23 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

Old Colony Railroad.

Sept. 8, 1884.

TRAINS LEAVE BOSTON FOR

New York, via Fall River Line, 6.00 PM; Return, via Fall River Line, 5.30 PM.

Newport, 8.30, 11.40 AM; 3.35, 6.00 (boat), PM. Return, 7.45, 10.30 AM; 2.55, 4.30 PM.

Fall River via Taunton, 8.00, 11.40 AM; 3.35, 4.45, 6.00 PM; via Bridgewater, 8.30 AM; 4.35 PM. Return via Taunton, 5.20, 6.45, 9.15, 10.56 AM; 3.33 PM; via Bridgewater, 6.25 AM; 5.05 PM.

Brockton, 7.50, 8.30, 10.05, AM; 12.45, 2.15, 3.15, 4.10, 4.35, 5.20, 6.07, 8.15, 11.10 PM. Return, 5.34, 6.58, 8.03, 9.30, 9.53 AM; 12.43, 2.10, 3.30, 4.42, 6.25, 6.28, 9.41 PM.

Plymouth via Abington, 7.40 AM; 2.30, 5.10 PM; via Duxbury, 7.35 AM; 3.50, PM. Return, via Abington, 6.35, 9.15, 11.40 AM; 3.30 PM; via Duxbury, 7.30 AM; 4.35 PM.

East Bridgewater, 7.50, 11.00 AM; 2.30, 5.10 PM. Return, 7.02, 9.46 AM; 3.47, PM.

South Abington, 7.50, 11 AM; 2.30, 3.35, 5.10, 6.25, PM. Return, 6.15, 7.19, 8.18, 9.58 AM; 12.20, 4.12, PM.

South Weymouth, 7.50, 11.00 AM; 2.30, 3.35, 5.10, 6.25 PM. Return, 6.30, 7.38, 8.32, 10.14 AM; 12.38, 4.33, PM.

South Duxbury, 7.35 AM; 3.50, 5.20 PM. Return, 6.45, 7.45 AM; 4.43 PM.

Marshfield, 7.35, 8.33, 11.40 AM; 3.50, 5.20, 6.25 PM. Return, 6.05, 7.00, 7.56, AM; 12.15, 2.25, 4.56 PM.

Scituate and North Scituate, 7.35, 8.33, 11.40 AM; 3.50, 5.20, 6 25 PM. Return, Scituate, 6.29 7.22, 8.13 AM; 12.29, 2.50, 5.26 PM.

Cohasset and Hingham, 7.35, 8.33, 11.40 AM; 2.30, 3.50, 5.20, 5.30, 6.25 PM. Return, Cohasset, 6.45, 7.39, 8.26, 9.58 AM; 12.54, 3.04, 4.06, 5.40 9.30 PM. Return, Hingham, 6.56, 7.52, 8.36, 10.11 AM; 1.06, 3.19, 4.20, 6.03, 9.50 PM.

East Weymouth and Weymouth, 7.35, 8.33, 11.40 AM; 2.30, 3.50, 5.30, 6.25 PM. Return, East Weymouth, 7.08, 8.00, 10.20 AM; 1.14, 3.29, 4.32, 6.11, 9.58 PM. Return, Weymouth, 7.18, 8.09, 10.29 AM; 1.24, 3.38, 4.41, 6.19, 10.08 PM.

South Braintree, 6.45, 7.50, 8.00, 10.05, 11, 11.40 AM; 12 M; 12.45, 1.15, 1.50, 2.15, 2.30, 3.15, 3.35, 4.15, 4.35, 4.48, 5.10, 5.20, 5.32, 6.07, 6.12, 6.25, 7.10, 8.15, 10.00, 11.10, 11.15 PM.—Return, 5.58, 6.38, 7.12, 7.22, 7.31, 7.48, 8.27, 9.09, 9.48, 10.26, 10.34, AM; 12.38, 12.47, 1.04, 1.36, 2.33, 3.41, 4.44, 5.06, 5.15, 5.31, 6.43, 6.59, 7.10, 8.44, 10.02, 10.21 PM.

Quincy, 6.45, 7.35, 7.50, 8.00, 8.33, 10.05, 11.00 AM; 12 M; 1.15, 1.50, 2.30, 3.15, 4.15, 4.45, 5.10, 5.32, 6.07, 6.12, 6.25, 7.10, 8.15, 10.00, 11.10, 11.15 PM. Return, 6.09, 6.48, 7.23, 7.36, 7.42, 7.57, 8.02, 9.22, 8.37, 9.19, 9.59, 10.45 AM; 12.57, 1.38, 2.44, 2.53, 4.56 5.15, 5.41, 6.32, 6.51, 7.07, 7.20, 8.54, 10.12, 10.33 PM.

Cottage City, 12.45 PM.

Nantucket, 12.45 PM.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Fall River, via Bridgewater, 5.45 PM; via Taunton, 7.00 PM. Return, via Taunton,) 5.20c AM; (via Bridgewater) 7.20 AM.

South Braintree and Way Stations, 9.30 AM 12.45, 5.00 10.00 PM. Return (South Braintree) 9.18, 9.30 AM; 1.45, 6.00, 10.50 PM.

Plymouth, via South Shore, 9.15 AM.

c or on arrival of boat from New York; e Tuesdays and Fridays only.

J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.

TO LET.

A Nice Tenement of 9 rooms, on Walnut Avenue; also Store Room in Foye's Block, Washington St., suitable Dress-maker, or Fancy Goods.

Apply to

8tf WM. H. CLAPP.

NOTICE.

IN addition to my Horse Shoeing business I have secured the services of a first-class CARRIAGE SMITH, and am now prepared to do all kinds of

Carriage Ironing and Repairing

in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

Thanking the public for past patronage I am yours respectfully,

J. H. WALLACE,

PRACTICAL HORSE SHOER,

Washington Square, Weymouth, Mass.

SHOP IN REAR OF J. G. WORSTER'S STORE.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, SS. Probate Court.

TO the Next-of-Kin, Creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of ELVIRA CRANDALL, late of Weymouth, in said County, married woman, deceased, intestate:

Whereas, application has been made to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased, to Lovell D. Crandall, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk,

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the first Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against granting the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Weymouth Gazette, printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

21 23 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The undersigned, Agent for the following Insurance Cos., with Assets of more than $23,000,000, is prepared to Insure to any amount, on REAL or PERSONAL PROPERTY, in WEYMOUTH or vicinity. Having had many years experience

IN FIRE INSURANCE,

and thankful for past favors, solicits a continuance of the same.

Quincy Mutual,	of Quincy
Dorchester,	of Boston
Merchants & Farmers,	Worcester
Abington,	of Abington
Home Ins. Co.,	of New York
German American,	of New York
Ins. Co. of North America,	Phila
American Ins. Co.,	of Philadelphia
Shoe & Leather Ins. Co.,	Boston
Phœnix Ins. Co.,	Brooklyn
Northern Assurance Co.,	of England
No. British & Mercantile,	of England
Lancashire Ins. Co.,	Manchester, Eng
Phœnix " "	Hartford

ELIAS RICHARDS.

Weymouth, April 7, 1881.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r, E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt,

CHICAGO

JAMES PYLE'S

O.K.

PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR

WASHING AND BLEACHING

IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No family, rich or poor should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and always bears the above symbol, and name of

JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

E. A. BIGELOW,

DEALER IN

COAL, WOOD,

Grain, Flour,

HAY, STRAW, LIME, CEMENT, BRICK, HAIR AND SAND.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT.

Office and Yard, Wharf & East Streets,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

ORDER BOX AT THE POST OFFICE.

Office open from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK.

President, JOSIAH REED.
Vice President, ORAN WHITE.
Treasurer, A. E. VINING.

BOARD OF INVESTMENT.

JOSIAH REED, P. H. TIRRELL,
ORAN WHITE, LORING TIRRELL,
JOSEPH DYER.

(Open from 8 to 10 A. M. and 3 1-2 to 5 P. M.)

Joseph I. Bates,

AUCTIONEER

— AND —

Commission Merchant.

Liberal advances on Consignments.

Weymouth Landing, - Mass

DENTISTRY.

PRICES OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH, AS MANUFACTURED BY

A. G. NYE,

WEYMOUTH LANDING.

On Gold,	$40.00
On Platinum (Continuous Gum Work),	30.00
On Silver,	15.00
On Choplastic (Metallic),	10.00
On Celluloid	10.00
On Rubber.	10.00

SAMUEL CURTIS,

Coffin Warehouse,

— AND —

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

Weymouth Landing.

COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Furnished at Shortest Notice.

THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING BODIES.

Auction Sales attended to as usual.

NOBLE MORSE,

AUCTIONEER

Will give particular attention to the sale of Real Estate and personal property.

Post Office Address, NORTH WEYMOUTH, MASS.

R. F. RAYMOND,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN

— AND —

MUSICAL COMPOSITION.

(Sixteen years experience.)

Terms, $15 for a Course of 20 Lessons.

No. 1 Water Street, East Weymouth.

Only

G. H. ROTH,

OPTICIAN,

47 WEST STREET, BOSTON.

See what a leading Boston paper says of him:— All those who are afflicted with imperfect vision, from whatever cause or of any nature, will find in Mr. G. H. Roth, 47 West Street, an optician of rare practical knowledge, always ready to give substantial advice to all who may consult him. The highly interesting lectures on the eye and its diseases which Mr. Roth has given before large and appreciative audiences in and out of Boston, give evidence of his thorough knowledge of his profession.—*Boston Transcript.* 52 1y

---

G. F. DAYMON

HAS REMOVED TO Spear's Block BROAD ST., E. Weymouth, where he would be pleased to attend to former patrons.

FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS

Made to Order.

LIBRARY CASES, SIDEBOARDS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, RECLINING CHAIRS, etc., IN ALL THE

LATEST STYLES.

REUPHOLSTERING

Done in the neatest manner.

PICTURES FRAMED

in all the varied styles.

DRAPERY.

Special attention paid to all its branches. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

TOWN OF WEYMOUTH.

Board of Health.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE Board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 26 of the General Statutes, will be strictly enforced:

SEC. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of......any ......disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the...... Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

SEC. 48. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is infected with ......any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the .....Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50. nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY,
HENRY A. NASH,
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
} Board of Health of Weymouth

Weymouth, March, 1883.

MEETINGS OF THE

Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor.

THE Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the Town House EVERY MONDAY (except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock P. M. On the third Monday of each month they will meet at the Almshouse at 2 o'clock P. M.

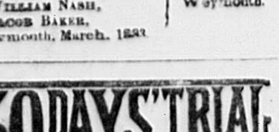
THOMAS H. HUMPHREY,
HENRY A. NASH,
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
} Selectmen of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1883.

---

30 DAYS' TRIAL

DR. DYE'S



(BEFORE.) (AFTER.)

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

THE WEEK.

In the United States and the Old World.

A CASE OF CONSCIENCE.

But the Rev. Mr. Weston's Bank Notes were Counterfeits All the Same.

A clever plan to swindle the government in a small way was tried at the Treasury Department a few days ago. An effort was made to keep the matter a profound secret, and it would, probably, have succeeded but for the inadvertence of a clerk, from whom the particulars were learned to-day. As Treasurer Wyman sat alone in his office, a clerical-looking gentleman entered and introduced himself as the Rev. Horace Weston, of Syracuse. He informed Mr. Wyman that some two weeks prior he had been called to the bedside of one of his dying parishioners, a wealthy distiller of that city. The gentleman made some disclosures of rather a startling nature, and among other things informed Mr. Weston that some years previous he had defrauded the government of $1600. He desired to make restitution, "and," concluded the minister, rising from his chair, "he confided to me this amount, from which you will please deduct the necessary sum, I relying upon your honor to preserve my friend's *incognito*." So saying he opened his purse and handed Mr. Wyman two $1000 bank notes. The Rev. Mr. Weston, being a very respectable looking person, Mr. Wyman took the money. He had no suspicion that all was not right. Making a memorandum of the amount, he handed the whole to a messenger, with instructions to bring him $400.

Meanwhile the Rev. Mr. Weston, who proved to be something of an art connoisseur, began a very intelligent criticism of an oil painting directly over the Treasurer's desk. In the midst of his talk the messenger returned and whispered something in Mr. Wyman's ear which caused that gentleman to leap from his chair and hurry into the cash room. An examination of the notes showed them to be finely executed counterfeits. Mr. Wyman rushed back to his office, from which he had been absent only a minute or so, but the swindler had fled. The building and grounds were hastily searched, but the Rev. Mr. Weston could not be found, nor has he been heard of since.

EMIGRATION.

The Movement from England to America Decreasing.

Official statistics recently published show that the tide of emigration from England to the United States is steadily decreasing. This is due in large part to the unblushing puffs published in the newspapers of the alleged superiority of the advantages offered by the Australian colonies, the reports of mills closed down, of lowered wages, and of mines reducing their output in the United States are conspicuously published and commented on as showing that the vaunted prosperity of the States has received a check from which it will require years to recover. On the other hand, the growing industries of the Australian colonies and the opportunities they offer to the emigrants are portrayed in glowing colors. Letters from successful emigrants and from prodigal sons who have run away from England are published in order to show the great opportunities which the colonies offer. The result of the influences thus brought to bear appears by the figures just published, which show a decrease in the total emigration of the first eight months of this year, as compared with the corresponding period of 1883, of 34,000 emigrants.

HANLAN'S DEFEAT.

Details of the Great Contest on the Parramatta.

The Austrian steamer Zealandia brings particulars of the boat race between Hanlan and Beach, which was rowed on the Parramatta River Aug. 16. The race was for the championship of the world and a stake of £1000. The weather was magnificent, but the water was slightly rough. A splendid start was effected, and a dead level was maintained for the first quarter of a mile. Hanlan then forged ahead, and when a mile and a half had been covered he was a length in advance. Beach spurted and rowed right down on Hanlan, when the latter allowed his boat to cross and a foul took place. Hanlan put up his hand and claimed a foul. Beach, however, kept pulling away, and Hanlan followed, but Beach came to the post an easy winner by five or six lengths; time, 20m. 28s. The umpire disallowed the foul claimed by Hanlan. An immense crowd witnessed the race. There were 68 steamers crowded with spectators, and the shores were densely lined with people. Tremendous enthusiasm was manifested over Beach's victory. A cordial interview took place between the two oarsmen after the race. Hanlan admitted that he was beaten. He said that he was paralyzed by the close proximity of the steamer Tomki, which bore down too close to his boat.

A FAMILY FIGHT.

A Chicago Woman Horsewhips Her Rival from Her House.

Mrs. Oscar Skinner, wife of a Chicago grocer, left this city some time ago, and returning this morning to her home, No. 307 Washington boulevard, was met at the door by Mrs. Alimena P. Allen, whose name has been connected with that of Mrs. Skinner's husband. Mrs. Skinner, demanding the woman's business in her house, was told that it was not her house, and the door was slammed in her face. The injured wife borrowed a broad-axe from one of a gang of carpenters, and cut the venetian blinds and sash out of the parlor window and disappeared inside. In a moment Mrs. Allen bounded out of the front door, and after her came Mrs. Skinner, wielding a heavy raw-hide. The chase was continued down the street. Mrs. Allen sought refuge in a neighbors house, and Mrs. Skinner returned to her castle in triumph. Mr. Skinner says the woman calling herself his wife had lived with him fifteen years, but they had never been married. Mrs. Allen, he said, was keeping house for him, and there was nothing wrong between them.

BOSTON P. O. CLERKS.

The Classification and Equalization of Their Salaries.

About 80 of the clerks in the Boston Post-office held a meeting lately to consider the subject of a petition to the governmental authorities touching a classification of their salaries. Mr. J. J. Prendergast presided, and Mr. Horace F. Hill acted as secretary. The subject matter was duly debated, and Mr. Horace F. Thomas was chosen a delegate to the national convention of clerks, to be held in Washington in December. Letters were read from Senator Hoar, Congressmen Long, Morse and Collins, in which the writers substantially pledged themselves to exert their influence in favor of the granting of the clerks' petition. The meeting adjourned to Oct. 12, when Delegate Thomas will be definitely instructed how to act in the convention.

"NO TRAITOR ESCAPES."

A Threatening Nihilist Proclamation Distributed at Warsaw.

Thousands of copies of a Nihilist proclamation have been circulated. It is signed by the central committee of Skierniwice. The proclamation says: "In the struggle to sustain the people against the rule of the Czar we ought to have recourse to the same weapons as he uses. Our fight is now, as it ever was, a l'outrance. We have done justice to the journalist Skiriptzyk, whose death was wrongly attributed to the violence of thieves, but he was executed by us as a spy. No traitor escapes."

A $200,000 Wisconsin Flood.

Chippewa Falls has been suffering from a flood worse than that of 1880. The Chippewa river went 23 feet above low water mark, and Duncan creek higher than ever known before. Schuckreehts' milldam on Duncan creek floated out, and carried Kehl's planing mill dam, together with the mill, which swept down stream, carrying away four bridges and Collier's feed store, Fred Strunner's agricultural warehouse, and Stiles & Co.'s livery stable. The livery men lose $10.00. The State lumber company's jam boom was carried away, and the logs all floated off. Robert Wallace, a riverman, was drowned while attempting to cross Duncan creek. The buildings on River street are submerged, and the railroads have abandoned their trains. The lower part of the town is a wreck. Bloomer, a town 14 miles above, is under water. The total loss is estimated at $200,000.

A Cave-in Over A Coal Mine.

Twenty-five acres of surface surrounding the Enterprise Colliery, three miles north of Wilkesbarre, Pa., recently dropped down about three feet. Two or three houses only stood about the cave-in, and these were occupied by miners and their families. The inmates were greatly frightened, and ran out into the road, screaming with alarm. Trains on the Lehigh Valley road, which passes over the sunken surface, were delayed for some time. A supplementary cave-in occurred next morning about twenty rods from the other. The roadbed will have to be graded up fully three or four feet. The colliery is owned by Andrew Langdon, of Buffalo, who paid $300,000 for it about six weeks ago.

Rufus Hatch's Hotel.

A Mammoth Hot Springs dispatch to the *Pioneer-Press* says: "The financial affairs of the Yellowstone Park Improvement Company are not in a very hopeful condition, and each day they become less a subject for congratulation. The present tourist season, which is now drawing to a close, has not been a profitable one to the hotel managers, the number of visitors, as compared with that of last year, being less than one-half.

Wants to Go to Ireland.

At an interview between Mr. Gladstone and the Prince of Wales, at Balmoral Castle, recently, the prince expressed a wish to make the tour of Ireland, accompanied by the princess. The question will be referred to the cabinet.

A MYSTERY.

A Human Skeleton Several Years Buried Discovered in the Woods.

Palmer, Mass., people are somewhat mystified over the discovery of a human skeleton recently by a colored man in a tract of woods on the main thoroughfare between Palmer and Brimfield. The man was working in the woods for a Mr. Fosket, proprietor of the Fosket mills, and noticing something peculiarly smooth and white at the foot of a hemlock tree, situated about five rods from a cart road and one-fourth of a mile from the mills, investigated, and found the skeleton of a human being well covered with leaves and rubbish. Beside it were three tin boxes of the size and shape of common mustard boxes. In one of these were a handkerchief, a thimble, several buttons and three pieces of money—two 25-cent pieces dated 1875, and a 5-cent piece dated 1868—all bright as new; another was completely filled with matches, and a third was empty. In connection with the skeleton was a pair of rubber shoes, part of a bonnet of black material and a bit of wearing apparel, probably a fragment of a shawl. Dr. Holbrook of Palmer, medical examiner for Hampden county, took charge of the skeleton. The skull and several bones of the body were brought to Palmer for examination. The skeleton was that of a woman of small size, and must have been there five or six years, he says, from the condition of the bones. No ligaments or bones were in connection, and there was no trace of teeth, flesh or hair. The skull was perfect with the exception of the teeth, but several of the leg bones and a part of the vertebrae were missing. The people in the vicinity are quite mystified, as no one is known to have suddenly disappeared within the last six or seven years, and it is a matter of wonder that it had not been found before, as the road is in quite common use. The matter has been placed before the proper authorities. It is generally presumed that some demented female wandered into the woods and died at the foot of this tree.

DICKENS WAS RIGHT.

Singular Death of a Young Man in Philadelphia.

After an hour's argument with a young lady as to the feasibility of Bill Sykes hanging himself accidentally in the way described by Dickens in "Oliver Twist," J. H. Barry, a wealthy society man, demonstrated the correctness of his theory by hanging himself over his room door the other night. Young Barry was found dead, with a noose around his neck, by his father at his residence in Roxboro, a suburb of Philadelphia. During the fatal discussion which had occurred with his betrothed, Miss Haug, she insisted that it was impossible for a man to put a noose around his waist, lower himself by the rope from a height, and have the noose accidentally slip from his body to his neck and strangle him, as Bill Sykes is said to have done. Mr. Barry said: "Well, I'll show you some time that it is perfectly feasible." He went to his room at once, taking with him an inch rope. When his father went upstairs sometime after, his son's body met his gaze hanging from his room door. One end of the rope had been made fast to the knob on the inside. The rope had then been passed over the top of the door, made fast about Barry's body, the noose resting under one arm and over the other shoulder. He had then dropped from the top of the door, and it is supposed his weight pressed the rope under his shoulder more sharply than he could bear, caused him to throw up the arm, and so allow the noose to slip up and around his neck, where it was found. He was quite dead when he was discovered, and his neck was broken.

SENATOR ANTHONY'S WILL.

A Number of Generous Public Bequests.

The will of Senator Anthony has been filed. The legacies are about $200,000. The bulk of his fortune goes to his sister and relatives. The public bequests are $25,000 which was given to his niece, Mrs. Sarah Brayton, daughter of James G. Anthony, for life, and after her death to Brown University and the Rhode Island Hospital. Mrs. Brayton having died since the writing of the will, the legacy becomes immediate; a bequest of $30,000 in trust for Miss E. D. Potter during life is given to the city of Providence for a fountain after her death. The sum of $3000 is given to Brown University, the income to be used in prizes for excellence in scholarship; $3000 to the Institute at Coventry; $500 to the Anthony Institute for the purchase of books. His collection of American poetry from the library of the late C. Fiske Harris is given to Brown University, and his very complete collection of Congressional Records and public documents to the Public Library of Providence. His faithful servants and employes receive legacies, as also some personal friends. The executors named in the will, which was executed Nov. 24, 1882, are Geo. W. Davidson, Henry W. Gardner and William A. Hoppin, of whom the two latter survive.

MR. KASSON.

The New American Minister's Reception by the Emperor William.

A dispatch from Berlin states that Mr. Kasson handed his credentials to the Emperor at 1.30 p. m. Mr. Kasson was introduced by the master of ceremonies, Count Meynhausen. The Emperor was attended by Under Secretary Busch, Prince Bismarck's former confidential secretary and biographer, representing the foreign office. His Majesty listened with his wonted benign appearance of courteous attention to Mr. Kasson's short address, couched in the usual stereotyped formalities. The Emperor replied, saying that he was very glad of the existence of good and friendly relations with the United States, and hoping that the new minister would maintain them. The Emperor then spoke for a few minutes in his usual friendly manner with the minister, who soon withdrew for the purpose of calling on the Empress, who received him, surrounded by the ladies of her court, most graciously and affably. Her majesty asked Mr. Kasson particulars about the President and his family. It is generally thought in Berlin that Mr. Kasson is the right man. His familiarity with the German language and customs has a most excellent effect, and, coupled with his past diplomatic career, is most thoroughly appreciated.

DISTILLERY "BUST."

Four Men Killed—The Proprietors to be Tried for Criminal Negligence.

A calamity has occurred at Pekin, Ill., in the explosion of the cookers at the Enterprise distillery. There were seven persons in the distillery at the time, four of whom are dead. Andy Duffin was instantly killed, the top of his head being cut off. He leaves a wife and four children in destitute circumstances. E. Duffin leaves a wife and two children; also in destitute circumstances. Welsh Miller was also killed. John Murphy, the engineer, was fatally scalded, and died shortly after. The cookers were made of old copper, and the heads were nearly rusted off. The charge of criminal negligence is to be preferred against the proprietors.

THE CONGO COUNTRY.

Suggestions by Prince Bismarck as to its Government.

Prince Bismarck has communicated indirectly to the King of the Belgians the following suggestions in reference to the Congo: First the powers of Europe are to follow the example of the United States and recognize the new state; second, a conference is to be convened for the demarcation of the frontier; third, the form of government for the new state is not to be that of a republic, but to be constituted after the model of India, and be under the suzerainty of the King of the Belgians, or of a Belgian prince; fourth, a standing commission analogous to the Danube commission to sit in Europe, and a local governor-general on the Congo to be the chief executive; fifth, absolute freedom from taxation of merchandise of every kind.

DOUBLE DEED.

An ... Postmaster Kills His Wife and Commits Suicide.

A terrible tragedy is reported from Rene Ia., a small town not on any railroad. Jacob Steen, the postmaster, shot his wife, killing her almost instantly, and then shot himself, inflicting a wound which proved fatal in a short time. Mr. Steen was quite a prominent man in the community, and was at one time a candidate for representative from Cass County. It is not known that he had any family troubles, and insanity was probably the cause of the deed. The affair caused intense excitement in the community.

Demanding $30,000 for His Lost Sight.

Wilhelm Lehman a veteran of the Austro-Prussian war of 1866, and of the Franco-Prussian war of 1870, came to America from Germany four years ago and found employment in the smelting works of E. Balbach & Son, in Newark. Last fall he was horribly burned and his eyes were put out by an explosion in the factory, and he is still in a hospital. Balbach & Son offered to send the man to his family in Germany, and to give him $25 a month for life. This proposition was accepted by Lehman, but some difficulty arose over the payment of a lawyer whom he had employed. The injured man and his friends wanted the firm to assume the debt to the lawyer. The negotiations were broken off, and it is expected, Lehman's suit against Balbach & Son for $30,000 damages will soon come up in the courts.

Another Open Switch.

The east-bound express on the New York Lackawanna & Western Railroad, which arrives in Elmira at about noon, ran into an open switch at Big Flats, recently, and was derailed. Engineer O'Donnell and Fireman Keller were badly injured, and Adam Beech of Bath, N. Y., sustained severe internal injuries.

A Shakeress Fatally Burned.

A sister named Morrow, while melting wax in the workshop of the centre family of the Lebanon Shakers in Columbia County, N. Y. the other day, dropped a light into the paper on the floor. Her clothes took fire and she was fatally burned. The building was consumed.

A CYCLONE.

The Town of Clear Lake, Wis., Levelled to the Ground.

The recent cyclone came from the west at about 6 o'clock in the evening, and with a sharply defined width of half a mile, swept everything before it, utterly demolishing every business building, the two churches and a number of residences and in about five minutes converted a prosperous and pretty place of 1200 inhabitants into a scene of ruin as absolute as that presented in the afflicted portion of Rochester, Minn., last summer. The storm originated in Minnesota, as far as can be learned, and the central cloud had what can best be described as three tails.

The entire loss to Clear Lake cannot be less than $200,000. The village is badly demoralized, and it is not unlikely that many of the people will want assistance to help them out of their misfortune. Four persons were killed, one of them being the almost helpless wife of the postmaster, who was assisting her from the shaking building when she was stricken dead at his side. Scores of people were hurt by falling timbers. Nearly every tree in town was blown down, and the greatest property loss must be in the timber near by, which was standing before the storm. The pine was of good growth and very valuable. Far as the eye can reach, the storm has literally swept prone every tree. The path, half a mile in width, is as clearly defined as the path of a mower in a grass field. Lumbermen here say the destruction to standing timber will include 100,000,000 feet. Allowing the estimate to be half correct, the money loss would reach into hundreds of thousands. The fury of the cyclone, condensed into less than five minutes of time, was, as all who have witnessed similar ones know, indescribably awful and perfectly irresistible. People who were interrupted at supper by the sudden darkness, and noted the indescribable atmospheric peculiarities preceding all cyclone disturbances, upon looking westward were not long in doubt as to the nature of the visitation, and many of them hurried to their cellars for safety. The advance cloud was funnel-shaped, the lower portion lurid in appearance. At the first breath the very earth was torn up, and buildings fell with scarcely a premonitory shiver.

THE CLEVELAND FIRE.

Sixty-Five Acres in Ashes, With a Loss of $2,500,000.

Every vestige of property between the Cuyahoga river, the railroad tracks and Scranton avenue has been destroyed by the recent fire. Travel over the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio, the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis, and the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern roads is delayed, as large sections of track have been destroyed. The total loss by the fire will reach $2,500,000, on which there is an insurance of not over $500,000. Cleveland has never had such a narrow escape from general destruction. A large number of firemen were severely, though not dangerously burned, and others were injured through other causes. A portion of the soldiers who had been called out for duty were detailed to aid the firemen, and performed excellent service.

Some of the individual losses are estimated as follows: Woods, Perry & Co., $700,000; Potter, Birdsall & Co., $150,000; King & Co., $100,000; Variety iron works, $50,000; Eynon & Son, $10,000; House & Davidson, $60,000; G. C. Stanley, 1500; Sherwin, Williams & Co., $2000; A. Teabout, $2000; Hubbell and Westover, $25,000; railroad companies, $5000; other small losses, $20,000. The lumber firm of Woods, Perry & Co. was the most extensive in the city. The yards cover 10 acres of ground. The yard had a dock front of over 1000 feet, and over 1200 feet of side track for the convenience of receiving and shipping lumber. Their loss is estimated at high as $700,000. After midnight two city engines were hemmed in among blazing lumber piles. The firemen, taking in the situation at a glance, and seeing the impossibility of saving them from utter destruction by the flames, as they could not be removed in time, threw them into the river.

The fire burned all night, and next morning six of the home engines and all the outside companies were playing water upon the smouldering ruins. It was a terrible night for the firemen. The intensity of the heat can scarcely be described. The Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis railroad bridge over the river, which one would suppose was far enough away not to be affected, was swung early in the evening because the heat was perceptibly expanding the iron draw, and it had not been opened very long before it was hard length-ened so very much that it could not be closed without injury. It was wonderful that no life was lost and not a serious accident happened. Hundreds of citizens braved the danger to assist the firemen.

IN GREAT STYLE.

Reception of President Arthur by Admiral Sir John E. Commerell.

The reception accorded to President Arthur on board the English man-of-war Northampton, at Newport recently, was a royal one, and could not have been made more imposing had the visitor been Queen Victoria herself. The visit was in return for the call made upon the President, when Admiral Sir John E. Commerell, commanding the North America and West Indies Squadron, paid his respects to the chief magistrate. The hour set for the visit was 4 p. m., and as eight bells were rung the President stepped on board the English vessel. At three minutes before that hour his launch was seen approaching, and then a clarion note sounded by a bugler was the signal for the men to skip aloft and man the yards. In less than a minute some four or five hundred sailors had climbed the rigging and were manning the yards.

President Arthur, who was accompanied by his son, Chester A. Arthur, Jr., and Senator and Miss Aldrich, was received with every honor. In front of him, in two rows leading from the gangway to the entrance to the Admiral's saloon were 100 men of the Marine Artillery, in full uniform and with arms presented, the splendid band playing "Hail Columbia." The President was received by Capt. Noel S. F. Digby, the commanding officer, who was surrounded by some fifteen or twenty other officers, all in dress uniforms, which were almost covered with gold lace. Some of the officers wore the Egyptian medal. The President was then conducted to the Admiral, and the formal reception took place in the saloon, in the presence of Lady Commerell and the Misses Commerell. On deck there were so many visitors that it was with difficulty that the seamen could manipulate the guns in firing the salute for the President. The latter was shown through the ship, and after remaining an hour he took his departure. The yards were again manned, and as the signal was given to begin the salute the American flag was run up to the peak, and remained there until twenty-one guns had been fired. Just then the North Atlantic Squadron returned from exercising at sea, and fired a salute of twenty-one guns.

HART'S DILEMMA.

Has a Citizen Right to Shoot a Burglar.

Frank Hart, of Hartford, Conn., stands in a curious position before the law. William Bemis is dying at the hospital from a pistol shot. Hart fired it about midnight the other night. Hart is a clerk in a dry goods store, and rooms at the Union Hall Hotel. His room-mate is William Handy, who is employed in May's grocery store, located on the lower floor of the hotel building. They were awakened by the sound of breaking glass, and, looking from their window, saw Bemis attempting to force a rear window of the grocery. Handy had a 32-calibre revolver. Hart secured it, fired at Bemis, and the ball penetrated his back. He ran, and the two young men dressed themselves and hastened to the street. On their way in search of a policeman they passed Bemis, who was lying on the ground groaning. Finding an officer, they returned. The officer arrested Bemis, he was removed to the hospital, and Hart and Handy, after reporting the facts at the police station, were permitted to go home, on an agreement to remain in town pending legal action in the case. Bemis is a hard character and has frequently been in the hands of the police.

These are briefly the facts in the case, and the authorities have raised a question as to what should be done in the event of the death of Bemis. They cannot permit the case to fall through without an inquest and other action, pending which it is questioned whether Hart may be allowed his liberty without bonds. These he might be unable to furnish, and would have to go to jail. The further proceedings would result in loss of time from his employment, if not further pecuniary loss by employing counsel, etc. And he would have to suffer these, although he did nothing more than interpose to prevent a felonious act. Had Handy, his room-mate, fired the shot, there would have been justification in the fact that he was protecting the property of his employer. On the contrary, Hart had no interest, direct or indirect, other than any citizen has in preventing a felony, if he can.

A Child Buried Alive.

While Joshua Lynn was clearing briars from a field near Leesburg, Va., he was attracted by a child's cries, proceeding from a slip of woods adjacent. His investigation revealed the presence of a white female child, two months old, regularly entombed among the rocks, the sides of which were carefully filled in with leaves and dirt. A large flat rock was placed over the grave. The little creature had probably been there for four or five days, and was fearfully emaciated from want of nourishment. Footprints of a man and woman were seen near the grave.

A Draft Quickly Honored.

Richard Compton, an engineer at Middlesex Furnace, Penn., had a deposit in the Veech Savings Bank. He also owed a bill for goods at a neighboring store. The account being in dispute, a suit resulted in a judgment against Compton. His bank account was attached. Watching his opportunity he went to the bank when Mr. Veech the president, was alone, and demanded his money, at the same time covering him with a pistol. Compton's notice to pay "right quick" was accepted by that official. Compton received his money and left.

Unpopular Chinese Officials.

Tientsin advices state that six members of the Chinese foreign office, who advised the government to make peace with France, have been dismissed, and that the persons who advised the payment of the indemnity demanded by France are threatened with punishment.

A SUNDAY IN LONDON.

How the Day is Passed in the Great City.

Its Observance Different From That of Any Other.

A correspondent of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* says that the observance of Sunday in London differs from that of any other city in Christendom. To begin with, all the theatres and music halls are closed. The museums, libraries, and picture galleries are all shut up, though there is a strong effort being made to throw them open, which will no doubt be done before long. The law regarding drinking places is very peculiar. Everything of the kind is hermetically sealed during the first half of the day. From midnight on Saturday to 1 o'clock on Sunday the drink traffic is entirely suspended. This keeps the day tolerably quiet until morning service is over. Then come two hours of dram-selling and tippling. The man who was drunk the previous night can now "freshen up the old" to his heart's content, while the not over-scrupulous church-goer may take his sly glass on the way home to dinner. In the crowds which throng the saloons during these midday hours of license, both the classes, I regret to say, are represented all too numerously, and, excepting the quiet aspect it gives to the streets in the morning, it is difficult to see that an arrangement which closes these places a part of Sunday and leaves them wide open the other part has any virtue in it.

One thing that adds greatly to the decorum of a London Sunday is the fact that the retail stores besides suspending business, suspend also the exhibition of their goods, hiding their window displays behind almost impenetrable shutters. The American tradesman, whether intentionally or not, uses Sunday for advertising purposes. In New York the promenader of the principal streets can inspect goods and prices almost as well on the Sabbath as on week days. The window displays are much more elaborate than with us, but the show closes on Sunday. Make the round of all the big places on Regent and Oxford streets, and you will find, instead of gorgeous exhibitions of masculine and feminine finery, nothing but a beggarly array of darkened fronts.

It is not true, as some one has facetiously observed, that the only places of amusement open to Londoners on Sunday are the churches, for recreation and entertainment of a certain kind can be had in the parks. In Hyde Park you will find the most fashionable Sunday promenade, and as the season opens, you will see there, every Sunday afternoon, thousands of gay promenaders, keeping time in their merry march to the music of a first-class band. To get a view of the aristocracy you must go to some place on week-day afternoons, when you will find Rotten Row as thickly lined with elegant equipages, as, on Sunday, the footwalks skirting it are lined with elegantly dressed people. This Sunday crowd is composed of merchants, professional men, high class clerks, etc., with their wives, sweethearts, cousins and aunts. Unless, when you join this throng, you have a stove-pipe and sport a walking-cane you will feel like a fish out of water, for among the male portion of it you will not find one in 500 lacking these luxuries, and the few exceptions will almost certainly be Americans. Silk hats and sticks are the distinctive badges of a London crowd on Sunday, and, for that matter, on any other day. The promenaders, though on pleasure bent, all walk briskly—another peculiarity of the English people. Upon similar circumstances an American crowd would saunter along at a little better than a snail's gait. We are faster people than the English on general principles, yet, in either driving or walking, the average Englishman, in the ordinary pursuits of business and pleasure, will "give us his dust" every time. Of the feminine portions of these Sunday pleasure-seekers, I will only say that the American visitor will find them prettier and attired in better taste than he had been led to expect.

The Peculiarities of Redwood.

California is nature's great and only storehouse of that useful and ornamental wood, which grows here in immense quantities, covering the earth's surface so densely that the sun's rays never reach the ground, and furnishing to the millmen 100,000,000 feet of lumber to the acre. The redwood has been introduced both in the Eastern States and in England, and wherever it has been used has found favor in the eyes of housebuilders, many of the almost regal residences of the East having as an outside finish the redwood in its rich, natural color. At present the only redwood shipped East is that used for finishing purposes, but it is only a matter of time when its many advantages will become known and it will be in general demand. No wood has ever been discovered that combines so many advantages for all purposes as this. It is easily worked; it may be used green just as it comes from the mill; it does not warp in drying nor shrink or swell by exposure to the weather; it burns slowly and is easily extinguished, because the wood contains no rosin; it is brittle and breaks off squarely, so that in case of fire the firemen have no difficulty in cutting their way from house to house, and it does not rot at the ground like most other woods, and fence posts which have stood for thirty years are as sound to-day as when they were planted. The redwood grows only in California, the forests commencing a little south of this city and ending abruptly before reaching the Oregon line.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

A Rapid Traveller.

"My son," said an economical father, "an express train attains great speed. Lightning is proverbial for its rapidity, comets are supposed to hurl themselves through space at the rate of millions of miles a day, but comparatively speaking, all these things are snails, my boy, all snails."

"Why, father," replied the young man, lazily puffing a twenty-five cent cigar, "what can possibly go faster than lightning?"

"A $5 bill after it is once broken, my son."

NEWS AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

A pretty engagement ring is a large pearl held in place by two tiny diamonds.

The new spiral ruchings are of tulle with finish of embroidery silk at the edge.

Necklaces of unset stones of many colors are among the odd things now in fashion.

A little ribbon bow or small natural flower or bud can be worn at the back of the hair.

Waistcoats of valenciennes lace are worn under open bodices of black surah or china crape dresses.

Short jackets made of jersey webbing are in high favor with skirts of half-worn dresses or with accordion skirts.

Loops of beads, the same color as the dress, are worn suspended from the shoulder-straps of evening corsages.

Large cut-glass smelling bottles are now carried in cardinal silk plush bags, neatly fitting the bottle and nearly reaching the top.

One of the new neck ornaments consists of satin or velvet ribbon set in a muslin band to keep it firm. It is secured by a clasp.

Young ladies are now wearing the graceful Grecian sleeves, which are buttoned across the shoulders and conceal the upper part of the arm.

Kilt skirts of flannel are now laid in broad plaits from four to eight inches wide, and have three or four tucks above the hem around the foot.

Beige color and dark laurel green plaited woolen dresses are very fashionably worn this autumn, both in pin checks and large block patterns.

Rich, dark satin grounds show pretty blocks and figures in gay colors. These are manufactured for vests, collars, cuffs and basque waists for combination with plain goods.

Pretty little dresses for children are made in Russian style of veiling, shot silk, cashmere, pin-check surah, or cream white woolen of finest texture, dotted with tiny boquets of flowers.

A Quebec woman has applied to the corporation of the ancient city for permission to exhibit herself as a curiosity. She weighs 450 pounds, and her limbs are four and a half feet in circumference.

Some of the new repped woolens show brocaded figures like velvet, and others have large balls of loosely woven silver or gilt threads arranged on separate breadths so that they will only be used at the foot of the skirt.

A blouse for a little girl is of red adrinople. It is shirred around the neck and waist. Below the shirring on the waist is a deep flounce of handsome white lace. The sleeves are short, with long loops of narrow red ribbon falling from the top of the shoulder.

A pretty capote for fall has the edge finished with a narrow puff of bright red velvet, a soft scarf of the velvet crosses the top with a knot or pretty ornament on the very top. The ties are the merest bands of velvet, with a small made double bow without ends under the chin.

A pretty suit for early fall is of dark blue albatross and very light blue surah, the latter forming the soft vest and plaited skirt. The princess dress has the waist perfectly fitting, the skirt is slashed in deep tabs, a sash of the surah forms over the hips and in loops, with ends in the back.

The woman of Capri are described as almost invariably handsome and healthy looking. What strikes one most, says a recent writer, is the statuesque gracefulness of the girls in all their movements, however mean their occupation. Capri is a great resort for artists, and several of them have wived with women of the country—their former models—and settled down to a strange, half-wild and half-civilized existence.

Killed His Child.

That there may be a world of pathos in the apparently prosaic life of a policeman is shown by the following incident, related in the Chicago *Herald*:

"Did you ever shoot any one?" The speaker was a visitor at the armory, and the person addressed was a patrolman who looked up hurriedly and walked away without an answer. "You see," said another officer, in explanation, "he had an experience once that he does not like to think or talk about. He used to walk in the Twelfth street district when it was called the terror district, and when they had the murder bell there. Whenever there was a shooting or killing in that precinct the bell was rung, so as to notify all patrolmen that a crime had been committed, and make them more vigilant, if possible, in their search for desperate characters. One dark, rainy night this officer obtained permission from the roundsman to step over to his home, a few blocks away, to get his rubber coat, and while he was in the house he looked into the room where his children were sleeping. Wishing to have one revolver outside of his coat he took off his belt and laid the weapon on a bureau. Just as he was about to strap it on he noticed that the hammer was down, and some way in trying to put it at half cock the thing was discharged. A little girl jumped up from the bed with a red blotch upon her forehead, and crying, 'Oh, papa!' fell flat on her face. At that instant the murder bell rung, its tones coming into the little house, deep, sonorous and horrifying. This officer thought it was for him, but it was not, of course. There had been a shooting somewhere else, and the bell was ringing for a tough and not for the heart-broken policeman. Well, that thing pretty near drove him crazy. The little girl never spoke again, and she died inside of a week. The coroner exonerated the father, but he never exonerated himself. A few weeks after this he begged to be transferred from the terror district, away from the echo of the murder bell, and that's why he's up here. He has told me that he wouldn't live or walk a beat within sound of that bell if he knew he would be made general superintendent at the end of the month."

Lady Lobbyists in Washington.

The lady lobbyists, says a correspondent, have played important parts in the social life of Washington, especially since the Buchanan administration. Some of them have been the widows of officers of the army or navy; others have been the daughters of Congressmen, and others have drifted here from home localities where they have found themselves the subjects of scandalous comments. A few of them have been beautiful, some had scorched their wings on ill-lighted torches, and they have generally been very clever. It has been their business to so ingratiate themselves with Senators and Representatives as to control their votes on matters which they have been paid to advocate or oppose. Failing in this, they have sometimes managed to secure the absence of opponents of the bills which they have been retained to advocate by ingenious schemes. They looked at every question before Congress from a business standpoint, and their smiles were for those whose votes were doubtful. To them the highest compliments and most honeyed phrases were thrown away, for they knew their vanity. They "meant business." The parlors of some of these dames have been exquisitely furnished with works of art and bric-a-brac donated by admiring diplomats. Every evening they received, and in the winter their blazing wood fires were surrounded by a distinguished circle. Some would treat favored guests to a game of euchre, and as midnight approached there was always an adjournment to the dining room, where a choice supper was served. A cold duck, a venison pie, broiled oysters, or some one exquisitely cooked dish with salads and cheese, constituted the repast, with iced champagne or Burgundy at blood heat. Who could blame the Congressman for leaving the bad cooking of his hotel or boarding-house, with an absence of all home comforts to walk into the parlor web which the adroit lobbyist has cunningly wove for him?

The assessed valuation of personal property and real estate in the South, according to the last census, was $3,460,-978,386, while in the North it was $13,-214,162,691.

Indigestion.

Indigestion is the source of a multitude of diseases. In fact, disease necessarily follows long continued derangement of the digestive organs. The stomach is the laboratory in which the most wonderful chemical processes are constantly going on. Whatever is taken into the stomach is at once acted upon chemically, and the wholesome and nutritious portions go to build up and strengthen the system, while the effete matters are expelled through the various channels. Now, when the food is not properly masticated, and mingled with the saliva before it enters the stomach, it lacks a very important element, and the digesting organs are subjected to great fatigue in efforts to prepare for its work of sustaining life. When we consider the difficulties with which the stomach has to contend; of improper food forced into the stomach in a crude state, and frequently in excess of the requirements of the body; of liquor drinking and tobacco using; the fact that three adult persons out of every four are of unsound health, and that the average term of human life is less than half what it should be under correct methods of living, should surprise no one.

There is not one person in ten who thinks of or seems to care for his health until he loses it.

The most absurd excuse for neglect of duty to one's self is that he cannot always be looking after his health. In other words, he has not the moral power to abstain from excesses that weaken the body and shorten life, as surely as night follows day.

What a man eats and drinks habitually has much to do with the condition of mind and body.

The stomach is the fountain-head from which the body draws its supplies. The old Roman idea of manliness was a "sound mind in a sound body." It is encouraging to know that the more intelligent of the present generation are adopting this view, and it is this class that is now paying the most attention to the laws of health. All colleges encourage to-day what they condemned twenty years ago; as boat racing, ball playing and regular systems of exercise. If an engineer were to load the safety valve and build a fire under a steam boiler, and keep the fire replenished for a time without starting the engine, he would produce an explosion. If a man eats heartily, and leads an indolent life, a similar trouble occurs; his body is filled with the products of digestion; fat and fluids accumulate, and the muscle becomes soft and weak; more blood is made than the system requires, and the excess becomes a dangerous obstruction in the current of life, and the explosion may come in the form of apoplexy. The remedy is to adapt the quality and the quantity of the food to the daily requirements of the body. Remember that labor, or active and sufficient exercise every day, is imperatively demanded if we expect to keep well. Let the food be plain but nutritious, and avoid rich pastry and other indigestible food. Adjust the food supply to the bodily activities.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

The United States ship-of-war Quinnebaug has had an unexpected success in an unexpected quarter. The sultan of Turkey has been so impressed with the proficiency of the band of music which accompanies the vessel that in an ebullition of enthusiasm he has presented to each musician a set of diamond studs, together with less valuable pieces of jewelry. The flute-player he even desires to appropriate and make his own, should Admiral Baldwin consent to part with him. Whether the present Turkish ruler's appreciation of music is greater than that of one of his predecessors has not been ascertained, but it is still recollected of a former Sultan that after listening to the elaborate execution of many important works by an orchestra, he desired them to repeat the theme which had pleased him the most, and after many futile attempts to discover what that might be, the chance tuning of his instrument by a violinist was hailed with joy by the Sublime Porte, who declared that to be his choice among all.

Adulteration prevails in every composite article which enters largely into human consumption, and it was alleged some years since by Dr. Hassall that even the meat sold in the poorer quarters of London is not always what it seems. Instead of beef and mutton the flesh of horses and dogs is sometimes foisted upon the hungry and needy buyer, while for veal and rabbitts viands so unsavory that we do not even care to name them are occasionally substituted. Small wonder can, then, be felt, says the *Hour*, that an article universally in request and lending itself so readily to adulteration as butter should be imitated and sophisticated all over the world.

Dr. Comings, in the *Quarterly Journal of Inebriety*, says: "When it is evident that a man drinks because the specific effects of alcohol are specially agreeable to him he must become a total abstainer or it will only be a question of time when he will become a confirmed inebriate. Men, who have had alcoholism or delirium tremens and have reformed to such an extent as to be total abstainers for any considerable period, go down very rapidly if they return to their old habits."

Queen Victoria is sixty-five years of age. She has been forty-seven years on the British throne. With the exception of Edward III and George III, she has reigned longer than any other British sovereign. Queen Elizabeth's reign lasted forty-five years, and is next to that of Queen Victoria in length.

Druggists in malarial districts say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is as much the standard remedy for female weakness as quinine is for the prevailing chills and fever.

KEELER & CO., the leading Furniture dealers of Boston, issue a special catalogue of Furniture which will be mailed upon application. 83 to 91 Washington street, corner Elm.

The consumption of beer in Italy is steadily increasing, while that of wine is lessening every year.

Throw Away Trusses

when our new method is guaranteed to permanently cure the worst cases of rupture without the use of knife. Send two letter stamps for pamphlet and references. World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

"That is what you call the music of the future," remarked Fogg, in reference to the baritone player in the band. "At any rate, he manages to keep ahead of the time right along."

Thin People.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, sexual debility. $1.

100 Doses One Dollar

Can be applied truthfully to Hood's Sarsaparilla only, and it is an unanswerable and convincing argument as to the strength and real economy of this great medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla is made of roots, herbs, barks, etc., long and favorably known for their power in eradicating disease from the system and purifying the blood.

Restored to Health

"During the summer months I have been somewhat debilitated or run down. I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gave me new life and restored me to my wonted health and strength."—WILLIAM H. CLOUGH, Tilton, N. H.

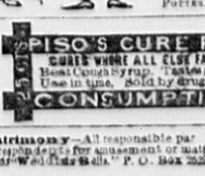
Given an Appetite

"Within a week after taking Hood's Sarsaparilla my appetite began to improve, my headache left me, my strength seemed to be renewed, and I felt better in every part of my body. I rejoice when I think of the good Hood's Sarsaparilla has done me."—CHARLES L. BABBITT, Syracuse, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.



Death to Rats,

Mice, Roaches, Water-Bugs, Beetles, Ants and all vermin. Hotels, dwellings and granaries cleared in one night. Safe to have around. No arsenic. Parson's Exterminator, 15 cts. Mail 20c. WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

Matrimony—All responsible parties desiring correspondents for amusement or matrimony ... for copy "Wedding Bells." P. O. Box ..., Boston, Mass.

The rule that you can tell a mushroom only by eating it, and that if it kills you it is a toadstool, seems to be the only absolutely certain test of that epicurean fungus. The Jones family of Philadelphia, however, were lucky enough to find out before the undertaker was actually called. Jones, the head of the family, brought home from an old cattle yard a lot of what he thought were "speckled beauties" as mushrooms go. Mrs. Jones put them in a stew-pan, smothered them in butter, and both she and Jones sat down to the feast, Jones exclaiming "delicious! elegant!" and rolling them as a sweet morsel under his tongue. Their neighbors, the Mussums, hearing of this good luck, went over to the cattle yard, got some of the mushrooms, and were about sitting down to them when they heard moans and groans next door. Mrs. Jones was prostrate with agony. Her little son was sick. The same scene was enacted where

Cremation is making great strides in France, where the prefect of the Seine means to establish Siemens furnaces in several of the cemeteries in Paris, and proposes to cremate all persons whose remains are not claimed by their friends. If this experiment proves successful the government will probably introduce a general bill on cremation in the chamber, and the council of health is now considering the different ways of detecting traces of poison.

The Germans have succeeded in making the finest and most delicate wheels of watches from paper pulp.

"It Knocks the Spots,"

and everything in the nature of eruptions, blotches, pimples, ulcers, scrofulous humors, and incipient consumption, which is nothing more nor less than scrofula of the lungs, completely out of the system. It stimulates and invigorates the liver, tones up the stomach, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood, and builds up the weak places of the body. It is a purely vegetable compound, and will do more than is claimed for it. We refer to Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery."

Common chamois skins are only sheep skins carefully tanned. Real chamois skins are very expensive.

"As Good as New."

are the words used by a lady, who was at one time given up by the most eminent physicians, and left to die. Reduced to a mere skeleton, pale and haggard, not able to leave her bed, from all those distressing diseases peculiar to suffering females, such as displacements, leucorrhea, inflammation, etc., etc. She began taking Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," and also using the local treatments recommended by him, and is now, she says, "as good as new." Price reduced to one dollar. By druggists.

A man in Leeds, Englands, says he can build a ship which will cross the ocean in three days.

Mothers.

If you are failing; broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Drgts.

A Splendid Dairy

is one that yields its owner a good profit through the whole season. But he must supply the cows with what they need in order for them to be able to keep up their product. When their butter gets light in color he must make it "gilt edged" by using Wells, Richardson & Co's. Improved Butter Color. It gives the golden color of June, and adds five cents per pound to the value of the butter.

Bed-Bugs, Flies.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed bugs, rats, mice, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

Remarkable Escape.

John Kuhn, of Lafayette, Ind., had a very narrow escape from death. This is his own story: "One year ago I was in the last stages of consumption. Our best physicians gave my case up. I finally got so low that our doctor said I could not live twenty-four hours. My friend then purchased a bottle of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, which benefited me. I continued until I am now in perfect health, having used no other medicine."

HAY FEVER. I have been a great sufferer from Hay-Fever for 15 years and have tried various things without doing any good. I read of the many wondrous cures of Ely's Cream Balm and thought I would try once more. In 15 minutes after one application I was wonderfully helped. Two weeks ago I commenced using it and now I feel *entirely cured.* It is the greatest discovery ever known or heard of. DUHAMEL CLARK, Farmer, Lee, Mass. Price 50 cents.

"Rough on Dentist" Tooth Powder.

Smooth, refreshing, harmless, elegant, cleansing, preservative and fragrant. 15c. Druggists

The short hacking cough, which leads to consumption, is cured by Piso's Cure.

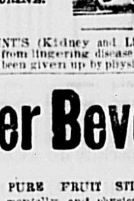
The medical properties of petroleum have long been known to the aborigines, and since Carboline has become so well known as a hair restorer and dressing, petroleum takes front rank among the new remedies.

FOR RATES for advertising in this paper, apply to the publisher. N E 38

Thirty Years Record. Endorsed by Physicians.

HUNT'S KIDNEY & LIVER REMEDY NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS LIVER BLADDER AND URINARY ORGANS DROPSY GRAVEL DIABETES BRIGHT'S DISEASE PAINS IN THE BACK LOINS OR SIDE NERVOUS DISEASES RETENTION OR NON-RETENTION OF URINE.



By the use of this REMEDY, the Stomach and Bowels speedily regain their strength, and the blood is purified. It is pronounced by hundreds of the best doctors to be the ONLY CURE for all kinds of Kidney Diseases. It is purely vegetable, and cures when other medicines fail. It is prepared expressly for these diseases, and has never been known to fail. One trial will convince you. For sale by all druggists. PRICE $1.25. Send for Pamphlet of Testimonials. HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.

HUNT'S (Kidney and Liver) REMEDY has saved from lingering disease and death, hundreds who have been given up by physicians to die.

A Delicious Summer Beverage

AS A BEVERAGE, with hot or cold water, sweetened, or hot or cold milk, or added to ice water, lemonade, effervescent draughts, and mineral waters, SANFORD'S GINGER forms a refreshing and invigorating beverage, unequalled in simplicity and purity by any tonic medicine, while free from alcoholic reaction.

AS A PURE FRUIT STIMULANT, for the aged, mentally and physically exhausted, careworn, or overworked, for delicate females, especially mothers, for those recovering from debilitating diseases, and as a means of reforming those addicted to an excessive use of alcoholic stimulants SANFORD'S GINGER is unequalled in medicine.

SANFORD'S GINGER

UNRIPE FRUIT, Impure Water, Unhealthy Climate, Unwholesome Food, Malaria, Epidemic and Contagious Diseases, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Pains, Indigestion, Diarrhoea, Colds, Chills, Simple Fevers, Exhaustion, Nervousness, or loss of Sleep that beset the traveller or household at this season are nothing to those protected by a timely use of SANFORD'S GINGER, the Delicious Summer Medicine. Avoid mercenary dealers, who for a few cents' extra profit try to force upon you their own or others when you call for SANFORD'S GINGER. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists, grocers, etc., everywhere.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

PREPARED with the utmost skill from IMPORTED GINGER, CHOICE AROMATICS and the purest and best of MEDICINAL FRENCH BRANDY, from the world-renowned vintners, Messrs. OTARD, DUPUY & CO., COGNAC, rendering it vastly superior to all other "Gingers," all of which are made with common alcohol, largely impregnated with poisonous fusil oil and strengthened with cayenne pepper. Beware of imitations. SANFORD'S is the finest ginger in the world, and, notwithstanding the high cost of its ingredients is the cheapest family medicine. Sold everywhere.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

For the Cure of Kidney and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the BLOOD. To women who suffer from any of the ills peculiar to their sex it is an unfailing friend. All Druggists. One Dollar a bottle, or address Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.

CONSTIPATION.

"I suffered from Paralysis of the Bowels and Liver Complaint. I finally used DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY, and in my opinion it saved my life. Yours, etc. A. J. GIFFORD."

Mr. Gifford is the Master Mechanic of the Lowell division of the Boston & Lowell Railroad, and his illness and recovery are known to many.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE SURE CURE FOR KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CONSTIPATION, PILES, AND BLOOD DISEASES.

PHYSICIANS ENDORSE IT HEARTILY.

"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I ever used." Dr. P. C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort is always reliable." Dr. R. N. Clark, So. Hero, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort has cured my wife after two years suffering." Dr. C. M. Summerlin, Sun Hill, Ga.

IN THOUSANDS OF CASES

it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.

It cleanses the Blood and Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system. 2

PRICE, $1.00 LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Burlington Vt.

KIDNEY-WORT

CATARRH HAY-FEVER.

HAY-FEVER

I can recommend Ely's Cream Balm to all Hay-Fever sufferers, it being, in my opinion founded upon experience and a sure cure. I was afflicted with Hay-Fever for twenty-five years, and never before found permanent relief.—WEBSTER H. HASKINS, Marshfield, Vt.

Cream Balm is a remedy founded on a correct diagnosis of this disease and can be depended upon. 50c at druggists; 60c by mail. Sample bottle by mail, 10c. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

Consumption Can Be Cured!

DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS.

Cures Consumption, Colds, Pneumonia, Influenza, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and tightness across the chest which accompany it. Consumption is not an incurable malady. HALL'S BALSAM will cure you, even though professional aid fails.

FIREWORKS, UNIFORMS, BUNTING FLAGS.

At Bottom Prices.

TORCHES

All the best makes. Everything in Campaign Goods at absolute rock bottom prices.

HYDE & CO., 59 Chauncy St., Boston

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

WALNUT LEAF HAIR RESTORER

It is entirely different from all others, and as its name indicates is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. Wholesale Agent, G. C. GOODWIN, Boston, Mass.

GOOD NEWS TO LADIES!

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY

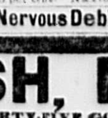
Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Gold Band Moss Rose Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Decorated Toilet Set. For full particulars address THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., P. O. Box 289. 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED for the LIVES of

BLAINE & LOGAN, | CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS,

In 1 Vol. by T. W. KNOX. Authorized, Authentic. | In 1 Vol. by HON. A. BARSUM. Impartial. Complete, the *Best* and *Cheapest*. The leading Campaign books of 1884. Outsell all others 10 to 1. 17 fifth thousand in press. Each vol. 500 pages, $1.50. 50 per cent. to Agents. Outfit *Free*. *Freights paid.* Agents earn $10 to $25 a day. Now is the time to make money fast. Send for *Extra Terms*, at once, to HARTFORD PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR,



Moles, Warts, Freckles, Moth Patches, Eruptions, Scars, and all Disfigurements and Imperfections of the Face, Hands and Feet, and their treatment, by Dr. John H. Woodbury, 37 N. Pearl St., Albany, N. Y. Send 10c. for book.

PATENTS! Thos. P. Simpson, Washington D. C. No pay asked for patent until obtained. Write for INVENTOR'S GUIDE.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Phila. Pa.

$40 PAYS for a Life Scholarship in the Coleman Business College, Newark, New Jersey. Positions for graduates. National patronage. Write for Circulars to H. COLEMAN & CO.

Nervous Debility Quick permanent cure. Book free. Civiale Agency, 160 Fulton St., N. Y.

$500 CASH, FREE!

We offer the above amount of money and THIRTY-FIVE GOLD WATCHES, Free to the first 148 persons answering the following Bible question: Where is the word Grandmother found in the Bible? Mention the Book, Chapter and Verse. The first person answering this question correctly, on or before October 15th, will receive $75 cash. If we receive more than one correct answer, the second will receive $70; the third, $65; the fourth, $55; the fifth, $50; the sixth, $45; the seventh, $40; eighth, $35; ninth, $30; tenth, $25; eleventh, $6; twelfth, $4; thirteenth, $2; thirty-five GOLD WATCHES to the next thirty-five correct answers, and one dollar to the next one hundred people answering it correctly. If you are not first, remember that you may be second or third so you stand a good chance for a large prize. Each competitor must, in every case, send 30 cents for Sample package ROYAL TEA with their answers.

THE PURE, UNADULTERATED UNCOLORED ROYAL TEA

Is such as the crowned heads of Europe use. Imported direct. The first time the Royal Tea has ever been introduced in America. A revolution to American tea drinkers. Only Nature's Coloring is used in the Royal Tea. The fresh leaves are dried and prepared in such a way as to retain all their delicate aroma and flavor, together with strength and body. One trial of Royal Tea will forever do away with all impure, high colored and poisonous articles. SPECIAL OFFER! To introduce this Tea in America we will, for a limited time, (until October 15th,) send (sample box) one half-pound Royal Tea, prepaid, to any address on receipt of only 30 cents, one pound box, prepaid, $1. 30 cents is cheap for sample box Royal Tea as you pay nothing for competing for one of the above prizes. In addition to the other prizes, we offer $500 more to be divided equally; ($5 each) to the first one hundred persons sending us the correct answer to the question. Send one dollar in P. O. order, postal note, or registered letter. Don't wait, but send your answer at once. Postage stamps taken. Full instructions to agents how to make $10 a day introducing the Royal Tea given with each sample box.

Address MAYO & CO., 166 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD.

Positively cure SICK HEADACHE, Biliousness, and all LIVER and BOWEL Complaints, MALARIA, BLOOD POISON, and Skin Diseases. ... I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Weymouth Gazette, and Braintree Reporter.

VOL. XVIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1884. NO. 23.

The Weymouth Gazette,

PUBLISHED BY

C. C. EASTERBROOK,

EVERY FRIDAY, AT WEYMOUTH, MASS.

TERMS:

Two Dollars a Year, in advance. Single Copies, Five Cents.

Orders for all kinds of Printing will receive prompt attention, and be neatly and correctly executed.

BUSINESS CARDS.

R. V. Merchant

Begs leave to inform the citizens of Weymouth and vicinity that he is now prepared to make up

CLOTHING, IN THE LATEST STYLES,

And from the best Foreign and Domestic Goods.

His long experience in cutting

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

enables him to warrant a

PERFECT FIT

in all cases.

Prices as Low as the Lowest

WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

President. HENRY A. NASH.
Treasurer. CHAS. T. CRANE.

Board of Investment:
HENRY A. NASH, ELIAS RICHARDS,
GILBERT NASH, EDWIN PRATT,
ANDREW J. BATES.

Bank hours from 1 to 5 o'clock P. M. on every business day, and from 7 to 9 o'clock on MONDAY EVENINGS.

Deposits placed on interest on the first Mondays of January, April, July and October.

OFFICE,
Commercial St., Weymouth Landing.

HENRY H. ROBBINS
GROWER AND DEALER IN
Fruit and Ornamental Trees,
SHRUBS, VINES, ROSES, &c., AT THE "LOCUST HILL NURSERIES."
High Street. So. Abington.
J. F. TAYLOR, - AGENT,
Lovell's Corner, - - East Weymouth

Mrs. Dr. TUCK,
Office, 48 Boylston St., - Boston.
Hygenic Treatment,
At South Weymouth, Mass.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS

THE subscriber has taken the Agency for the above Organ, and will, in connection with his former stock, keep a good assortment in stock,

FOR SALE or TO LET at Bottom Prices.

Organs let on the Installment Plan of ten quarterly payments, which will amount to the full price of the Instrument, which, when paid, will entitle the person thus paying to a bill of sale of the Organ.

All payments to to be made one quarter in advance, and considered as rents till the full amount is paid.

GEO. S. BAKER,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

HAY and STRAW!
Bundle Hay and Straw
FOR SALE BY
JOS. LOUD & CO.,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

J. AUSTIN DEANE,
DEALER IN
COAL, FLOUR,
GRAIN, HAY,
FERTILIZERS, &c
SOUTH WEYMOUTH DEPOT.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Great Bargains.

A large stock of the LATEST STYLES of Paper Hangings, Borders, Dadoes, Picture Mouldings, etc., retailing for one-third less than any other store in Boston.

T. F. SWAN,
No. 12 Cornhill. Boston.

THE Adams & Westlake Wire Gauze, Non-Explosive, OIL STOVES

Are the Standard for
CONVENIENCE,
RELIABILITY,
NEATNESS,
ECONOMY,

Wire-Gauze Wick Pockets, on the principal of the safety Lamp, make this Stove absolutely non-explosive, it being impossible for flame to communicate with the oil or gas.

FOR SALE BY
S. W. PRATT
DEALER IN
Stoves, Furnaces and Ranges,
WEYMOUTH.

P. H. GAVIN,
Plumber,
Sanitary Part of the Business a Specialty.
98 HANCOCK ST., QUINCY.
Every variety of Plumbing work done at Lowest Prices. All orders from Weymouth and adjoining towns will receive prompt attention. Address all orders to P. O. Box 75, Quincy, Mass. 39 ly

W. T. BURRELL,
Painter and Glazier.
Paper Hanging a Specialty.
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Putty, Glue, etc., Constantly on hand.
Washington Cor. Broad St.,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.
Residence on Broad Street.

NEW STOCK OF PAINTERS SUPPLIES.

We have now in stock a general assortment of PAINT STOCK, consisting of
White Lead and Oil; Colors, Ground and Dry; Spirits, Japan, Red Lead; Glass, Putty, Varnish, Paint and Varnish Brushes; Shellac, Dry or Cut.
Also, 25 Colors and Shades of Mixed Paints, Ready for Use.
GEO. S. BAKER,
WEYMOUTH.

Dr. F. J. Bonney
DENTIST,
Faxon's Block, Chestnut St.,
QUINCY, MASS.
will be at
SOUTH WEYMOUTH Every Thursday.

J. G. WORSTER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
Washington Square, - WEYMOUTH.

COAL,
WOOD AND HAY,
—AT—
Wharf, East Braintree.

LYKENS VALLEY FRANKLIN COAL,
DIAMOND RED ASH "
BORDA " "
NORTH FRANKLIN RED ASH "
CAMERON SHAMOKIN " "
WHITE ASH FURNACE COAL,
" " EGG "
" " NUT "
" " STOVE "

Coal delivered at fair rates of Cartage.
HARD AND PINE WOOD, whole or sawed, and BUNDLE HAY.
For Sale at Lowest Cash Rates.
All orders promptly attended to. P. O. Address Weymouth, or East Braintree.
J. F. Sheppard & Sons.

Mrs. T. C. MELLEN,
FLORIST,
FRONT ST., WEYMOUTH.
TO all wishing good Plants of all the leading varieties, for Lawns and Gardens, I now offer as
Fine a Collection as can be found
CONSISTING OF
Verbenas, Coleus, Geraniums,
ALSO,
Choice Cut Flowers, Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, &c.
Orders by mail or telegraph filled at short notice.
PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
P. O. Box 144. Weymouth, Mass.

C. S. WILLIAMS,
Stock Broker.
U. S. SECURITIES, STOCKS & BONDS
BOUGHT and sold on commission, in Boston, New York and San Francisco. Money advanced on Stocks and Bonds purchased by us.
7 EXCHANGE PLACE, BOSTON.

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST. WILSON'S LIGHTNING SEWER!
Two thousand stitches a minute. The only absolutely first-class Sewing Machine in the world. Sent on trial. Warranted 5 years. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Circular. Agents Wanted. THE WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., Chicago or New York.

"I Woke One Day."

I woke one day to find that Youth was going,
With Time, who takes good things and ill,
To join a vague procession, ever growing,
Of ghosts who people dreamland still;
Those whom the years have rent world-wide asunder,
Old friends once daily looked upon;
Some toil upon this earth, and some rest under,
No doubt; and do some still regret, I wonder,
The glad old days, the good time gone?

Time rakes away his dust-heap of dead roses,
Of empty cups, of broken vows.
Spent love, and all dim memory discloses,
The morning after Youth's carouse;
He shows us shades of unforgotten faces,
We hear the voices far away,
Of revellers, who leave us still some traces,
Of songs whose echoes haunt old halting-places,
Where night was often turned to day,

And many rest in sleep by dreams unbroken,
By winds unswept, by stars unseen,
Never to speak again as they have spoken,
Or know lost joys that might have been.
When slow-departing summer day yet lingers,
Between the purpling western bars,
When winds sound faint, as if some far-off singers
Were touching harps with tired, trembling fingers;
We see lost eyes smile in the stars.

JACK'S EXPEDIENT.

"I say, Charlie, you've done for yourself this time!" said pretty Doris Thornton to her adorer, Charlie Ringwood of the Chalkshire Regiment, as they were sitting together after dinner in the conservatory attached to the pleasant riverside villa belonging to Doris' father, Mr. Thomas Thornton of the Stock Exchange.

"Why—how, Doris?" asked the young man.

"By speaking as you did at dinner against steam launches, and saying that the men who owned them and used them were cads," replied Doris. "Papa's just bought one, and, next to fishing, has made it his great hobby."

"By Jove! that's unlucky," said Charlie. "Now, what's to be done? It's no use my going and telling him that I was only chaffing, because I spoke so straight."

"I don't know, I'm sure," said Doris, seriously. "You could hardly have made a more unfortunate mistake, for papa considers the real cads to be those who growl because others like to move fast without any trouble to themselves."

"On a crowded river, washing away banks and kicking up no end of dirt and noise," continued the young officer. "Well, I'm awfully sorry, Doris, for the old boy's rather touchy, and it might influence his ideas with regard to you and me, eh?"

When the young people had returned to the drawing-room it was very evident that the "old boy" was disturbed. In vain Charlie sang his best songs; in vain he tried to inveigle the angry old gentleman into pleasant conversation; in vain he exerted every effort to show himself off to the best possible advantage. The blow had been dealt, and it rankled beneath the capacious waistcoat of the wealthy old stock broker. He answered his guest in curt monosyllables; he made much rustling with the newspaper, and coughed inordinately during the performance of Charlie's songs, and finally, when it was time for the young man to return townwards, instead of offering him one of his famous Antonino Carunchos, shaking his hand heartily, and expressing a hope to see him again soon, the old gentleman assumed a severe air and said:

"Ahem—Mr. Ringwood, of course—ahem—a gentleman of your refined tastes could never—ahem—think of marrying the daughter of a cad who keeps a steam-launch! Ahem—good night, sir."

Charlie was staggered, and looked pleadingly at Doris, who, however, only shook her head slowly and significantly.

There were probably few more unhappy young men that night within the metropolitan radius than Charlie Ringwood as he turned slowly homeward and pondered that, in the terse language of Doris, he had done for himself.

The next morning brought him, instead of hope, a letter from his sweetheart, which made him absolutely miserable. It was as follows:

"MY DEAREST CHARLIE—I have snatched a moment to write these few lines. Papa was in an awful rage last night after you had gone; called you an insolent puppy and all sorts of things, which I should not have minded had he not wound up by forbidding me to hold any further communication with you, and saying that a man who would be ashamed of his father-in-law because he kept a steam-launch was not a fit husband for his daughter. What are we to do?

Ever your affectionate,
DORIS THORNTON.

"Aye!" muttered Charlie, when he had read the letter over for the twentieth time. "What are we to do? It's of no use arguing with this sort of old fellow; once he gets a notion into his head, no power on earth can drive it out. I wish to goodness I'd never said a word about steam launches."

In the evening he went to his club, where he met with an old school-fellow, Jack Raggles. Now, Jack Raggles, although continually in difficulty himself, was famous for his ingenuity in getting other men out of their troubles. More than once Charlie had been obliged to have recourse to him for advice, and he had never regretted it. This was a far more serious case than any preceding one, but Charlie was simply desperate, and would have clung to the maddest device suggested, as a drowning man clutches to a straw. So he got Jack Raggles into a quiet corner, and there he laid the facts of the case before him.

"Well," said Jack, when Charlie had concluded, "it certainly is an awkward case, and it would be deuced hard lines for you to have to chuck up all thoughts of marrying a nice and pretty girl like Miss Thornton for such a trifle. But I've got fellows out of far worse holes before now, and I daresay I shan't fail this time."

"You are a good fellow, Jack, upon my word you are," said Charlie, enthusiastically; "but, by Jove, if you get me out of this you'll be a genius."

Jack was silent for a few moments and puffed vigorously at his cigar. At length he said:

"I say, Charlie, isn't the old man a regular maniac for fishing?"

"Rather!" replied Charlie. "He takes a holiday about three times a week on purpose to fish. He starts off after breakfast with a big hamper and sits in a punt until evening. Still now he's got this wretched steam launch, I expect he'll off with the old love and on with the new. But what has fishing to do with the subject in hand?"

"Never you mind just now," answered his friend, "but you find out from Miss Thornton when her father next intends to go out in his punt, and where he's likely to be, and then send me a telegram to Clarges street, and I'll tell you what to do."

Charlie had such implicit faith in Jack Raggles' ingenuity that he went home that evening in a comparatively happy frame of mind.

He wrote to Doris the first thing the next morning, and in the evening got a reply to the effect that Mr. Thornton was already making preparations for a long day's fishing upon the Wednesday following. He telegraphed immediately to Jack Raggles, and received the following reply:

"Keep close to him, but out of sight, at about 6 o'clock in the evening."

Charlie wondered what on earth his friend's scheme could be, but resolved to obey instructions. He knew very well that Mr. Thornton's happy hunting ground was a secluded back water, famous for tench and perch, a couple of hundred yards above the lawn of his house. Thither he repaired, steathily, like a man bent upon an evil errand, at about 5 o'clock, and took up a position upon a rough river-side path, well-nigh hidden from sight by bushes and foliage, whence he could observe the enthusiastic old fisherman without being seen himself. The old gentleman was sitting like a wax figure in his punt, with a large cigar in his mouth and rod in hand, when Charlie arrived. So completely absorbed was Mr. Thornton in his sport that a regiment might have filed behind him without attracting his notice. Charlie watched him until a distant church clock chimed the quarter to six.

He then saw the old gentleman take out his watch, look at it attentively, and after a few moments' hesitation, slowly and reluctantly begin to pack up his rod and line and put his paraphernalia together.

Charlie began to get anxious. Whatever plan Jack Raggles concocted would have to be carried into execution quickly, or it would be too late.

At last Mr. Thornton had arranged his tackle and untied the punt-poles, and was pushing off into mid-steam.

Charlie's heart sank, but he crept swiftly forward to a little promontory to watch the old gentleman faithfully, according to instructions, until six o'clock.

Mr. Thornton, being old and obese, punted slowly and with difficulty, and as the clock struck six he had not yet got out of shallow water. So intent was Charlie, however, in looking at him, that he did not perceive the dark outline of a steam launch coming directly down upon the punt, and he was only made aware of the fact by seeing the old gentleman wave one arm vigorously and by hearing him shout lustily at the same time that he endeavored to get his unwieldy punt back out of the way. But it was too late, the bow of the launch went gently against the punt, though with sufficient force to tilt it up, with which movement the poor old stockbroker was sent floundering into the water, yelling madly as he went.

Quick as thought Charlie dashed in. The water was fortunately barely up to his waist, so he seized Mr. Thornton under the arms, and after much splashing and shouting and fuss, got him first into the punt and then onto the steam-launch.

Directly Mr. Thornton felt himself on his feet he burst into a violent passion, which was in no way appeased by the approach of Jack Raggles, whom he did not know, with the most admirable expression of contrition in his face, and the words, "I'm sure I'm awfully sorry, sir," on his lips.

"Sorry, sir!" roared the old gentleman, "so you ought to be, sir! I consider it positively iniquitous and abominable that a man can't go out for a day's fishing without being run into by a lot of cockneys who have no more idea of handling a steam launch than they have of handling a balloon! And I shall take the very earliest opportunity, sir, of laying the matter before the authorities, in order that such unwarrantable interference with the liberty of the subject may be immediately put a stop to. It is abominable, sir, abominable!"

"Can I put you ashore anywhere?" asked Jack, deferentially.

"Yes, sir, you can, as soon as possible, and before I catch my death of cold," replied the old gentleman. "You see those steps ahead, sir?"

"I do," replied Jack.

"Well, then, if you can see those steps, how the deuce was it that you couldn't see me?" said Mr. Thornton. "But as you can see them, steer to them—that is, if you know how to. They belong to me, sir, to Thomas Thornton, Esq."

As yet, the irritated stockbroker had given no thought to his rescuer, but as they were floating gently down the stream toward the steps, he turned and said:

"And to whom am I indebted for my rescue from a watery grave?"

Charlie stepped quietly forward and bowed. The old gentleman started back, and exclaimed:

"Good gracious! Mr. Ringwood! Sir, allow me to shake your hand most heartily. You have performed an action to-night which shall not pass without recognition. You are a noble fellow, sir—a noble fellow.

"I did nothing, Mr. Thornton, but what any other man would have done under similar circumstances," said Charlie, feeling himself to be a dreadful hypocrite in assuming the deprecatory air of a hero; "but now that we are here together I should like to express my extreme regret that I should have given you offence the other night by expressing my opinion about steam launches a little more candidly than perhaps I should have done, but, believe me——"

Mr. Thornton interrupted him—

"Believe me, sir, you did not say enough. I am a complete convert to the opinions you hold. Steam launches are an abomination, sir, and mine is for sale from this very moment."—*London Truth.*

The Solace of Sitting in the Firelight.

"I think the time is coming," said a builder, "when houses will be furnished with more grates and open fireplaces than they are to-day. Of late years everything has been running to hot-air furnaces and steam-heating apparatus, and the system of warming flats has been reduced to a science. But only those who have been brought up in the country can realize the charm of the big, wide fireplace with its crackling back logs and its bed of red-hot embers that form themselves into so many fantastic shapes to fascinate the family gathered around. Did you ever notice how earnestly people gaze into a good fire? What do they see there, what thoughts does the fire suggest, that all who gather around it sooner or later find themselves staring vacantly at it, oblivious to all surroundings? What good cheer does it cast over the household to see the unsteady flicker of the flame and watch the dancing shadows on the floor! What is more consoling than to blow out the lamp, or to turn out the gas, and sit by the firelight alone with one's heels perched upon the fender? There's little of that in the city, but I believe there's going to be more of it—not open fire-places, but grates.

"Do you know how we build fires in Vermont? No! Well, our fire-places in the country sometimes take up the whole side of the house—a cabin, I mean. On each side is a door big enough to drive a wagon through, and when we want a fire we just open one door, drive in, unload the wagon in the fire-place and drive out the other door. One load will last about a day. That's what I call living."

An Eccentric Captain.

"Our captain was a straight up and down disciplinarian, and was always rushing us into a fight," said a veteran to a Chicago *Inter-Ocean* gossiper. "One day, while in camp in West Virginia, he ordered the company formed in light fighting order, and coming out of his tent, placed himself at the head, and without explanation, we marched away at a swinging quickstep. Scarcely a word was spoken during that march of three or four miles up a mountain road, but as the Captain directed the march along the bridle path, the boys nodded at each other as much as to say, 'This means trouble for somebody.' We moved along this path until we came to a ridge. We skirted along the lower edge of this until came the order to front face and deploy. We went up the hill stumbling over stones and briars, the captain exerting himself to keep the line without a kink or a curve. Suddenly he gave the order to halt and to fix bayonets. The boys began to think the old codger had lost his senses when he thundered out in measured tones: 'I call the attention of the men who have obeyed my orders so unquestioningly that there lies not more than five paces in front of them the finest patch of luscious blackberries I ever saw in my life. I discovered them yesterday, and after tasting them I resolved to make a secret raid. And here we are. The men will stick their rifles, bayonet down, in the ground, and proceed to pick and eat blackberries.'"

It is stated that non-residents of Texas own 1,000,000 head of cattle in that State from which they derive an annual revenue of $10,000,000.

ANTIQUITIES TO ORDER.

Where Bogus Art Works are Turned Out.

Imitation Aztec Relics, Home-Made and Artistic Shams from Persia.

The American craze for bric-a-brac and curios had been a godsend to the craftsmen all over the world. They make pretty good Japanese articles in New York, and Queen Anne furniture and decorative brasses, "which formerly belonged to a noble English family," are turned out in great quantities by the dealers of the metropolis. Bogus art work is cheap in Paris. Home-made mummies to suit any taste or style are among the industrial products of modern Egypt, and even the poor misguided Indians of Central and South America are making first-class Aztec and Inca relics. A Boston firm has a specially fine line of old arm chairs which came over in the Mayflower, and another New England concern has turned out enough of Miles Standish's muskets to equip an English expedition to rescue Gordon. According to the report of the English consul general at Teheran, the capital of Persia, that ancient kingdom is putting its western neighbors to shame in the way of relic making. It behooves the wealthy American who wishes to decorate his modern house with a bit of choice ancient armor to be careful lest he be bamboozled into buying something that has been turned out by an Ispahan-metal worker within the year. In the days when Shah Abbas led the Persian hosts, the soldiers' armor often displayed work of extraordinary beauty, costliness and skill. This armor has been bought up almost entirely for the great European museums, and only a little remains in the parlors of the old noble families. The imitations of modern workmen are no mean ones. They are inlaid sometimes with gold, silver, and sometimes with gems, and are superb specimens of metal work but they are not worth the fabulous prices asked for them. They are so prepared that they look almost exactly like the genuine armor four or five hundred years old, and only an expert can detect the fraud. The famous Khorossan swords, whose wavy steel equalled in temper the swords of Damascus, are now imitated by means of chemicals. They look just as they did two centuries ago, but they are not as good in quality. In Hamadan an enormous number of "ancient" Persian coin are made and sold to American and English dealers. Hamadan is the ancient Ecbatana and is richer in relics of metal than any city in the east, and of late years it has been well dug over in search of ornaments and coins. Coins of Alexander the Great and Sassonidæ are in common currency there. Glazed ceramic ware is made at Ispahan, but it is not of good quality. Some tiles recently found there are 1,000 years old. The way to test the ware is to cut it with a knife point. If it is hard it is old and genuine; if soft it is a sham.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

The Seasons in Mexico.

A correspondent of the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* thus discourses about the weather in Mexico: May and June are the hottest months in the city of Mexico. If one is too thickly clad at midday it is usually possible to take the shady side of the street. Since nobody is ever in a hurry, it is, of course, quite unnecessary to walk in the sun. And when the new comer gets thoroughly Mexicanized he will stay in doors at midday. Umbrellas are sometimes useful as walking sticks or parasols; save in summer they are never wanted to shed rain. Just now the rainy season is on and we have had some tremendous showers. So has the country down below. The rainy season, in fact, ought to be called the showery season instead. It never rains drizzle, drizzle, after the Eastern style, but it pours, and yet there is no continuous downfall. In June, July and August in Mexico, rain descends almost every day in copious showers, but the summer sun shines with no less regularity between times, and every day has a clearing off. During eight months out of the twelve it is as certain, day by day, that the morrow will be pleasant as that the morrow will come. It seems to be the American opinion that Mexico will make a good winter resort, but it is a country that it must be wise to keep out of in summer. This is a great mistake. Denver and Santa Fe are summer resorts; the towns of the Mexican plateau are no less fit to be. They are southern, but they are elevated, and high elevation countervails low latitude. In the summer, again, the face of nature is beautiful, while in the dry season it becomes withered and uninviting. But, of course, the contrast between Northern American and Mexican winters is greater than between the summers of the two regions, and on the whole Mexico is a better country to flee to to escape cold than heat. Traveling suits for men or women, ought to be dust proof. In the cities the upper classes display European fabrics and styles exclusively. Women of refinement appear almost universally without head covering. This is the only noticeable departure from the habits of their American cousins. The feet should be well shod. Soap will never be found at the hotels and the better kinds are expensive in Mexico. As for the customs officials, courteous and just treatment is the rule. A visitor proposing to make a stay of much length beyond the Rio Grande, I should say, would do well to take from home whatever clothing or other paraphernalia seems likely to be needed. For a brief tour, light marching order is, of course, sensible.

An Imposing Flower.

A correspondent says in a letter from California: The Yucca, or Spanish Bayonet, from which we named our camp, is one of the most imposing flowers in the world. The plant itself is a bunch of bayonet-like leaves, stiff and sharp enough to inflict a painful wound, and twelve inches or eighteen inches in length, growing close to the ground. Out of this cluster the single flower-stalk rises to a height of about fifteen feet. The flowers are cream-white, about two and a half inches in diameter, pendulous on delicate stems in horizontal racemes, which spring from the stalk in lengths so regularly graduated that the mass of blossoms present the appearance of a gigantic white oval, about six feet long and two feet wide in the middle, tapering gracefully above and below. The specimen erected in our Plaza when we named the camp had seventy racemes, each containing from ten to thirty flowers. This gives about 1400 or 1500 blossoms for each stalk, and they shed a heavy lily-like perfume, whose strength is commensurate with their grand proportions. These stately plants seem to be climbing precipitous mountains, and standing like sentries on the crest of the ridge. I am afraid it will seem prosaic if I add that the Yucca is good to eat. Mr. Albert Durer brought in the top of a young one which had not yet burst into flower. It looked like a stalk of asparagus, four feet long and as thick as a man's wrist. The tender top, cut in pieces and stewed with cream sauce, made a pleasant addition to our dinner. It tasted something like salsify and something like artichoke, and a good deal like Yucca. I believe that it is a favorite dish with Spanish Californians.

Perfumes.

A recent authority says that the principal flowers used in the manufacture of perfumes are roses, orange flowers, tuberoses, the jasmine, cassia and violets. Aside from the roses, the flowery perfumes are produced in France, where farmers and gardeners devote themselves to the cultivation of flowers for the purpose. The pomades, which are a sort of vehicle for carrying the essences, are shipped to perfumers in all parts of the world. These pomades are all made in the same way. Several new processes have been devised, but none have proved as good as the old method. Perfumes are everywhere made from the raw material by the same process. Civet is an animal odor, and is obtained from a pouch on an animal of that name, in which it is secreted. The best known of animal odors is musk, which is obtained from the musk deer. China furnishes the best quality. Twenty-five pods or sacks are packed in oblong boxes composed of plates of lead enclosed in a caddy made of pasteboard. The caddy is decorated with curious looking Chinese characters. Musk is obtained from Assam, Siberia, the Altai Mountains and other parts of Northern Asia. London is the depot for all varieties of musk. Ambergris is another animal odor. It is secreted in the intestines of the spermaceti whale. A very curious fact is that ambergris is only accumulated by disease—that is, it is only secreted in a sick whale. It is very hard, or a light grey color, and is found in quantities varying from twenty to fifty pounds. It is worth $30 an ounce. So you see if a party of sailors strike this kind of whale they can make for shore. Spermaceti whales are found near the islands of Sumatra, Molucca, Madagascar, and in the China seas.

Watches.

Edward VI. appears to have been the first Englishman to wear a watch, and this consisted of "onne larum gilt, with two plummets of lead;" that is to say, it was driven by weights. This is supposed to have been received by the king as a present from Nuremberg, and was playfully called a Nuremberg animated egg. The word "watch" is derived from an Anglo-Saxon word meaning to wake. The first portable time-piece of which we have any record was that of the Chinese pocket dial mounted upon the head of a cane or carried by a chain round the neck. Queen Elizabeth had a watch shaped like a duck, with chased feathers, the lower part of which opened, and the face or dial of silver, ornamented with a gilt design. The outer case was of brass, and that in turn was covered with black leather ornamented with silver studs. Mary Queen of Scots gave a curious token of affection to her faithful maid of honor, Mary Seaton, in the shape of a watch in the form of a skull, the dial occupying the place of the palate and the works that of the brains. The hours were marked in Roman letters. A bell in the hollow of the skull received the works, and a hammer struck the hours.

Paris annually consumes about 30,000,000 pounds of butter.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Thirteen nations entered the Polar Congress, and established eight or nine scientific stations within the Arctic Circle. The work of Greely has been of more value to science than that of any other party.

Moncure D. Conway reminds the world—which is generally lost sight of—that the Mahometans are Christians. He says the Mahometan's entire faith in the present, as well as his hopes for the future, are based upon Christ. Mahomet, the prophet, is little more to them than what Wesley is to the Wesleyans—the founder of their faith.

Non-residents own over a million cattle in Texas, which feed on the open ranges and earn at least ten millions a year for their owners. Some of the Texas newspapers think the State ought to charge a rental for the sixty or seventy millions of acres of State land on which these cattle graze, and realize enough to admit of the abolition of all State taxes.

Statistics are published showing that there are 2,785 paper-mills in the world, which turn out annually 1,904,000,000 pounds of paper, half of which is used for printing. Newspapers use 600,000,000 pounds every year, their consumption having increased 200,000,000 pounds within ten years. On an average, an Englishman uses 11 1-4 pounds of paper a year, an American 10 1-4, a German 8, and a Frenchman 7 1-2 pounds.

An English newspaper calls attention to the fact that there are very few smokers among the blind. Soldiers and sailors who are suddenly deprived of their sight sometimes continue to smoke for a while, but it is said that most of them soon give up the habit. They say it gives them no pleasure when they cannot see the smoke, and some even declare that they cannot taste the smoke unless they see it.

A scientific writer calls attention to the fact that those vegetables whose eatable part grows under the ground—such as potatoes, parsnips, beets, turnips, and the like—are heat producing; while those which form above the surface—as asparagus peas, lettuce, melons, corn, cabbage, tomatoes and such vegetables—are cooling. It follows, therefore, that the former should be kept for cold weather, and the latter varieties used in the summer months.

Prof. W. H. Brewer, of the Sheffield Scientific School, suggests that the press discourage the use of the word "cyclone" as expressive of something much more terrible in the way of a wind storm than a tornado or whirlwind, whereas the reverse is the case. He says the tornado has a narrow path and the cyclone a wide one. He also states that the wind storms which do so much damage in the West, are not cyclones at all, although usually a part of one.

The Digger Indians were, until a few years ago, considered the most ignorant human beings on the Pacific coast. Those who live on Rancho Chico have now been educated in civilized ways. They have learned to read and write almost as well as white people, and some of them have even become musicians. They recently gave an entertainment in San Francisco, under the care of their instructors. Sunday school hymns, national songs, and other musical and metrical compositions were rendered by their choir in a very felicitous style.

In a lecture before the Society of Arts, Prof. Williams said London cheese contained as much nutritious material as a sheep of sixty pounds, and would give the same value in practical nutriment if it could be as easily digested. The lecturer then demonstrated that the cause of indigestibility in cheese was the loss of its potassium salts in the process of manufacture. Another savant present decided to experiment as to the feasibility of restoring the lost salts and making the article perfectly digestible. He is said to have succeeded so well that the matter will soon be tried on a large scale. The amount of the bi-carbonate of potash restored is 1 1-4 ounces to 1 pound of cheese. The two are simply melted together over a slow fire, with a small quantity of milk.

Bridges of Glass.

Glass is gradually beginning to take the place of wood and iron in the construction of bridges in England. The inventor makes blocks of glass which he hardens by a special process. In solidity it is said to leave nothing to be desired. The experiments already made have given surprising results, and the cost is below that of bridges of wood or iron. Moreover, the glass cannot be injured by insects like wood nor rusted like iron.

Even oranges are now subject to adulteration some ingenious rascal having invented a way of changing ordinary fruit into blood oranges by the introduction of coloring matter.

After a Little While.

There is a strange, sweet solace in the thought
That all the woes we suffer here below
May, as a dark and hideous garment wrought
For us to wear, whether we will or no,
Be cast aside, with a relieving smile.
After a little while.

No mortal roaming, but hath certain end;
Though far unto the ocean spaces gray
We sail and sail without a chart for friend,
Above the sky line, faint and far away,
There looms at last the one enchanted isle,
After a little while.

Oh, when our cares come thronging thick and fast
With more of anguish than the heart can bear,
Though friends desert, and, as the heedless blast,
Even love pass by us with a stony stare,
Let us withdraw into some ruined pile,
Or lonely forest aisle—

And contemplate the never-ceasing change,
Whereby the processes of God are wrought,
And from our petty lives our soul estrange,
Till bathed in currents of exalted thought,
We feel the rest that must our cares beguile,
After a little while!
—*Golden Hours.*

HUMOROUS.

A door is sometimes a jar, and an earthquake always is.

Deaf mutes converse by signs because actions speak louder than words.

Jay-Eye-See and Maud S. are very fast, but Dr. Tanner was a faster.

The most verdant young man of the period was the one who attempted to cut grass with a bi-cycle.

"Nothing is more tender, nothing more violent than love," says the man who never had a soft corn.

A Chicago lawyer has written a poem entitled "My Conscience." He must have a powerful imagination.

All you have got to do is to plant the cabbage and nature will come along after a little while and put a head on it.

It is said that a good book is the best companion man can have. This, we imagine, is especially so, if it happens to be a bank book.

A man has been arrested in London for simply laying up something for a rainy day. In his room over nine hundred umbrellas were discovered.

"Another cool wave," as the young man said when his two sisters and three cousins standing in front of an ice cream saloon beckoned him to come over.

Papyrus.

Many centuries before Christ, Numa left writings upon papyrus, whence our name paper is derived. This plant, which was revered as sacred by the old Egyptians, grows abundantly in shallow streams and marshes in upper Egypt and Syria. Bruce found it growing in the river Jordan, and noticed a curious fact that it always presented the sharp, angular side of its pear-shaped stem to the swift current. The stem is eight or ten feet high, two inches in diameter and crowned with a fringe of hair-like leaves, which circle a blossom of slender spikelets. Beneath the brown sheath which envelops the root stalk of this dark-green plant lie other sheaths which are very transparent. These, when split into thin leaves, and dried in the sun, were glued together, and formed the roll of papyrus on which many of the ancient writings have come down to us. This paper was both flexible and durable. Specimens from Pompeii can be seen in the museum at Naples. In the fifth century, papyrus paper, of which many varieties existed, was manufactured at Alexandria, and ranked high in the commerce of nations. Its uses continued until about seven or eight centuries ago.

Rub the Rust Off.

Dr. J. M. Reid, Secretary of the Missionary society, tells a story relative to himself. Once, when editor, he was invited to preach in Chicago. He was taken to the church by a good brother, who landed him there early, and, no one being present but himself, he took a seat in the church alone to meditate and rest for the evening sermon. It was just at dusk, and he heard persons engaged in a prayer service in an adjoining room. He listened. Presently a loud, zealous brother engaged in prayer. He touched upon various matters, and invoked the Divine blessing upon them, including "the speaker of the evening," Dr. Reid. For him he prayed very much as follows: "O, Lord, bless him who is to speak to us this evening; he is a poor, weak man, but make him a power. We know that he is only an editor, and that he is rusty; but, O, Lord, rub the rust off." Dr. Reid said that the man prayed earnestly, oblivious to the fact that "the editor" was listening; and, as an emphasis to his prayer, he (the Doctor) uttered a hearty "Amen."—*Methodist.*

A Powerful Man.

Stanley, the African explorer, describes a strong man who was 6 feet 5 inches high and rather disproportionately slender. He could toss an ordinary man ten feet in the air and catch him in his descent. He would take one of the large white Muscat donkeys by the ears, and with a sudden movement of his right foot lay the surprised ass on its back. He could carry a 3-year-old bullock half way round his master's plantation. Once he actually bore twelve men on his back, shoulders and chest a distance of 300 feet.

New England has more seaside resorts than any equal extent of coast in the world.

The Weymouth Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 26, 1884.

The Fair.

As our paper is put to press earlier than usual, to enable all hands to attend the agricultural fair, we are compelled to lay over a report of the doings to next week's issue. The weather is very propitious for the success of the fair.

Lecture on the Crimean War.

The announcement that Rev. S. K. Paine of Florida would lecture in the Methodist church on Wednesday evening last on the Siege of Sebastopol drew a fair sized audience; and if the lecture lacked in any degree the personal reminiscences expected, it certainly was a most instructive historical lesson, and his hearers came away with a clearer idea of the Crimean War, the alliance against Russia, and especially the terrible cost of Sebastopol and its heroic resistance.

A spirited organ concert by Mr. A. M. Raymond preceded the lecture and when by Rev. S. J. Carroll, the speaker was introduced as the hero of two great wars, the Crimean and our own Civil War, there stepped forward a man of noble presence, still in the prime of life. Three badges decorated his breast, the first the Turkish medal presented by the Sultan, the second the Crimean medal presented to him by the hand of Queen Victoria, the third, our own Grand Army Badge. Mr. Paine explained in answer to the seeming contradiction of the G. A. R. in a former rebellious state, that in Florida seven Posts have been established by old Union soldiers from the north.

Briefly the facts of the Siege are these; given by the lecturer in an impersonal way though he was present at most of the battles he described.

The Crimea is a small peninsular about the size of Massachusetts, peopled with descendants of Greek, German, Jew, Tartar, and Russian, and has successively belonged to each of the above nations. In 1854 Sebastopol a city of then 60000 people was what it has ever been since, a vast arsenal and Russian stronghold. Ten forts protect its seaboard side, a magnificent harbor gave shelter to the Black Sea fleet, while on the land side its defences were made of the strongest earthworks. The immediate cause of the war was the Russian demand for a protectorate over what it claimed as its Greek subjects in the Ottoman or Turkish Empire. The Sultan refused and appealed to the powers of Europe. While the congress of nations was trying to adjust affairs, a Russian fleet precipitated war by the destruction of an unprepared Turkish fleet and a massacre of the crews. By the alliance of England and France to aid Turkey, was broken the peace of Europe which had been undisturbed since the battle of Waterloo, 1815. The allied forces land in 1854 north of Sebastopol and commit their first great blunder by not siezing the isthmus of only five miles wide which was the key to the whole Crimea. Marching southward toward Sebastopol, at the Alma they were met by the Russian general Menzikoff who was so confident of success that he had invited many prominent citizens, including ladies to witness his overthrow of the invaders. 140000 men contested the passage of this narrow river with its precipitous banks for four terrible hours. But here as elsewhere fate had already decided against Russia, and the result was a retreat to Sebastopol. Here the siege began in October 1854 which was to last for a year. The lecturer described how the trenches were dug until but fifty yards at some places intervened between the besiegers and those famous redoubts, the Malakoff and the Redan. The first bombardment in October lasted forty-eight hours but without success. It was resumed in April '55 and continued till the surrender. At Balaklava, a seaport to the south, the Russians made a sortie to destroy supplies and drove back the Turks defending it, capturing their cannon. Here occurred that other terrible blunder immortalized by Tennyson in his Charge of the Light Brigade. A verbal order was incorrectly delivered; it was obeyed literally and 130 men out of 620 were all that returned from the charge.

We were told of Inkermann the "soldiers' battle fought in a fog without plan or order; and of the terrible suffering of the sick and wounded who had to be carried to Asia Minor to hospital. A generous tribute was paid to Florence Nightingale, who organized her nurse forces and gave the best energies of her life to the suffering soldiers. Before Sebastopol the allied forces suffered for fuel, clothing and food, and the mortality was fearful. All this time, though thousands tons of iron were thrown into Sebastopol, its strength was undiminished.

In September '55, final attack began. For three days the cannonading was incessant; then came the French assault on the Malakoff with the "Marseillaise" their war cry. It is taken and their flag flies over it. This is the signal for the English to attack the Redan; and in the face of a terrible fire the assault is made. The lecturer was one of the "forlorn hope" that carried the scaling ladders in this attack. The Redan was taken but with the loss of more than half the attacking party.

Burning Sebastopol, the Russians retreated to their ships and the war was over.

What was gained by this terrible loss of a million of men? The balance of power retained and Turkey was opened to Christianity.

In concluding Mr. Paine described the beauty of Constantinople from a distance, and its squalor and filth at closer inspection; he dwelt upon the almost boundless variety and wealth in natural resources of Turkey; but cursed by Mohamedism, its doom is written; the days of the Crescent are numbered, and the mosque of St. Sophia will be restored to what it formerly was a Christian temple.

His description of the last night in the Crimea, the frantic joy over the armistice, the story of young Joe Benton, his comrade whom he had saved from death, who was dying of home-sickness, of their reception in London, and the meeting of Joe with his mother were told in a manner which cannot be reproduced by pen, and drew tears to the eyes of many. He was listened to with attention and at the close many went forward to examine the medals and exchange reminiscences of the battle of Fredericksburg, which the speaker had compared with Balaklava and the charge of the Light Brigade.

Exhibition.

Mr. Frederick Kyle's second exhibition of song birds and feathered novelties at Horticultural Hall, Boston, commenced Wednesday. At last year's exhibition 800 prizes, amounting to $2000, were distributed, but this year 1200 prizes, amounting to $2500, will be awarded. A special prize of $100 is offered for the most beautiful bird of any species. For canaries there are 100 prizes; amounting to $500, and the same for parrots. The balance will include feathered novelties of any breed.

Weymouth Historical Society.

The October meeting of this society will be held in the Tufts Library rooms on next Wednesday evening at half past seven o'clock. A full and prompt attendance is earnestly requested.

After a sea diet, to prevent boils and eruptions, and assist acclimation, use Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Sports at Hingham Fair.

On Wednesday, though the weather in the morning was threatening, before noon there was indication of clearing, and the attendance during the remainder of the day was good. The base ball game between the Boston Reserves and the Lawrence club was draggy and spiritless, and was won by the former by a score 11 to 5. The $2 prize for throwing a base ball was taken by David B. Chamberlain of Hingham, 357 feet; second prize of $2 by Rudderham of Braintree. The contest between the Eureka Hook and Ladder Company of East Weymouth and the Handserabbles of Weymouth Landing resulted in favor of the Eurekas. This contest proved very attractive; the victors were lustly cheered, and it would have been well if more companies had been invited. The time made by the Eurekas, running an eighth of an mile and raising a ladder with a man on it, was one minute, thirty-six and one-half seconds; the time of the Handserabbles was one minute fifty-eight and one-half seconds.

The annual dinner was served somewhat later than usual on account of waiting for the completion of the base ball game, and for some unexplained reason was not so largely attended as in previous years. Caterer Reed of Boston furnished a bountiful dinner. The blessing was asked by Rev. E. A. Robinson, and the after dinner speeches by President Ebed L. Ripley, Rev. E. A. Horton, ex-Mayor Frederic E. Greenhale of Lowell, Secretary John E. Russell of the State Board of Agricul. ture, Gen. W. W. Blackmar and John D. Long were very interesting and most of them highly amusing.

It was the universally expressed opinion that no better exhibition in the hall and upon the grounds has ever been made by the Hingham Agricultural and Horticultural Society.

Briefs.

The Cyclists Touring Club of Boston passed through Weymouth last Tuesday on their annual "wheel around the Hub," going as far as Cohasset. The riders were ten in number and had a rather disagreeable weather for their journey.

The Blaine and Logan Club of Ward 3 will hold a meeting at Clapp's Hall this evening, to form a Battalion for the campaign. Every supporter of the Republican nominees for President and Vice President is invited to be present.

The Democrats and Independents of Ward Three meet at Williams hall this evening to organize a Cleveland and Hendricks club.

The Original Norfolk Colored Jubilee Singers will appear at Clapp's Hall next Monday evening. This famous troupe have powerful and melodious voices, and they are well drilled in musical expression, making their concerts of a very pleasing character.

The First National Bank of South Weymouth will pay a dividend of three and one-half per cent October 1st.

The schools at South Weymouth were closed yesterday, and those in the north part of the town to-day, on account of the agricultural fair.

The schooner Everet Webster was aground on the Quaw last Monday morning, but was floated next tide, having sustained no especial damage. She had over 700 tons of coal on board, consigned for Joseph Cloud & Co., the largest cargo ever brought into this port.

Miss Dolly Walsh left here for St. Louis last Monday, intending to make that city her residence for a time.

On Friday evening, Sept. 18th, the young ladies employed in the stitching room at J. W. Hart & Co.'s boot and shoe factory presented W. W. Flanders a splendid easy chair. Mr. Flanders takes this method of thanking the misses under his charge for the remembrance of his thirtieth birthday and also for their generous liberality.

Mr. Charles G. Thompson and family will soon leave the old town of Weymouth and become permanent residents of Boston. We understand that Mr. Charles Frye of Scituate will occupy his former residence on Front street.

The boot and shoe business is very good at the present time in this place. The manufacturers are now making samples of work and expect a lively spring trade.

Some person unknown stole from the garden on the Weston estate Tuesday night, all the watermelons, fifteen head of cabbage and a large number of squashes besides vegetables of other kinds.

The Blaine and Logan club meet at their headquarters this evening when a battalion will be formed.

We were in error last week in stating that John McDonald was chosen secretary of the town committee. It should have read Thomas McDonald, a well-known citizen of Ward 3.

We are requested to state that at the factory of M. C. Nash & Co. a canvas was taken yesterday resulting as follows—Butler, 15; Blaine, 6; Cleveland, 1.

Sunday afternoon last Frank Whall assaulted Mr. Frank Blanchard of So. Weymouth who was passing on Phillips street. Officer Loud who witnessed the affair from a short distance started to arrest the assailant. Noticing his approach Whall ran down the street and put for the woods and has not been seen since about town.

The Weymouth and Braintree Bicycle club are fitting up new quarters over Kelley's marble works.

Miss Clara M. Carter returned to Washington to day.

Pray's Skating Rink is being put in nice condition for the fall and winter season.

Mr. Reuben Burrell who went to Brazil, South America, about three years since, is on his way home as we are informed.

The school children have a holiday to day.

Prof. Howard M. Dow has organized the "Unity Quartette" from the members of the choir of the Church of the Unity, Boston, including the noted tenor, Mr. Charles F. Adams, and managers of entertainments will find this concert company to be one of much merit.

Lecture.

Judge Johnson, of Waltham, lectured in the Baptist church Sunday evening last, on temperance, in the interest of the Law and Order League, the church being crowded. The lecture was a clear and interesting presentation of the evil effects of liquor drinking and selling, morally, socially, and financially, and coming from one who has had large experience in legal aspects of the traffic, the arguments were weighty and convincing. Over one hundred signatures were obtained to the constitution of the Law and Order League, making the total number of subscribers above 150.

Funeral.

Saturday last the funeral service of Mr. G. W. Nash took place at the M. E. church, at 2 o'clock, attended by Crescent Lodge, I. O. O. F., and Mechanics Temple of Honor, of which societies he was a valued and esteemed member. The service commenced with scripture reading and prayer by Rev. Mr. DePew, followed with remarks by Rev. Mr. Carroll, who paid a very fitting tribute to the deceased. Mr. Nash was extensively known about town and possesed an honorable reputation; has always been prominent in the temperance reform, and ever showed an interest in charatable work. Profound sympathy is felt with the relatives of the departed also with the societies with which he had been so long and pleasantly connected. The remains were interred at the North Weymouth cemetery, where the Temple of Honor and Odd Fellows paid their last sad rites to one they loved as a brother. The floral offerings were profuse, both societies contributing, as also did friends who hold him in remembrance for his many noble deeds and his irreproachable character.

Law and Order.

A meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Law and Order League was held in the Baptist church last Friday evening, President Jenkins in the chair. It was voted to change the form of organization by inserting "or her" in the paragraph referring to membership, so as to admit ladies as members. A vote was passed that not less than $150 be obtained by the Ex. Committee, on subscriptions, and that collections in aid of the League work be taken at lectures which may be given. The meeting was adjourned, subject to the call of the Executive Committee, and an invitation to hold the meeting in the Union church was accepted.

NORTH WEYMOUTH

Home Again.

Miss Clara L. Walker and Miss Caro M. Keating arrived home recently from their extended tour to the old Pine Tree State. They sailed from Boston in the steamer Cambridge, going direct to Searsmont, and spent four days there, next visiting Lincolnville, and stopping a few days there with friends, who carry on extensive business in farming. From there they returned to Searsmont and next visited Northport, 13 miles from Searsmont, where a Methodist camp meeting was being held. They boarded at one of the best hotels in the place, and stayed there a week occupying the time in attending meetings, which were highly interesting. They give a very glowing account of Northport, which is growing very fast, having hotels, that do a lively business during the summer, and a great variety of amusements are enjoyed on the grounds. It is estimated that fully ten thousand people were there daily. Steamers go too and from there for Boston every day. They had promised to go to Camden and pay a visit to Rev. Mr. Tyler's family, and they proceeded over the old Camden turnpike, which runs much of the way by the side of a beautiful lake, the scenery along the route being grand. On reaching Camden, they went direct to the residence of Mr. Tyler, and had a very pleasant reception. They found the family all well and highly pleased with their new home. The young ladies stopped there only one day, as their vacation had nearly expired. Rev. Mr. Tyler took a team and took them about the country as far as time would permit. They describe this place as the most delightful and attractive they had visited. Every inducement was offered the young ladies by Mr. and Mrs. Tyler as well as all other members of the family to have them remain with them longer, but it was with deep regret they had to leave. They came home on the steamer Penobscot their voyage home being most delightful. They show that their recuperation had added largely to their avoirdupois, and a better time was never enjoyed by them.

Obituary.

It is our sad duty to record the deaths of aged and much respected neighbors, who all lay dead at the same time. Monday, 15th inst., the messenger of death visited this village and summoned from time to eternity Mr. Charles H. Burgess; Tuesday, the sad news was announced that Mrs. Joseph Bates and Mrs. Samuel Cleverly had been borne away on angels wings to the happy home above. By the death of Mrs. Cleverly the community have been called to mourn the loss of an estimable lady, a kind neighbor, ever ready to render assistance wherever needed, a dearly beloved wife, a kind and affectionate mother. In the society to which she belonged she was so long as her health permitted, an earnest, active member, and the Sewing Circle have to mourn the loss of a valuable member. Much more might be said commendatory of the deceased, but space will not permit. Mrs. Cleverly was the daughter of Capt. Peter Hersey, of Hingham, was born March 28, 1813, lived with her parents until she was 18 years old, when she married Mr. Samuel Cleverly of this village and by the blessing of God they were spared to live together for 53 years and during that time have resided in this village. They had two sons, Alonzo and Samuel Augustus, who now have families and reside in this place. The deceased and two sisters married three brothers, Samuel, Caleb and George W. Cleverly, all of this place. Funeral services were held at her late residence on Sea street, last Friday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Sawyer, of Quincy, officiating, and his address was very impressive, eulogizing the life and character of the deceased in a most eloquent manner. Singing was by a quartette, J. W. Bartlett, Esq., Arthur Bartlett, Miss Carrie Bartlett, and Mrs. Frances Baker. The remains were taken to the Old North Cemetery for interment, Henry Newton, Esq., E. S. Beals, Esq., Wm. Lovell and Thomas Bicknell serving as pall bearers. Thus one after another is suddenly taken from our midst, but we can only say, not my will but thine, O God, be done.

Rising in the World.

Some it is said, are born great, some make themselves great, and some have greatness thrust upon them, but most of those who arrive at any distinction in business are favored more or less by all three of these circumstances. The main point is to have the ability to become great through your own endeavors. Natural gifts are the first requisite to make a distinguished person; circumstances operate in different ways for the advancement of gifted individuals; some are drawn and assisted up hill by friends and some are kicked up by enemies, and the secret of rising in the world is to know how to make use of both friends and neighbors. There is another very important point to consider in establishing a man's character and reputation, and that is promptness. In all we do, how often we hear men agree to do a certain piece of work within a certain time, but too often fail to meet their agreement, while there are those in whom we can place explicit confidence. A few years ago, Mr. G. W. Whitten of East Weymouth, established a branch store in this village, in the stove, tin and hardware business, and put in a young man there to manage business, who by strict attention in filling his orders promptly, and his pleasant gentlemanly manner, soon won the confidence and esteem of all the patrons. This young man was Mr. Michael Crehan, who served his time with Mr. White and who last spring bought Mr. Whitten out, and is doing business now in Whitten's Block, East Weymouth. Any one in want of anything in his line of goods or work will receive prompt attention and find prices to suit. We can highly recommend Mr. Crehan as a model young man, and one in whom the public can place the fullest confidence for honesty and uprightness in business. N. M.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

There will be no rehearsal of the Congregational choir this week.

Mr. John Nolan, who has been sick for a long time, is now recovering.

The organ in the Immaculate Conception church has been recently tuned.

The Stars defeated the Tigers on Saturday last, score 23 to 11.

Miss Mary Thomas, housekeeper for Mr. Thomas Humphry, has resigned her position on account of sickness.

The linemen have commenced putting up the telephone wire to South Weymouth.

Mr. R. V. Merchant and wife have returned from their trip to New York, Newport and Philadelphia.

The number of people who visited the Hingham fair from this place was smaller than usual this year.

Of the fifteen Democratic town committee elected at a recent caucus, five have resigned.

The benefit ball of Mr. Wm. Fogarty takes place at the Town Hall this evening.

We regret to learn that Mr. Allen Clapp is dangerously ill at his residence at Clapp's Corner.

Letters remain in this office for Mrs. Bridget Bryan, Mrs. Michael Moran, Mrs. J. G. Stewart, Miss Lena B. Rich, John Burke Esq., Dan Donovan.

Mr. Geo. M. Anderson of Milwaukee is visiting at Mr. Willie A. Newcomb's. He is connected with the Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western Railroad.

Mr. Daniel Fields on Saturday last caught at Whitman's Pond a pickerel measuring twenty four inches long and weighing four pounds.

Mrs. W. A. DePew starts on Tuesday for Kansas on a visit to her parents whom she has not visited for about seven years.

Miss Addie Pillsbury and Miss Emma F. Lane returned from Wolfboro, N. H., on Monday. Miss Pillsbury intends to visit a friend at Cheshire, Ct., for a week or two.

The Plymouth County Prohibition convention will be held at town hall, East Bridgewater, next Tuesday at 10 a. m. A collation is to be furnished by friends there.

A very pleasing concert by the young folks was given at Reform Club hall on Sunday evening last. The singing by the little ones was quite good and entitled them to considerable credit for their excellent time. The speaking was called fine by all who heard it.

Two boxes of grapes were stolen from the fruit stand at Jackson Square on Monday last by some boys it is thought, as they were seen on Savin Hill eating fruit of that kind and when approached by a person who was strolling in that vicinity ran away.

The Old Colony R. R. Co. have decided to remove the building heretofore mentioned that stands on the Weymouth Iron Co.'s private way, about fifty feet south of its present location, which will give plenty of room for improvements.

Father McKenna of Hudson is visiting Rev. Father Millerick and will say the 9 o'clock mass next Sunday at the Catholic church. He has been foremost for many years in the temperance cause, and later has been at the head of the Irish National League in Massachusetts.

The C. L. S. C. will give a public entertainment next Friday evening, Sept. 26, in the M. E. vestry. An interesting programme has been made up, consisting of essays, readings, etc., music by the Hayden quartette and others. The public are cordially invited to attend.

SEC'Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dyer will pass the fall and probably the winter at their son John's residence at Beechwood, who will visit California in company with his wife whose health has been quite bad of late, Mrs. Dyer's physician recommending a change of climate.

There will be no preaching service at the Cong'l church on Sunday. The Sabbath school will be held as usual.

A Cleveland and Hendricks flag raising took place at Jackson Square Tuesday evening, in the presence of nearly one thousand people, notwithstanding the cold and chilly atmosphere that prevailed. The Weymouth band rendered appropriate music, playing at the time the flag was unfurled, the "Star Spangled Banner." A display of fireworks from the laboratory of Prof. E.S. Hunt made the scene more beautiful. The speakers were Mr. W. J. Burke, of East Boston, who spoke in behalf of the Democratic State Committee, and Mr. Geo. C. Hodges, who represented the Independent Republicans. The gentleman from Weymouth Landing did not put in an appearance, which was a great disappointment to many. This flag is said to be the only one raised at this place (with the exception of a Republican flag) since Bell and Everett's time.

Annual Exhibition.

The twenty-sixth annual exhibition of the Hingham Agricult'l and Hort'l Society opened at their grounds, at the Centre, last Tuesday morning, there being a smaller number than usual, probably owing to the inclemency of the weather. On the grounds there was a fine display of stock, including horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, etc., and larger than any of the society's displays for the past eight or ten years, all the pens being full. In the hall there was a fine display of needlework, fancy and useful articles, besides a creditable showing of bread, butter, cheese, pickles, preserves, etc. The floral exhibition is a new and excellent feature. The display of apples was fine, there being a larger number on exibition than in former years, besides a fair showing of pears. One principal feature of the fair was the parade of the Fifth Reg't M. V. M., accompanied by its regimental band and drum corps, which left Boston, on the steamer Gen. Lincoln, at 9.40, arriving in Hingham at 10.45 in the morning. Upon their arrival at the wharf, they reformed into line and headed by its band and drum corps, and under the command of Col. Wm. Bancroft, marched through the principal streets to the Fair Grounds, where they gave a creditable battalion drill and dress parade. After partaking of a collation in the upper hall, they then returned to Boston, on the 3.40 boat, and on arrival were reviewed by Mayor Martin. They numbered 375 men.

The displays of grapes, peaches, Honey, Quinces, small fruits, etc., were unexceptionably fine, and many parties received premiums.

Mr. Henry L. Merritt is at one of the fairs in Boston, selling shade pens

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

At the call of the representatives of the republican town committee in Wards 4 and a meeting was held at Columbian Hall last Friday evening for the purpose of organizing for the present political campaign. After a few preliminary remarks it was voted to form a Blaine and Logan club, and the following officers were unanimously elected—president, H. A. Thomas; vice president, Josiah Reed, Geo. L. Wentworth, N. B. Thayer, Gordon Willis, O. B. Bates, H. E. Raymond, W. H. Robinson, N. S. French, G. B. Bailey, C. W. Fearing, Wm. Nash, Chas. Hawes, G. F. Maynard, G. T. Loud; secretary, Edgar R. Downs; treasurer, A. E. Richardson; executive committee, G. W. Bates, L. A. Cook, G. F. Hayden C. W. Hastings, J. M. Whitcomb. About 50 names were affixed to the membership roll and a committee was appointed to canvass the entire village with the view of enrolling as many supporters of the republican candidates as possible upon the list of members. A committee was also chosen to procure headquarters for the club, and arrange for a flag raising and local rallies. The executive committee were instructed to take measures for the formation of a torchlight company and a further committee was appointed to raise funds for campaign purposes. The club starts out more vigorously than that of four years ago which did effective work in the Garfield campaign. After earnest remarks by Josiah Reed, Geo. L. Wentworth, J. M. Whitcomb and others the meeting was adjourned to the next Tuesday evening.

The fair of the ladies to be held in the Union Congregational vestry next week on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, promises to be a very successful and pleasant event.

An attractive programme may be looked for each evening and a variety of useful and fancy articles will be for sale. In addition to the usual features it is expected that a large number of supper tickets will be disposed of. Admitted to the supper room, one will have his attention drawn to an engraved menu card, when he can suite the taste in a selection from cold meats, hot baked beans and brown bread, scalloped oysters, indian pudding, different kinds of pies, together with tea, coffee and cake, all at a cost of twenty-five cents, with an ice cream if desired for an extra ten cents. The affair is in charge of able and experienced hands and will no doubt be very popular.

The Uuniversalist society has recently raised the sum of $500 by subscription for the purpose of repairing their church edifice. A new steeple is being added to the old tower, which with the iron railing will prove highly ornamental. The outside of the church is to be painted in the most approved style and it is expected that the inside of the church will be thoroughly renovated as far as possible. This work of improvement has been long needed and when completed will speak highly for the earnestness of those interested in the welfare of this society. The prosperity of their affairs will be enhancee by the participation in the work.

An adjourned meeting of the Blaine and Logan club was held on Tuesday evening when the work of the campaign was more fully discussed. The executive committee reported that the attractive rooms of the W. C. T. U. had been hired until after election for the headquarters of the club, and these rooms will be open every week day evening, except the nights of the regular meetings of the Wednesday Night club, for the use of those who may find it convenient to visit them. A torchlight company will be formed tomorrow, Saturday evening, when the friends of Blaine and Logan are invited to be present. The headquarters will be provided with a great variety of campaign documents for free distribution.

A very pleasant sociable was given to the ladies and friends of the Union Congregational society, by Mrs. Josiah Reed at her home on Wednesday evening. The attendance was large, and the spacious rooms were filled with ladies and gentlemen, together with a happy company of young people. Tea was served in the large dining room shortly before seven o'clock, Mrs. Reed presiding with her accustomed grace at the head of the table. Although everybody could not find seats in the dining room no one failed to be nicely served, as a corps of young misses acted as waiters and promptly supplied the different rooms with the tempting dishes of the supper room. Meantime the company had been enlarged by tardy arrivals, and after the supper everybody engaged in animated conversation concerning politics, society and the latest gossip of the day. At eight o'clock a different kind of entertainment was announced, and as the folding doors at the end of the long parlor were thrown aside, a grotesque company of individuals was presented, who has assembled in imitation of the old fashioned debating society at the country school house. "Squire Solid" presided, and in turn the question of the evening was discussed by the characteristic personages present, who in ludicrous costumes and affected speech, assumed the different parts, to the great enjoyment of the auditors. The novel programme was planned by Mrs. Dana, sister of Mrs. Reed, who prefaced the discussion by reading in fine taste the poetic lines descriptive of the scene. The entire affair was most enjoyable and afforded a rich treat to those present. A number of guests outside of the society were present by invitation.

One cannot help noticing the neat and enhanced appearance of the green in Independence Square since the improvement made during the present week. The old and clumsy side boards have been removed and their place supplied by neat and artistic signs having gilt letters upon a black background, suspended on an iron arch and curved to conform to the lines of the triangular lot, while a street lamp is suspended beneath to light up the place at night. The improvement association, selectman and residents in that vicinity, all of whom had a part in the matter, are to be congratulated on the result.

Columbian or "Rogers Hall" has been rented to a party of young men in the village who intend to make it their evening headquarters, where they can congregate and read and enjoy themselves at leisure. The young men are of good character and so far as known the ends sought, by the provision of this room where they can associate together, are perfectly proper and commendable.

The room in Rogers building formerly occupied by the periodical store has been hired by W. F. Sproul of South Abington who will soon open a store of like character, for the sale of periodicals, stationery, cigars, tobacco, etc.

Mr. Louis A. Cook and family have returned home after a summer sojourn at Blackstone, Mass., upon a farm some distance from the village.

Owing to the dusty condition of the streets our friend's illustrious steed has not yet been taken out for practice, as a clear atmosphere is necessary for the driver to know whether the horse is moving or standing still. However, as in the story, the owner believes that "there is the makings of a good horse in somewhere.

The regular discussion of the Wednesday night club takes places next week, with the same subject assigned for the last meeting, i. e.: The support of the government by direct taxation," to be opened by A. E. Richardson.

The regular meeting of the Improvement Association occurs at the residence of Dr. Tower on next Friday evening at eight o'clock.

Mr. Chas. T. Foster has been elected a member of the Republican town committee from Ward Five for the ensuing year.

There is unusual interest manifest in the fair here this year, and if the weather continues pleasant there is little doubt of a financial success. The base ball matches and fast trotting as well as the display in the hall will attract about everybody from the village. HENRY.

Prohibition Club.

Pursuant to a call a large number of St. John and Daniel supporters met at the hall of the Reform Club on Wednesday evening and formed a club, the officers of which are as follows: President, Hon. G. W. Buttrick; vice-presidents, George W. Dyer, Joshua Vinal, Wilmot Cleverly; secretary, Masaniello Collyer; treasurer, George W. Dyer; executive and finance committee, Geo. A. Beedem, N. F. Humphrey, I. D. Wildes, S. S. Marden, Nathan Pratt, Rev. F. D. Sargent, E. E. Chapman. Considerable enthusiasm was manifested by those present, speeches being made by Messrs. Buttrrick, Dyer, Enos Raymond, Sargent, Vinal, Beedem, Pratt and others. It was voted to hold a public meeting next Wednesday evening, at which Rev. F. D. Sargent will discuss the prohibition question. Mr. Sargent is an eloquent speaker and cannot fail to interest his hearers.

BRAINTREE.

Found Dead.

On Friday afternoon, between 4 and 5 o'clock, as a gentleman was crossing a pasture near Wm. Gillespie's blacksmith shop, he discovered something lying among the bushes, which upon closer examination proved to be the body of Mr. James Burt. Mr. Burt left home on Wednesday morning stating to his family that he was going to see Mr. Drinkwater to get a job of work, which was the last seen of him at home until his body was carried to the house. The funeral took place on Sunday, from his late residence. Mr. Burt was 56 years of age, a quiet, unobtrusive man, associating but little with those about him.

Mrs. Elizabeth Jordan returned from a visit to Brockton on Monday.

Mr. C. Stetson has had his tenement house on Front street painted.

Mr. Ed W. Bowditch has a cellar dug, and is to have a new house built on Howard street.

Brutal Assault.

On Monday evening Thomas Dalton sent his 14 year old daughter Elizabeth to a drug store in Weymouth, to procure some medicine. Upon her return while passing through a lonely part of the way she was assaulted by two ruffians and beat and bruised in a brutal manner. Her cries attracted the attention of persons in the vicinity, and upon their approach the ruffians left in a hurry, taking a small bottle of liquor she had with her.

Mrs. Elizabeth Jordan has had new windows put in her house, and other work done upon it, much improving its appearance.

Miss Ella E. Cronin left on Wednesday for a visit to friends in Andover.

J. Frank Baxter of Chelsea, will conduct services at a Spiritualist meeting to be held at Clapp's Hall on Sunday next. Services at 2.30 and 7.30 p. m.

Mr. Henry C. Pettingill has purchased of Wm. Bowdith his stock of groceries and will continue the business at the old stand, the "Brick Store."

INSCRIPTIONS IN HIGHLAND CEMETERY.

[Continued.]

Mrs. Lucinda, wife of Mr. Freeman B. Cushing, died Sept. 23, 1852 aged 33 years.
"Farewell, farewell my bosom friend,
Thy loss has rent my heart,
But hope we'll meet in realms of bliss,
And never more to part."

Lydia B, dau. of Mr. Freeman and Mrs. Lucinda Cushing, died Sept. 24, 1851 aged 17mo, 8d.

Edward Quincy, son of Mr. Theron and Mrs. Susan Cushing, died Sept. 12, 1847 aged 2yrs, 5m.
"Shed not for him the bitter tears
Nor give the heart to vain regret,
'Tis but the casket that lies here,
The gems that filled it sparkles yet."

In memory of Mr. Daniel Blanchard who died May 10, 1833 aged 78 years.
"Let worms consume my wasting flesh,
And crumble all my bones to dust.
God shall revive my soul anew,
The revival of the just."

Mary, wife of Daniel Blanchard, died Oct. 8, 1849 aged 89 years, 10 mos.
"Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

Sarah, dau. of Mr. Cyrus and Mrs. Rachel Blanchard, died Nov. 23, 1821 aged 3 weeks.

Erected in memory of Mr. Cyrus Blanchard who died Feb. 19, 1836 aged 48 years.
"Farewell my wife and children too,
I can no longer stay with you.
My portion in Heaven I wish to share
Prepare for death and meet me there."

Rachel, wife of Cyrus Blanchard, died May 29, 1881 aged 82 yrs, 4 mos, 4 days.
"As Jesus died and rose again, victorious from the dead,
So his disciples rise and reign with this triumphant head."

In memory of Mr. Joseph W. Pool, who died June 13, 1843 in the 34th year of his age.

Ruth S. Lothrop died Feb. 23, 1871, aged 70yrs. 9 months.

Sacred to the memory of Mr. Jeremiah White who died Jan. 23, 1837 aged 59 years, also Mrs. Harriet, wife of Mr. Daniel Loud Jr., died Sept. 20, 1822 aged 21 years.

Francis W, son of Alden and Diantha G. White died May 18, 1842 aged 2 yrs, 1 mo, 19 days.

Erected in memory of Mr. Loring White who died June 8, 1834 aged 31 years.

Sacred to the memory of Mrs. Lydia, wife of Mr Geo. H. Torrey who died Oct. 1, 1836 in the 25th year of his age.

Sacred to the memory of Mrs. Eliza Ann, wife of Mr. Elbridge Curtis who died Jan. 27, 1834 aged 20 years.

Lois Packard, wife of Robert S. White. She departed this life June 3d, 1862 at the age of 35 yrs, 3 mos. "'Tis the work of God."

Sarah White died Mar. 6, 1848 aged 68 years.

Albert Birney, son of Mr. Benj. F. and Mrs. Mary Ann White born Mar. 6, 1843 died June 21, 1846.

James, son of Benj. F. and Mary Ann White died April 22, 1858 aged 10 days.

Herbert Franklin, son of Benj. F. and Mary Ann White died Aug. 17, 1860 aged 8yrs, 5mos.

Capt. Silas White died Feb. 12, 1852 aged 78 ys, 9 mos, 7 days.

Hannah P, wife of Capt. Silas White, died Dec. 12, 1863 aged 72 years.

Samuel R. Tirrell died Mar. 9, 1850, aged 26yrs.

Erected to the memory of Mr. John Thomas died Aug. 30, 1842 in the 60th year of his age.
"His days are o'er his glass is run,
His labor here on earth is done,
When Christs elect are gathered in
His dust shall rise and live again."

Lois, wife of John Thomas, died Sept. 20, 1870 aged 85 yrs, 8 mos, 25 days.
"The Lord is my shepherd I shall not want."

Joseph Curtis—July 21, 1812—Feb. 20, 1876.

Prescott, son of Joseph and Caroline Curtis died Sept. 13, 1854 aged 4yrs, 10 mos.

In memory of Caroline, dau. of Joseph and Caroline Curtis died Mar. 16, 1839 aged 5 mos, 8days.

Abby M, dau. of Joseph and Caroline Curtis died May 1, 1846, aged 6 months, 6 days.

Amos Merritt, born Mar. 6, 1783, died May 28, 1867.

Nancy T. Merritt born Sept. 10, 1790 died May 24, 1860.

Susan T. Merritt born Nov. 10, 1785, died Jan. 19, 1823.

Amos Merritt Jr., born June 23, 1819, died Apr. 14, 1853.

Charles Merritt born Sept. 19, 1821, died April 12, 1882.

Susan T. Merritt, born June 24, 1826, died Oct. 1, 1879.

Alzira B. Merritt born Nov. 20, 1827, died Apr. 29, 1834.

Nancy T. Merritt born May 25, 1829, died Apr 15, 1834.

William Merritt born Dec. 25, 1824 died June 8, 1825. [The foregoing Merritts are are all on a Monument.]

Mary E. Summers died Sept. 10, 1875, aged 16 years, 2 mos, 2 days.

Reuben Burrell died Jan. 1, 1829, aged 37 yrs.

Lavinia Burrell his wife died Sept. 16, 1843, aged 48 years. (On one stone.)

Nancy T. Burrell died Aug. 15, 1843, aged 19yrs.
"The present is dark with sorrow, the future is bright with hopes of happiness."

Freddie Irving, son of Reuben T. and Mary Burrell, died May 37, 1855, aged 3yrs, 5mos, 1d.

Ayer's Ague Cure stimulates the action of the liver, cleanses the blood of malarial poison, and rouses the system to renew vigor. Warranted to cure Fever and Ague.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of HENRIETTA I. DERBY, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
JOHN H. STETSON, Adm'r.
Sept. 10th, 1884. 23 24

TO LET.

A CONVENIENT HOUSE on Norfolk Street, Weymouth, two minutes walk to Post Office. Apply to
T. B. FORTER,
Front Street, Weymouth.

Excited Thousands.

All over the land are going into ecstasy over Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their unlooked for recovery by the timely use of this great life saving remedy, causes them to go nearly wild in its praise. It is guaranteed to positively cure Severe Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, or any affection of the throat and lungs. Trial bottles free at D. J. Pierce's Drug store. Large size, $1.00.

New Advertisements.

CENTS
FURNISHING!

White Shirts,
LAUNDERED & UNLAUNDERED,
At Extreme Low Prices.

Col'd Shirts
For 50 Cents.

WORKINGMEN'S
Heavy Cheviot Shirts
For 50 Cents.

A full line of
UNDERWEAR,
including SHIRTS and DRAWERS, from 50 cts. to $2 50.

The 50 cent Shirts and Drawers are a great bargain, and cannot be beat anywhere.

Stockings
of all kinds.-Cotton from 10 to 25c. Woolen from 25 to 50c.

NECKTIES, COLLARS, GLOVES CUFFS, HDKF'S, &c., in great variety.

Our new assortment of
Dry Goods,
Ladies Underwear,
FLANNELS
and other seasonable goods, is now ready for inspection, and we should be pleased to have the public call and
SEE THE BARGAINS.

LOUIS W. NASH,
OLD STAND OF E. G. TIRRELL.
Cor. Broad and Washington Sts,
Lincoln Square, Weymouth.
8tf

CLAPP'S HALL, WEYMOUTH.
GRAND CONCERT
Monday Evening, Sept. 29, 1884.
THE ORIGINAL
NORFOLK JUBILEE SINGERS
From Norfolk, Va.
A GENUINE SLAVE BAND.

Southern Songs of the Old Plantation, which for melody and harmony are unsurpassed. They are genuine Colored People emancipated by President Lincoln's great proclamation of freedom. Formerly slaves, they give the best and truest picture of slave life on the plantation of the South. A rare, rich treat for music-loving people.

Admission, 15 cts. Reserved Seats, 25 cts.
Tickets at B. F. Smith's Store.
C. S. DWINNELL, Manager.
S. A. HATHAWAY. Gen. Agt.

CHAS. H. BARNES,
512 WASHINGTON STREET.
BOSTON.

Chamber Sets
In Great Variety.
Painted,
Enamelled,
Mahoganized,
Ash,
Cherry,
Walnut,
Mahogany.

All New Designs, at Popular Prices, for Cash or on Easy Terms.

CHAS. H. BARNES,
512 Washington St., Boston.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of BETSEY B. LINCOLN, late of Cohasset, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
JOSEPH B. LINCOLN, Adm'r.
Cohasset, Sept. 10, 1884. 22 24

TO LET.

A DWELLING HOUSE containing six rooms, situated on Broad Street. Also, two chambers, suitable for light housekeeping.
Apply to
22 3t J. GOVE, Broad St., Weymouth.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of EDWIN T. PRATT, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, minor, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
F. DEXTER PRATT, Administrator.
Weymouth, Sept. 3, 1884. N 23 2t

FLOUR.

THE VERY BEST
HAXALL FLOUR!
$7.35 PER BBL.
92 cents per Bag.

HUNT & CO.,
64 Front Street, Weymouth Landing.

GEO. A. [illegible]

WITH
WALBRDGE Bros.
23 Washington St.,
BOSTON,
MASS.

LARGE AND COMPLETE New Stock OF FURNITURE!

PARLOR, CHAMBER LIBRARY, DINING ROOM, KITCHEN
AND GENERAL LINE OF
Housekeeping Goods!

CARPETS!
WILTONS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, WOOL AND CHEAPER GRADES.
OIL CLOTHS & STRAW MATTINGS

Fall Opening!
Men's, Youth's & Boys' Clothing
NEW STOCK NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED TO EVERYBODY. GOODS AS REPRESENTED OR MONEY REFUNDED.
We have a bargain for a
FALL OVERCOAT FOR $10.00,
which we guarantee to be made of good wool and to hold its color.
LATEST STYLES IN HATS, ALL PRICES.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF NECK TIES JUST RECEIVED, GENUINE SHAW KNIT STOCKING FOR 20 CENTS, RUBBER COATS AND HATS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, STATIONERY, &c. &c.
CLARK & FOSTER,
Columbian Square, South Weymouth

E. ROWLAND,
CARRIAGE & SIGN PAINTER,
Also, Burnish Gilding on Glass, and Ornamental Painting of all descriptions,
13 Broad St., E. WEYMOUTH.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.
BEST OF ENGLISH VARNISH USED.

BARGAINS
THIS WEEK,
IN
LACE COLLARS AND TOWELS,
AT
J. W. BARTLETT'S,
Sea Street, - - NORTH WEYMOUTH

C. L. RICE & CO.
FURNITURE. { A large assortment for CHAMBERS, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS and KITCHEN; LOUNGES and PARLOR FUR. of our own manufacture.
BEDDING. { MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, FEATHERS, COMFORTERS and WOOLLEN BLANKETS.
CARPETING. { Bargains in closing out lots—to make room for the coming Spring Stock.
CROCKERY. { Two white and several decorated patterns, from which we can sell Dinner Sets.
CURTAINS AND FIXTURES. { Several best makes of SPRING FIXTURES.
CURTAINS and FIXTURES fitted to order.
CUTLERY.—Knives and Forks, Carvers, &c.
WALL PAPERS.—Closing out lots very cheap, to make room for Spring stock.
FURNITURE MOVING.—Plenty of Mats, and goods carefully handled
FURNITURE REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING.
UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT.—ROBES and CASKETS constantly on hand. Every branch of this business promptly attended to.
BRANCH STORE AT SO. WEYMOUTH.
A good assortment of many kinds of Goods can be found here.
C. L. RICE & CO.
ROCKLAND, Jan. 10th, 1884.

TRY
TROTT'S LAUNDRY AGENCY,
At residence Washington St., near Lincoln Sq.
Collars & Cuffs, 1 1-2c.
Shirts, 10 Cents.
All other articles proportionally low. First class work, satisfaction guaranteed. Send your goods for NEXT TUESDAY and have them returned FRIDAY. Delivered if desired. Compare the list with others.
W. H. TROTT.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK SS. Probate Court.

TO the Heirs-at-Law, Next-of-Kin, and all others persons interested in the estate of NATHAN BATES, late of Weymouth, in said County, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, three certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament with two codicils thereto, of said deceased have been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Quincy Bicknell, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him the executor therein named:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Dedham, in said County of Norfolk, on the third Wednesday of October next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this Citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the East Weymouth News printed at Weymouth, the last publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, George White, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.
23 25 JONATHAN COBB, Register.

A CARD OF THANKS.

We the undersigned wish to express our heartfelt thanks to the friends who so earnestly and faithfully watched over our father during his recent illness. We also wish to extend our thanks to the lodges of which he was a member, who cared for him with unceasing willingness until his end.
S. P. NASH AND FAMILY.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage given by Henry Hobart to Caleb Stetson, dated December 15th, 1876, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, Lib 485, Fol. 284, will be sold at public auction, for breach of conditions of said mortgage, upon the premises hereinafter described, on MONDAY, October 6, 1884, at 9.30 o'clock A. M., all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, to wit:

A certain parcel of land situated in that part of Braintree called East Braintree, and bounded and described as follows, viz.:—southerly on Allen street about eight rods; easterly on land of Thomas Griffin, (or Edward Avery), about ten rods; northerly on land of John Wren about eight rods; and westerly on Hobart street about ten rods,—containing about half an acre of land.

The above described premises are conveyed subject to a mortgage for three hundred dollars to the Braintree Savings Bank; being the same premises conveyed to the grantor by Abram Hobart, less a strip on both streets aforesaid to widen said streets.

Conditions made known at the sale.
CHARLES H. WEBB,
22 24 Assignee of said Mortgage.

PIANO,
FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A Second Hand, Square, Hallett & Cumston piano, in good condition, terms reasonable. May be seen at "Bayside," North Weymouth.
Apply to
J. L. RODGERS,
22 2t 253 Congress Street, Boston.

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administratrix of the Estate of PAMELIA STOCKBRIDGE, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
AMELIA F. GARDNER, Adm'x.
Weymouth, Sept. 22d, 1884. 23 25

R. 4
OUR!
BBL.
co..
th Landing.
TH
GE Bros.
ington St.,
STON,
ASS.
ing!
s' Clothing
SPECTION.
BODY. GOODS AS
FUNDED.
R $10.00,
hold its color.
ALL PRICES.
ECK TIES JUST RE-
NG FOR 20 CENTS,
KS, UMBRELLAS,
STER,
th Weymouth
LND,
PAINTER,
lass, and Orna-
escriptions,
EYMOUTH.
satisfaction.
NISH USED.
AINS
EK,
TOWELS,
LETT'S,
WEYMOUTH
& CO.
S, PARLORS, DINING ROOMS and
& FUR of our own manufacture.
IMPORTERS and WOOLLEN BLAN-
ake room for the coming Spring
atterns, from which we can sell
Several best makes of SPRING
FIXTURES.
for Spring stock.
by handled
UPHOLSTERING.
SKETS constantly on hand. Every
EYMOUTH.
ere.
CE & CO.
ORTGAGEE'S SALE.
e of the power of sale contained in a cer-
ortgage given by Henry Hobart to Caleb
ted December 15th, 1876, and recorded
k Deeds, Lib 485, Fol. 284, will be sold
ction, for breach of conditions of said
upon the premises hereinafter described,
AY, October 6, 1884, at 9.30 o'clock A M.,
egular the premises conveyed by said
ribed, to wit:
parcel of land situated in that part of
alled East Braintree, and bounded and
as follows, viz.:—southerly on Allen
r eight rods; easterly on land of Thomas
Edward Avery), about ten rods; north-
d of John Wren about eight rods; and
n Hobart street about ten rods,—contain-
half an acre of land.
re described premises are conveyed sub-
ortgage for three hundred dollars to the
Savings Bank; being the same premises
o the grantor by Abram Hobart, less a
th streets aforesaid to widen said streets.
as made know un at the sale.
CHARLES H. WEBB,
Assignee of said Mortgage.
IANO,
R SALE OR TO RENT.
ond Hand, Square, Hallett & Cumston
s, in good condition, terms reasonable.
en at "Bayside," North Weymouth.
Apply to
J. L. RODGERS,
253 Congress Street, Boston.
Administratrix's Notice.
is hereby given, that the subscriber has
duly appointed Administratrix of the Es-
AMELIA STOCKBRIDGE, late of Wey-
the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has
n herself that trust by giving bonds, as
rects. All persons having demands upon
of said deceased are required to exhibit
, and all persons indebted to said estate
upon to make payment to
AMELIA F. GARDNER, Adm'x.
uth, Sept. 22d, 1884. 23 25

1884. WEYMOUTH. 1884

Legless, Locks, Knobs, Hinges, Screws, Bolts, Stitches, Keys, Brackets, Pulleys, Chains, Tacks, Hammers, Crowbars, Hay Tools, Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Forks, Curtain Fixtures, Fish Tackle, Axes, Planes, Levels, Pumps, Hatchets, Mason Builds, Carpenters' Rules, Bung Hoops, Bung Bores, Door Locks, Door Trimmings, Door Knobs, Door Bells, Locks & Staples, Sash Weights, Sheet Lead, Sash Sash Springs, Carriage Bolts, Door Springs, Door Springs, Door Springs

E. A. BIGELOW,

—DEALER IN—

COAL,

WOOD,

Grain, Flour,

HAY, STRAW, LIME, CEMENT, BRICK, HAIR AND SAND.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT.

Office and Yard, Wharf & East Streets,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

ORDER BOX AT THE POST OFFICE.

Office open from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH

SAVINGS BANK.

President, JOSIAH REED
Vice President, ORAN WHITE
Treasurer, A. E. VINING.

BOARD OF INVESTMENT.

JOSIAH REED, P. H. TIRRELL
ORAN WHITE, LORING TIRRELL
JOSEPH DYER.

(Open from 9 to 12 A. M. and 2 1-2 to 5 P. M.)

Joseph I. Bates,

AUCTIONEER

—AND—

Commission Merchant.

Liberal advances on Consignments.

Weymouth Landing, - Mass

DENTISTRY.

PRICES OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

AS MANUFACTURED BY

A. G. NYE,

WEYMOUTH LANDING.

On Gold,	$40.00
On Platinum (Continuous Gum Work),	30.00
On Silver,	15.00
On Choplastic (Metallic),	10.00
On Celluloid	10.00
On Rubber.	10.00

SAMUEL CURTIS,

Coffin Warehouse,

—AND—

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

Weymouth Landing.

COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Furnished at Shortest Notice.

THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING BODIES.

Auction Sales attended to as usual.

NOBLE MORSE,

AUCTIONEER

Will give particular attention to the sale of Real Estate and personal property.

Post Office Address, NORTH WEYMOUTH, MASS

R. F. RAYMOND,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN

—AND—

MUSICAL COMPOSITION.

(Sixteen years experience.)

Terms, $15 for a Course of 20 Lessons.

No. 1 Water Street, East Weymouth

G. H. ROTH,

OPTICIAN.

47 WEST STREET, BOSTON.

See what a leading Boston paper says of him:—All those who are afflicted with imperfect vision, from whatever cause or of any nature, will find in Mr. G. H. Roth, 47 West Street, an optician of rare practical knowledge, always ready to give substantial advice to all who may consult him. The highly interesting lectures on the eye and its diseases which Mr. Roth has given before large and appreciative audiences in and out of Boston, give evidence of his thorough knowledge of his profession.—Boston Transcript. 52 1y

C. F. DAYMON

HAS REMOVED TO Spear's Block, BROAD ST., E. Weymouth,

where he would be pleased to attend to former patrons.

FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS

Made to Order.

LIBRARY CASES, SIDEBOARDS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, RECLINING CHAIRS, etc.,

IN ALL THE

LATEST STYLES.

REUPHOLSTERING

Done in the neatest manner.

PICTURES FRAMED

in all the varied styles.

DRAPERY.

Special attention paid to all its branches. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

TOWN OF WEYMOUTH.

Board of Health.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE Board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 26 of the General Statutes, will be strictly enforced:

SEC. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of......any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the...... Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

SEC. 48. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is infected with ......any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the ......Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50. nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY,
HENRY A. NASH,
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
Board of Health of Weymouth

Weymouth, March, 1883.

MEETINGS OF THE

Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor.

THE Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the Town House EVERY MONDAY (except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock P. M. On the third Monday of each month they will meet at the Almshouse at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS H. HUMPHREY,
HENRY A. NASH,
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
WILLIAM NASH,
JACOB BAKER,
Selectmen of Weymouth.

Weymouth, March, 1883.

30 DAYS' TRIAL

DR. DYE'S

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

THE WEEK

In the United States and the Old World.

CATHOLIC SEMINARY.

The Only One of Its Kind in the New England States.

The new Catholic ecclesiastical seminary in the Brighton district of Boston is the only one of the kind in New England. Owing to the absence of such an institution in this diocese, it has been the custom to send candidates for the ministry to Troy, Baltimore, Montreal and elsewhere, and considerable inconvenience has resulted from the students being so widely scattered. A few years ago Archbishop Williams secured a tract of land in Newton, intending to erect the seminary in that city, and plans were made in accordance with this idea. Subsequently, a better site was secured in the present estate, which comprises about 20 acres, the land being high and dry, and well adapted for the purpose for which it is to be devoted. A long winding avenue leads into the estate, bordered on each side by rows of spruce and other trees and shrubs. Chestnut, oak, elm and maple trees are found on the estate, and there is a large apple and pear orchard. Work was commenced on the institution over three years ago, and it was incorporated in March of last year. From the time work was begun, steady and uninterrupted progress has been made, and it was ready for occupancy about 10 days ago. When completed, the building will be in the form of a hollow square, and will have accommodation for 100 resident students. The present structure, however, forms only one-half of the square, the attention being to erect the other half when circumstances require it. It is built in the Norman style of architecture, and has two square and two octagonal turrets. The building comprises four stories, and is constructed of pudding stone quarried on the premises, with brick and sandstone trimmings. All the outside work in the nature of conductors, gutters, etc., is of copper, including the wings of the dormer windows jutting out from the roof. The entire length of the building including wings is about 470 feet.

AT FALL RIVER.

Developments Regarding the City Almshouse Management.

A couple of years ago the superintendent of the city almshouse was removed, after scandalous disclosures had been made, and a new man took charge. Certain required changes in accommodations were not made by the city, and the superintendent was unable to effect a thorough reform. This year the official of the state board who made an inspection of the place presented a report which brought a letter from the state authorities, in which the almshouse and its management were severely condemned. At a secret meeting of the board the other night the superintendent was removed, and reports were given to the press indicating that the board thought a change in the management necessary to effect a reform. Then the superintendent published an open letter in the papers, in which he charged the mayor and aldermen with gross carelessness and neglect of the institution, and asserted that the condition of the institution is the fault of those officials, whose action or want of action has prevented him from managing the institution as it should be. The charges made by the superintendent are of a sweeping nature and cause considerable sensation.

TROUBLE IN BELGIUM.

Bitter Antagonism Which Threatens to Result in Civil War.

Foreign despatches state that the antagonism in Belgium between the Clericals and the Liberals is becoming uncontrollable, and threatens to result in civil war. The Brussels newspapers are flooded with letters from sanguinary Liberals urging the press to publish a signal for a rising against the Clerical party, and the writers promise that when the tocsin is sounded there will be no lack of armed men to enforce the demands of the people. Many members of the nobility, although nominally Catholics, are full of indignation against the Clerical programme, which they look upon as tending to subvert their established rights. These noblemen are exasperated at the action of the peasants in voting almost solidly for the Clericals, and they propose a variety of reprisals. Those of them who are large landholders propose to take revenge upon their tenants by remaining absent from their property, spending their money in Antwerp and Brussels, and by evicting the farmer tenants whenever they can find a legal pretext for such action.

INDIANS STARVING.

While the Agents and Middlemen Make Away with the Appropriations.

Advices from Lake Temascamingue give deplorable accounts of the condition of the Algonquin Indians in that region. Money granted by the Dominion government to relieve these Indians has been appropriated by agents of the Hudson Bay Company and the middlemen, while the Indians are left to starve. Thirteen of these unhappy creatures were last year allowed to die of hunger and cold at the very threshold of Long Point old station, situated on Quinkey lake, and many got through the winter by eating refuse from the lumber camps and picking up flour and other provisions dropped from supply sleighs. This state of affairs is attributed to the action of the government in appointing the Hudson Bay officials to distribute among the Indians annual supplies entrusted to their care, and it is believed that the position of the Indian agent is used merely to give the agents a chance to pilfer.

BATTLE ON THE MIN.

French Shells Do Fearful Work Among the Celestials—The Chinese Forces Retreat.

A despatch from Foochow says that the French fleet suddenly appeared at the mouth of the Min river and, after landing 2000 marines, again proceeded to demolish the fortifications at the Kimpai pass, which had been repaired since the recent bombardment. The landing party attacked the Chinese camps in the vicinity, and after desperate fighting the Chinese were defeated with great loss. The French were largely outnumbered, but the shells from the French men-of-war did such effective work that the Chinese were soon compelled to abandon their works, and, becoming dismayed at the onslaught of the land forces, retreated up the river in confusion.

Old Slave Dead.

Anthony Thompson, one of the old colored slaves in New Jersey, died the other day at his house in West Orange. He was well known in Essex county. He was tall, powerfully built and had great strength and endurance. His great-grandmother was a queen of an African tribe, and his grandmother, when a young girl, was stolen by slave traders and brought to this country. Thompson was born at Raritan, N. J., in 1798, his mother being a slave in the family of the Rev. Dr. Philip Duryea, of the Dutch Reformed Church of that place. While he was an infant his mother was sold to Samuel M. Ward of Cranetown, now Mont Clair, by Mr. Duryea, who removed to Little Falls in 1822. Mr. Ward died, and in his will gave Anthony his freedom, but requested that he should remain with Mrs. Ward during her life-time. She died in 1828, and Thompson then became his own master. His mother about this time was sold at auction and was bought by her son for $100. In 1833 he moved to Orange and bought a small place in Washington street, East Orange, and lived there until 1836, when he removed to Orange. At nineteen years of age he joined the Presbyterian church and was always an earnest Christian and greatly respected.

American Forestry.

The American forestry congress at Saratoga, N. Y., has concluded its sessions. The report of Elizur Wright on the dams of the upper Mississippi was presented on the last day, which was largely devoted to the question of preserving the Adirondack forests. Lemon Thompson, the great lumberman of Albany, was present and spoke frequently. It was generally agreed that forest planting should be encouraged by exempting newly planted forest lands from taxation for a long term of years. The members of the congress made an excursion to the Adirondacks. Hon. Warren Higley of Cincinnati was elected president for the ensuing year, and B. E. Vernon of Brooklyn corresponding secretary.

Ensilage and Milk.

Bulletin No. 11 has just been issued from the Massachusetts State agricultural experiment station. The experiments conducted were chiefly on the influence of fodder corn ensilage upon the yield of milk. The amount of milk produced was larger when the cows were fed upon this than when they were fed dry rations of hay and grain without ensilage. Several samples of artificial fertilizers have been analyzed and the results are given in the bulletin. The station is doing good work in protecting farmers from the diluted and worthless fertilizing materials that are in the market.

Fatal Feud.

Henry Winter, who lives nine miles south of Des Moines, Ia., was shot and instantly killed the other day by Hugh Moost, a neighbor. The shooting was the result of an old feud. The murderer went into town and gave himself up. It is believed that he is of unsound mind. He has a brother in the asylum. At the inquest a verdict of wilful murder was returned.

Hog Cholera.

Hog cholera has broken out to an alarming extent among the swine across the river in Nebraska. In Tekamah and other places in Burt county, hundreds of hogs are dying. One farmer lost 27 in a night. The farmers are much excited.

International Copyright.

The delegates to the international copyright congress in Switzerland have just signed the draft of a treaty to be proposed to the powers for the protection of literary and artistic copyright.

BAY VS. KEYSTONE.

Two States Fighting for a Millionaire's Estate—Where Did He Live?

Register Hoerr has held a special session in Pittsburg, Pa., for the purpose of taking testimony in the dispute as to the right of Allegheny county to issue letters of administration upon the estate of William Baldwin, late of Connellsville, Penn. The Fayette county courts granted letters of administration to H. C. Frick as the administrator, and the real point of debate is whether the decedent was a resident of Pennsylvania or Massachusetts. Mr. Frick represents the heirs of Mr. Baldwin, who claim that the decedent was a resident of Massachusetts, while Mr. Bissell, who was granted letters of administration by the Allegheny county courts, represents the state of Pennsylvania in the claim that Mr. Baldwin was a resident of this State. Should it be proved that he was a resident of Pennsylvania, then the State treasury will be benefitted largely, as the decedent left an estate valued at several millions of dollars, upon which the State can levy a tax. At the hearing the testimony showed that William Baldwin had lived in Connellsville for several years, and had stated that he knew no other place as his home. One witness testified that, on returning from a visit to Worcester about a year ago, feeling quite ill, he had remarked that he had come home to die. Another swore that when he had asked Mr. Baldwin to vote, the latter had said that he had not voted anywhere for several years, because a friend whom he had helped elect to office had abused the trust and been guilty of malfeasance in office, but that Connellsville was his proper place to vote. The attorney for the administration, Bissell, submitted thirty mortgages drawn in Connellsville and three mortgages drawn in Worcester (the place named by the Baldwin heirs as being the home of the decedent), two deeds and one power of attorney, in all of which instruments William Baldwin is recognized as being a resident of Connellsville, Fayette Co., Penn. In addition to this they also presented three petitions made by as many different keepers of Connellsville for a license, in which Mr. Baldwin is a signer and bondsman as a resident of that place. As the amount involved in this case is so large it will probably be carried to the Supreme Court, for no matter which way the register may decide the party whose interests are antagonized by such decision will appeal to the Orphan's Court, and they will scarcely rest with the decision of that court, so that the Supreme Court will, in the end, have to make the final decision.

WHOM CAN WE TRUST?

Still Another Official Proves Unfaithful to His Trust and Decamps.

A sensation has been created lately in Baltimore, Md., by the announcement that De Merolla, vice-consul of Italy and Turkey, had disappeared, leaving his affairs in a very embarrassing condition. He left his boarding house about two weeks ago, and no trace of him has been discovered. De Merolla is one of the best known gentlemen in Baltimore, being a member of the Maryland Club, a prominent member of the Cathedral church, and President of the Italian Benevolent Society. He was instrumental in breaking up the padrone business in Baltimore, and to him may be ascribed the presence of so many Italian vessels in that harbor. The King of Italy a short while ago decorated him for his material aid in improving the commerce between this and his native country. In the very first families he was a welcome guest, and at all the fashionable affairs of the city he always took a most prominent part. He was the head of the large wholesale liquor and wine importing firm of E. De Merolla & Co., 33 South Gay street.

His disappearance was kept a secret, but the facts leaked out. The sheriff has sued out attachments against his effects for numerous debts. It is supposed that his entire liabilities will reach about $30,000, to meet which he has not over $2000. Strange rumors of other causes leading to his disappearance have been heard. His name is mixed up in a very embarrassing way with several ladies. One of the number is the step-daughter of the lady with whom he boarded. It is generally supposed that he went to New York.

DERAILED CARS.

Candidate Hendricks in a Private Car Goes Down an Embankment.

A little way from Farmer's City, Ill., recently a passenger train on the Indianapolis, Bloomington & Western railroad was thrown from the track down an embankment by a broken rail, at about 4 o'clock in the morning. By almost a miracle no one was killed outright, but 25 or 30 persons were more or less injured. Attached to the train was the private car of President Henderson, containing Hon. T. A. Hendricks and party, en route to Peoria. This car rolled down an embankment fifteen feet and turned bottom up. It was with much difficulty that the occupants got out. The entire party were pretty severely shaken up. Gov. Hendricks was slightly bruised, but not so as to interfere with his engagements. A man sitting in the same seat with him was severely, and probably fatally, injured.

GOING OVER NIAGARA FALLS.

A Buffalo Man Advertised to Attempt the Trip Inside of a Rubber Ball.

Oliver Wormald, a fresco painter of Buffalo, N. Y., announces that he intends to go over Niagara Falls in a rubber ball for a purse of $1,000, as soon as arrangements can be made. The ball is to be fifteen feet in diameter, and made of rubber three quarters of an inch thick, covered with closely-braided tarred rope, to prevent any injury to the sphere in case it should strike the rocks. Wormald expects that the ball will receive sufficient momentum while in the rapids to hurl it far out into the river, where he expects to be picked up by a small boat, which will be waiting for him. Compressed air will be injected into the ball, which will be hermetically sealed, and Wormald says he can live in it for ten minutes, if necessary. He is about 35 years of age, and of English birth.

Grievance of the Washington Carpenters.

The Carpenters' Union of Washington, D. C., have sent a formal complaint to the secretary of the interior regarding the manner in which the work on the new pension office building is being done. They say that the person having the contract is neither a carpenter or builder, but simply a lumber dealer by the name of Smith, having his agent or sub-contractor on the ground to see that the work is let to the lowest bidder, and to men having no mechanical standing in this community, being men who never served a day at the trade, or were escaped apprentices; that the work is done in the roughest and most unworkmanlike manner, and that by the meanest system known to mechanics, that of piece-work, only resorted to by persons wishing to have work done for a mere pittance, or to cheat some one altogether. They claim that the system of piece work is resorted to simply to break down or ignore the eight-hour law. The matter has been referred to General Meigs, the supervising architect and engineers.

A Characteristic Will.

The will of the late Mary A. Foster has just been admitted to probate in New York. Miss Foster, who is a sister of Charles J. Foster, the editor of the *Sportsman*, was an old maid. Her brother is an old bachelor. They both lived together for years. The testatrix directs her executors to provide from her personal property for the support of her horse and three dogs as long as those animals shall live. It is her wish that the horse and dogs shall be well taken care of as long as they live, and she directs the executor to see that this wish is carried out. All the residue of the estate is bequeathed to her brother, Charles J. Foster, for his natural life. Provision is made for the distribution of the estate in case of the death of the testatrix's brother.

Killed by a Tramp.

Mrs. Jamison, of Lehigh, Webster county, Ia., was recently shot and killed by a tramp. Mr. Jamison is treasurer of the school district and was supposed to have a considerable sum of the district funds at his home. The tramp demanded the money, and was told by Mrs. Jamison that it was deposited at Webster City. The tramp became enraged, and used some vile language, whereupon Mrs. Jamison proceeded to take her pistol from the bureau drawer, but the tramp was too quick for her, using his own weapon and shooting her through the heart. A daughter was the only person at the house with Mrs. Jamison. She spread the news after the tramp's retreat, and a posse of citizens, well armed, was soon on his track. The man, if caught, will probably be lynched.

Better Look "to Home."

While the people of Quebec were loud in denouncing the recent disclosures in connection with the administration of civic affairs in Winnipeg, an equally deplorable state of things has been discovered at home. It is stated openly that the greatest irregularities have been permitted by the mayor of Quebec; that aldermen who were not in the ring, and who would not submit to the irregularities, have resigned, and that pet contractors have been paid fabulous sums, by order of the mayor, in an irregular manner. An investigation will be ordered, when some startling revelations will probably be made. A deficit of over $50,000 has already been discovered.

Reciprocity Favored.

President Gonzales read his message at the opening of Congress at Mexico city, recently. He expects a quick consummation of the reciprocity treaty with the United States, and will recommend to Congress an extension of the time of the treaty permitting the reciprocal crossing of the boundary by troops pursuing savages. The preliminary basis of the diplomatic relations with England will immediately be submitted to Congress. The executive considers them equitable. A new tariff will be soon submitted to Congress.

A 17-Year-Old Charge.

In an English police court the charge was recently heard against Robert P. Noah, late assistant corporation attorney in New York, of appropriating three bills of exchange, valued at several thousand dollars. The alleged offence is 17 years old, and it is stated by the friends of the accused that the warrant was revived on the complaint of a person, a smuggler, whom Mr. Noah informed against. Bail was taken in the sum of £1500, on the claim that 15 years had expired since Noah was in America.

MILMORE.

A Second Will Presented, but Believed to be a Forgery.

Martin Milmore, the sculptor, died in July, 1883, leaving a will disposing of $100,000 worth of property, most of which was bequeathed to his mother, since deceased, and his brother Joseph. This will was duly probated, and since that time some of the bequests have been paid, and a portion of the property sold and the necessary transfers made, in accordance with the wishes of the deceased. Subsequently, Mr. J. B. Richardson, who was counsel for Mr. Milmore and drew the will that was allowed, received in an anonymous manner another will purporting to have been made by Mr. Milmore six months after the first was executed. Many of the provisions of the second were similar to those contained in the first will, the material difference being in a bequest made to Mrs. Mary E. Hanley of Boston Highlands, who, under the first will, was to receive $3000, but in the second will she was given estates Nos. 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79 Cabot street, the contents of his studio in Rome, his bonds and stocks deposited in the Union Safety Vaults, and all his personal property to be hers forever. This latter will was believed to be a forgery, and at the suggestion of the District Attorney Inspectors Hanscom and Gernaghty have been investigating the matter. These officers have obtained information which leads them to the conclusion that the name of Mr. Milmore on the second will is not his signature. It has been impossible to ascertain the whereabouts of one of the purported witnesses to the second will, another witness is dead, and the third, who lives in Cambridge, says the signature looks like his but he is not positive about it. The share to which Mrs. Hanley would be entitled if the will in question were to prevail would be between $15,000 and $50,000, but it is said that she will not take one cent under it if there is any doubt of its genuineness. Her counsel are reported as expressing the opinion that it is a valid will, and that Mr. Milmore had informed one of them that he intended to make liberal provisions for Mrs. Hanley, to whom he would have been married if he had survived. A citation on the second will is made returnable at the Probate Court on Monday, Sept. 29, when an investigation will be made of the whole matter.

A LITTLE MIXED.

A Sane Man's Narrow Escape from a Trip to a Lunatic Asylum.

A peculiar case is reported from Sullivan county, N. Y. Two Monticello doctors were called upon to examine a citizen as to his sanity, his friends averring that he had acted strangely of late. The physicians said that the best place for some time to come for the patient would be the Middletown Insane Asylum. While the examination was in progress in one of the doctor's offices, a resident of an adjoining village stepped in to obtain a prescription for some trifling ailment. In making out the commitment papers, the examiners of the insane patient got the names mixed, the certificate of insanity being made out in the name of the man who was all right mentally. The papers were given to the officers, and they proceeded to look up "their man," he, in the mean time, having coolly walked out of the doctor's office. He met the officers on the street and passed a joke with them about the hot wave, remarking that he thought he would take a trip to Coney Island, and regretted that the official duties of the officers prevented them from going along. After an hour's search, the officers found the gentleman whose name had been put in the certificate of insanity through mistake, and they told him they wanted him to take a walk and "a nice ride." Fearing that they were bunco men or some of the sharpers following in the wake of John O'Brien's circus, which is making a tour of the river counties on the west side of the Hudson, he refused to have anything to do with them. Finally, the officers showed the asylum papers, and suggested that the best way would be to go along quietly. The "patient" protested vehemently that a mistake had been made, and the officers were only partially convinced that a blunder had been perpetrated when a Port Jervis gentleman came along and tried to convince them of the fact. A hurried trip was made to the doctor's office, where profuse apologies were tendered to the Sullivan county farmer, who had narrowly escaped being locked up in the asylum. The officers had "heard just such stories as his before." The lunatic, meanwhile, made the most of his time, but instead of going to New York, on his way to the seashore, he took an opposite direction. The officers succeeded in catching him.

TERRIBLE BOILER ACCIDENTS.

Several Persons Killed and Several Others Injured by Explosions.

A dreadful accident occurred at Marton, Ill., lately, resulting in the instant death of two persons, and the probably fatal injury of several others. The steam apparatus in the wagon factory of Voicell, Rossie & Zadiker suddenly exploded with terrific force. The wrecked building took fire and was consumed. The explosion caused the instant death of the engineer and a boy. A number of persons who were standing near were more or less injured. The cause of the explosion is supposed to be negligence on the part of the engineer, who allowed the water in the boiler to run too low, and then filled it suddenly with cold water. As near as can be estimated the property loss will be $10,000 or $12,000.

The boiler of the Central railroad compress at Eufaula, Ala., exploded recently. Four men and about 400 bales of cotton were burned. The loss on property is $100,000. Every building in the city was shaken to its foundation, and the greatest excitement prevailed. A piece of the boiler weighing four tons was thrown 270 yards. Two negro men were terribly mangled. Two other negroes were taken from the debris.

Another "Crank."

A well-dressed man arrived at Columbus, O., recently and went to Mrs. Garfield's residence to see a Miss Piper. The porter informed him that no such person lived there. He insisted upon being admitted, when the porter escorted him to the gate. He passed up and down the sidewalk in front of the residence for three hours. Mrs. Garfield became alarmed and called a policeman. The stranger being arrested and searched at the station, a 32-caliber, five chamber revolver was found upon him. He refused to give his name, residence or business. From his conversation he is supposed to be from the South and a crank.

When asked whether he intended to shoot Mrs. Garfield, he replied that he might not. He was told he would be committed for contempt unless he gave satisfactory answers, to which he replied, "All right, commit; I would as soon be locked up as answer the questions you have asked." The judge then ordered him committed for contempt. A personal friend of the Garfields says he has seen the man before, and that he is from an Eastern city. The prisoner is about 56 years old.

Pocketpicking Extraordinary.

John Murphy, aged 26 years, who claims a residence at Tompkinsville, S. I., whose hands are so greatly deformed as to be entirely useless, was a prisoner at the Tombs Police Court at New York City, the other day, for picking pockets. Michael Rosso, an Italian, was in a drunken slumber in a stale beer dive, when, according to one of the demoralized female habitues of the place, Murphy abstracted a watch from the sleeping man's pocket, using his teeth in doing so.

An Impressive Funeral.

An impressive demonstration occurred in Dublin lately, on the occasion of the funeral of Dennis Duggan. The cortege comprised fully 20,000 people, and included Mr. Michael Davitt and Mr. William O'Brien. The coffin bore a plate on which was inscribed "A soldier in the army of Ireland." It was draped with the Stars and Stripes and the green flag of Ireland, intertwined and surmounted with a trophy of pikes. Masses for the repose of Duggan's soul were said in the principal churches and were attended by unusual numbers.

Big Reduction.

In reply to a circular sent out by the New York *Journal of Commerce*, that paper publishes answers from 113 mills, representing 963 sets of cards, showing an actual lessening in productions of 13,000,000 yards. It is further stated that many of the mills are idle or still running on short time, and will not start up or run full until the demand so improves as to insure the cost of manufacture.

Mrs. P. T. Barnum Run Away With.

Mrs. P. T. Barnum and a lady friend started recently for a drive. While descending a hill the pole of the carriage broke and the horses ran away. The coachman held on to them for nearly two miles, and finally brought them up against a tree. He was quite badly injured as well as the horses, a valuable pair, and the carriage was smashed. The ladies escaped unharmed.

A Big Contract for Carpets.

The contract for 15,000 yards of carpeting for the Treasury department has been awarded to the agent of the Worcester Carpet Company at $1.50 a yard. Arnold, Constable & Co., of New York, by R. A. Robbins, and John H. Pray & Sons, of Boston, submitted a Lowell carpet at $1.17. Robbins had the contract last year, and takes the carpet lining this year at four cents a yard.

Pacing Some.

A large crowd at Milwaukee recently witnessed Minnie R. pace a mile, with a running mate, in 2.06, lowering her own best record of 2.07, and making the second best record known. A high wind and chilly atmosphere prevailed. Johnson failed to lower his record, making the mile in 2.11 1-4. The last quarter was made in 30 1-4, a 2.01 gait. Richball paced a mile in 2.16 1-2.

Dishonest Merchants.

Customs officials have seized three consignments of wall paper, aggregating $7000, at Montreal, imported from New York, the goods being entered from 50 to 60 per cent. below the price at the port of shipment after being warehoused. The merchants to whom the merchandise was consigned paid up.

A Sister Gone.

Mary Frances Xavier Warde, Mother Superior and foundress of the Order of Sisters of Mercy in America, died at Mount St. Mary's Convent in Manchester, N. H., recently, aged 74 years.

FOUND IN A WELL.

The Disappearance of Broker's Clerk Cunliffe Fifteen Years Ago.

There is considerable excitement in Staten Island, N. Y., over the finding of a number of bones and a silver watch at the bottom of a well that has been for some time unused. The well is on a piece of property purchased recently by the Irving Manufacturing Company. The premises were occupied formerly by a family named Cunliffe. One of three Cunliffe brothers who lived there was a confidential clerk in the office of John Connor, a Wall street broker. It is alleged that he told some of the neighbors stories about the wonderful success of speculating in stocks. It was further said by some of the people who live in the locality, that several of Mr. Cunliffe's friends invested all their money in Wall street, under his directions, and lost it. That happened nearly fifteen years ago.

One night three men went to Mr. Cunliffe's house. The people living near by heard loud and angry words in the back yard between the three men and Mr. Cunliffe. The dispute ended, it is said, in a struggle, and cries were heard. The men abruptly left. They were not recognized. It was a stormy night, and little attention was paid to the event. Mr. Cunliffe was never seen again in that vicinity. It was said that he fled from the neighborhood, and that he was ashamed to face his neighbors. That reason for his disappearance was generally accepted.

It was said that the watch found with the bones resembled one worn by Mr. Cunliffe. There was not a little talk over the finding of the remains, which were dug up and at once given to an undertaker to bury. The factory was closed, and no one could be found to explain the cause of the abrupt sending away of the remains. The police knew nothing of the affair. Coroner Holt said that he had not yet decided to make an investigation. He had heard some talk about the affair.

A resident said that after Mr. Cunliffe disappeared the house was abandoned by the family, and it gradually went to decay. At one time it bore the reputation of being haunted, and seemed to be shunned. Recently the premises were sold to the corporation referred to, and it was while it was being improved that the remains were found.

"HANDS UP!"

A Bank Robber's Command to Two Frightened Officials.

Particulars of a recent daring bank robbery at Eldred, Pa., near Bradford, have been received. Just after the close of the bank and while Cashier Pitt Heasly and Teller A. R. Sloan were putting away the money used in the day's business, Heasly heard the sharp click of a revolver, and turning around was confronted by a man of powerful frame. He had a long black beard, and on his head was a slouch hat. He levelled a revolver in uncomfortable proximity to the cashier's head. The front doors of the bank had been closed, and Heasly saw there was no alternative save to submit, while his assistant stood by unable to render material aid. "Hands up or I'll blow your brains out," said the burglar, and his command met with a ready obeyance. The burglar then coolly helped himself to the stack of bills lying on the counter and filled his pockets with the loose silver, in all amounting to $2500, and, keeping his eye on the thoroughly frightened officials, glided quietly out of the rear door and escaped. Some moments elapsed before the two men recovered presence of mind sufficiently to give the alarm, and when they did they counselled with the officers of the bank, who thought it best to enjoin entire secrecy. The police of Bradford and the neighboring cities were notified of the burglary, and from the description of the perpetrator recognized him as Thomas McKeon, who is known as "Black Tom," a burglar and desperado of the most daring character. Three years ago he was convicted of safe robbery at Warsaw, and was sentenced to 12 years in Auburn penitentiary. Having served 2 years, he was released on a bill of exceptions to the indictment.

WANTED LIBERTY.

Two Attempts to Escape from Durance Vile.

Two cracksmen who blew open a safe in Auburn, Me., last May, attempted to break jail there recently. They were confined in one of the strongest cells in the jail. Forcing open the door of their cell by means of a key which they had ingeniously constructed from a tin dipper and a shingle, they opened a solid iron door leading into the washroom and attempted to break through a grated window, but gave it up. Next they undertook to dig away the masonry around the bars, but failed. Then they tried tunnelling, and succeeded in excavating a hole two feet deep and large enough to admit a man. This they abandoned, evidently disheartened, and went back to their cell, locking the door. The key and a piece of copper wire were found in their possession.

A prisoner at Sing Sing, N. Y., met with better success. He had been sentenced for five years. About a week ago, as he was working in the prison machine shop, he cut his leg with a chisel. He was sent to the hospital ward. In the absence of an attendant he escaped by crawling through an unbarred window, and jumped to the ground. When the escape was discovered a description of the fugitive was telegraphed, and detectives were put on his track.

RIGORS OF CONSCRIPTION.

Eight Years' Hard Labor for Refusing to Ride in a Cattle Car.

The rigors of military conscription in Germany are illustrated by a recent incident at Greiz. Two gentlemen of that city, being soldiers of the Landwehr class, were ordered to report for duty for the autumn manœuvres of the German army. The only means of transportation offered them was to go in a cattle train with a lot of peasants, who were also Landwehr soldiers. The gentlemen refused to take their places in the cattle trucks, and telegraphed a remonstrance to the Emperor William at Berlin. A reply came back through military official channels, to the effect that the offenders were to be tried in the usual way for disobedience of orders. The two gentlemen have accordingly been duly tried by court-martial, and the sentence of the court has just been approved promulgated. The sentence is for each of them eight years of imprisonment at hard labor in the common prison at Greiz.

Two Ladies in Deadly Peril.

Mrs. Samuel Remsen and her daughter Ella, of Glen Cove, New York, had a narrow escape from death on a recent morning. They were driving to church, and when near the railroad station the horses took fright at an approaching train. Both ladies were thrown out on to the railroad track in front of the train as it was slowing up. Two men, who were standing on the station platform, some little distance away, rushed to their assistance and rescued them just as the locomotive was about to strike them. Miss Remsen was unconscious when picked up, but soon revived. Mrs. Remsen was made seriously ill by the shock.

Tit for Tat.

Some time since the Dominion government refused to allow the American Telegraph Company to land its cable on Canadian territory at Vancouver island. It now turns out that the Dominion government desires to run a cable across the sound from Victoria, B. C., to Washington territory, but remembering the manner in which Americans were refused a similar privilege, the United States authorities now decline to grant permission to the Canadian government to land. The cable, which was imported from England in March, now lies idle in a Victoria warehouse.

Death and Destruction.

The steamer San Pablo which lately arrived at San Francisco, Cal., has brought information of a frightful inundation in the province of Kiang-See, China. The news comes from Krang-Tak, the chief centre of the pottery manufacture, and one of the great markets of the empire. The floods lasted four days, and the entire country was submerged to the depth of 60 feet. Whole towns were swept away. It is believed that fully 70,000 persons perished. It was feared that pestilence would follow. Cholera has broken out at Amoy.

The French Balloon-Steering Experiment.

The *Figaro* (Paris) has given an account of the second experiment with the newly-invented balloon-steering apparatus. Capt. Renard ascended at Meudon, expecting to go to the Champs Elysees. He was able for some seconds to toil against a strong breeze, but he was unable to rise or return to his starting point. The propeller ceased to revolve after ten minutes, and he descended at Versailles.

The Trotters.

Mr. Bair, who is training Maud S. at Charter Oak Park for her effort to break her 2:09 3-4 record, lately drove her an easy mile in 2:13 1-4 without urging. She is in prime condition and will soon be ready for her grand effort.

Phallas and Jay-Eye-See did not trot against time in Rochester, N. Y., as announced. The failure of the horses to trot there was due to the sickness of Jay-Eye-See.

The Field of Gettysburg.

The 13th, 22d and 23d regiments of Massachusetts Volunteers and the 2d Massachusetts Sharp-shooters occupied positions at Gettysburgh on the line of battle, along which the Battlefield Memorial Association has voted to open an avenue. Generals Tilton and Sweitzer, who commanded the brigades containing four of these organizations, have signified their intention to be present at the reunion on September 30.

"Working Both Ways."

L. P. Herbert, cashier in La Banque de St. Hyacinth, near Montreal, P. Q., has embezzled $50,000 of the bank's funds, as well as forged checks of clients for further sums, and absconded to New York, where a detective followed him. He belonged to a good family. The depositors will be paid in full.

Burglar Brought to Time.

C. R. Miliken, proprietor of the Glen House, N. H., arrested a man the other day named F. E. Smith, for stealing over $2000 worth of diamonds and jewelry from a room in the hotel. The valuables were found on his person. He pleaded guilty to the charge of burglary, and was taken to Gorham for commitment.

THE SPONGE FISHERIES.

An Industry of Importance to Nassau.

Methods of Fishing for Sponges and Preparing Them for Market.

A writer, describing the sponge fisheries of Nassau, the capitol of New Providence, one of the Bahama group of the West Indies, says: There is no single industry of so much financial importance to Nassau, I think, as the sponge fisheries. "Sponging" is a regular business in Nassau, of such large proportions that a Sponge Exchange has been established, governed by rules on the plan of the Stock Exchange; and to do a sponge business successfully in Nassau a firm must be represented in the Exchange. Sponge is an important thing in Nassau. It is plenty, of course, and cheap. You see sponges lying in the streets and kicking about the wharves that in New York we would have to pay 50 cents or $1 for. Wherever sponge can be used in place of cotton or woolen cloths it is used. Kitchen maids use sponges for "dishcloths," and frequently the seat in a boat is nothing but an immense sponge as big as half a barrel. Windows are invariably washed with them, glasses polished with them, and they are used for almost every conceivable purpose. Around the hotel in winter are always two or three "boys" with long strings of them, trying to sell them to the Americans. Hardly any visitor leaves Nassau without taking a box of them along. I bought a string of about fifteen sponges, that stretched out far higher than my head, for "one-and-six," or thirty-seven and a half cents. They make very fine presents to give to your friends when you get home, they are so cheap, and a sponge is more valuable when you know it has just been brought by somebody you know from the sponge fisheries. Some of the servants about the hotel understand the knack of pressing sponges, and for a trifling consideration will take a bushel of sponge and pack it in a cigar box.

The sponge fleet is composed of small schooners ranging from ten to forty tons. Each schooner carries from four to six men, and makes periodical trips out to the sponge beds around Abaco, Andros Island and Exuma. The men do not dive for them, as sponge fishers in the Mediterranean do, but use long-handled things like oyster tongs to fish them out of the water. In this clear water they can see every inch of the bottom, make up their minds what sponges to take, and seize hold of one carefully, detach it from the rock to which it clings, and lift it into the boat. They are not the nice, delicate, light-colored things we see in shop windows. When taken first from the water they look and feel more like a piece of raw liver than anything else I can compare them with. They are slippery, slimy, ugly and smell bad. Their color is generally a sort of brown very much like the color of gulf weed, only a little darker. Most people are taught, in their days of freshness and innocence, that the sponge is an animal, and when they visit Nassau they expect perhaps to see sponges swimming about the harbor, if indeed they do not surprise some of the more athletic ones climbing trees or making little excursions over the hills. But they are disappointed when they learn that the animal part disappears entirely long before the sponge reaches a market; and that the part we use for mopping up fluids is only his house, the many-roomed residence in which he sheltered himself while at sea. After the sponges reach the deck of the vessel they are cleaned and dried and go through a curing process. They then become the sponges of commerce, and are divided into eight varieties in the Bahamas. Some, called "lambswool" or "sheepswool," are as fine and soft as silk and very strong. Others, although large and perhaps tough, are coarse and comparatively worthless. There are, too, bouquet sponges, silk sponges, wire sponges, and finger and glove sponges. The process for curing them, I believe, is to keep them on deck for two or three days, which "kills" them. Then they are put in a crawl and are kept there from eight to ten days, and are afterward cleaned and bleached in the sun on the beach. When they reach Nassau the roots are cut off, and the sponges are trimmed and dressed for exportation.

The Ancient Cities of America.

Tucson, A. T. is an ancient city Antedating Jamestown and Plymouth, and visited first in 1540 by Coronado, it saw its first European settlers in 1560, and its first missionaries in 1581. But long ago before the year 1540, there was an Indian village established on the site of the present city, so that Tucsonians can, if they please, claim an age for their town as great as the Santa Feans claim for theirs. For all practical purposes, however, 1540 is a date sufficiently far away, and if Tucson only continues to improve with age, or become as good as she is old, much may be expected of the place.

Built by the Spaniards, who brought so much religion to the people whom they conquered, San Xavier is to-day one of the largest, as it is one of the best preserved, of all the churches built during the years of the Spanish occupancy of the Southwest. Riding from Tucson for nine miles up the valley of the Santa Cruz River, one has glimpses from time to time, through the groves of live oak and muskete trees, of the white walls and graceful towers of the church as they stand clearly outlined against the sky beyond.

It was down this valley of the Santa Cruz which is to-day attracting so much attention as an agricultural section that Coronado marched on his way from Old Mexico in 1540; and before the advent of this intrepid explorer, and ever since, the valley has been inhabited by the Papago Indians, whose adobe houses with thatched roofs are scattered along the road leading to the mission.

A Wooden Wedding.

Mrs. B.—"Are you not going to celebrate your wooden wedding?"

Mrs. C.—"No; my first wedding was a wooden one."

Mrs. B.—"Oh, it could not be, you know."

Mrs. C.—"It was. I married a blockhead."—*Philadelphia Call.*

The new Upright Pianos of Mason & Hamlin are highly praised by good judges. They possess a refinement of musical tone which charms the connoisseur and all who hear it. This is owing largely to the new system of their construction. The great experience of Mason & Hamlin in their organ business, with the aid of their large corps of superior musical and mechanical experts, has enabled them, after several years of expensive experiments, to produce a piano which bids fair to do more for their reputation than even their famous organs have accomplished. Their chief improvement consists in securing the strings by metallic fastenings, instead of pins held by friction, which renders it easy to put the three strings of each tone exactly in unison, and thereby produce tones of wonderful sweetness and purity. Messrs. Mason & Hamlin have made 150,000 cabinet organs. They can hardly hope to reach this number of pianos, but we doubt not their new "uprights" will command a very large sale.—*Boston Traveller.*

The growth of modern ideas in Japan has been significantly indicated of late in the erection by a Japanese landowner of an imposing monument to C. D. Richardson, an Englishman, who died in 1863 during the fierce struggle against the outside nations. Mr. Richardson was hacked to death by the guards of a Japanese nobleman, and his companions were cruelly maltreated. The affair was one of the causes of the bombardment of Kagosheema by a British squadron, in which 1,500 Japanese were killed and wounded and $5,000,000 worth of property was destroyed. Then indirectly also the murder led to the suppression of feudalism in Japan through the agitation which followed, and the monument now set up is apparently a recognition of that reform as much as of the man whom it honors. It is placed on a mound on the spot where he fell, and is inscribed with verses recording his virtues, and praying "that the thoughts of the blessings he brought us may gladden his heart in the land of the shades."—*Chicago Tribune.*

Mons. Pasteur, the Frenchman, whose discoveries in the generation of disease have attracted such wide attention and are confessedly an invaluable public benefit, shows that he is a patriot and philanthropist, as well as a patron and devotee of pathological science. When a French capitalist offered him $200,000 for his discovery of the method of preventing disease in cattle, Mons. Pasteur refused the offer, saying that as he was already in receipt of a government annuity which was sufficient for him, he thought it right to give his discoveries as a gratuity to the public.

KEELER & Co., the leading Furniture dealers of Boston, issue a special catalogue of Furniture which will be mailed upon application. 83 to 91 Washington street, corner Elm.

Apropos of a published statement that the English judges are all clean shaven, the Philadelphia *Record* remarks that before the war cleanly shaven faces were almost universal among the men in that locality, and in the case of judges there was not one exception. Now a man is seldom seen without beard or mustache, nearly all the judges falling in with the style. A few years ago, in many parts of the country, a man with a mustache was regarded with suspicion, and would find it difficult to gain admission into private families.

It's no secret nostrum. We speak of Dr. Pierce's Extract of Smart-Weed, composed of best French Brandy, Smart-Weed, Jamaica Ginger and Camphor Water. It cures cholera morbus, colic or cramps in stomach, diarrhea, dysentery or bloody-flux, and breaks up colds, fevers and inflammatory attacks.

Information is slowly accumulating with regard to the great Javan eruption last year, which proves this phenomenon to have been unprecedented as a series of violent explosions. Reports from various stations show that the sounds of the explosion were heard in Ceylon, Burmah, Manila, New Guinea, and on the western coast of Australia—in fact, almost everywhere within a radius of two thousand miles; while across the Indian ocean, with no land to intervene, they were distinctly audible at Rodriguez, nearly three thousand miles distant.

"No Physic, Sir, in Mine!"

A good story comes from a boys' boarding-school in "Jersey." The diet was monotonous and constipating, and the learned Principal decided to introduce some old-style physic in the apple sauce, and await the happy results. One bright lad, the smartest in school discovered the secret mine in his sauce, and pushing back his plate, shouted to the pedagogue. "No physic, sir, in mine. My dad told me to use nuthin' but Dr Pierce's 'Pleasant Purgative Pellets,' and they are doing their duty like a charm!" They are anti-bilious, and purely vegetable.

A company has been formed to establish a New England colony in the highlands of Florida at Belieview, in Marion county. It is desired to form a model town which shall combine natural, social and religious advantages, with freedom from intemperance and pauperism. The deeds to land will be given with the provisos that no intoxicating liquors shall be sold and that no dwelling shall be built at an expense of less than $500. A school of twenty-five pupils is now in operation, a good hotel is being built, and a church edifice and an academy are to follow.

"Hello!" we heard one man say to another, the other day. "I didn't know you at first, why, you look ten years younger than you did when I saw you last." "I feel ten years younger," was the reply. "You know I used to be under the weather all the time and gave up expecting to be any better. The doctor said I had consumption. I was terribly weak, had night-sweats, cough, no appetite, and lost flesh. I saw Dr. Pierce's 'Golden Medical Discovery' advertised, and thought it would do no harm if it did no good. It has cured me. I am a new man because I am a well one."

In one jail in Egypt Mr. Clifford Lloyd found no fewer than seventy-five of the leading men of the district with their feet covered with blood and festering sores, weeks after bastinadoing to which they had been subjected by the order of the Mudir. Their hands still bore the deep cuts of the thongs by which they had been suspended in order to extort a confession, and the thumbscrew had been unsparingly applied. Two of the prisoners had died under the courbash, and the others were lingering in agony.

THE INSTITUTE FAIR.—It would be impossible to speak in detail of all the attractions presented by this Fair in Boston, but in a word the present exhibition is the most interesting one ever held by the Institute.

Pretty Women.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity. Try "Wells' Health Renewer."

Makes the Weak Strong

The purifying and vitalizing effect which Hood's Sarsaparilla has upon the blood, the regularity which it gives to the digestive organs, and the toning and invigorating effect upon the entire system, give a person who has been weak and debilitated new life, strength and vigor. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla this season

"Hood's Sarsaparilla did me an immense amount of good. My whole system has been built up and strengthened, my digestion improved, and my head relieved of the bad feeling. I consider it the best medicine I have ever used and should not know how to do without it."—MARY L. PEBLE, Salem, Mass.

"I had been much troubled by general debility. Last spring Hood's Sarsaparilla proved just the thing needed. I derived an immense amount of benefit. I never felt better."—H. F. MILLET, Boston, Mass

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS 100 STYLES $22 TO $900.

HIGHEST HONORS AT ALL GREAT WORLD'S EXHIBITIONS FOR SEVENTEEN YEARS.

Only American Organs Awarded such at any.

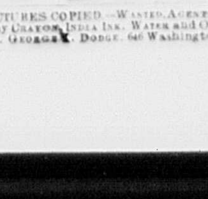
For Cash, Easy Payments or Rented.

UPRIGHT PIANOS

presenting very highest excellence yet attained in such instruments, adding to all previous improvements one of greater value than any; securing most pure, refined, musical tones and increased durability especially avoiding liability to get out of tune. Illustrated Catalogues free.

Mason & Hamlin Organ and Piano Co.,

Boston, 154 Tremont St.; N. York, 46 E. 14th St.; Chicago, 149 Wabash Ave.



Death to Rats,

Mice, Roaches, Water-Bugs, Beetles, Ants and all vermin. Hotels, dwellings and granaries cleared in one night. Safe to have 'round. No stench. Parson's Exterminator, 15 cts. Mail 20c. WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

PICTURES COPIED.—WANTED, AGENTS to canvass for my CRAYON, INDIA INK, WATER and OIL Colored Pictures. GEORGE K. DODGE, 646 Washington St., Boston.

The Biggest Vase in the World.

It has been left to a well-known firm of English potters to produce a china vase that is not only the largest in the world, but is also a beautiful work of art. The chief feature of the vase is a globe representing the earth, which is supported on a pedestal rising from a square plinth and surmounted by a figure of Ceres, who, aided by number of cupids, is occupied in showering her gifts of fruitfulness and plenty upon the earth. Round the center of the globe runs a frieze divided into four panels, on which more cupids are seen busied in the pursuits typical of the four seasons. The subjects are separated by brackets, on which are other figures emblematic of the seasons. The pedestal contains a splendid frieze, on which are represented as many as sixty cupids occupied in rural work. The plinth supporting the whole is ornamented in keeping with the general design. The color of the globe is a subdued green called celadon, the figures are china bisque and the other decorations white glazed china. From the pedestal to the top of the figure of Ceres the vase is eleven feet high, and the diameter, including the ornamental figure, is six feet four inches. Notwithstanding its massive proportions it is elegant and chaste, the design, which is by Mr. L. H. Jahn, being in the Renaissance style and thoroughly artistic. The figures have been modeled by the distinguished French sculptor, M. Carrier, and the whole has been constantly superintended by Messrs. Brownfield & Sons. Before the vase left their works at Cobridge for the international exhibition at the Crystal Palace it was allowed to be inspected on one day only by the work-people of the potteries district, and 25,000 persons availed themselves of the opportunity of seeing it. The vase cost £3,500.—*Cassell's Magazine.*

All interesting exhibition is to be held in Nuremberg next year, under the protection of the King of Bavaria. It is to consist of gold and silversmith's work and jewelry; works of art in copper, including those in enamel; works of art in bronze and brass, in tin and zinc, and of the latter especially the imitations of works in bronze, and galvanoplastic reproductions of works of art. Beside finished work themselves, the material used, tools, apparatus and machines employed in their construction are also admitted. An historical department will give a survey of the development of these fields of labor. Notice of entries must be given by December 20, 1884.

The secret of the large and constant sales of Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound probably lies in the fact that whereas there are many "Bitters" and "Tonics" of equal value, be it more or less, the Vegetable Compound is so completely superior to all other preparations specially recommended for the needs of women that it has practically no rivals.

"Telepathy" is the new name for the mysterious warnings which persons occasionally claim to receive of the death or dangerous illness of persons dear to them, but distant. So numerous and so well authenticated, apparently, have been such instances of late that a name for the mysterious influence seemed necessary, and the one chosen is a good one, meaning sympathy from a long distance.

It is no Wonder

that so many people sink into untimely graves when we consider how they neglect their health. They have a disordered Liver, deranged Bowels, Constipation, Piles or diseased Kidneys, but they let it go and think they "will get over it." It grows worse, other and more serious complications follow, and soon it is too late to save them. If such people would take Kidney-Wort it would preserve their lives. It acts upon the most important organs, purifying the blood and cleansing the system, removes and prevent these disorders and promotes health.

HAY-FEVER is a type of catarrh having peculiar symptoms. It is attended by an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear-ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes. Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy founded on a correct diagnosis of this disease and can be depended upon. 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts. by mail. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts. Ely Bros., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

Low Prices for Butter.

The New York *Tribune* in its market report, explained why some butter is sold for such low prices. In speaking of butter it said: "Light colored goods are very hard to dispose of and several lots were thought well sold at 8 to 10 cents." If butter makers would get the top price, they should use the Improved Butter Color, made by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. It gives a pure dandelion color and never turns red, or rancid, but tends to improve and preserve the butter.

Another Life Saved.

J. C. Gray, of Dadeville, Ala., writes us: "I have been using your Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and I can say, of a truth, it is far superior to any other lung preparation in the world. My mother was confined to her bed four weeks with a cough, and had every attention by a good physician, but he failed to effect a cure; and when I got one bottle of your Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, she began to mend right away. I can say in truth that it was the means of saving her life. I know of five cases that Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam has cured, and my mother is better than she has been for twenty years."

DR. DAVID

KENNEDY'S

FAVORITE

REMEDY

For the Cure of Kidney and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the BLOOD.

To women who suffer from any of the ills peculiar to their sex it is an unfailing friend. All Druggists. One Dollar a bottle, or address Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.

MALARIA.

MONTGOMERY, Orange Co., N. Y., March 4, 1884.

Dr. Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I have used for some time your valuable medicine, FAVORITE REMEDY, for Malaria, and it has proved an effectual cure.

R. A. CAMPBELL.

TUMORS.

"My daughter was afflicted with a large fungus on the face. A leading surgeon of Troy said: 'Only the knife would save her life.' I induced her to use your FAVORITE REMEDY, and it CURED her. The medicine also CURED my wife of Liver Complaint, and myself of an impure condition of the Blood. Yours, etc. WILLIAM WINDSOR.

Corner Canal and Mount Streets, Troy, N. Y.

INSTITUTE

FAIR

BOSTON, MASS.

OPEN SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER, 1884.

This is the FOURTH ANNUAL EXPOSITION of the NEW ENGLAND INSTITUTE, and the Mammoth Building of nearly 8 ACRES OF FLOOR SPACE is crowded with interesting exhibits. The Grand Achievements of Mechanism, Science, and Art; the Various Processes of Manufacture in Full Operation; the Agricultural, Forest, and Mineral Wealth of the South and West; the Wonders of Mexico, that Land of Wierd Romance; Two Spacious Galleries Hung with Notable and Valuable Works of Art; Magnificent Display of Women's Handiwork; Immense Musical Attractions Daily; Prof. R. H. Mohr, the People's Favorite, in Feats of Magic, Ventriloquism and Legerdemain.

All these attractions, including the use of the MAMMOTH SKATING RINK, are open to all for ONE PRICE OF ADMISSION,

50 CENTS,

Which also includes METROPOLITAN HORSE CAR COUPON (if bought down town or in the country), without extra charge. REMEMBER, the INSTITUTE FAIR is held in the FARTHER EXHIBITION BUILDING, at the END of Huntington Avenue, which is 3 TIMES LARGER than any other Fair Building in New England.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

WALNUT LEAF HAIR RESTORER

It is entirely different from all others, and as its name indicates is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. Wholesale Agent, G. C. GOODWIN, Boston, Mass.

"Rough on Toothache."

"Instant relief for neuralgia, toothache, faceache. "Ask for "Rough on Toothache." 15&25c.

TO MATCH THAT BONNET? Feathers, ribbons, velvet can all be colored to match that new hat by using the Diamond Dyes. 10c. for any color at the druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

"Rough on Itch."

"Rough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ring-worm, tetter, salt rheum, chilblains.

A baldheaded man, who has heard that the hairs of a man's head are numbered, wants to know if there is not some place where he can obtain the back numbers. Carboline will supply the demand.

Young Men! Read This.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

Beware of the incipient stages of consumption. Take Piso's Cure in time.

Life Preserver.

If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

FOR RATES for advertising in this paper, apply to the publisher N E 39

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S

VEGETABLE COMPOUND

IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR All those painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best FEMALE POPULATION.

Price $1 in liquid, pill or lozenge form.

Its purpose is solely for the legitimate healing of disease and the relief of pain, and that it does all it claims to do, thousands of ladies can gladly testify.

It will cure entirely all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It removes Faintness, Flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves Weakness of the Stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

Send stamp to Lynn, Mass., for pamphlet. Letters of inquiry confidentially answered. For sale at druggists.

"I Have Suffered!"

With every disease imaginable for the last three years. Our
Druggist, T. J. Anderson, recommending
"Hop Bitters" to me,
I used two bottles!
Am entirely cured, and heartily recommend Hop Bitters to every one. J. D. Walker, Buckner, Mo.

I write this as a
Token of the great appreciation I have of your Hop
* * * Bitters. I was afflicted
With inflammatory rheumatism!!!
For nearly
Seven years, and no medicine seemed to do me any
Good!!!
Until I tried two bottles of your Hop Bitters, and to my surprise I am as well to-day as ever I was. I hope
"You may have abundant success"
"In this great and"
Valuable medicine:
Anyone! * * wishing to know more about my cure?
Can learn by addressing me, E. M. Williams, 1103 16th street, Washington, D. C.

——I consider your
Remedy the best remedy in existence
For Indigestion, kidney
—Complaint
"And nervous debility. I have just"
Returned
"From the south in a fruitless search for health, and find that your Bitters are doing me more
Good!
Than anything else;
A month ago I was extremely
"Emaciated!!!"
And scarcely able to walk. Now I am
Gaining strength! and
"Flesh!"
And hardly a day passes but what I am
* * * * * * * * * * *
complimented on my improved appearance, and it is all due to Hop
Bitters! J. Wickliffe Jackson,
—Wilmington, Del.

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM Causes no pain. Gives Relief at Once. Thorough Treatment will Cure. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Apply with Finger. Give it a Trial. 50 cents at Druggists. 60 cents by mail registered. Send for circular.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

THE SPY OF THE REBELLION

BY ALLAN PINKERTON,

Who was Chief of the U. S. Secret Service.

Agents Wanted for our New Book.

The "SPY" is now selling by the *Tens of Thousands!* No competition. Clear territory. Only book of its kind. The "SPY" reveals many *secrets of the war* never before published. Thrilling narratives of PINKERTON'S SPIES, *that swayed the actions of our gigantic armies;* a graphic account of the conspiracy to assassinate Lincoln. Perilous experiences of our FEDERAL SPIES in the Rebel Capital; their forlorn hopes and heroic bravery fully recounted in these vivid sketches; it is the most thrilling war book ever published. Endorsed by hundreds of Press and Agent's testimonials. A large, handsome book; 600 pages; 50 illustrations. Sold only by our Agents. Can not be found in bookstores. Sells to merchants, farmers, mechanics and *everybody.* We want one agent in every Grand Army Post and in every county in the U. S. For full particulars and *special terms to agents* address

G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

This advertisement will appear but once—cut it out.

FIREWORKS,

UNIFORMS,

BUNTING FLAGS,

At Bottom Prices.

TORCHES

All the best makes. Everything in Campaign Goods at absolute rock bottom prices

HYDE & CO., 50 Chauncy St., Boston

AGENTS WANTED for the LIVES of

BLAINE & LOGAN, | CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS,

In 1 Vol. by T. W. KNOX | In 1 Vol. by HON. A. BARNUM.

Authorized, Authentic, Impartial, Complete, the *Best* and *Cheapest*. The leading Campaign books of 1884. Outsell all others 10 to 1. 3d 78th thousand in press. Each vol. 500 pages, $1.50. 50 per cent. to Agents. Outfit *Free*. Freight *paid*. Agents earn $10 to $25 a day. Now is the time to make money fast. Send for Extra Terms, at once, to

HARTFORD PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY

GOOD NEWS TO LADIES!

Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Rose Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Decorated Toilet Set. For full particulars address

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,

P. O. Box 289. 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York.

YOU ARE A LIAR

Lying Agents can't SELL and tell the truth about JONES. Put your lies on paper and sign if you dare. U. S. STANDARD

$60. 5 TON WAGON SCALES.

Beam Box. Tare Beam. Freight Paid. Free Price List. Every Size. address JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

HOPE FOR THE DEAF.

Nicholson's Improved Artificial Ear Drums. The only sure, easy and unseen device used to permanently restore hearing. Recommended by scientific men of Europe and America. Write for free illustrated descriptive book to J. H. Nicholson, 7 Murray St., New York.

PATENTS! Thos. P. Simpson, Washington, D. C. No pay asked for patent until obtained. Write for INVENTOR'S GUIDE.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Phila. Pa.

Matrimony—All responsible parties desiring correspondents for amusement or matrimony send for copy "Wedding Bells." P. O. Box 2839, Boston, Mass.

CLAVERACK (N. Y.) College. $230 a year. Is Institute; 242 rooms; first class. Alonzo Flack, Ph. D.

VIGOR For Men. Quick, sure, safe. Book free. Civiale Agency, 160 Fulton St., New York.

It is a well-known fact that most of the Horse and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless; that Sheridan's Condition Powder is absolutely pure and very valuable. Nothing on Earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powder. Dose, one teaspoonful to each pint of food. It will also prevent and cure Hog Cholera, &c. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Also furnished in large cans, for breeders' use, price $1.00; by mail, $1.20. Circulars sent FREE. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

MAKE HENS LAY

CHICKEN CHOLERA,